"All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

THE WEATHER.
Generally fair Thursday and Friday; not much change in temperature; moderate northwest winds.
☞For full weather report see Page 21.

VOL. LXI...NO. 19,731. * * * NEW YORK, THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 1, 1912.—TWENTY-TWO PAGES. ONE CENT In Greater New York, Jersey City, and Newark. } Elsewhere, TWO CENTS.

MAY MAKE AMERICAN QUEEN OF PORTUGAL

Ex-King Manuel and Dom Miguel Meet for First Time and Reach Agreement.

CONFER AT A DOVER HOTEL

Miss Anita Stewart Married Prince Miguel, Dom Miguel's Heir—More Bombs in Lisbon.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

PARIS, Jan. 31.—The century old rivalry for the throne of Portugal between the Houses of Bourbon and Braganza has at length, according to Excelsior, been amicably terminated, and in royalist circles here the possibility of an American woman as the future Queen of Portugal is regarded as far from extreme.

From the same source I learn that ex-King Manuel and Dom Miguel of Braganza met yesterday afternoon for the first time in their lives at the Lord Warden Hotel at Dover, King Manuel journeying from London and Dom Miguel from Paris especially for the meeting. The interview took place in a private room. The closest secrecy was observed, and no member of either suite was allowed to be present. At the end of two hours King Manuel emerged from the room, evidently well satisfied with the result of the meeting, and took the boat train for London.

André Muller, Excelsior's special correspondent, traveled in the same compartment with him, but all efforts to get King Manuel to break through his rule of never talking to newspaper men proved unavailing. "I have never talked to a newspaper man," said Manuel, "and I shall not commence to-day."

Near the writing desk in the room where this historic meeting had taken place were found torn fragments of paper covered with writing, but nothing could be deciphered which would throw any light on what transpired. However, on a piece of blotting paper on the desk was the impress of the characteristic signature of King Manuel.

The incident is considered in royalist circles here extremely significant, in view of the labor troubles of the last few days in Portugal.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.
Dispatch to The London Daily Mail.

LISBON, Thursday, Feb. 1.—The Government has taken most drastic steps to quell the general strike which on Tuesday paralyzed the life of the city.

The Cabinet struck at the leaders of the trades unions, who organized the strike in revenge for the Government's repression of another strike at Evora.

Some 500 agitators have been captured and placed on board warships. Among the prisoners seized at federation headquarters is a son of Dr. Bombarda, the great Republican leader, whose assassination hastened the revolution of Oct. 4, 1900. When confined in the Arsenal before being embarked in the warship the prisoners attempted to win over the sailors, proposing an armed sortie into the streets. The sailors refused.

Early yesterday groups in Rocio Square insulted and threw mud at the soldiers who dispersed them.

Only one newspaper has appeared.

Yesterday being a National holiday, the factories were closed and it was impossible to calculate the influence on the great mass of strikers of Tuesday night's arrests. In an official telegraphic circular the authorities stated that the strike was regarded as quelled.

"At the moment of writing," concludes the correspondent, "troops are pursuing people in the streets. The Cabinet continues in permanent sitting, and wholesale arrests are being made."

LISBON, Jan. 31.—A bomb was thrown to-night in one of the public squares, one person being killed and two dangerously wounded.

The police raided the offices of the Federation of Trades Unions and found a laboratory for the manufacture of bombs.

Over 1,000 of the most active among the agitators have been arrested, including all the members of the Strike Committee.

Gen. Carvalhal has now 8,000 troops under his orders, and the presence of the troops enabled the street car service to start again this morning.

Several bombs were thrown at the cars as they passed along the streets.

Miss Anita Stewart was married to Prince Miguel of Braganza at the chapel of St. Lawrence in the Scottish town of Dingwall on Sept. 15, 1909. She is the daughter of William Rhinelander Stewart, whose wife after her divorce married the late James Henry Smith. A large share of the great Smith fortune went to Miss Stewart. Her father's family has been prominent in business and socially in this State for many years, while her mother was Miss Annie Armstrong, daughter of Gen. Armstrong and one of the belles of Baltimore.

Miss Stewart was introduced to society in the Winter of 1904-5. The reception that marked her début was one of the events of the social season and took the form of a dinner and dance given by her uncle, Lispenard Stewart.

James Henry Smith gained during his life the name of "Silent" Smith, and first became a figure of social prominence in 1890. In that year he inherited a fortune of about $25,000,000 from an eccentric uncle, who died in London. After Mrs. Stewart's divorce in 1905 she was married to Mr. Smith in Scotland. They

Continued on Page 2.

SHARP ALASKA EARTHQUAKE.

Seismographs Record Other Shocks, Possibly in South America.

VALDEZ, Alaska, Jan. 31.—A violent earthquake shock was felt here at 10:12 o'clock this morning. It continued fifty seconds. The movement was from northeast to southwest, with an oscillation of six degrees.

The earthquake was the severest ever experienced here. Nine minor tremors of brief duration followed the first shock.

Valdez has only two-story wooden buildings, and no damage was done here.

The warm Winter is ascribed in Alaska to a change in the couse of the Japanese current, but is said by scientists to be due to continued southeast gales. There is much speculation as to possible changes in the ocean floor.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 31.—All five instruments at Georgetown University today recorded a heavy seismic disturbance, estimated at not less than 2,000 miles from Washington.

The disturbance lasted from 3:38 to 4:02 P. M., and appeared to be following an east and west direction. Observers say the record was of a very pronounced character.

LAWRENCE, Kan., Jan. 31.—A violent earthquake, supposed to have its centre in the northern part of South America, was recorded on the seismograph at the University of Kansas to-day.

The disturbance lasted an hour.

CORDOVA, Alaska, Jan. 31. — Heavy earthquake shocks were felt to-day throughout Southwestern Alaska and far into the interior. The tremors were felt on the coast as far west as Seward.

Fairbanks, 350 miles inland, reports that the shock was severe in the Tanana Valley.

MINERS ASSAIL JUDGE.

Demand Removal of A. B. Anderson, Who Released Detective Burns.

Special to The New York Times.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., Jan. 31.—Condemning the action of Judge Albert B. Anderson of the Federal court in ordering Detective William J. Burns released while under kidnapping charges, the convention of the United Mine Workers of America adopted a resolution to-day asking Congress to investigate with the purpose of removing Judge Anderson from office. Only three of 1,100 delegates opposed the resolution.

The resolution was presented by Adolph Germer, a Socialist, from Illinois, and was passed without debate.

Operators who have attended the meetings expressed the intention of returning home to-morrow, as they say further discussion of the wage question will be useless.

John H. Walker, President of the Illinois miners and a leading Socialist, succeeded in amending the section of the Constitution governing the Mine Workers' Journal, the offical organ of the union, to read that it shall "serve the political interests of our members and the general labor movement." Under the report of the committee the journal was to be nonpolitical. Walker, in asking that his amendment be adopted, denied that it was in the interest of any political party, but its adoption was conceded another victory for the Socialists in the convention.

PACKERS' GRIP ON NEW YORK.

Chicago Companies Sold 25,000,000 Pounds of Beef Here in One Week.

CHICAGO, Jan. 31.—Seven telegrams giving the daily tonnage, margins, and selling prices of dressed beef sold in New York by Armour & Co., Morris & Co., Swift & Co., and the National Packing Company in one week in July, 1906, were introduced in evidence at the packers' trial to-day in support of the Government's contention that the defendants operated a combination in restraint of trade.

In the period covered by the telegrams the companies described as the "big four" sold 25,000,000 pounds of beef in New York City, with less than one-half a cent difference in the average price obtained.

George D. Roberts, who was assistant manager for the National Packing Company in New York in the Summer of 1906, and now manager of the Hammond Company at Bridgeport, Conn., identified the messages as of the form sent daily over the private wire to the Chicago office. When the manager was absent from the city, the witness said, he gathered the information by telephone from the representatives of Armour, Swift, and Morris and wired it to Chicago.

Roberts corroborated the testimony of Everett B. Dill, former manager of the National Packing Company in New York, regarding the exchange of this information between representatives of the "big four."

J. D. CRIMMINS IN DANGER.

His Boat Nearly Swamped as He Comes in from a Fishing Trip.

Special to The New York Times.

PALM BEACH, Fla., Jan. 31.—John D. Crimmins had a hard battle to-day with the heavy surf, within view of his friends 100 yards away on the pier, and narrowly escaped a disaster.

He had been out fishing in a boat manned by two negroes to the Gulf Stream, and had landed a 500-pound shark. The surf had grown heavier while he was away, and the boatmen, to take the best chance of landing without capsizing, approached the shore stern first. Six hundred feet out they ran into the breakers, and the big rollers threw the boat first on her stern and then on her bow. The shark was shifted by the pitching, and its dead weight held the bow under the water as wave after wave passed over her.

The boatmen lost their oars on the port side, and it looked as if the little craft would be swamped. Mr. Crimmins sat perfectly still in the stern sheets, and just as the boat was about to sink it was hurled ashore by a breaker.

CHICAGO'S COLDEST JANUARY

Average Temperature Has Been 11.4 Above Zero—Fire Record Also Broken.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Ill., Jan. 31.—The coldest January within the memory of the Weather Bureau and the largest number of fires during any month in the history of the Chicago Fire Department is the record entered with the turning of the calendar page to-day.

January's normal average temperature is 23.7 above zero, but for this month the mercury has so persistently hovered around the zero mark that the average recorded was 12.3 below normal, or 11.4 degrees above zero. This beat the record of 1893. January also broke the record for the longest period of zero weather, seventy-two hours in the first week of this month. All told, the month is minus 369 degrees of warmth.

The total number of fires for the thirty days of the month was 2,171, the highest since July, 1910, when 1,543 were recorded. This in turn broke a sixteen-year record.

NEW ORLEANS—MEXICO—CALIFORNIA
Daily 4:38 P. M., via Southern Railway. Exclusively Pullman trains, connecting at New Orleans with "Sunset Limited" for California. Apply 264 Fifth Ave., cor. 29th St.—Adv.

WIRELESS TO LINK ALL BRITISH EMPIRE

A Comprehensive System to be the Answer to "Americanization" of the Cables.

PLANS ARE ALL COMPLETE

"All Red" Cable Chain Needless, for Every British Possession Will Be Connected Without Wires.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

LONDON, Jan. 31.—THE NEW YORK TIMES correspondent has the best authority for announcing that the negotiations which have been going on between the British Government and the Marconi Company for over a year, rumors of which resulted in wireless shares recently rising from 14s. ($3.50) to over 80s., are now completed.

In fact, the arrangements arrived at between representatives of the British Post Office and the Marconi Company only require certain formal signatures, which in the case of ordinary business would have been forthcoming to-day, but in the present instance are delayed by the habitual red-tapeism of the British Government departments.

Under the new scheme the Marconi Company will be in a position to make enormous developments. While it is as yet impossible to give details, it can be said that the contract initiates a system of wireless communication between all the British dominions throughout the world.

Every part of the empire, on which it is the Briton's proud boast that the sun never sets, will be linked by an immaterial chain formed out of the encircling ether. A new Puck will girdle the earth.

In various quarters of England protests have been heard against the "Americanization" of the transatlantic cables since those lines, laid by British capital, came under the control of American management, and the laying of a Governmental cable between the United Kingdom and Canada was urged as a necessary precaution.

The Post Office's contract with Mr. Marconi is the answer of the British Government to this point. It is the inauguration of an "All Red" wireless system, not confined to a single route, but extending to and connecting every portion of the British dominions. England will be linked with all her colonies and dependencies in Europe, Asia, Africa, Australia, and the Americas.

Mr. Marconi, whom I saw to-day, modestly deprecated being a spokesman in regard to the developments of the scheme, but one has only to look back to the progress of wireless telegraphy during the last decade to realize what a tremendous future is before this application of electricity to the world's needs.

AIR STATION ON HOTEL TOP.

Passengers on Dirigible Line Will Land on Roof of Bellevue-Stratford.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, Jan. 31.—Capt. Horace Wild of Chicago, who is promoting a $100,000 company for the purpose of operating a dirigible line between New York and Atlantic City with a stop in Philadelphia, has interested the proprietors of the Bellevue-Stratford Hotel here to the extent that they are preparing to erect a station on the top of the new addition to the hotel.

The landing place will be more than 300 feet above the street, and will be 190 feet long and 62 feet wide. It will be finished in sodding and naked clay, similar to a baseball diamond.

According to Capt. Wild the first dirigible probably will be built at Point Breeze here, under the direction of Donald Robertson of this city.

The line will be similar to that in operation between Berlin and Frankfort in Germany. One round trip will be made each day with a short stop in Atlantic City for sightseeing, which will be made over that resort in a smaller balloon. The round trip will cost $50.

The dirigibles will be equipped with engines of 600 horsepower, capable of driving them at forty miles an hour. If the line is successful it is to be extended to Boston and other near-by cities.

DR. WOODS HUTCHINSON ILL.

Lecturer on Health Topics Hasn't Followed His Own Rules.

Special to The New York Times.

ST. PAUL, Minn., Jan. 31.—Dr. Woods Hutchinson, the lecturer and writer on health topics, of New York City, is in such poor physical condition that his physician has ordered him to cancel all his lecture engagements for six months and take a complete rest.

"You see, I haven't been following my own advice," said Dr. Hutchinson to day. "I have been doing too much work. I think overwork is mainly what is the matter with Americans."

Dr. Hutchinson was obliged to cancel his engagement to speak before the school teachers to-day. He left for Milwaukee to-night, where he speaks twice to-morrow. He did not say just when he would begin his rest.

HURLED FROM HER CARRIAGE.

Mrs. Braggado's Horse Only Stops When It Hits Jail.

Special to The New York Times.

TARRYTOWN, N. Y., Jan. 31.—A horse driven by Mrs. Mary Braggado ran away in Cortland Street to-day and landed in the entrance of Police Headquarters. Mrs. Braggado was thrown out and into the arms of Michael J. Martin.

Mrs. Braggado lives in Sleepy Hollow, and was driving to town. Her horse became frightened, and she could not manage him. He dashed down Cortland Street, and when he saw the green lights he headed toward headquarters, and did not stop until he had made a good attempt to enter. Mrs. Braggado was not hurt.

ATLANTIC COAST LINE.
FLORIDA-AUGUSTA-CUBA-SOUTH
All Steel Electric Lighted Pullmans. 4 Trains Daily via Standard Ry. of South. 1218 B'way.—Adv.

WILL THE KAISER MOVE?

He said that if the Socialists carried Berlin he would abandon the capital as a place of imperial residence and go to Potsdam. But that city was just as socialistic, so what will he do? Read about it in

NEXT SUNDAY'S TIMES

BOLD HOLD-UP NEAR BRIDGE ENTRANCE

While Crowds Pass By on Park Row Thieves Rob a Newspaper Distributing Agency.

MAN AND BOYS ARE LINED UP

Covered with Revolver While Cash Is Taken, Then Shot at to Discourage Pursuit.

Persons hurrying along Park Row at 7:30 o'clock last night toward the trolley terminus at Brooklyn Bridge heard the muffled report of a revolver shot as they crossed Frankfort Street, the narrow alley to the south of the bridge entrance. Most of those who heard hurried on.

Those who waited saw a scurrying of newsboys and circulation men from the various newspapers with offices in the vicinity, and then into the almost deserted street came two men from a basement at 15 Frankfort Street. On the sidewalk above three men awaited them, and when the two joined them one of the men drew a revolver from his pocket and fired two shots down into the basement.

The reports rang out loudly, but though there were many policemen at the bridge entrance, just around the corner and less than 100 yards away, the shots apparently were not heard there, and by those few who heard them from the corner of Park Row and Frankfort Street there was no move toward the five men who strolled off toward the river. In a moment they had disappeared in the dusk of the lower street, and the crowds began hurrying past Frankfort Street again on their way to the bridge.

The five men were far off before the first of the denizens of Frankfort Street stuck their heads from doorways again. One by one the newsboys and the homeless who frequent Frankfort Street for the warmth that comes from its cellar gratings, ducked into the street and hurried away. Presently Detectives Hayes and Wood came up from the Oak Street Police Station, for some one had telephoned them that there had been a hold-up. They found few persons in Frankfort Street to tell them about it, however.

The narrow alley is within the bounds to which a gang of hold-up men have confined their activities for a month past. It was within the same precinct that George Abeel, the aged iron master, was garroted on Jan. 10, and that a score or more of hold-ups and robberies have occurred, and those who must live and work there have learned to shun all knowledge of the hold-up men and their crimes.

But the shots had been fired at 15 Frankfort Street, and there the detectives went. It is the distributing station of The Evening Journal, and Hayes and Wood found Max Schneider, the man in charge, still waiting in his shop. Except for him it was empty, though Schneider told the detectives that when the hold-up occurred there had been three newsboys there, two of them known to him as "Happy Kim," and as "Fat." He did not know the other.

They had been busy with some papers when two men entered and, presenting revolvers at their heads, ordered Schneider and the others to back up against the wall and to hold their hands above their heads. They obeyed, and while one man kept his revolver upon them the other stepped behind the counter and emptied into his pockets the $201 which Schneider had put into two cigar boxes as he made change for the newsboys.

Then the men backed toward the door. When they reached it one of them fired a shot from his revolver, which lodged in the wall over the heads of the frightened victims. Apparently the shot was fired as earnest of what might be expected if the robbers were pursued. But neither Schneider nor the newsboys stirred from their tracks and they were uninjured therefore when two more bullets whizzed down the cellar steps and lodged in the floor almost at their feet.

It was not until they were certain that the robbers had departed that the newsboys scurried away. Schneider, still in charge of the store, waited. He could give the detectives very little description of the robbers. One wore a brown coat and one a block, and each had a cap. Both were swarthy, and Schneider thought they might be Italians. He had not noticed anything else except their revolvers.

The detectives scoured the neighborhood but, although there is a coffee and lunch room above the basement which had been filled with persons at the time of the shooting, no one appeared to have noticed anything unusual in the reports of the shots or to have troubled himself even to look into the street.

Tony Tringhall, a newsboy, finally admitted that he had been in the restaurant and that he had seen three men waiting outside until they were joined by two who had gone into the basement a few moments before. He heard the shots and saw the men walk off, but declared he had no recollection of what they looked like.

The hold-up is the most daring which has been perpetrated in the neighborhood since the hold-up gang began operations. Heretofore the robbers have confined themselves to the dark streets of the river front, and never before have come so far into the open as the distributing store, only a score of feet from Park Row and almost in the shadow of Brooklyn Bridge.

NEARLY STARVE IN LOCKUP.

Three Men Lodged by Metuchen Police Are Entirely Forgotten.

NEW BRUNSWICK, Jan. 31.—Three men applied to the police of Metuchen for lodging last Sunday night at 10 o'clock. They were accommodated. A fire was built in the lockup and the men were made as comfortable as possible.

Few cases are handled by the Metuchen police force, and the three men were entirely forgotten. Yesterday William A. Bennett happened to be walking by the lockup, which is on a back street of the town, when he heard faint cries from within. He notified the police, and the men were released. They had been without food or drink since they entered the place, and the fire had not lasted long. They were in an exhausted condition, and an investigation of the case is talked of.

Belmont Rewards Brave Engineer.

RALEIGH, N. C., Jan. 31.—August Belmont of New York has sent $500 to W. R. Bishop of Raleigh, engineer of the Seaboard Air Line train, who was injured in the wreck recently at McKinney, Va. Mr. Belmont, who was on the train, says Bishop's courage in sticking to his post prevented great loss of life.

M'FARLAND IS GUILTY IN THE FIRST DEGREE

Newark Jury Convicts Him of Wife Murder After Being Out Thirteen Hours.

HEARS IT WITHOUT TREMOR

Defendant Had Passed the Time While Waiting for Verdict in Sketching Aeroplane Designs.

Allison M. MacFarland, who had been on trial since last Monday in Chief Justice Gummere's court in Newark, N. J., was found guilty last night of murder in the first degree for the killing of his wife, Evelyn, in their home in Newark last October. The jury, which had been out for thirteen hours, returned the verdict at 11:46 o'clock.

At the time Mrs. MacFarland was found dead the Richeson case in Boston was prominent in the public mind. As in the case of Avis Linnell, slain by her preacher sweetheart, Mrs. MacFarland's death was due to cyanide of potassium, and at first was believed to have been accidental. The Richeson tragedy attracted attention to the Newark death and caused it to be more closely investigated than might have been the case.

It was at 11 o'clock that word was sent from the jury room that an agreement had been reached. Word was sent instantly to Chief Justice Gummere, who was at his home, and a taxicab was dispatched to get him. It was 11:35 when MacFarland was brought into the court room and seated facing the bench and jury box, and it was about eight minutes later when Justice Gummere entered and ascended the bench.

MacFarland was perfectly cool and collected as the jury filed into the box and he rose without a tremor to hear the verdict pronounced. He neither trembled nor swayed on his feet as the foreman uttered the words, and when he was led away presently to the County Jail between two detectives, to whom he was handcuffed, he walked steadily and easily.

Behind him an old man remained with his face buried in his hands. He was MacFarland's uncle, Andrew MacFarland, who, since the trial began, has been a spectator in court. He remained in the room all day yesterday, but as he is deaf he could not hear the words which MacFarland received without a tremor. Perhaps the appearance of his nephew roused in the old man false hopes that the verdict was one of innocence, for he leaned forward intently in his chair as though straining every nerve to catch the foreman's words, and when MacFarland remained calmly standing there the old man sank back in his seat apparently satisfied that all was well.

He wanted the assurance, without a doubt to it, however, and when a man near him shouted into his ear, in response to a questioning look, "Guilty," the old man seemed to collapse in his seat and his hands sought his face. He looked up only once, to see the handcuffs slipped on his nephew's wrists, and then he buried his face again.

Prosecutor Mott moved that sentence be pronounced some day next week, and to this Justice Gummere assented, though he set no date. Then MacFarland was led away.

The verdict came as somewhat of a surprise to those who had followed the trial closely, for the failure of the jury to reach a prompt agreement had filled MacFarland's friends with hope that a disagreement would be the worst they might expect.

After spending most of the afternoon in the courtroom, McFarland asked the Deputy Sheriffs who had him in custody to take him to a more secluded place. He spent his time sketching on a sheet of paper.

MacFarland showed one of these sketches to reporters who had been present at his trial. It was a well executed drawing of an aeroplane which, he said, he had designed. In the course of his trial MacFarland had taken notes, which he gave to his counsel, Frank M. McDermit.

The charge to the jury was delivered by Chief Justice Gummere, who presided at the trial. It dealt chiefly with the law of circumstantial evidence and emphasized the necessitw of the State's proving all of the facts of the indictment, laying special stress on the importance of showing that Mrs. MacFarland died of cyanide of potassium poisoning and of eliminating the probability that she had herself taken the poison, either accidentally or with suicidal intent.

NO MEN IN THIS PARTY.

Philadelphia Women Come to "Do" the City Alone and Do It.

Twelve woman members of the Philadelphia Whist Club, arrived in this city yesterday and registered at the Hotel Knickerbocker, preparatory to a "day off in New York," as they expressed it.

They are unaccompanied by any male members of their families and wish it distinctly understood that, this being leap year, they do not need any help in having a good time. When they had safely stored their hand baggage they went out on a sightseeing expedition and returned to the Knickerbocker for luncheon. After luncheon they went to a matinee. After the matinee they had dinner in the grill, and then they went to the Metropolitan to hear "Ariane" sung. At the conclusion of the opera they were served again in the grill room with a specially ordered supper and went to bed tired and happy.

Those in the party which leaves early this morning for Philadelphia are Mrs. J. D. C. Henderson, Mrs. E. O. Bath, Mrs. N. Henderson, Mrs. Frank G. Eaton, Mrs. Otto Schaurr, Mrs. G. W. Koons, Mrs. G. A. Miller, Mrs. J. N. Lorres, Mrs. H. B. Steiff and Miss. C. Zimmerman.

JAIL AWAITS HOBO DELEGATES

Cincinnati Police Ready to Stop Their Convention Fixed for To-day.

CINCINNATI, Ohio, Jan. 31.—This city has been chosen for the holding of a National "hobo" convention, and the authorities are making extensive preparations to receive their unbidden guests. Foremost in the receiving line when the delegates alight from the brakebeams of freight cars to-morrow will be Police Chief William Jackson, accompanied by a force of policemen instructed to see that the visitors are promptly transferred to patrol wagons and driven to the nearest police stations. They are next scheduled to appear before Police Court Judge Arthur Fricke, who will show them the city workhouse.

The convention is under the direction of J. Eads How, the "millionaire hobo" of St. Louis, and is scheduled to last four days. How is already here and looking for lodgings for the 300 delegates.

SEABOARD AIR LINE RY.
Greatest Winter Resort Route.
Best service via shortest route to Pinehurst, Camden, & Florida resorts. Inq. 1,184 B'way.—Adv.

SAYS CUBA WON'T PAY.

Senor Bustamente Declares the Three Powers' Demands Absurd.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

HAVANA, Jan. 31.—Señor Bustamente, Chairman of the Senate Committee on Foreign Relations, an eminent authority on international law, and at one time legal adviser of the United States Consulate here, says that the demands made on Cuba by Great Britain, France, and Germany are absurd. Cuba, he declares, will neither arbitrate nor pay.

Señor Zayas, in an editorial article in La Opinion, defends the Cuban Socialists, who are charged with anarchist agitation.

WILLIAM JAMES IS WORSE.

Now on His Way Home, Proposed Stay in Africa Being Abandoned.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

LONDON, Jan. 31.—The many American friends of Mr. and Mrs. William James will learn with regret that Mr. James's illness has taken a rather serious turn. Mr. and Mrs. James went a few weeks ago to South Africa, where the climate would, it was expected, be beneficial to the invalid, but he grew worse on the outward journey, and is now returning home.

INDICT THREE FOR LYNCHING.

Coatesville Men Must Prove Innocence of Zack Walker's Burning.

WESTCHESTER, Penn., Jan. 31.—Indictments for murder in connection with the lynching of Zack Walker, the negro, who was burned at the stake in Coatesville last August, were returned to-day against three of the alleged participants, Lewis Denithorne, John Conrad, and Louis Keyser, all of Coatesville.

Special Attorney General Gawthrop will apply to the Supreme Court in Philadelphia next week for a change of venue in the remaining lynching cases.

ROCKEFELLER LAKES COSTLY

Realty Men Say Improvements Depreciate Forest Hill Tract by $400,000.

CLEVELAND, Ohio, Jan. 31.—The State Tax Commissioner is considering whether the hills, ridges, drives, lakes, and golf links make the 220 acres of John D. Rockefeller's Forest Hill estate less valuable than if they were unimproved. The Commissioners made a trip to the property to-day accompanied by local tax men.

The estate is assessed at $954,843. Real estate men valued it for Mr. Rockefeller at $539,380, asserting that its beautifying had rendered the property less valuable for ordinary purposes than before the heavy expenditures upon it were made by Mr. Rockefeller.

MARRIED IN BANDAGES.

Bride and Groom Severely Burned and Bridesmaid May Die.

PITTSBURGH, Penn., Jan. 31.—Susie Terlicka and Joseph Giekl were married in a Polish church this morning, standing before the altar, with the upper parts of their bodies swathed in bandages because of burns received just before they were to start for church.

Miss Terlicka's bridal veil caught fire from an open grate, igniting her clothing and that of Agnes Lopatki, the bridesmaid, who also was seriously burned. Giekl was burned in rescuing the two women.

The ceremony was delayed while the sufferers were attended by physicians. The bridal party then proceeded to the church, leaving Miss Lopatki writhing in pain at the home of the bride. During the festivities at the latter place, after the ceremony, the Lopatki girl was taken to a hospital. She may die.

SEARCH FOR SUNKEN WEALTH

Boston Schooner Taking Divers and Dynamite to Spanish Main.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, Mass., Jan. 31.—Moored at Commercial Wharf is the schooner Ned H. Walker, which has just been purchased by several Boston men to engage in the wrecking business in the West Indies.

The vessel will leave here in a week or ten days to search for sunken treasure in the Spanish Main. Some of this treasure is believed to be in the hulks of pirate vessels sunk centuries ago.

The vessel will go out with a full wrecking equipment. Divers will accompany the expedition and plenty of dynamite will be taken along. It is said the wreckers will work on half a dozen vessels known to have been sunk in West India waters in the vicinity of Cuba. The vessel will leave here with provisions and equipment to last several months.

GOLDFIELD MAN MISSING.

Col. Eddy's Disappearance Holds Up California Mining Merger.

Special to The New York Times.

LOS ANGELES, Cal., Jan. 31.—That a merger of mining property at Goldfield, involving $15,000,000, is being held up by the mysterious disappearance recently of Col. F. E. Eddy, is the statement made to-day by J. F. Clark, a mine owner and business man, who expresses great concern over his inability to find Col. Eddy.

The police were to-day notified that Eddy, whose home is in Goldfield, had disappeared from the Angelus Hotel. Eddy came to Los Angeles to effect a merger of the Atlanta, Crackerjack, and other mining properties of Goldfield not in the new $10,000,000 merger or the Goldfield Consolidated.

DOUBT NIPPON COLONY TALE.

Americans Said to Have Bought Magdalena Bay Tract for Japanese.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 31.—A report published of the proposed sale of a large territory acquired by an American syndicate on Magdalena Bay, Mexico, to a Japanese syndicate, is a recurrence of an old story that has several times done duty for a day's senation. It was revived in the course of the Madero revolution in Mexico.

Its previous appearance was last November, when representatives of the American syndicate called at the State Department and sought to know whether the United States would regard the settlement of a Japanese colony on Magdalena Bay as in any sense a violation of the Monroe Doctrine and objectionable to this Government. The answer given was that without more information in regard to the enterprise the Department would withhold any expression of opinion on the matter.

Since then nothing further has been heard from the promoters of the scheme by the Department.

OPTICIAN DACHTERA employs no oculists. Efficient oculists have their own offices.—Adv.

DEAD MISER GUARDED BY INSANE DAUGHTER

Lived Apart from All the World for Thirty Years on Park Slope in Brooklyn.

ROOMS WERE NEVER SWEPT

The Daughter Appealed to Neighbors When Her Father Wouldn't Eat—Didn't Know He Was Dead.

In a three-story brownstone house at 174½ Garfield Place, on the Park Slope of Brooklyn, neighbors found the owner of the house dead yesterday on the floor of his bedroom and his only daughter in an insane fit, while numerous cats were in complete occupation of the scantily furnished place. They found gold and bank books and deeds free of mortgages safely tucked away in dusty closets.

This house has stood in a row of brownstone houses for thirty-five or forty years. During all those years neighbors knew little about the house except that it was occupied by an old man and by an eccentric woman of middle age, believed to be his daughter. Yesterday, for the first time, the facts of the household became known in the neighborhood.

A woman quaintly dressed in a light Summer costume, consisting of a thin black skirt, a thin black waist, overworn, with a big, red bandana handkerchief used for a girdle, was feeding cats in the backyard. She was Mary Benfield, 44 years old, and she was the strange woman that neighbors had sometimes seen peeping from the windows of the house. She was the daughter of the old man who lived there, Henry Benfield, 79 years old, a carpenter by trade.

This woman had never been known to talk to any of her neighbors. She had seldom, in fact, been seen to leave the house, receiving her groceries daily at the front door and slamming the door to all other visitors. No one had ever seen the inside of the house, not even the grocery boy, it was said in the neighborhood, at least not since 1878, when the mother was buried.

Yesterday afternoon, however, this strange woman, of her own accord, began a conversation with Mrs. Elizabeth Arnold, who lives next door, at 176 Garfield Place. She asked Mrs. Arnold to come into the house and see one of her sick cats. The strange woman spoke intelligently, but Mrs. Arnold feared to venture on a visit.

Then Mary Benfield told Mrs. Arnold that her father had been sick for three days, that she had been trying to feed him, but that he had refused to eat, or even speak to her. Then Mrs. Arnold got her brother-in-law, Henry Russell Arnold, to accompany her to the house, her sympathies being aroused. Mary Benfield led the way through the basement, through the scurrying cats, up two flights of stairs, and into the rear room on the second floor.

There on the floor lay Henry Benfield, the owner of the house. It took only a glance to know that he was dead, and he had been dead for a long time. His mouth was literally stuffed with crackers, and by his side stood a glass of milk, untouched. Mary Benfield talked to the old man in tender tones. Mr. Arnold and Mrs. Arnold did not hesitate for a moment, but ran to the nearest telephone and called for the police.

Soon after Detectives McCauley, O'Neil, and Markey arrived from the Bergen Street Station. They say the strange woman made faces at them from an upstairs window and defied them to enter her house. They tried every door, but found them all locked, and then broked into the cellar door and made their way upstairs to where the dead man lay.

They questioned the woman, who screamed hysterically for a while, but finally got her story from her. Her father was taken sick on Monday, she said, and she had been nursing him since then. But he had refused to eat or talk, she repeated, and she did not know what to think of it.

"I thought he might be dying," she told the detectives, "and I was getting ready for his death. I was going to wash him and then put him in a trunk so that he could evaporate.'

The old man's body was taken to the Brooklyn Morgue and the daughter was removed to the Kings County Hospital.

The detectives then busied themselves with an inspection of the house. The rear basement, they found, had been used as a bedroom by Mary Benfield. In the room were a coal range, an old iron cot with few bedclothes on it, a few washtubs littered with rags, and on a rickety table were some moldy cookies and a bottle and a half of milk. There was no paper on the walls, and the floors had not been swept, the detectives estimated, for twenty years.

The front room of the basement, which had served, obviously, for a dining room, held a wooden table without a cover, an ash can, the receptacle that Mary Benfield had pointed to when she said that she had intended to wash her father's body in case he should die. In another corner was the old trunk or chest in which she had intended to place his body, as she had declared. In a closet near by there were about twenty empty milk bottles, scrupulously clean, the only things, it seemed, that were clean.

In the front room on the first floor were a worn carpet, a table, two chairs, and three oil paintings. One painting was the portrait of a woman. The others were landscapes. In the back room was an old square piano and an organ, both with covers down.

The room on the third floor where the old man had died, looked even less like a place of habitation. An iron cot, a chair, and a stove were in it. The room to the front, it seemed, had never been occupied, and, as well as the two rooms on the third floor, contained no furniture. There was evidence on the third floor that this had been the rendezvous of the family of cats, but that was all. The cats, in fact, followed the detectives from room to room, not half as frightened of man, it seemed, as the strange woman had been.

The most surprising part of the investigation, however, was revealed in a closet in the basement, adjoining the room where Mary Benfield had her cot. The detectives had been attracted there because the woman, before leaving, had taken her red handkerchief from her body and had hidden it in a small satchel in that closet.

They found knotted in the handkerchief $277.78, nearly all in $5, $10, and 20 gold pieces. Furthermore, down in the satchel they found six bank books. One on the Bowery Savings Bank showed deposits of $4,000. Another on the Brooklyn Savings Bank credited the depositor, Henry Benfield, with $900. One on the Seaman's Bank for Savings showed $1,051.66; a book of the South Brooklyn Savings Bank showed $842.87. In the Dime Savings Bank there was $1,270.53, and in the Brooklyn Savings Bank they had some also, but the amount could not be determined.

All told, the sum of deposits, according to the detectives, was more than $8,000. But in addition there was a deed to the house itself, free of mortgage, and showing a valuation of $15,000; also a deed for a lot in Greenwood Cemetery, where, as was indicated, the mother and a son had been buried. Besides this there was a fire insurance policy paid up to 1914.

The detectives learned that the old man had, until last Monday, been employed at the lumber concern of A. J. Newton & Co., Union Street and Third Avenue. He had taken sick there on Monday, and according to Dr. Henry Dusseldorf of 326 Union Street, who was called in by the company, was immediately taken home. Dr. Dusseldorf said last night that the old man had been suffering from heart trouble. He said he had called at his house on Monday afternoon and again Tuesday afternoon, but was not allowed to enter.

It was said last night that Coroner Rooney would hold an autopsy at the Brooklyn Morgue some time to-day to ascertain the real cause of death.

DANGER OF WATER FAMINE HAS PASSED

A Temporary Pumping Station Can Be Used to Send Supply Through New Aqueduct.

PLANT WOULD COST $75,000

Could Be Built in Three Months, but There's No Need for It, as Supply Has Doubled Since October.

With the Catskill Aqueduct system from Ashokan to Croton Lake so far advanced toward completion that 78 per cent. of it is now ready for the conveying of water, all danger of a water famine in this city is at an end.

This is admitted by Henry S. Thompson, Commissioner of Water Supply, and the engineers who have the work in charge, and it will be reassuring news to the New Yorker who remembers the threatened water famine of last Summer and the strenuous policy which was adopted to prevent waste and conserve the supply to tide over the "lean" days.

The danger of famine can be averted by the placing of a temporary pumping station at Esopus Creek and sending through the already completed line enough water to keep the city supply up to normal at least. The engineers believe this will be possible about the end of the year, but it was said yesterday that such a pumping station could, if absolutely necessary, be operated before that time. Even if the concrete lining to the great water tunnel under the Hudson at Storm King Mountain is not all put in before the time of need comes, the water can be sent through anyway, for the bore from shaft to shaft goes through the solid rock.

Commissioner Thompson said that he had gone into the matter with the Board of Water Supply, but there was, in his opinion, not the slightest chance that such an emergency plant would have to be called into service.

"We have got such a good start in storing water so far," he said, "that there is no danger of a water famine. By this I do not mean the department has in the slightest way relaxed its vigilance to prevent waste of the city's water. We will give up house-to-house visitation, but that will not mean that the Bureau of Waste Prevention is abandoned or will not have a great work to do.

On Oct. 1 the water supply stood at thirty-three billion gallons, and it has been steadily rising. In the same period a year before, conditions being unfavorable, it went down instead of rising, and so caused fears of a water famine.

If because of unforseen circumstances the water supply should be so well used up as to carry off the present abundance and make necessary a temporary pumping station linking up the new system at the end of the year, this station would soon replenish the store and supply water enough to meet all needs. Roughly speaking, the officials say, such a plant could be erected and put into operation in three months—perhaps within two months—at a cost of $75,000. There would be little or no interruption of the work on the Aqueduct, it is said, for the operation of such a temporary plant would not be continuous. The Storm King Tunnel, which is nothing more than a huge U-shaped siphon, has been so constructed that when needed it can be cut off and pumped out in a surprisingly short time.

Commissioner Thompson is elated over the outlook, for, as he said yesterday, "the time of famine is past."

NEWSDEALERS' TEST CASE

Offer to Send Arrest for Distributing Circulars to Supreme Court Rejected.

Although he had adjourned it once before, Magistrate Freschi in the West Side Court adjourned again yesterday the case of Samuel Horowitz, a newsdealer with a stand at Ninth Avenue and Forty-second Street, who was arrested for distributing circulars in the newspapers which he delivered.

The Magistrate allowed the additional postponement that Horowitz might have every opportunity to make his a test case. He even suggested that Horowitz's counsel surrender his client, now out on bail, and, obtaining a writ of habeas corpus, carry the case to the Supreme Court. Instead, the newsdealer's attorney will hand up a brief to the Magistrate on Friday, who will then announce whether or not he will reopen the case.

Horowitz was arrested last week and was arraigned before Magistrate Freschi first on last Sunday. The Magistrate found him guilty, but being in doubt as to the penalty which he might inflict, adjourned the case until yesterday, when he proposed to pronounce sentence. Though not represented before, Horowitz had a lawyer in court yesterday, and the second delay was granted on his request that he have the opportunity to read the minutes of the case and submit additional evidence.

The ordinance under which Horowitz was arrested makes it a misdemeanor for any one to "throw, cast, or distribute in or upon any of the streets, avenues or public places, or in front of yards or stoops, any handbills, circulars, cards or other advertisements."

Horowitz's counsel maintains that as the newspapers were not thrown in the street so as to litter it, the advertisements folded into them were not so thrown either.

McKIM BRIGHT AT 93.

Man Whose Release from Asylum Is Sought Is Proud of His Works.

An examination into the sanity of Joseph McKim, 93 years old, was held yesterday before Judge Burt J. Humphrey in the Queens County Court at Long Island City, to determine whether he is competent to have control of his property, valued at $100,000, and be discharged from the River Crest Sanitarium at Astoria, where he was committed in 1907. The old man showed remarkable mental alertness and held his ground until he became fatigued, when the examination was adjourned until Friday, Feb. 9.

The examination of McKim was begun at the instance of his niece, Mrs. Welhelmina Collins, 97 Clinton Avenue, Brooklyn, who declares him competent and asks for the removal of William Willett, recently a candidate for Supreme Court Justice, who was appointed administrator at the time of McKim's commitment.

Among other things McKim was questioned by Attorney Collins for Mr. Willett as to the date of his birth. "Do you remember the year?" he was asked.

"No, I don't exactly remember that. You see," he reflected, "I am a member of the Episcopal Church, and when we were baptised the date of our birth was put in the baptismal record. Then, when we began going with the girls we did not want them to know how old we were, so we destroyed the records."

"Where did you first live?" McKim was later asked.

"I was a workman and lived near my work. The first work I did was to help put an addition to Barnum's Museum down on Park Row. I then lived on Beekman."

"Did you know Mr. McKim of the firm McKim, Mead & White?" was the next interrogation.

"Yes; I have talked with him. He was all right."

"How did your ability as an architect compare with his?" queried the attorney.

"I was as good, and I think a better architect than he was," replied the centenarian. "I once had ten houses and three windmills all built at the same time in Far Rockaway."

BUSTANOBYS ARE BANKRUPT.

Andre and Jacques Have $13.90 in Money and Owe $449,907.

André and Jacques Bustanoby, President and Secretary, respectively, of the corporation of Bustanoby Brothers, filed petitions in bankruptcy yesterday. Their action was the result of the bankruptcy of the corporation, which became involved in difficulties after disagreements between André and Jacques Bustanoby and their brother, Louis Bustanoby, who was interested with them in the management of the Café Des Beaux Arts on Sixth Avenue, at Fortieth Street, and a Summer resort known as the Château Des Beaux Arts, on Huntington Bay.

In an explanatory statement issued by them André and Jacques Bustanoby declare their bankruptcy is the result of their having assumed the debts of the corporation and some $100,000 which Louis Bustanoby owed the corporation as their personal obligations.

André Bustanoby stated his liabilities as $223,734, of which $24,781 are personal debts, including doctors' bills amounting to $2,532, and $198,953 for indorsements on accommodation paper of the corporation. He listed his assets as 50 cents cash, $8 in banks, one-quarter acre of land at Bellport, L. I., and 400 common and 390 preferred shares of the corporation's stock.

Jacques Bustanoby filed a schedule of $226,173 liabilities, of which $27,220 are personal debts and $198,953 liabilities on indorsed paper of the corporation. He has assets of 40 cents cash, $5 in the bank, and 400 shares of the common stock of the corporation. He owes $2,112 for automobile hire and $375 on doctors' bills.

TO CUT CONEY ISLAND FARES.

Elevated Roads Soon to Reduce Round Trip Rates at Certain Hours.

Residents of Coney Island will be able to go in and out of Manhattan on the elevated roads at certain hours of the day for a 10-cent round-trip fare, beginning March 1. The announcement was made yesterday at a hearing of the Public Service Commission before Commissioner McCarroll. To get the benefit of the cheaper rates the Coney Islanders must leave between 6 and 9 o'clock in the morning and must start the return trip from Manhattan between 4 and 7 o'clock.

To make the reduction of advantage to schoolchildren it has also been arranged that they may return at any hour that they leave school without paying an extra fare.

It was also stated that the cheap fares for the benefit of the women and children of Manhattan who wish to visit Coney Isand, which were tried experimentally last Summer, will obtain again this year. From May 15 to Sept. 15 they will get a 10-cent round-trip ticket to Coney Island, starting between 6 and 9 o'clock in the morning and returning between 2 and 4:30 o'clock in the afternoon. These cheap fares will be good only on business days, and not on holidays and Sundays.

BRIDGE LINE'S BIG PROFITS.

Earnings of 112 Per Cent. to be Looked Into by Public Service Board.

The Public Service Commission has decided to investigate the fares charged on the Williamsburg Bridge by the Bridge Operating Company. This concern is capitalized for $100,000, and its profits for the year ending June 30, 1911, were $112,087.

The company is owned by the Brooklyn Rapid Transit and the New York Railways Company, which actually performs the work of carrying passengers to and fro, and the Coney Island & Brooklyn Road receives 16 per cent. on its capital for its share of the traffic.

Railroad officials are not inclined to admit that the company is really making the 112 per cent. it is seeming to do. They say that other expenses which could be charged up against the operation of the bridge cars are borne by the other two companies.

Commissioner Maltbie will hold a hearing on Feb. 13 to see if the present fare of 3 cents for one way and 5 cents for the round trip should not be reduced. The investigation may be extended to take in the Brooklyn Bridge fares.

CHAUFFEUR WONDERS HOW TO USE RICHES

Penniless Youth, Who Will Inherit $60,000, Says He Will First Seek Education.

HAS AN AUTO INVENTION

The Good Fortune Comes Too Late for Simon Paddock's Father, Who Is Dying in a Hospital.

Simon Paddock, a twenty-year-old chauffeur of Atlantic Highlands, N. J., is considering what he will do with his share of an estate which was left to him, his fourteen-year-old brother Norman, and his father, J. H. Paddock, a poor machinist and inventor, who is dying in the Long Branch Memorial Hospital. He will receive $60,000 on the death of his father.

The chauffeur learned last Friday that he and his father and younger brother had been left the bulk of the estate of his wealthy uncle, Simon D. Paddock, head of the Paddock Tube Paper Mills of Syracuse, N. Y., who died last week in Syracuse. The Atlantic Highlands chauffeur was named after his uncle, and when he traveled up to Syracuse on borrowed money to attend his uncle's funeral last week he was told by his uncle's executor that beside valuable paper mill holdings in Syracuse the estate consisted of large holdings in real estate and mining stock. The residuary estate, which goes to his father for life and then is to be distributed, is estimated at $300,000.

Young Paddock isn't going to travel around the world or visit the Great White Way when his uncle's money is paid over to him. Having always been obliged, from early boyhood, to earn his living, he is practically uneducated. He said last night that the first thing he meant to do when he got the money was to get a first-class technical education. After a three-year mechanical course Paddock will devote himself to the manufacture and marketing of an automobile carburetter which he and his father invented several years ago, but never had money enough to develop.

Young Paddock, like most young men who suddenly inherit money, is pursued by lawyers who want to show him how to invest his money and by people who want to sell him things. To the former he invariably says that Dr. J. H. Van Mater of Atlantic Highlands, for whom he has been working as chauffeur for three years, and who has been his father's physician for twenty years, is going to be his only adviser. To wouldbe salesmen he points out that the estate will not be settled for several months.

"Meantime I haven't even a dollar to buy a pair of skates, except what Dr. Van Mater lends me," he said last night.

Young Paddock's father, who is now slowly dying after a second stroke of apoplexy in the Long Branch Hospital, came to Atlantic Highlands about a quarter of a century ago from Long Island City, where he had been unsuccessful in the exploitation of one of his own inventions, a paper manufacturing device.

He acquired a small frame house on First Avenue, and opened a machine shop. He married twice; by his first wife he had one daughter, who married Dr. H. P. Marsh of Fulton, N. Y., and who is now dead. By his second wife, who died three years ago, he had a daughter, who is now married and resides somewhere in the West, and the two boys, Simon and Norman.

The elder Paddock's machine shop held him so tightly that he couldn't afford a helper, and his two boys spent their childhood working in it, instead of going to school

LORIMER CASE ANGERS BURNS

Detective Has Tilt with Senator's Counsel Over McGowan's Evidence.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Jan. 31.—Detective William J. Burns, recently engaged in the McNamara dynamite outrages, testified to-day before the Senate committee investigating the Lorimer charges, and had a lively tilt with Mr. Lorimer's counsel, Jude Hanecy. All the authority of Chairman Dillingham was needed to keep the two men to reasonable language. The detective's temper was not improved when the Chairman informed him that his services to the committee had been discontinued in October because no results were forthcoming. The detective retorted that he thought the real resaon was lack of funds.

The lawyers in charge of the committee's investigation engaged Mr. Burns last June to work on the case. His particular duty was to locate a certain "young Canadian" who was said to have overheard C. F. Welhe tell on a railway train of a $100,000 fund for the election of Mr. Lorimer. The young Canadian was Charles McGowan, who swore he was on the train, but heard of no fund. Mr. Burns tried to get from him the contrary statement, and when the committee discontinued his services Mr. Keeley of The Chicago Tribune, which has been fighting Mr. Lorimer all along, engaged the detective to work further on the case.

Detective Burns planned to lay the groundwork for his detectives to present "proof" of McGowan's having "perjured" himself. After a sharp clash Detective A. C. Bailey produced a letter, alleged to have been written by McGowan to Bailey, and which Burns said was a part of the evidence which had convinced him that McGowan had not told the truth when before the committee. The other parts were "admissions" McGowan was alleged to have made in Toronto to detectives and recorded by a dictagraph.

The letter said that the writer had been asked by the Hines people to come to Toronto and in response he told them to come to Elora.

"By God, they would have been shown what forced hospitality was" the letter continued. "The old shotgun would have been loaded with Peters No. 2. I made them come across. At that, not all that I expected to. I had t othreaten them with all kinds of exposures."

McGowan sat in the room behind Hines as the letter was read.

Burn made a trip to Canada "to get McGowan to come to Washington to purge himself." McGowan's father asked Burns if he was the "great detective," and later Attorney Hanecy spoke of "Burns, the great detective." The witness flew into a rage.

"If the committee does not stop his insults, I will," declared Burns. Senator Lea agreed that Hanecy was insulting the witness. Senator Fletcher added to the tense situation by asserting that Hanecy was perfectly justified.

Detective Burns's testimony was not completed.

FIRE KILLS THREE CHILDREN.

Father Started It by Trying to Fill Lighted Lamp, and He May Die.

Louis Isler, a butcher of 51 Rogers Avenue, Brooklyn, rose about 4 o'clock yesterday morning to go to work, and as there had been trouble with the gas in the house he lighted a lamp. There was little oil in it, and Isler tried to pour more in from a can without putting the lamp out. The can exploded, and the frightened man rushed with it into the next room, where his children, Ida, 7 years old; Hyman, 5; Rose, 2½, and Joseph, 15 months, were alseep in two cots.

The blazing oil ignited the bedclothing of the cots, and Isler, forgetting that his own clothes were afire, tried to beat out the blaze in the beds. His cries brought his wife, Rebecca, and Julius Epstein, a boarder.

The carpet took fire as well as the beds, and the room was soon in flames, Mr. and Mrs. Eisler and Epstein, their own clothes ablaze, were driven from the room, and as they ran through other rooms they carried the fire there. Policeman Flynn of the Grand Avenue Station saw the reflection of the fire through the windows and set in a fire alarm.

When the firemen arrived they found the rooms burning briskly. They got the fire out presently, but found the bodies of Hyman and Rose on the floor beside their cot. They had been burned to death. Ida and Joseph were found burned and unconscious on the floor of an adjoining room, and they with their parents and Epstein were taken to the Swedish Hospital. Joseph died there soon afterward.

Last night it was said at the hospital that Isler's condition was critical, but that Mrs. Isler and Epstein might recover.

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HER STORY FAILS TO SAVE M'DERMOTT

Jury Convicts Him of Killing Muldoon, Though Sister Said She Did the Stabbing.

VERDICT PLEASES PRISONER

He Appears Glad That Mrs. Martin's Effort Failed—She Grows Hysterical in Corridor.

Evidently influenced by Mrs. Theresa Martin's testimony on Tuesday that it was she, and not her brother, James McDermott, who stabbed and killed Charles Muldoon on March 17, the jury which had been trying McDermott for manslaughter in the first degree brought in a verdict of guilty, but with a strong recommendation for mercy, yesterday afternoon after being out for a little over two hours.

McDermott was indicted while he was in Denver, Col., where he fled after Muldoon was stabbed. Near the close of his trial his sister came forward and on the stand declared that she was the one who had wielded the knife because Muldoon had insulted her. She had been promised immunity before taking the stand.

Judge Foster in his charge to the jury simply interpreted the law which applied to the case in question, and then gave a short review of the facts. Promptly at 2:40 o'clock in the afternoon the jury filed in and McDermott was brought up from the pen. He looked into the face of each juror, and as he saw their stern faces and averted gaze he smiled slightly and those in the courtroom noticed that he straightened up.

As the foreman pronounced clearly and distinctly the words which may send the prisoner to Sing Sing for twenty years McDermott's smile grew and his chest expanded, giving the impression that he rejoiced in the fact that he had been convicted despite his sister's heroic effort to save him from imprisonment.

Judge Fost r then remanded the prisoner until to-morrow for sentence. While the jury was giving its verdict Mrs. Martin became hysterical, and attempted to force her way into the courtroom, although Judge Foster had instructed her to remain outside.

BURBANK GIVES FIGURES.

Tells in Libel Suit What International Paper Co. Paid for Merged Mills.

Alonzo N. Burbank, President of the International Paper Company, which is suing The Lewiston Journal for $100,000 damages for libel, was a witness again yesterday before United States Commissioner Alexander, but only long enough to give evidence as to the price paid for the fifteen concerns which were incorporated in the International Paper Company. The company was capitalized for $45,000,000 in 1898, and the amounts paid for the mills it took over were:

Fall Mountain Paper Company	$3,556,800
Winnipiseogee Paper Company	1,732,800
Webster Paper Company	592,800
Russell Paper Company	684,000
Falmouth Paper Company	358,000
Haverhill Paper Company	228,000
Glens Falls Paper Mill Company	5,651,200
Hudson River Pulp & Paper Company	4,461,000
Niagara Falls Paper Company	2,884,800
Lake George Paper Company	1,231,200
Herkimer Paper Company	592,800
Otis Falls Pulp Company	4,707,200
Montague Paper Company	1,048,800
Glen Manufacturing Company	3,648,000
Rumford Falls Paper Company	2,014,450

Financial statements showing the annual business of the International Paper Company since its incorporation were offered in evidence by Robert T. Whitehouse, counsel for The Lewiston Journal. The taking of testimony will be continued to-day.

NEW HIGHWAY PLAN READY.

Committee Suggests the State Partly Improve 1,200 Miles.

ALBANY, N. Y., Jan. 31.— Senators Murtaugh, White and Long, constituting a sub-committee on highways, have completed their draft of amendments to the State highway law for consideration by a conference of Democratic Senators.

The most important feature provides that the State take charge of the 1,200 miles of unimproved gaps in the good roads system and apply to their improvement a minimum of $100 a mile, which, with the $50 a mile now assessed on the various localities for maintenance, will be sufficient to put them in fair condition.

The idea is that this will afford a good foundation for making them equal in quality with the rest of the highly improved highways when the State gets its further appropriation of $50,000,000 to complete its system.

Senator Murtaugh thinks that the constitutional amendment having this end in view, which has been introduced in both houses, will pass without serious opposition.

Clarence W. Kuhn Dead.

Special to The New York Times.

CINCINNATI, Ohio, Feb. 1.—Clarence W. Kuhn, a former member of the banking firm of S. Kuhn & Son and a cousin of the head of the international banking firm of Kuhn, Loeb & Co., New York, died early this morning at the Jewish Hospital following an operation.

Mr. Kuhn had been directing the activities of the Cincinnati Association for the Welfare of the Blind since the banking firm, of which he was a member, merged with the Fifth-Third National Bank. He was widely known for his efforts in charitable undertakings. He was 42 years of age. Mr. Kuhn leaves two daughters.

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SPLIT OVER-PRIMARY BILLS.

Senator Roosevelt to Start Movement for Reform Measure.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, N. Y., Jan. 31.—Two bills which amend the direct primary law were introduced to-day by Senator T. Harvey Ferris of Oneida. One of these measures contains the changes the Republican and Democratic organizations say are necessary to make the new law workable this year. It is agreed that this bill will be passed as quickly as possible in order that arrangements may be made for the Spring primaries.

The other bill contains several reform features suggested with a view of strengthening the law and taking away some of the provisions which discriminate in favor of the party committees. It is predicted that the Reform bill bill not be passed. This has aroused the friends of direct primaries, and there will be a fight on the bill in each house.

Senator Roosevelt declares he will resist any attempt to pass the Emergency bill first in the Senate, and Theodore Douglas Robinson, Col. Theodore Roosevelt's nephew, has been canvassing the Assembly with a view of starting an insurgent movement in favor of the passage of the reform measure.

The Emergency bill makes arrangements for provisional committees to serve this year only. The Reform bill takes the party emblem and the party fund away from the party committee in the primary, makes a larger State committee, and requires that each member shall be an enrolled voter in his district. It also reduces the percentage of voters necessary to make an independent nomination.

CARMODY CUTS EXPENSES.

Special Counsel Dispensed With, He Says, in Annual Report.

ALBANY, N. Y., Jan. 31.—Hundreds of thousands of dollars were saved to the State in the Attorney General's Department during the last year, according to the annual report of Attorney General Thomas Carmody, made public to-night. The greater part of this saving was effected through an order revoking all designations as special counsel for the State, the report says, the amount for this item having run as high as $279,000 in one year.

Figures are given in the report to show that during 1910 $52,676 was collected in the Agricultural Department at an expense of $30,000 for attorneys' fees, leaving the State $22,676. During 1911 there was collected $58,270. During the year a judgment of $16,000 was recovered, the largest ever recovered in the State in these cases.

A saving of $21,000 in the Department of the State Lunacy Commission was effected by discharging all attorneys for the State hospitals. The Attorney General was given charge of all cases in this department, which were then handled without extra expense to the State.

MAY MAKE AMERICAN QUEEN OF PORTUGAL

Continued from Page 1.

started with Miss Stewart on a leisurely trip around the world. After they reached Kioto, Japan, in March, 1907, Mr. Smith died from heart disease. His body was brought to New York and buried here.

The fortune which Miss Stewart is said to have brought to the Prince was $3,000,000. The announcements of the engagement and the wedding came from London, where the various settlements were made. Previous to the marriage Miss Stewart was created a Princess in her own right by the Austrian Emperor.

Since their marriage the Braganzas have spent most of their time in Austria. Reports were frequent that suits for heavy debts were being pressed against the Prince and that they were being paid out of the fortune of his wife. There were contradictions from him of these reports.

Statements attributed to the Prince have shown him favorable to the monarchical forces in Portugal for many months. As the eldest son of the pretender to the throne, he was supposed to preserve a neutral attitude, such as his father had declared. At the time of the revolution which turned the country from a monarchy to a republic, there was a party that preferred Dom Miguel, father of the Prince, to either the Republic or to King Manuel.

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BRANDT HEARING TO-DAY.

Gov. Dix Is to Take Up the Case with His Legal Adviser.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, N. Y., Jan. 31.—A speedy decision by Gov. Dix is looked for in the case of Foulke E. Brandt, who is serving thirty years in State prison for robbing the home of his former employer, Mortimer L. Schiff.

Seymour Van Santvoord, the Governor's legal adviser, had a talk with Gov. Dix this afternoon. Later the Governor announced that he would be ready to consider Brandt's application with Mr. Van Santvoord to-morrow.

The Governor has not had an opportunity to examine the papers in the case. He has not even seen the letter sent by Brandt in which he asked that clemency be exercised. In his talk today Mr. Van Santvoord discussed the procedure to date. The Governor, according to Mr. Van Santvoord, heartily approved his action yesterday in declining to accept at this time the brief submitted by Howard S. Gans, Mr. Schiff's lawyer, giving his side of the case. Whether Mr. Gans will be called upon to submit his brief at some future time will depend entirely on Gov. Dix.

Gov. Dix, according to a report which receives credence here, is not altogether satisfied that the court was told all the circumstances in the case at the time the plea of the former valet was accepted and the penalty imposed. It was largely for this reason that he directed District Attorney Whitman to make the exhaustive investigation on which his present report is based.

OSBORN FOR MACK'S PLACE.

Murphy Said to Favor Him—McCooey for Public Service Board.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Jan. 31.—It was learned here to-night that if William Church Osborn, the former legal adviser to Gov. Dix, should declare his willingness to become Chairman of the Democratic State Committee he would be acceptable to the organization, although he is known as an independent, and has been active in the affairs of the Democratic League.

So far Mr. Osborn has not indicated that he would assume the responsibility of running the next Democratic campaign in this State. Were he to accept he could be little more than the respectable figurehead of which Tammany Leader Murphy is so much in need in order to keep the up-State Democrats in line.

Indications are that Mr. Murphy still exercises his old-time influence at the Capitol. Tammany members of the Senate boastfully assert to-day that Gov. Dix had his nominations for a successor to Dr. Doty as Health Officer of the Port of New York and for a successor to Public Service Commissioner McCarroll all decided upon, and was prepared to send them to the Senate this week, but that Mr. Murphy protested and that the Governor accepted the suggestions of the Tammany leader.

In connection with this there is a report current at the Capitol to the effect that John H. McCooey, Mr. Murphy's lieutenant in Brooklyn, heads the revised list of candidates for the Public Service Commission.

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HIGH RENTS BEHIND LAWRENCE STRIKE

Men Pay One-Third Their Wages for Three Rooms in Houses Owned by the Mills.

SOLDIERS QUELL PARADE

Crowd at Funeral of Anna Lapizzo Dispersed—No Bail for Strike Leaders.

Special to The New York Times.

LAWRENCE, Mass., Jan. 31.—One of the grievances which has led to the strike of the mill operatives in this city, it developed to-day, is the amount that they have to pay in rent. A large proportion of them are housed in tenements erected by the American Woolen Company, in whose mills they are employed, and they assert that the accommodation they can afford to buy is of poor quality and is so expensive that it takes up a large fraction of what they can earn.

A NEW YORK TIMES reporter visited to-day some of the tenements in Merrimac Street, which are owned by the Wood Worsted Mill, one of the group of factories controlled by the American Woolen Company. The rent charged is from $1.75 to $2 a week, and for this the operatives receive as a rule three rooms—two bedrooms and a kitchen.

In such quarters dwell families consisting of father, mother, and from five to eight children. In most cases these houses are frame wooden structures, without modern plumbing, two and three stories in height, in which, in most instances, from forty to fifty people live.

The mill agents gave out a statement to-night that in one of the larger mills fully 40 per cent. of the regular complement reported for work during the day.

"A still more marked accession is expected throughout the remainder of the week, as the fear of intimidation is removed and the people become assured that there can be no renewal of the violence of Monday," says the statement.

The strikers, however, deny any desertion from thir ranks. At a general strike meeting held to-day representatives of one nationality after another reported their people as standing fast. Most of those who are working are said to be French-Canadian and English-speaking operatives.

A TIMES reporter visited the Washingtno Mill, at Canal and Mill Streets. In the spinning room every belt was in motion, the whirr of machinery resounded on every side, yet no a single operative was at work and not a single machine carried a spool of yarn. Outside the gates a large force of infantry kept the strikers away from the gates.

At the weaving rooms of the Arlington Mills at Broadway and Park Street on the north bank of the Spicket River, where there are usually 4,000 weavers at work only 16 employés reported. In the spooling room the empty spools were bobbing without a single operative or a yard of yarn in sight. In the spinning room no men or women operatives came to work when the gates opened, and the same condition of affairs prevailed in the mule room.

In the carding department, where the most unskilled labor is employed, there was not a single operative at work, and in the combing room, where the raw wool is combed into strings preparatory to being spun into yarn, the same state of affairs was reported. In the combing room the machinery was started about 7 o'clock in the morning, but after two hours the speed was stopped that the costly machinery might not be injured.

At 307 Merrimack Street, South Lawrence, a striking Italian, Ulsiano Luciano, with his five children, was discovered in a two-room apartment on the ground floor. He produced his rent book, issued and stamped by the Wood Worsted Mills, which shows that he pays $1.75 a week rent. His last pay envelope for a week of fifty-six hours was marked with the figures $5.76. The paid-up rent book of a fellow-employe, whose wages averaged less than $5, is documentary evidence of the fact that he paid $1.75 for his rooms.

Reputable business men throughout the "plains district" of the city, which lies between the north bank of the Merrimack and the Spicket Rivers are aroused to-day by the activities of an organized hand of "boot-leggers," who are supplying the militia on duty in this section with "bad" whisky. The Metropolitan police, who by order of the State Park Department, are aiding the 1,500 militia now in the city, have been busy during the past twenty-four hours in trying to apprehend members of this gang. With the exception of three arrests made late Tuesday night none of them has been captured.

The bitterness of the strikers is increased by the contrast between their condition and that of other operatives. The independent textile mills on the outskirts of Lawrence, notably the Sutton Mills, across the Shawsheen River, in North Andover, are running day and night. These pay on an average from $5 to $6 more per week than the American Woolen Company, and their employes are of a higher type, consisting for the most part of Scotch, Irish, and English operatives. These mills have been running on double time for almost a year, during which period the mills of the American Woollen Company have been in operation not more than two-thirds of the regular weekly schedule.

Col. Sweetser, who is in command of the militia here, has ordered an investigation into the cause of the mêlée, which led to the killing on Tuesday of John Ramy, a Syrian boy, by an unknown infantryman on Oak Street, near White Street. This section of the city is colonized almost exclusively by Syrians, who have been most violent in their demonstrations against the proposed settlement of the strike. On the night of the killing a band of "boot-leggers," it was alleged, were operating in the district, and the strikers' Executive Committee, through the Secretary, Angelo Stabile, to-night declared that this may have had something to do with the youth's death. So far three deaths and more than 100 casualties have constituted the toll paid by the strikers for their resort to violence.

To-day a soup kitchen was opened to supply food for the children of the strikers. Although a strict ruling was made that no child over twelve years of age should be served, more than 1,700 were supplied with food during the day, most of them being school children.

In a few instances some of the striking boys and girls, employed in the combing rooms of the great mills, whose wages average less than $3 per week, were admitted. All day long the small basement dining room at the corner of Water and Mason Streets was kept filled with a motley throng of children, who jabbered at the waitresses in forty-seven different tongues and dialects. Of the 30,000 operatives on strike, it is estimated that at least one-third are minors.

The most dramatic incident of the day was the scene attending the funeral of Anna Lapizzo, the girl operative who was shot on Monday night. The funeral had been scheduled to take place at 3 o'clock, and several hours before it was expected to start a mob of strikers began to gather at the undertaking establishment on Common Street, where the girl's body had been taken after the autopsy.

Shortly before 3 o'clock Troop A of Squadron 1, Boston, cantered into the street and ended any attempt at a demonstration. While the street was clear a covered undertaker's wagon drove up to the door and the plain black coffin was placed in it. Then the wagon was driven away.

The entire complexion of the situation was altered as the result of the arrest late Tuesday night of Joseph J. Ettor, the strike leader, and Arturo Giovannitti, his Italian assistant. The two labor leaders were charged with being accessories to the murder of Anna Lapizzo, who was mysteriously shot in a clash between the strikers and the militia. In Police Court to-day both prisoners pleaded not guilty, and were remanded without bail to the Essex County Jail for a continuance of the examination in ten days.

The prisoners bore the ordeal coolly. Ettor remarked as the police van approached the prison: "Why, that place looks like a church. We'll be sure of plenty to eat and a roof to cover us any way."

To-night the great army of foreign operatives who have been held together by the sheer power of Ettor's leadership are divided into more than twoscore camps, each with a different Captain. A dozen separate meetings were held to-night, at which speeches of protest were delivered against the arrest of Ettor and his companion.

The strikers claim that the girl was shot by the militia, and George Roewer, Jr., who appeared for the defendants, declared in court that he believed that the reason of their arrests was to get them out of the way, and asked Judge Fred N. Chandler to admit them to bail. The court, however, held that it was not customary to admit to bail persons charged as accessories to murder, and declined to establish a precedent.

The movement for an investigation by the Legislature at Boston of the strike situation took a definite step to-day, when the House sent to the Senate an order for an inquiry to begin next Saturday. This action was taken after the House had refused to accept the report of the Committee on Rules urging that the investigation be postponed. The order will come up in the Senate to-morrow.

James C. Woodhull, the only Director of the American Woolen Company that could be reached last night, when told of the charges made against the company by the strikers at Lawrence, said that he attended solely to the sales part of the business, and could not discuss matters which were handled entirely in Boston.

HARVARD MEN ON GUARD.

Many Students in Troop B Keep Order—David Williams a Strike Leader.

Special to The New York Times.

CAMBRIDGE, Mass., Jan. 31. — Harvard's crack Cavalry Troop B was assigned to active duty at the Lawrence strike yesterday. It was formed two years ago, and although not strictly a Harvard corps has college men in the majority.

The students smiled as they thought of the examinations they had escaped by the call to strike duty. It will not be necessary for them to take the tests later. All will be passed with the grade of C, and none seems to think of asking an opportunity to attain grade A.

"Pete" Sortwell, forward on the hockey team, is orderly to Major Schmitz, commanding the squadron, and E. E. Merrihew, Harvard's crack runner, is another member. Gordon Grant, who kicked a football to Ipswich from Cambridge to win a bet, and his brother, Zander Grant, also are in the troop. Both are sons of Judge Robert Grant. Among the others are Sam Hoar, George West, Oliver Wolcott, and Duval Dunn.

David Williams, a student in the Harvard Law School, championed the cause of the Lawrence strikers to-day, and, after addressing a thousand of the mill-workers, was asked to become one of their leaders by a committee of strikers. Williams assented and brought $25 as a contribution from the Harvard Socialist Club.

BURGLARS TERRORIZE BRONX.

Night and Day Flat Robberies, and Not a Single Arrest Made.

Panic prevails on account of burglaries in the Bronx south of 149th Street, which is in the Alexander Avenue Station precinct. There have been flat burglaries in the neighborhood nearly every night since the first of the year, and of late the thieves, who appear to be working in organized gangs, have taken heart at the fact that none has been caught, and are breaking into flats in daylight.

Capt. Post of the Alexander Avenue Station and Lieut. Gildea, who has charge of the four detectives in the district, have denied information of any burglaries.

Mrs. Mamie Eckart of 523 East 147th Street, came home yesterday afternoon with her daughter-in-law, Mrs. Ethel Eckart, who lives with her, and found two men in her parlor piling up silverware and other household goods in a table cloth. The two women ran into the street screaming. One man ran into Brook Avenue and the other into St. Ann's Avenue. They were followed by Mrs. E. Bishop of 523 East 147th Street and Mrs. Harold A. Kehoe of 533 East 147th Street and the two Mesdames Eckart, all screaming for police. The men got away.

On Monday morning burglars awakened C. Dingee of 521 East 147th Street. They had entered his apartment by way of the fire escape. They got away before the police responded to Mr. Dingee's calls for help.

One of the victims of burglars was a policeman, A. E. Ulrich, attached to the Alexander Avenue Station, and who lives at 532 East 148th Street. He refused to discuss his loss.

Rose Koch of 538 East 148th Street had $75 worth of clothing stolen from her apartment by thieves, who entered with a pass key.

The systematic way in which the burglars work was illustrated by three burglaries in one block two weeks ago, when the thieves took a fire escape drop ladder and entered three flats in succession. They got $75 worth of jewelry from John Goldsmid at 465 East 140th Street, $75 worth of jewelry from Newton Schleffinger at 461 East 140th Street, and a haul of silver at the flat of Samuel Steiner at 455 East 140th Street.

At 285 East 146th Street the thieves got $200 worth of goods, of which $150 was jewelry from J. D. Morton.

DR. CONRAD CAN'T PRACTICE.

Seeks Restoration of His Right Since He Was Pardoned from Sing Sing.

Dr. Edward E. Conrad, the physician who was pardoned by Gov. Dix after serving sixteen months in Sing Sing Prison, applied yesterday to Supreme Court Justice Gerard for a writ of mandamus against the Regents of the University of the State of New York compelling them to reissue a certificate enabling him to practice.

Dr. Conrad told the court that his conviction was the result of a conspiracy and that the principal evidence against him was supplied by a woman detective hired for the express purpose of getting material to send him to prison. He argued that his pardon restored him to his full rights as a citizen, among which was his right to practice medicine. His certificate was revoked after his conviction. His attorney said yesterday that this was the first application of its kind in the history of the State. Justice Gerard reserved decision.

SPLIT IN ARDEN COLONY.

Upton Sinclair Divorce Starts an Exodus to a New Settlement.

Special to The New York Times.

WILMINGTON, Del., Jan. 31.—A recent split among the single tax colonists at Arden, Del., as an outcome of notoriety thrust upon the place by the divorce application of Upton Sinclair and other actions of the author-Socialist, resulted to-day in the organization of a "Back-to-the-soil movement."

The leader is William Canby Ferris of Wilmington, who issues a statement announcing that he has organized a fellowship farm on the same principles as the colony at Westwood Farm, Mass. A tract of sixty-five acres will be obtained near Arden. This will be tantamount to opposition to the Arden colonists. Mr. Ferris says he will restrict his followers to sixty.

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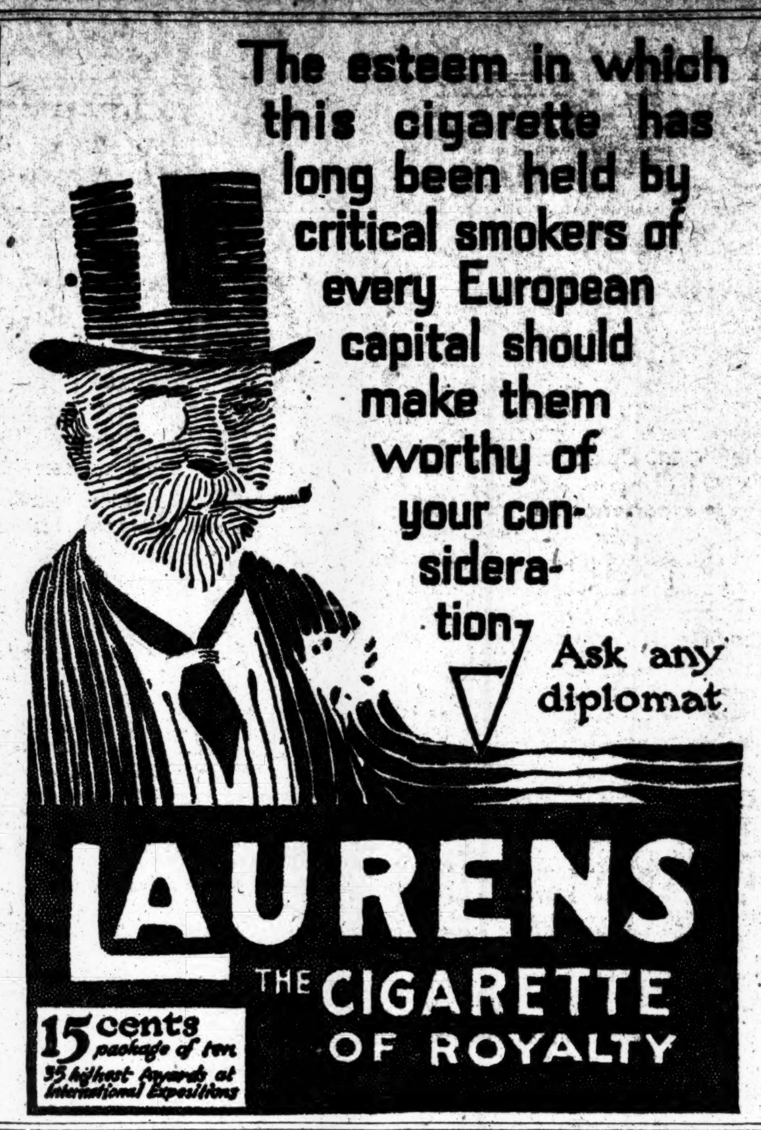
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HOUSE TOO HASTY ON STEEL BILL--PENROSE

Passed in Five Days, While Congress Took Six Months to Consider Aldrich Measure.

BILL TO SENATE COMMITTEE

There, He Says, It Will Be Amply Studied and All Interests Heard Before It Is Reported.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Jan. 31.—The Senate referred the Steel bill to the Finance Committee to-day without definite instructions as to the time to be given its consideration. The motion of Senator Reed to limit consideration to twenty days was withdrawn, and it is understood that the committee will report it about the middle of March.

Senator Penrose said that he could not definitely outline the purposes of the committee, but that all interests would be heard before the committee acted upon the bill. He is of the opinion that as no report has come from the Tariff Board, that the committee will not attempt to frame a new bill, but either report it adversely or permit the Democrats of the Finance Committee to make amendments. Many insurgents are opposed to the bill in its present shape, and unless it is amended to conform to the Cummins amendment of last session it is doubtful whether the insurgents will join with the Democrats and force through the measure.

Senator Penrose believes that some sort of Steel bill will be passed by the Senate. As the President vetoed the Wool bill, assigning as a reason, among others, that the schedule had not been reported upon by the Tariff Board, Senator Penrose said that it was only reasonable to infer that the President would veto the Steel bill for the same reason.

In discussing the hasty action of the House on this measure, which he characterized as the most "speedy legislation in the history of the American Congress on an important measure," Senator Penrose said:

"There has been no meeting of the Ways and Means Committee this Fall or Winter to consider the metal tariff. A sub-committee of three is said to have had the schedule under consideration, but has held no public hearings, and manufacturers making inquiry as to opportunity to state their views were unable to get such opportunity.

"The statement was made on the floor of the House that while no public hearings had been held yet, there were ample opportunities for private personal conferences. It was one of the indictments against the Senate Finance Committee two years ago that no public hearings were held, but that private personal conferences were granted. But nothing done by the Finance Committee approaches in secrecy and celerity the proceedings of the sub-committee of the Ways and Means Committee on the metal schedule.

"About one week prior to the formal introduction of the bill a print was submitted to the Democratic caucus. This bill was changed in the caucus, and is not the bill formally introduced. The bill was introduced on Jan. 24. The Ways and Means Committee met at 10:30 on the 25th, and after a session of scarcely one hour ordered it to be reported, and it was reported on the same day. It is evident from the short time that the committee was in session that the bill was never read in committee. It is said that a motion by the Republicans to postpone action on the bill until a report had been received from the Tariff Board was defeated by the Democrats.

"The debate was limited to five hours on each side, over Republican protest. The debate under the five-minute rule was cut off with the statement that it was the intention to force the bill through in one day. Motions to amend the bill were ruled out as dilatory. Its passage was prevented by midnight Saturday by the arrival of Sunday, and it was passed on Monday afternoon, Jan. 29.

"A motion to refer the bill back to committee was defeated by the solid Democratic vote. An industry of several millions of dollars was thus hastily disposed of.

"In contrast to this proceeding is the action of the Republicans in the House and Senate on the Payne-Aldrich bill. As a matter of fact, the Summer, Fall, and Winter of 1908, up to March 17, 1909, was occupied by the Ways and Means Committee in preparing an elaborate volume of data and statistics on the revision of the tariff. Hearings were held covering 8,674 printed pages.

"The bill was introduced on March 17, 1909, went to the Senate Finance Committee on April 10, and there were amended and reported to the Senate on April 12, went to conference on July 8, nearly three months after being received, remaining in conference till July 30, and finally passed the Senate on Aug. 5, 1909.

"This record of nearly six months of consideration by Congress and of several months of informal consideration, marked by public hearings and an opportunity for every one to be heard, is in sharp contrast to the expedition with which the present bill was put through."

Democratic Leader Underwood to-day announced that the House Democrats would next take up the chemical or sugar schedules of the tariff for revision. The decision as to which bill will be drafted first will be made on Saturday.

National Surety Co.'s Annual Dinner.

William B. Joyce, President of the National Surety Company, gave last night at the Metropolitan Club, his annual dinner to the Directors and Advisory Boards of the company, and some of its friends. Suptintendent of Insurance Hotchkiss, spoke on surety business in general, and what the National Surety Company and its officers in particular had done for the improvement of conditions and the general good of surety insurance.

SEA BURIAL FOR THE MAINE.

Remainder of Wreck to be Dumped in Gulf—Third of Ship Already Sunk.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 31.—Gen. Bixby, chief of engineers of the army, brings from Havana the report that unless unforeseen difficulties are experienced all that is left of the old battleship Maine will be floated out of Havana harbor by March 1 and sunk in the Gulf of Mexico a few miles off the north coast of Cuba. In fact, Gen. Bixby says that about a third of the ship—all of that part forward of the rent which severed the bow section—has been dumped into the sea without attracting attention. The metal was cut up by an oxy-acetylene jet into half-ton fragments, placed in scows, and deposited about a mile off shore. This work is about completed, and it is expected that within a week or ten days only the after part of the ship, which it is proposed to float away intact, will remain in the cofferdam.

Some trouble may be experienced in floating the wreck. A bulkhead closes the great opening where the bow was cut off and the bulkhead will be water tight, but it is feared that the wreck may be held tenaciously in the grip of the hard clay bottom in which it has been imbedded over thirteen years. In that case powerful water jets will be required to work under the hull and loosen it.

The after turret of the ship has been unbolted from the deck and is ready for transfer to the shore. It has been given to the City of Havana, and is to be erected as a monument in a public park. One of the masts is now at Governor's Island and the other is aboard the collier Justin, awaiting transportation to the National Cemetery at Arlington, where it will be placed over the graves of the victims of the Maine.

When the wreck finally is floated out to sea with ceremony, and in the presence of a distinguished company, the giant cofferdam will be removed, and nothing will be left visible in Havana harbor to mark the scene of the catastrophe. Deeply imbedded in the mud at the bottom of the harbor will lie the inverted forward turret of the ship with its ten-inch guns, which it is not thought worth while to raise.

CALLS FOR HELP UNHEEDED.

British Schooner Disabled Off Florida—Three of Crew Washed Overboard.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 31.—The British schooner Success, with three of her crew washed overboard, is off the coast of Florida, vainly appealing to passing vessels for help, according to wireless dispatches sent to the Navy Department.

The remaining men aboard are striving to pilot the little craft into Jacksonville. One wireless message stated that the steamer Antilla had been asked for two men to assist the diminished crew. Volunteers were called for, but none replied. The revenue cutter Yamacraw has gone to her assistance.

The Success is bound from Barbados to Philadelphia.

SENATE FOR CHILD BUREAU.

Passes Bill Adding to Commerce and Labor Department's Functions.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 31.—The Senate passed to-day, after a four-hour debate, Senator Borah's bill creating a Children's Bureau in the Department of Commerce and Labor. The vote was 54 to 20. A similar bill is now pending in the House. The bill authorizes the bureau to collect information pertaining to the welfare of children and child life, and to investigate questions of infant mortality, the birth rate, orphanage, juvenile courts, desertion, diseases, accidents, occupations, legislation, and kindred subjects.

CORRECT ALIEN BILL ERRORS.

Japanese Exclusion and Language Clauses to be Amended.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 31.—The Japanese exclusion error which the State Department discovered in the Dillingham Immigration bill was corrected to-day. Secretary Knox and Senator Lodge conferred, with the result that the Immigration Committee will probably amend the exclusion provision to-morrow. It was also decided to restore the proviso, which had been stricken from the bill, that "no alien shall be denied admission to the United States solely because of inability to speak the English language."

NEW YORK-ORIENT SERVICE.

Palatial Steamers Under Construction for Use When Panama Is Completed.

Special to The New York Times.

LOS ANGELES, Cal., Jan. 31.—Four great ships, costing between $4,500,000 and $5,000,000 each, will be completed by the Pacific Mail Steamship Company within two years and placed in service between New York, Los Angeles, San Francisco, and the Orient.

While they will not quite equal in size the enormous Olympic and Titanic, they will be the equal in equipment and luxury of any steamship in the world.

General Agent Ottinger of the passenger department of the Pacific Mail, said to-day:

"We are planning for weekly sailings from New York and the same from Yokohama."

Christian to Quit Harvard.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, Mass., Jan. 31.—The resignation of Henry A. Christian as dean of the Harvard Medical School, to take effect Sept. 1 next, was accepted by the Harvard Corporation at its meeting yesterday. When the new Brigham Hospital was proposed an agreement was made whereby Dr. Christian should give up his position at the head of the Medical School in order to devote himself more fully to the work of the hospital.

The Half-Yearly "Four-for-Five" Event:

$2.00 and $2.50 Negligee and Plaited Shirts at $1.35

4 for $5.00

Let us understand each other. Not the tailings of a worked-out shirt stock. No! The extreme price reductions involve every two-dollar shirt in my entire stocks and about 75% of those that were two-fifty.

The fabrics run the gamut of the foreign looms—Anderson's Tape Stripe Madras, Wright & Graham's English Madras, Scotch Corded Madras and French Percales.

The patterns, from grave to gay—from the dignified white grounds with the unobtrusive stripes or cords to the daring blues and kindred high colors. All sizes and sleeve lengths. And instead of $2.00 and $2.50—$1.35, four for $5.00.

Let it go to the tub again and again and yet will you find every Lion Collar true to the fraction of an inch. A size 15 Lion will be a 15 on the first day and on the last day of its long service. Quarter sizes, two for a quarter.

TRADE MARK

Cortlandt, *near* Church St.
Broadway, *cor.* Leonard St.
42d St., 3 *doors west of* 5th Ave.
Factory—79 Orange St., Newark

William G. White
Conducting Seven Shops *and* a Shirt Factory

Wall St., *cor.* Broadway
Nassau, *near* Liberty St.
Broadway, *cor.* 26th St.
79 Orange St., Newark

CARDINAL O'CONNELL WELCOMED HOME

Women Kneel in Boston Streets in Blinding Snowstorm as He Passes.

BRINGS GOOD WILL OF POPE

Pontiff Says Some American Non-Catholics Are Better Than Some European Members of Church.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, Mass., Jan. 31.—The welcome home given His Eminence William Cardinal O'Connell to-day was in no wise lessened in magnitude and in enthusiasm by the dense snowstorm which prevailed, and rarely if ever has Boston witnessed such a spectacle. The steamship Canopic, on which the Cardinal and his suite came from Naples, reached Quarantine before dawn, and it may be added will remain there until Thursday because of smallpox in the steerage.

The municipal steamers were allowed by courtesy of Collector Curtis to go down to the ship and the reception committee met the Cardinal in the library, where Mayor Fitzgerald extended a welcome home in behalf of the million and a half of Catholics who he said are in New England.

The Cardinal, in his response, alluded feelingly to the good-will manifested toward him by non-Catholics as well as by church members, and said that when he mentioned this to the Holy Father the latter exclaimed: "That is good, because I know that many of the good Americans who are not Catholics are better than some of our Europeans who are so-called Catholics."

Cardinal O'Connell told the committee that he believed this to be one of the most memorable statements ever made by the Pope, and he added: "With this work, like the dove of peace, I return to America."

Thousands awaited the party at the dock, singing patriotic hymns and waving American flags, and the procession escorted His Eminence to his residence on Granby Street in the Back Bay, through crowded streets and by decorated buildings, many, especially women, kneeling in the snow as the Cardinal's automobile went by.

Cardinal O'Connell looked in perfect health. His eye was clear and his voice full and well rounded, while he faced the driving snow with as much unconcern as if it were a Summer zephyr. To-morrow from his golden throne in the Cathedral he will witness the celebration of the solemn pontifical mass of thanksgiving at which Bishop John J. Nolan of Hartford will officiate and Bishop Anderson of Boston will deliver the sermon.

The Cardinal expressed his joy in returning to Boston and said that he never yearned so to get back. He spoke of the consistory, of the magnificence of that council and the notable personages which it included.

Then speaking directly of the Pope he said: "You should have seen the thrill with which he spoke of America, of the hospitality of its shores, of its religious and civic freedom, and of the great responsibility which he feels. He looks over the seas to this great land for consolation and he asked me to go back and say that 'We rejoice as you rejoice in the honors that we confer.' He spoke of the prosperity due to religious liberty, but more than all he spoke of the love and affection to the people here, not only to all Catholics but to those who are not Catholics."

The Cardinal brought news of the advancement of four New England priests. Rev. Father Roche of Watertown, Rev. Father Ronan of Dorchester, Rev. Father O'Brien of Lowell, and Rev. Father Supple of Roxbury are appointed domestic prelates, and Rev. Mgr. F. J. Splaine, Chancellor of the diocese, becomes a Papal Chamberlain.

HORSE AT THACKERAY SHOW.

Mr. Van Alen's St. Gaudens Performs Tricks at the Centenary.

St. Gaudens, Mr. Van Alen's intelligent horse, big and black, and showing in every movement the pride of race, was the centre of attraction last night at the second evening of the Thackeray Centenary in the Sixty-ninth Regiment Armory.

St. Gaudens is no common show horse, but makes his public bow only in furthering the cause of some good movement. The men and women in the dress of the period of the "Virginians," with those in the Winter dress of modern New York, stood about and watched the horse.

First he picked out different colors from among variegated handkerchiefs draped on a pole and then as those in the audience called out groups of three figures the animal would pick out of a pile of cards giving not the number called but the results when they were added together. Then he picked out the days of the week as they were called out, bowing politely at the applause which followed his efforts.

The programme of the first night was repeated, Ben Greet introducing the various tableaux. Andrea Sarto sang "Wapping Old Stairs" and "The Church Gate" song was sung by Dellos Becker. Mme. Burns Rouré also sang.

Avoid Typhoid!

Dr. Osler says: "Infection of water is unquestionably the most common mode of conveyance."

75% of Life's ills may be attributed to impure drinking water. Drink

Still Rock Water

A Delightful, Uncharged Water from the Famous White Rock Springs, Waukesha, Wis., U. S. A.
At leading Grocers, Druggists, Restaurants & Cafes

THEOSOPHY NOT INSANITY.

Justice Cohalan So Decides in Refusing to Set Aside a Transfer in Trust.

Supreme Court Justice Cohalan denied yesterday an application made by Spencer Fullerton and Foster Milliken as committee of the person and estate of Alexander Fullerton to set aside a trust transfer of 172 shares of American Smelting and Refining Company stock made in 1909.

Alexander Fullerton was adjudged insane in 1910, and is now in a Long Island sanitarium. He is 70 years old and a believer in theosophy, a subject he discussed in letters introduced into evidence.

Under the terms of the transfer of the stock to the Union Trust Company for his own benefit during life, and after his death for the benefit of Henry Hotchner and Walter Schuyler Ladd, for their lives, the stock was ultimately to go to the Theosophical Society of Adyar, Madras, India.

His committee charged that Fullerton's insanity dated back to 1909, when he made the transfer, before his commitment as an insane person, and that it was made under the undue influence of Ladd and Hotchner. Justice Cohalan said:

"The circumstance that a man is obsessed with an extraordinary and eccentric belief does not in itself constitute insanity; otherwise society would have an insuperable problem with which to contend, for there are manifold beliefs held by men, equally if not more strange than those held by Fullerton."

Man Hit by Car Was Rufus B. Goff.

Rufus B. Goff, President of the Standard Mill Supply Company of Providence, R. I., is in Bellevue Hospital with a fractured skull, the result of being knocked down by a cross-town car at Twenty-third Street and Fourth Avenue on Tuesday night. His identity was not known until yesterday, when he was identified by a business acquaintance. Mr. Goff lives at 25 Grotto Avenue, Providence. He came to this city on a business trip on Monday. Mrs. Goff, who is a daughter of the late State Senator Andrew J. Anthony, reached this city last night. At the hospital it was said that Mr. Goff's condition was still serious.

Saks & Company

Broadway at 34th Street

beginning today

a Sale of Men's Suits

former prices: $23, $25, $28, $30

at $18

¶ A collection of Saks-made suits for men, in a liberal assortment of fabrics and colorings, and in the present season's most popular models. Designed, cut and tailored exclusively by us, and standard in the realm of men's styles.

For that man who can recognize opportunity without the aid of a chart, the above information is sufficient.

J. M. Gidding & Co.

OUTER APPAREL MILLINERY FURS
FOR WOMEN, MISSES *and* JUNIORS

ARE NOW DISPLAYING

Tailor-made Suits for Spring

Plain and fancy tailored effects, including Paris models from Beer, Jenny, Bernard, Paquin and Callot; of serge, Bedford cord and novelty-striped suitings, in white, black and new shades— *upwards from $45*

Tailored Linen Suits in beautiful new Paris models and copies of latest French styles—a wide selection— *upwards from $25*

Spring Lingerie and Linen Dresses

Of crepon, crepon voile, open-mesh Cossack linen, French linen and lingerie, in white and many colors— *upwards from $25*

French Hand-made Lingerie Dresses

A variety of effective styles; of net, nainsook, batiste and marquisette, handsomely embroidered and lace-trimmed— *upwards from $38*

Street Dresses in various fancy-trimmed and tailored styles; of fine serge in white, navy and fancy plaid effects. Paris models from Jeanne Lanvin, Drecoll, Bernard and Paquin; also copies and adaptations— *upwards from $38*

French Hand-made Blouses for Spring

Paris Millinery for Spring

Fifth Avenue at 46th Street

THE TIMES'S DAILY TRANSATLANTIC WIRELESS AND CABLE DISPATCHES

DEPORTED, WOMAN RETURNS AND WEDS

Mrs. Utton, Who Was Sent Back by the Officials Here, Now the Wife of a New Yorker.

KEPT DEPORTATION SECRET

Her Friends in England Had No Idea That She Was Not Allowed to Land at This Port.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

LONDON, Jan. 31.—According to information received by THE NEW YORK TIMES correspondent, to-day an Englishwoman who, with her six-year-old daughter, arrived at New York in the Campania late in December under the name of Mrs. Hutton and was deported by the immigration officials, has since returned to New York and married Allan Green, an engineer connected with an automobile concern who lives at Sylvia Hall, 560 West 144th Street. To marry Mr. Green was the object of the woman's first journey.

The information was obtained as a result of inquiries made by friend and relatives of the woman, whose correct name is Ethel Maud Utton, following the publication in THE NEW YORK TIMES of the story of her deportation.

Mrs. Utton is 34 years old, the daughter of fairly well-to-do parents, and has a married sister living in Putney. Some three years ago she became acquainted with Mr. Green, who is an Australian, and was then living in London. Last September Green left London to take a position with an automobile concern in New York, and promised to send for Mrs. Utton as soon as he settled down and to marry her. This he did, and Mrs. Utton sailed in the Campania in the middle of December, only to find that the immigration authorities refused admission to her. According to the statements made here, Mrs. Utton became confused in giving the answers to the questions put to her.

The strange part of the story is that her friends and relatives did not know, until informed by THE NEW YORK TIMES to-day, that she had returned to England, and one of them received a letter from her, dated Jan. 8 and posted in New York, five days after the Campania arrived back in Liverpool with her and her daughter aboard. The only explanation is that in order to avoid causing anxiety to her friends and relatives Mrs. Utton got some one to post the letter for her from New York after she sailed, having then made up her mind to return to New York by the next steamer.

Anyhow, the next news of her was received yesterday in a letter from Mr. Green, dated Sylvia Hall, Jan. 17, announcing that his marriage to Mrs. Utton had taken place. If this is correct, she must have sailed back to New York immediately after arriving in Liverpool on Jan. 3, possibly going by one of the many steamers sailing on Jan. 6, which reached New York on Jan. 14, or, what is more probable, entering the country by some other American port than New York, or via Canada.

Aaron Green, a civil engineer living at 560 West 144th Street, received a NEW YORK TIMES reporter last night and listened to a summary of the foregoing wireless dispatch from London. Then he exclaimed:

"My friend, you are on the wrong track. I supposed when you mentioned that you wanted to see me in reference to some telegraphed information from London that it had to do with a business deal on the other side in which I am much interested. What you tell me does not concern me."

Mr. Green refused to discuss the similarity of his name and address with that of the man who is said to have married Mrs. Utton, but he declared that he had been married for several years. He refused, however, to say anything else about the marriage or to tell the maiden name of his wife.

It was learned that Mr. Green has had apartments in the house for several months, but that it was not until about two weeks ago that Mrs. Green took up her abode there.

MORE BOMBS IN MACEDONIA.

Ten Police Slain at Radovisht—Attempt to Blow Up a Bank.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Jan. 31.—There was another serious bomb outrage last night in Macedonia, by which a large number of Turkish policemen were killed and injured.

The bomb was thrown into the middle of a detachment of military police in the town of Radovisht, thirty-seven miles northwest of Monastir, and the Police Commissary, a Lieutenant of the Army Reserve, and eight military policemen were killed instantaneously, while eight other policemen, including the commander, were severely wounded.

A Bulgarian has been arrested as the author of the outrage.

MONASTIR, Jan. 31.—An attempt was made to blow up the branch of the Salonika Bank here last evening. Two bombs, which had been placed at the bottom of the outer wall, exploded, but caused little damage, and none of the officials was injured.

Bulgarians are suspected of being responsible for the outrage.

BISHOP OF DES MOINES.

Pope Creates New Diocese, with Rev. Austin Dowling as Its Head.

ROME, Jan. 31.—The Pope to-day ratified the decision of the Consistorial Congregation creating a new diocese of Des Moines, Iowa, with the Rev. Austin Dowling, rector of the Cathedral of St. Peter and St. Paul at Providence, R. I., as Bishop.

The decision of the Consistorial Congregation was presented to his Holiness by Cardinal de Lai, the Secretary.

PROVIDENCE, Jan. 31.—"Myself Bishop of Des Moines!" exclaimed the Rev. Austin Dowling, when he was told to-day of his appointment to that city. "Why I don't know anybody out in that part of the country. It seems improbable. I haven't heard anything about it." Later he remembered that he was acquainted with Archbishop Keane of Dubuque, who is the head of the province, and whose duty it would be to submit names to Rome for the appointment.

Father Dowling was born in New York City in 1868, but his home before he entered the priesthood was in Newport. He has been rector of the Cathedral of St. Peter and St. Paul for seven years.

SUIT OVER $15,000 BROOCH.

Baroness de Pallandt, an American, Lost It After Having Insured Jewels.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

LONDON, Jan. 31.—Baroness May de Pallandt, an American, is the plaintiff in a suit against an insurance company over a $15,000 black pearl diamond brooch, about the size of a dollar.

The Baroness wore the brooch at the Shakespeare ball in the Albert Hall last June, and either there or on leaving the hall she lost it. She now makes a claim under her policy with the insurance company.

The defendants argued that it is incumbent upon the Baroness to prove the value of the brooch. The plaintiff's counsel said the brooch sold in 1900 for $4,600, and that the pearls have since considerably appreciated in value.

The Baroness possessed jewelry valued at $125,000, which she insured for a year, paying a premium of £212 15s, or at the rate of a guinea per cent., whereas Lloyd's would insure them for 10 shillings per cent.

The first jewel in the list of articles insured was a pearl necklace valued at $33,500. It was purchased four years ago for $30,000, but counsel said he could prove it was now worth $50,000.

The plaintiff's counsel went on to suggest that not only were the defendants charging a double premium, but proposed to put a further heavy premium on the plaintiff of putting her in the witness box to make a full statement of her past life. His client, he said, was undeterred by any such threat. In fact, the Baroness was in court. She was the wife of Baron de Pallandt, but the marriage was dissolved by a divorce court ten years ago.

The case was adjourned.

WHY IT BELITTLED "LABBY."

Truth, It Is Thought, Wanted to Show It Still Exists.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

LONDON, Jan. 31.—Truth this week contains a fresh series of stories about the late Henry Labouchere.

Considerable criticism has been heard of the present editor's action in "belittling the character and achievements" of the former editor, and it is shrewdly suggested that the reason for this rather unusual step was the necessity the present Directorate feels of calling attention to the continued existence of Truth, which in the mind of the general public was inseparably connected with "Labby" and might have been supposed to have passed away with him.

CROWN PRINCE RECUPERATES

Goes to Switzerland with the Crown Princess, Also in Poor Health.

BERLIN, Jan. 31.—Crown Prince Frederick William started to-day for Switzerland to recuperate from his recent illness. He is accompanied by the Crown Princess. They are to stay for several weeks at Celerina, in the Upper Engadine, near St. Moritz.

The trip, according to an anonymous Court official who is quoted in this evening's newspapers, was ordered by the physicians as much for the Crown Princess as for the Crown Prince. Her constitution has recently been somewhat weakened, although there is no organic malady.

The Crown Prince, like his father, has extremely sensitive membranes in his respiratory organs, and these have not yet been hardened, as are those of his father.

Switzerland was preferred by the Crown Prince and Princess to another visit to Egypt or some place in the South.

The Crown Prince was confined to bed shortly before Christmas, suffering from an affection of the upper section of the larynx and bronchial catarrh. He was stationed at that time in Danzig as Colonel of the Death's Head Hussars, and was prevented by his illness from traveling to Berlin to be present when Crown Princess Cecilie gave birth to her fourth son on Dec. 19 and also from participating in the imperial family's gathering at Christmas.

PANAMANS HOOT COLOMBIA

Incident That Began with Newspaper Articles Leads to Demonstration.

PANAMA, Jan. 31.—A public demonstration significant of the feeling in Panama against the Colombians was made last night in front of the residence here of the confidential agent of Colombia.

The incident had its origin in an article written for The Star and Herald by Antonio Zubieta, a prominent young Panaman, in answer to an insulting article against Panama published recently in a Bogota newspaper. In response the confidential agent of Colombia tactlessly wrote and issued a flysheet, signed by himself and another Colombian, containing offensive remarks concerning Panama.

As a protest against his conduct hundreds of citizens gathered last night in front of his house, where they hooted Colombia and cheered for Zubieta and for Panama.

No violence occurred, but Gov. Paredes, as a precaution, ordered the police to break up the demonstration and placed a strong guard in the Colombian agent's residence.

A sentiment of strong indignation against the Colombians makes itself evident everywhere.

HERRICK MAY ACCEPT.

His Reply to Taft's Offer of Paris Ambassadorship Expected Soon.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 31.—It is expected that a definite answer will shortly reach the White House from Myron T. Herrick, former Governor of Ohio, accepting or declining the vacant Ambassadorship to France. The President is reported to have offered him the post, and indications are that the Governor did not decline.

The appointment of Mr. Herrick to some high position does not come as a surprise here, though so far the Taft Administration has got along without him. He was mentioned prominently for a Cabinet position when Mr. Taft entered the White House, and his name has come up regularly for various positions in the foreign service. Mr. Herrick and the President have always been personal friends, but there is some political significance in the appointment. It is suggested that the honoring just now of the head of the regular faction of Ohio Republicans will not tend to harmonize the progressive elements, while the regulars were already bound absolutely to the Taft fortunes.

Mr. Herrick's political prominence gained recognition from his close friendship with President McKinley, and he has been Treasurer of the McKinley Memorial Association. After serving one term as Governor of Ohio he was defeated for reelection, but has continued in politics as National Committeeman.

WARSHIPS TO ESCORT KAISER'S SON HERE

Germany Asks Us if a Visit from a Squadron Next Summer Would Be Agreeable.

BIG PROGRAMME EXPECTED

Prince Adalbert's Entertainment Likely to be on as Lavish a Scale as That of Prince Henry in 1902.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

BERLIN, Jan. 31.—THE NEW YORK TIMES correspondent is enabled to state on the highest authority that Germany has asked the United States Government if it will be agreeable to receive a visit from a German squadron to American waters in the coming Summer in return for the visit of the two American squadrons to Kiel last year.

If, as there is every reason to hope, America receives the proposal cordially, the squadron will in all probability accompany Prince Adalbert of Prussia across the ocean. The announcement of the proposed visit of the Kaiser's sailor son to the United States was made in these dispatches six weeks ago.

As soon as the American reply is received the German Navy Department will proceed to consider the class of ships which can be spared and the most convenient time to send them.

An apparently semi-official Washington telegram to The Cologne Gazette asserts that the United States is disposed to entertain Prince Adalbert on the same elaborate scale as the entertainment of Prince Henry of Prussia in 1902. The Gazette speaks of a project to send a welcoming squadron of warships half way across the ocean to meet Prince Adalbert and escort him to New York. It is also stated that Count von Bernstorff, the German Ambassador, will establish the German Embassy at Newport, and entertain there for the Prince on a sumptuous scale.

In Berlin diplomatic quarters the view finds some expression that Germany's willingness to convert Prince Adalbert's visit to America into an affair of State may be dictated by a desire to offset the political effects of the visit of the Duke of Connaught.

BERLIN, Jan. 31.—The Kreuz Zeitung couples with a dispatch giving the substance of the speeches of Secretary Knox and the German Ambassador, Count von Bernsdorff, at the National Press Club in Washington last night a half column attack upon the American Secretary of State. It calls him one of the most bitter enemies of Germany in the United States, "as shown in his recent attempt to inaugurate anti-German tariff reprisals."

"Those well informed on American conditions," says the paper, "assert that Mr. Knox is chiefly responsible for the strong anti-German trend which is now and then manifested in the official American policy."

The Kreuz Zeitung says that the very manner of taking up the arbitration treaties indicates that President Taft and Secretary Knox are interested first and foremost in concluding the French and British treaties, to hold them as a club over Germany. American comment on the visit of the Duke of Connaught, it adds, shows that American statesmen are more inclined to an alliance with Great Britain than to friendship with Germany.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan 31.—The intention of Prince Adalbert of Prussia to visit America next Summer is known in Washington unofficially. It is the expectation that he will be sent with a German squadron, and will receive all the honors befitting his rank.

The plan of entertainment will be as handsomely carried out as in 1094 on the occasion of the visit to this country of Prince Henry of Prussia. Among the marks of honor under consideration is the idea of sending a squadron of the Atlantic fleet part way across the Atlantic to meet the German squadron, and escort it to this country. There is doubt, however, if this would be approved by the navy authorities. It is an unusual course to take, and has been discouraged heretofore when suggested.

The last approach to such an escort was when the Chilean squadron accompanied our battleship fleet through the Straits of Magellan on the cruise around the world. Then the Chileans did the United States the honor to take our fleet through their own waters on a voyage that was historical in character.

The German Embassy has been advised of the proposed visit of Prince Adalbert to the United States, and plans for his entertainment are already under consideration.

HELIODORUS ON PILGRIMAGE.

Disgraced Monk Starts Journey on Foot—Bishop Denounces British.

ST. PETERSBURG, Jan. 31.—The reactionary Priest Heliodorus, the Abbott of Tsaritsyn, who has been exiled to a remote monastery in the Government of Vladimir for championing the cause of the recalcitrant Bishop Hermogenes, today began a pilgrimage on foot from St. Petersburg to the Monastery of the Trinity and Saint Sergius at Sergievsky Posad, in the Government of Moscow. He started dressed in a warm cassock and cowl and carrying his famous crook.

Hundreds of sympathizers, mostly women, accompanied him through the city, while the populace followed him in throngs. The police, however, prevented the people from singing psalms, and drove them off the principal avenues.

Bishop Hermogenes, who is to be exiled to the Zhirovitsky Monastery near Slonim for persistent insubordination, officiated at the morning service to-day, when he preached against his persecutors and denounced as heretics the party of British visitors, which includes the Speaker of the House of Commons, several members of Parliament, Peers, Bishops, and men of affairs.

The case of Bishop Hermogenes is stirring profoundly Orthodox Russia. Dozens of priests and members of the Duma sympathize with Hermogenes, and Vladimir M. Purishkevfch, President of the Reactionary League of the Archangel Michael, intends to attack the Procurator of the Holy Synod on the subject in the Duma.

GENDARMES SLAIN BY FLEEING THIEVES

Long Chase Across Country in France—Two of the Burglars Suicides.

WERE ROBBING A STATION

First Wound Two Railway Officials, Then Flee and Jump on Train, Later Killing Two Pursuers.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

PARIS, Jan. 31.—Two murders and a long chase across country, ending in suicides, were incidents of a robbery at the railway station at Orléans early to-day. The affair resembled in some ways an anarchist outrage at Tottenham some years ago.

At 2 A. M. employes at the railway station discovered that three burglars had broken into the freight depot and were engaged in ransacking it. The alarm was given and the depot was surrounded. The assistant station master and his subordinates advanced on the intruders.

The burglars opened fire with Browning pistols. The assistant station master received a bullet in his thigh, while a porter was wounded. The burglars then escaped and disappeared in the dark, pursued by two policemen on bicycles, who reached the station at Le Saubrais after the burglars had departed by train.

The alarm was given along the line, and before the train stopped at Angersville local gendarmes were waiting on the platform. As the train slowed down two men leaped out to the track and fled into the country, with the gendarmes in hot pursuit. A third burglar remained in the train.

The gendarmes, profiting by a short cut, finally headed off the fugitives. When the burglars saw this they fired at the nearest gendarme, a man named Donnoy, who fell dead. Another gendarme was the next victim, and the two men again made made off across country.

Some time later the two men were seen just outside the town of Etampes, and a strong force of gendarmes and police, reinforced by soldiers from the aviation camp, pursued them. The burglars were overtaken, stopped, faced their pursuers, and fired. When they emptied their Brownings, having fired fourteen shots each, each man pulled out fresh pistols, and continued the fusillade.

One of the gendarmes covered one of the burglars with his rifle and bade him surrender. The man shouted back, "Hurrah for Anarchy! You won't have me alive." He then put his pistol to his temple and blew out his brains.

His comrade made off once more across the fields, eluded his pursuers all day, and succeeded in reaching the station at Etrecty, where gendarmes captured him.

While the two murderers were being chased across country the third man was on his way to Paris. He was arrested at Etampes and on being searched in the waiting-room he pulled a revolver from his pocket, pressed it to his forehead, pulled the trigger and died instantaneously.

"The Big Store"
TWO MAMMOTH BUILDINGS
GREENHUT-SIEGEL COOPER Co.
BOTH SIDES OF 6TH AVE. J. B. GREENHUT, Pres. 18TH AND 19TH STS.

Always

"Better Goods for the Same Money or the Same Goods for Less Money Than Elsewhere."

And Big Store shoppers have the additional advantage of PROFIT-SHARING to the extent of 5 per cent. on purchases by saving the only old and reliable

S. H. Trading Stamps

And there is no necessity for your opening a deposit account to avail yourself of this privilege. However, should you desire to take advantage of the splendid banking facilities and the safety of Greenhut, Siegel, Cooper & Co., Bankers, you will be allowed 4 per cent. per annum on your money.

Incidentally, if you are not already a CHARGE CUSTOMER, we will make it easy for you to become one.

For particulars apply at Bureau of Accounts, on the Balcony of our MAIN Building.

Bigger Values

Than You Will Find in Any Other Store in Greater New York

Only the biggest sales arranged for today are mentioned here.

MAIN BUIDLING—Dry Goods, Fancy Goods, Wearing Apparel, Groceries, etc.

WOMEN'S $3.50 to $5 SHOES at $1.65.
FIRST SHOWING AND SALE OF WOMEN'S SPRING SUITS at $19.50.
A CLEARANCE OF WOMEN'S SUITS at $6.75, $9.75 and $15—former selling prices ranged from $15 to $35.
A MOST UNUSUAL SALE OF WAISTS at $1, $1.65 and $1.98.
A CLEARANCE OF MEN'S AND YOUTHS' SUITS—Broken assortments from $15, $18, $20 and $22 lines at $9.75.
THOUSANDS OF OVERCOATS at $5, $6, $7.50, $8.50, $10, $12.50, $15 and $17.50, and in each instance the sale price is exactly one-half of the regular selling figure.

The World's Greatest Grocery Has Prepared an Unusual Feast of Specials for Today's Shoppers.

Great Sales in Our GREENHUT Building
Where you will find "Everything for the Home."
Nearly $200,000 Worth of Fine Furniture in Our February Sale.
Biggest Savings Ever Announced.
Look for the "Green Reduction Tags."
The Rug Sale of the Year—Popular Sizes.
No One Should Miss the Sale of
"Open-Stock" Dinner China—Savings Up to One-Fourth.

SPECIAL—ODORLESS, SMOKELESS OIL HEATERS—at $2.25.
SPECIAL—IMPORTED CHINA WALL PLAQUES—at 69c.
$2.75 FOUR-PIECE ALUMINUM SETS—at $2.
SQUARE BATHROOM MIRRORS—choice at 40c.

$30,000 to Charity — WE give this amount and we ask OUR CUSTOMERS to tell us by their VOTES which charitable and benevolent institutions, societies and churches shall receive this money. IT COSTS YOU NOTHING TO VOTE.

Double S. H. Green Trading Stamps Before 12 o'Clock

ECONOMY QUALITY SPEED
"Two Straight Lines Cannot Enclose a Space"

Quality, speed and economy in building construction are all that we aim for, all that we promise, and no less than we perform.

THOMPSON-STARRETT COMPANY
Building Construction

ELECTRO Silver Polish SILICON

Has no equal for CLEANING and POLISHING SILVERWARE and all fine metals. Does not scratch or mar. Preserves as well as beautifies. FREE FROM ACIDS AND CHEMICALS. The standard for over 40 years. 10c. per box. Beware of spurious imitations. Send address for

FREE SAMPLE
Electro Silicon Co., 30 Cliff St., New York.
Grocers and Druggists Everywhere.

FINE DOLLS
Outfits, Shoes, Stockings, Novelties, etc.
Heads, Wigs, Limbs, Elastic, Eyes.
C. C. ULMCKE
24 W. 31st St., near 5th Ave.

Smith Gray & Co.

Foremost Clothiers Since 1845

A Sale of Suits of far more than usual importance

Nearly two thousand suits, just from our tailor shops to-day—of exclusive made-to-measure fabrics, cut on new advance style models—that will be good style for a year to come.

An opportunity such as no man has ever had before.

17.00

Regular Prices, 25.00, 27.50, 30.00, 32.50 & 35.00

Here is a sale unique—one in which you are assured of more real advantages than in any fine clothes proposition ever before offered.

The made-to-measure season in our special tailoring department, which supplies fine made-to-measure clothes not alone to the more discriminating of New York's better dressed men, but to those of some half thousand cities and towns across the land—ends about December 1st.

Now, instead of, as most tailors do, carrying over into another season the thousands of yards of fine exclusive style fabrics, then on hand, we choose to tailor them in our custom shops, to build them on the indentical models you would have chosen were you to have made the selection, to have them tailored by the same custom workers that would have tailored your suit had you chosen the fabric and had the garment made-to-measure.

The prices of these suits in our made-to-measure department would be 32.50 to 45.00 and the fabric, tailoring, trimming and style are exactly what you would receive if you had paid us that price. The only question is one of fit, which must prove to your satisfaction before you take the suit.

In short, any suit you may select is the same suit in every respect, in fabric, model and tailoring, for which you would have had to pay up to 45.00, with the sole exception that the suit is offered you ready-for-service instead of tailored-to-measure.

You are assured of an exclusiveness of fabric impossible even though you paid full regular prices, for the fabrics were woven and designed for made-to-measure clothes and you are sure of good style for a year to come, because the models are new and advanced—they are styles that even though you paid full regular prices, you could not get in any other ready-for-service clothes.

The assortment is most complete, comprising fabrics of every texture, design and color.

Included are worsteds in clear and mill finish, worsted cheviots, Saxony cassimeres, Scotch tweeds, English finished velours, plain and fancy serges, new grays, new blues, new browns, new olives, plain and fancy blues, silk mixtures and stripe weave blacks.

The models include the newer English conceptions, and many distinctive Smith Gray & Co. style ideas.

This is an opportunity that you have never enjoyed before—the quantity is none too great—choice necessitates action.

In connection with the above unusual announcement, your attention is called to the fact that all Smith Gray & Co. clothes are now reduced in price.

18.00 to 30.00 Broken Size Suits and Overcoats, 12.50
22.50 to 35.00 Suits and Overcoats, 15.00
7.00 and 8.00 Trousers, 4.75
27.50 to 40.00 Suits and Overcoats, 20.00
40.00 to 50.00 Suits and Overcoats, 25.00
8.00 to 12.50 Children's Suits and Overcoats, 5.50

Motor Clothes for Owners and Chauffeurs

Your Charge Account Is Solicited.

Two Brooklyn Stores:
Fulton St. at Flatbush Av.
Broadway at Bedford Av.

Smith Gray & Co.

Two New York Stores:
Broadway at Warren St. Across from City Hall.
5th Av., Bet. 27th & 28th Sts.

ABDICATION EDICT OF MANCHUS SIGNED

But Court Cannot Yet Quit Peking, as Troops Threaten to Shoot Royal Family.

YUAN PROBABLE PRESIDENT

Revolutionaries Still Want Him—The Premier Has Now 11,000 Soldiers in the Capital.

LONDON, Thursday, Feb. 1.—The edict of abdication of the Chinese Throne has been signed, according to a message from Tien-Tsin.

It is added that the Court will not quit Peking for a month, as the Manchu troops of the garrison threaten to shoot the royal family and the Princes if they attempt to leave the capital.

A terrific panic among the officials in Tien-Tsin yesterday caused many of them to seek shelter in the foreign concessions. Martial law has been proclaimed in the native city. The Mayor has resigned office and, fearing that the lives of the members of his family are endangered, has sent his wife, children, and other relatives to the French concession.

Another telegram from Tien-Tsin says that the armistice between the Imperialist and Republican forces which was officially renewed Tuesday, is being disregarded by the Republican troops. The Republican army is following up the advantage it gained on Tuesday at Ku-Cheng, in the Province of Ngan-Hwei, where it badly defeated the Imperial force commanded by Gen. Chang-Hsun. The victorious rebel army is now marching toward the city of Su-Chow, on the Tien-Tsin—Pukow Railroad.

A number of Mongolian agents are endeavoring to negotiate for the purchase of arms and ammunition at Niu-Chwang, the Manchurian seaport. Prince Na left Peking yesterday for Mongolia.

PEKING, Jan. 31.—The Imperial Foreign Board announces that the Empress Dowager informed the members of the Cabinet at their meeting in the Palace to-day that the Throne had decided on a solution of the situation, which would insure peace. She instructed the Ministers to arrange accordingly.

According to Chinese dispatches the revolutionaries propose that Yuan Shi-Kai shall be President of the republic, Sun Yat-Sen Vice President, Tang Shao-Yi Premier, and Li Yuen-Heng Minister of War.

That he may be able to maintain order before the abdication of the Throne is announced, Yuan Shi-Kai is bringing more troops into Peking, where there are now 11,000 at his disposal.

It is believed that Premier Yuan and the Republicans are now in complete agreement.

An imperial edict issued to-night foreshadows abdication and indicates that Yuan Shi-Kai has discovered a way to escape acceptance of the Marquisate offered to him by the Throne. The edict consents to a request from Yuan Shi-Kai, in which he states that he does not dare to persist in his refusal of the title, but begs the Throne to delay honoring him until peace has been restored.

ST. PETERSBURG, Jan. 31.—A Mukden dispatch says that, in consequence of the arrest of several Japanese suspected of being revolutionary propagandists, a detachment of Japanese troops has arrived there to protect the Japanese residents.

Thirty-seven revolutionary suspects were executed in Mukden yesterday and to-day.

SHANGHAI, Jan. 31.—Under the auspices of the Republican Government a contract has been signed under which Japanese financiers will supply capital to the Han-Yang iron works.

A condition of this arrangement is that the company shall subsequently lend 5,000,000 taels ($3,300,000) to the Nanking Government.

PORTLAND, Ore., Jan. 31.—The imperial forces of China have been fighting the revolutionists with wooden bullets, according to Chief Engineer Welton of the British steamer Hazel Dollar, which is loading flour here after a long period in Chinese waters. He said to-day:

"At Shanghai we were joined by the oil tank steamer Seminole. Her crew had cartridges as souvenirs, and in place of slugs, wooden plugs had been used. They apparently had been fire-hardened, and from appearance were lead, but when the charred exterior was scraped away the wood was exposed. It was said that the Government had placed a large order for ammunition, and that was the way in which it was filled."

CALL ON AMERICAN ADMIRAL.

Two Members of the Republican Cabinet Visit Him at Nanking.

NANKING, Jan. 31.—Wang Chung-Wei, the Foreign Minister, and Chin Chin-Tao, the Finance Minister in the Republican Cabinet, called to-day on Rear Admiral Murdock, commander of the United States Asiatic Fleet, on board the special service ship Rainbow. Wilbur T. Gracey, the United States Consul here, was present at the meeting.

The two Republican Ministers conversed pleasantly for some time with the Admiral and the Consul. Admiral Murdock will probably return the call.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 31.—The visit to Admiral Murdock of Wang Chung-Wei and Chin Chin-Tao and the announcement that Admiral Murdock will probably return the call were noticed with some interest at the State Department to-day. Thus far no steps have been taken by any representative of this Government to recognize in any way the new Chinese Government.

It is said at the State Department that our Admirals on the Asiatic station have standing instructions to respond to calls of ceremony from members of the revolutionary government, but to do so in undress uniform, the meaning of which seems to be that the courtesy of the call is recognized, but the de facto and de jure character of the new government is not recognized.

LIKELY TO SHELL HODEIDA

Red Sea Port Is Expecting Bombardment by the Italians.

PERIM, Arabia, Jan. 31.—An Italian warship yesterday took ten prisoners from a native pearl fishing vessel. The Italians killed two of the men who tried to escape by swimming ashore.

The warship bombarded two coast villages on Jan. 24 and Jan. 27.

It is expected that Hodeida will be bombarded to-night.

Borden Denies New Tariff Report.

Special to The New York Times.

OTTAWA, Jan. 31.—Premier Borden gives an unequivocal denial of a report that the Canadian Government desires a new tariff arrangement with the United States. "The subject," he says, "has not been mentioned or considered in any way, directly or indirectly."

THREE HURT IN SALOON ROW.

Police Hear Shots and Find All the Wounded Elsewhere.

The reports of a score of revolver shots started Policeman Merkle of the East 104th Street Station, on fixed post at 112th Street and Second Avenue, running shortly after 9 o'clock last night for the saloon at 111th Street and Second Avenue, of Charles Pondolsi, known throughout Little Italy as "Scar-Faced Charlie." Merkle found the place deserted by all but Pondolsi, who admitted that there had been a little trouble.

Merkle notified the station and Detectives Carrette, Lennon, and Cruise started toward the saloon. At 110th Street they met Cesare Mastenduani of 9 East 114th Street. He was limping along, but denied he was hurt even when the detectives discovered blood coming from a bullet wound in his left thigh. The detectives called Dr. Hatch from Harlem Hospital and Mastenduani was hurried there.

Later the detectives went to the saloon of Dominick Lande at 114th Street and Second Avenue and found the proprietor lying in the back room wounded with a bullet in the abdomen. They hurried him to the hospital also. Later they say that Mastenduani confessed to having shot Lande, who may die, but said he did so only after Lande had fired and struck him. There was a crowd in the saloon and everybody began firing till their revolvers were empty. Then they ran away.

Merkle was back on post when he was accosted by Jacob Bossier, an ex-machinist's helper in the navy, who had a bad scalp wound. He said he had been in the saloon when the fight started and had been stunned. Dr. Hatch came and took five stitches in his scalp. Bossier said he didn't know anything about the fight, having been knocked senseless at the outset and he was not held.

MADERIST TROOPS LOOTING JUAREZ

Mutiny Due to Report That Federal Soldiers Are to Replace Present Garrison.

TWO AMERICANS WOUNDED

Banks Being Broken Into and Stores and Houses Are Being Robbed—A Train Held Up.

Special to The New York Times.

EL PASO, Jan. 31.—A rebellion among the Maderist troops in the Juarez garrison began this afternoon.

More than 500 shots had sono been fired. There was a hand-to-hand conflict in front of the Custom House.

The trouble started over a report from Mexico City that Federal troops would replace the Maderist soldiers in Juarez.

The entire State of Chihuahua has been on the point of revolt and the unrest has spread to the army which fought Madero's battles for him. The mutiny began when some of the troops and officers attempted to quiet the malcontents. This started a fight, and the prisoners in the jail were released by the insurrectos.

Juarez is to-night in the hands of the mutineers. They are in possession of the town and are defying any of the Madero officials to attempt to resist their drunken revels and looting. The men are parading through the street firing their guns in the air, drinking liquor from bottles taken from the saloons, and shouting "Viva Zapata!" and "Viva Orozco!"

Saloons have been looted, safes broken into, and the gambling houses raided. Two Americans, Gus Ruhnke and Fred Levy, were shot in one of the gambling houses. The police were disarmed and several were wounded.

The Mexican National train, with a number of American tourists, was held up and the passengers were forced to return to the American side.

The looters are robbing all the houses, have broken into the banks, and are taking the valuables from the stores.

The mutineers have sent scouts south to blow up the railroad bridges and prevent troops from reaching Juarez from Chihuahua or Mexico City. They declare that they will resist the federal soldiers if they come to retake the town and will fight to a finish.

Four troops of the Fourth United States Cavalry have come down to the river bank from Fort Bliss to protect El Paso.

The Mayor of El Paso has ordered that all street cars be stopped.

CUERNAVACA, Jan. 31.—Thirty Zapatistas were killed and nine Federal soldiers were wounded in a fight six miles north of this city yesterday. The combat lasted from 10 in the morning until 5 in the evening. Eventually the Zapatistas were routed.

In a series of fights between the Federal troops and the Zapatistas in this vicinity since last Thursday the Federal troops have lost 22 killed and 5 missing, while the Zapatistas have lost between 200 and 250 men.

Cuernavaca is now considered safe from attack by the Zapatistas.

NO MURDER CASES FOR TRIAL.

Judge Foster Sweeps the Calendar Clean and Wins Congratulations.

For the first time in the history of the Criminal Court Building, and perhaps in the latter-day history of New York County, the District Attorney has appeared in General Sessions and announced that there were no homicide cases on the calendar for trial, and congratulated a Judge upon the dispatch with which he has handled the cases brought before him.

This took place before Judge Warren W. Foster in General Sessions yesterday after he had called the calendar two days in advance and found that there were no cases ready. District Attorney Whitman said there were no homicide cases to be tried at present, as there were only three indictments in New York County for either murder or manslaughter. In one case the indictment is only five days old, in another the defendant is appearing before a lunacy commission, while in the third the police have held up the trial by saying that they intend to bring forth more evidence.

Judge Foster thanked the District Attorney for his words of congratulation, and also thanked Assistant District Attorneys Frank Moss, Robert Manley, and Edward McGuire for their splendid work.

During January the following cases were disposed of by Judge Foster:

Margaret Flyne, tried and acquitted of murder in the first degree.

Peter M. Coco, tried and convicted of extortion.

Earl J. White, convicted of murder in the second degree.

Joseph Ferrone, convicted of murder in the first degree.

John Cain, convicted of murder in the first degree.

Joseph Roberts, convicted of murder in the first degree.

Robert Harris, pleaded guilty to manslaughter in the first degree.

Pellegrino Scaglia, indicted for murder; discharged for lack of evidence.

James McDermott, convicted of manslaughter in the first degree.

Edward J. McGuire has resigned as Assistant District Attorney, owing to the increase in his private law business, and Deputy Assistant District Attorney Robert E. Manley has been appointed in his place. Mr. McGuire obtained a conviction in the case of Earl White, and Mr. Manley prosecuted the cases of Ferrone and McDermott.

B. Altman & Co.

AN IMPORTANT SALE OF SILKS

WILL BE HELD THIS DAY (THURSDAY), AT ATTRACTIVELY LOW PRICES

BLACK CHARMEUSE,	REGULARLY $4.00 PER YD.	AT $2.85
WHITE SATIN CREPE,	" 3.50 " "	1.75
WHITE HABUTAI,	" 2.00 " "	1.10
SATIN MESSALINE,	" 1.45 " "	87c.
SATIN FOULARDS, NEW DESIGNS,	" 1.25 " "	78c.

ALSO SEVERAL THOUSAND YARDS OF SILKS ARRANGED IN DRESS AND WAIST LENGTHS, REDUCED TO . PER YARD, 38c. & 58c.

B. Altman & Co.

ARE NOW SHOWING ADVANCE STYLES FOR MAKING TO ORDER WOMEN'S AFTERNOON AND EVENING GOWNS AND TAILOR-MADE SUITS FOR EARLY SPRING AND SOUTHERN WEAR. READY-TO-WEAR SUITS AND GOWNS ARE ALSO SHOWN IN NEW STYLES AT MODERATE PRICES.

IN THE DRESSMAKING DEPARTMENT SUITS WILL BE MADE ESPECIALLY TO ORDER UNTIL FURTHER NOTICE AT $75.00 AND UPWARD; GOWNS AT $90.00 AND UPWARD.

Fifth Avenue, 34th and 35th Streets, New York

Franko's Orchestra, Restaurant, Daily

33 Years Leaders of Fashion

Simpson Crawford Co.

SIXTH AVE. 19TH TO 20TH STREET. NEW YORK

Men's Full Dress and Tuxedo Evening Suits

At Low Prices That Are a Record

CLOTHING selling annals do not record a sale of this kind, and in all probability there'll never be another sale just like this one because trade conditions may never produce such circumstances. We're going to show you the most fashionable and strictly up-to-the-minute evening attire for men, made by celebrated 5th Ave. tailors, at prices that would not buy the cloth they are made of.

☞ Second Floor.

Formal and Informal Evening Dress Suits

(Some call them Full Dress, Tuxedo, Club and Dinner Clothes)

at $15.50, $19.50, $24.50 & $28.50

Made to Sell at $20, $22.50, $25, $30, $35, $40, $45 and $50

Made to your order, such suits would cost you $35.00 to $100.00

Sizes 33 to 46 chest measure, including regular, stout and slender cuts.

The finest of materials are used in the $24.50 and $28.50 groups, fine unfinished worsteds and *drape raye*, imported, of course. Linings and waistcoat backs are satin de chine. Facings are of the best gros-grain silks. In the $19.50 and $15.50 groups there are fine quality thibets and unfinished worsteds; linings and waistcoat backs of rich silk; facings of fine gros-grain silk.

Special—$5.00 to $10.00 Evening Waistcoats

Formal and informal styles in the handsomest and richest silks. White, gray and a number of imported black-and-white, gray-and-white vests, besides many other exclusive effects, some of which are trimmed with braid, others plain. Sizes 33 to 48, including stouts—while they last, at.................. $2.65

Also An Extraordinary Sale of Men's Spring Shirts

AN advance purchase of the new season's best effects, all brand new, fresh and clean, just from the best specialty shirt makers. Two lots:

$1.00 and $1.25 Shirts for 77c

$1.50 and $2.00 Shirts for $1.10

Smart new striped and figured patterns in high-grade madras, percale and in the $1.10 lot some fine Russian Cords. Pleated or plain bosoms, Coat model, some with regular cuffs, some with the new French turn-back cuffs.

☞ Main Floor.

Ready on special Counters Today on the Main Floor.

Simpson Crawford Co., 6th Ave., 19th to 20th St.

Today at GIMBEL BROTHERS

THE FEBRUARY SALE OF FURNITURE

The Climax of Months of Well-Directed Preparation, Based on Years of Learning How. Bringing Forward HALF A MILLION DOLLARS' WORTH of the Good Kind of Furniture that Has Quickly and Firmly Established the Gimbel Furniture Store in Public Favor

MERIT, pure and simple, is the magic that has brought this Furniture Business to a proud position in New York retailing in a short year and a half. Merit, well gained by years of experience, and the ability, courage and artistic judgment to choose only Furniture of sterling worth—and to reject all else.

The public has shown its appreciation of this by its openly expressed admiration—better yet, by constantly increasing patronage. Thus each of our Half-yearly Sales—milestones in an always growing general business—sets a new mark for the next one to strive to surpass.

This will be a much better Furniture Sale than any of its predecessors. Quality cannot be improved, of course—we always maintain it at top notch in each grade. From the viewpoint of quantity, variety, beauty, it has gained vastly. And economies are such as to increase the buying power of the home-furnisher's money by one to five dollars on every ten dollars he has to invest.

To Summarize the Sale: There Are—

175 *Styles of Extension Tables, $9.50 to $275*
175 *Styles of Sideboards from $14 to $500*
200 *Styles of China Closets from $12 to $300*
375 *Styles of Bureaus, from $8.50 to $225*
350 *Styles of Chiffoniers, from $6.25 to $175*
75 *Styles of Toilet Tables, from $11 to $175*
95 *Styles of Princess Dressers, at $14 to $175*
325 *Styles of Library Tables, from $8 to $250*
200 *Styles of Bookcases, from $6.25 to $150*
225 *Styles of Brass Bedsteads, $7.50 to $125.*
100 *Styles of Parlor Suites, from $25 to $750*
100 *Styles Women's Writing Desks, $9 to $250*

And many more splendid groups, in Colonial and other Period and modern styles, in mahogany, Circassian walnut, Tuna, maple, oak, Mission, enamel and every other desirable wood or finish. Chiefly made to our special order, during factories' dull seasons, thereby securing utmost economies for our customers on furniture of standard Gimbel qualities. Providing an almost endless series of combinations of

Furniture for the Dining-room, Bedroom, Parlor and Library, in Suites or Single Pieces
Wicker Furniture for Summer Porch and Living-room
Mission Furniture *Brass Bedsteads*

all at savings of 25 to 33 1-3 per cent. In addition, we have thrown into the Sale, without reservation—

Our Whole Regular Furniture Stock At Price-Reductions of 10 to 50 Per Cent.

(excepting some classes of Office Furnishings).

Being a total of some $500,000 worth of Furniture, at February Sale prices, that we can truthfully and unqualifiedly recommend as investments for our public.

Here is as much of the detailed news as we can present at one time. Each day, throughout the month, will have its own news of vital interest.

DINING-ROOM FURNITURE

Extension Tables

In Golden Oak:
$28 regularly $35
22 regularly 27
20 regularly 25
18 regularly 22
$15 regularly $20
12 regularly 16
9 regularly 12

Early English:
$40 regularly $47.50
33 regularly 40
25 regularly 35
$25 regularly $30
18 regularly 22
16 regularly 20

In Mahogany:
$47.50 regularly $70
52.50 regularly 65
40 regularly 47
$37 regularly $45
32 regularly 40
28 regularly 35

Sideboards

In Mahogany:
$60 regularly $90
55 regularly 65
35 regularly 55
$40 regularly $48
22 regularly 32

In Golden Oak:
$37 regularly $45
35 regularly 40
28 regularly 36
30.50 reg. 34
$20 regularly $25
14 regularly 20
12 regularly 16

China Closets

In Mahogany:
$85 regularly $100
72.50 reg. 80
$55 regularly $65
47.50 reg. 58

In Golden Oak:
$35 regularly $53
30 regularly 45
25 regularly 38
$20 regularly $30
15 regularly 20
12 regularly 18

In Early English:
$27 regularly $35
12 regularly 18
24 regularly 30
16 regularly 24
$15 regularly $20
12.50 regularly 16
12.50 regularly 15

Bureaus

In Golden Oak:
$20 regularly $35
25 regularly 32
20 regularly 27
$19 regularly $25
14 regularly 18
Seventh Floor

BEDROOM FURNITURE

Bureaus

In Mahogany:
$27 regularly $32
25 regularly 30
20 regularly 28
$22 regularly $25
19 regularly 23
15 regularly 21

In Maple:
$42.50 reg. $50
30 regularly 36
22 regularly 25
$19 regularly $23
14.75 reg. 20

In Walnut:
$28 regularly $40
24 regularly 32
$18 regularly $28
20 regularly 25

In Tuna Mahogany:
$28 regularly $35
25 regularly 32
24 regularly 28
$22.50 reg. $25
14 regularly 20

Chiffoniers

In Golden Oak:
$22 regularly $33
24 regularly 30
16 regularly 24
$19 regularly $23
14.75 reg. 20
14 regularly 19

In Mahogany:
$33 regularly $40
29 regularly 35
24 regularly 34
$24 regularly $32
22 regularly 27
14.75 reg. 20

In Tuna Mahogany:
$28 regularly $35
23 regularly 27
14 regularly 19
$21 regularly $32
20 regularly 25

Princess Dressers

$23 regularly $32
23 regularly 30
19 regularly 26
$18 regularly $24
15 regularly 20
14 regularly 18

LIBRARY TABLES

In Mahogany:
$28 regularly $42
23 regularly 35
18 regularly 27
$16 regularly $24
8.50 regularly 17

In Early English:
$24 regularly $47.50
20 regularly 29
16.75 reg. 25
$16 regularly $20
12 regularly 18
7 regularly 14

In Golden Oak:
$24 regularly $36
20 regularly 30
$18.50 reg. $25
16 regularly 22
$10 regularly $15
Seventh Floor

MISSION FURNITURE

In Tudor style; Fumed Oak:

Arm Chairs

$15 reg. $22.50
11.50 reg. 17.50
10 reg. 15
$8 reg. $12
6.25 reg. 9.50

Rockers

$16.75 regularly $25
15 regularly 22.50
11.50 regularly 17.50
6.25 regularly 9.50

Settees

$37 regularly $55
26.75 regularly 40
13.25 regularly 20

PARLOR FURNITURE

Five Pieces:
$100 regularly $150
75 regularly 105
$70 regularly $95
50 regularly 70

Three Pieces:
$85 regularly $115
65 regularly 110
75 regularly 100
$60 regularly $85
40 regularly 60
35 regularly 45

REED FURNITURE

In Brown, Green or Natural Colors.

Tea Wagons

$13.75 regularly $17

Arm Chairs

$11.25 reg. $14.75
10.25 reg. 13.75
$8.75 regularly $11
7.50 regularly 9

Rockers

$11.50 regularly $15.25
10.25 regularly 14.25
9 regularly 12
7.75 regularly 9.50

Tables

$8 regularly $10
5.50 regularly 7.50
4.50 regularly 6.50

Settees

$24 regularly $32
16 regularly 22
15 regularly 20
10 regularly 14
Seventh Floor

BRASS BEDSTEADS

Square Tube; Satin Finish Only:
$47.50 regularly $70
35 regularly 50
30 regularly 40
28 regularly 35
22 regularly 32
15 regularly 20
Sixth Floor

This February Event Brings 450 Famous "Alaska" Refrigerators

At 15 to 33 1-3 Per Cent. Under-Price

From the Atlantic to the Pacific, Alaska Refrigerators are known and highly prized. They deserve their popularity for these convincing reasons:

Splendidly constructed, of best materials
Very small ice consumption
Absolutely sanitary provision chamber
Efficient preservation of food

From now on the genuine "Alaska" Refrigerators, bearing their trade-mark name, may be bought in New York only at Gimbels. To signalize this important arrangement, we secured from the makers at a special discount 450 of these fine Refrigerators, including some 70 styles or sizes, which we shall place on sale today at important savings.

Every Refrigerator bears the "Alaska" trade-mark; all are charcoal-filled, free from all impurities and moisture, have patent "Alaska" traps, cast steel locks and hinges, and removable waste pipe and shelves. The styles include all opalite glass, or opalite glass, porcelain, zinc or enamel-lined wooden boxes.

Type	Lining	Height	Ice Capacity	Regular Price	Sale Price
Side Icer	Opalite Glass, Inside and Out	56 in.	175 lbs.	$127.50	$95.50
"	"	52 in.	125 lbs.	$105	$85
Four-door Front	Opalite Glass, Lined	56 in.	185 lbs.	$120	$92.50
"	"	63 in.	250 lbs.	$95	$80
"		56 in.	175 lbs.	$77.50	$62.50
"	"	52 in.	125 lbs.	$67.50	$57.50
Five-door Front	Opalite Glass, Lined	65 in.	225 lbs.	$100	$82.50
Apartment House	Opalite Glass, Lined	58 in.	100 lbs.	$45	$33.50
"	"	61 in.	125 lbs.	$50	$40
"	Porcelain	54 in.	100 lbs.	$36.50	$29.50
"	"	58 in.	125 lbs.	$40	$31.50
"	"	61 in.	150 lbs.	$43.50	$35.50
Side Icer	Enamel	44 in.	85 lbs.	$26	$19.50
"	"	46 in.	110 lbs.	$30	$22

Type	Lining	Height	Ice Capacity	Regular Price	Sale Price
Side Icer	Enamel	49½ in.	140 lbs.	$32.50	$24
"	"	46 in.	110 lbs.	$30	$20.50
"	"	49 in.	150 lbs.	$32.50	$21.25
Apartment House		50 in.	75 lbs.	$16.75	$12
"		54 in.	95 lbs.	$18.75	$15.50
"		58 in.	120 lbs.	$24.50	$17.50
"		61 in.	150 lbs.	$29.50	$22
"	Enamel	50 in.	75 lbs.	$18.75	$14
"	"	54 in.	95 lbs.	$21.50	$16.25
"	"	58 in.	120 lbs.	$26.50	$18.75
Top Lift		45 in.	60 lbs.	$13	$10
"		47 in.	80 lbs.	$15	$12
Apartment House	Zinc	50 in.	70 lbs.	$14.25	$10
"	"	54 in.	90 lbs.	$16.25	$12
"	"	58 in.	110 lbs.	$19.25	$15.50
"	"	61 in.	150 lbs.	$24	$18.75

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It's ALL Scotch and ALL 10 years old.

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For Hoarseness, Coughs, Inflamed Throat, Bronchial and Asthmatic Troubles. Give prompt and grateful relief. An article of superior merit, absolutely free from any harmful ingredient. Sold only in boxes. Sample mailed free.

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CHAMP CLARK FAVORS MONEY TRUST INQUIRY

Swayed by Bryan Influences, Friends Fear—May Jeopardize Presidential Nomination.

UNDERWOOD FIRMLY OBJECTS

Inquiry Raises Conflict with Three House Committees—Row in Coming Caucus Certain.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 31. — Speaker Champ Clark has swung into line for an investigation of the Money Trust. Until to-day he refused even to discuss the subject. Now it is learned that he is favoring the investigation, but he still declines to say whether it should be an inquiry conducted by a special committee or by one of the standing committees of the House.

"There will undoubtedly be an investigation of the Money Trust," he said. "It will not be a spectacular nor a political investigation, but conducted in dead earnest."

The radical element in the House, under the inspiration of Col. Bryan, is strenuously urging the investigation, and friends of Speaker Clark, opposed to the investigation are afraid he has fallen a victim to this influence. Representative Shackelford of Missouri, frequently an extremist in matters of this sort, opposes it, and has been urging Speaker Clark not to favor an inquiry. It is Mr. Shackelford's fear that the Speaker will be making the greatest political mistake of his life and jeopardize his chances for the Democratic nomination by favoring the investigation. It is understood that Mr. Shackelford has gone to Senator Stone and urged him to point this out to Mr. Clark.

It is known that Representative Oscar W. Underwood Floor Leader of the House Democrats, will make a most determined fight at next Wednesday's caucus against the investigation. The Bryan influences now at work in the House have affected the attitude of Leader Underwood, who is more positive than ever in his contention that there is no warrant for the kind of investigation that Chairman Henry of the Rules Committee is advocating.

The Henry resolution providees for an investigation into matters belonging properly to not less than three committees of the House—the Banking and Currency Committee, the Inter-State and Foreign Commerce Committee and the Judiciary Committee. A number of members of these committees regard the proposed inquiry as an invasion of their prerogatives and are prepared to resent it in the caucus. There is strong sentiment in the Ways and Means Committee, also in the Appropriations Committee against the Henry plan. Every indication points to a big fight in the caucus.

Representative Hardy of Texas, who, if a special committee is directed to make an investigation, is picked as Chairman of the Investigating Committee, issued a long statement to-night in advocacy of the Henry resolution. "Conditions," he declared, "are fast running to a climax, and industrial America is reaching a state of absolute subjection, a condition of vassalage to the great money combinations and money lords.

"These money lords in the last analysis constitute the combination of combinations that binds all our industries under the sway of a very select few, with power of life and death o ver all business. If these facts exist, as they seem to me, our Government has become, in fact, an aristocracy—not landed or titled, but a business and financial aristocracy. This modern aristocracy has no country, no warm blood in its veins, no conscience, and rarely any human ties."

ONE BIG SUFFRAGE PARADE.

Other Organizations Decide to March with Women's Political Union.

There is to be only one big woman suffrage parade this coming Spring, and that will be the one under the auspices of the Woman's Political Union on May 4. This was announced from the Woman Suffrage Party Headquarters yesterday. The parade last Spring was conducted and arranged by the Union, which, before that one was fairly over, had plans under way for this one.

The other suffrage parties, however, decided that they also would have a parade, making the point that it would be largely an industrial affair and occur in the evening, so that all the working women might be able to take part. Yesterday, however, they had a change of mind, and having found that Union's parade had been arranged from the first to start at 5 P. M. they agreed to join it.

The notice issued yesterday stated that owing to a misunderstanding in the minds of a large group of suffragists as to the hour planned for the Union's parade they had inaugurated a movement for another. Finding conditions different from what had thought they had decided to give up their own plans.

This will throw into the Political Union parade the Woman Suffrage Party, the College Equal Suffrage League, the Trades Union League, the Wage Earners' League, and the Socialists' Suffrage group.

SHE IS POOR ON $400 A WEEK.

Lillian Graham Says Her Salary as an Actress Is Mortgaged.

Lillian Graham appeared in the City Court yesterday to submit to an examination in supplementary proceedings. She was accompanied by Ethel Conrad, who was indicted and acquitted with her for shooting William E. D. Stokes.

Miss Graham was examined under an order from Judge O'Dwyer to learn whether or not she could pay a judgment of $86 in favor of the Otto Sarony Company for photographs. She said 40 cents was all she had in the world.

She is now an actress, with a salary of $400 a week, she said, but her salary is mortgaged to pay her debts, and she gets very little real money. Her last allowance of actual cash was $52 a few weeks ago. She occupies a hotel room for which she pays $21 a week.

Both young women tried to hurry the examination with pleas that they had no breakfast and were very hungry.

TRUST RULINGS SOON BY SUPREME COURT

Decisions on Cotton and Anthracite Appeals Expected When It Resumes on Feb. 19.

NEW LIGHT ON SHERMAN ACT

This Is Looked for in Coming Rulings—Validity of Initiative and Referendum Laws Another Issue.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 31.—Several decisions of unusual importance are expected to be handed down by the Supreme Court of the United States when the court reconvenes on Feb. 19 and on the Mondays immediately following. The cases have been before the court since early in the October term, and the present three weeks' recess is expected to give the court time to prepare the lengthy decisions that will be required. Two of these cases deal with important phases of construction of the Sherman Anti-Trust act, the cotton pool case from the Southern District of New York, and the anthracite pool case from Pennsylvania. The third case of importance before the court has to do with the constitutionality of the initiative and referendum, and comes from the Supreme Court of Oregon.

The greatest interest centres here on the trust cases, as throwing further light on the court's elaborate interpretations of the anti-trust statute contained in the voluminous decisions on the Tobacco and Standard Oil cases. Both those cases are cited by the defendants in the cotton and anthracite cases, which, hinging more on points of proof, involve new points in the statute. The cotton pool case acquires added interest from Democratic protests against the Government's suit against a bulling combination while transit movements are left unmolested.

The cotton pool suit was brought by the Government against James A. Patten, Eugene G. Scales, Frank B. Hayne, and William P. Brown. The Circuit Court for the Southern District of New York sustained demurrers to the more important counts, and the United States sued out a writ of error. The sustained demurrers had to do with the charge that the defendants possessed a controlling power, enabling them to charge excess prices, monopolize the trade, and the charge that they did create a "cotton corner" on the New York Cotton Exchange resulting in restraint of inter-State trade.

The specific charges against the cotton poolers related to operations in the crop year from September, 1909, to September, 1910, and the conspiracy charged was that the defendants aimed to obtain such promises for future delivery in the last four months of the year as would enable them to run the prices up indefinitely. The exact amounts each defendant was to purchase were not alleged by the Government, thought it was charged that the purchases were simply for reselling, with no idea of manufacture. The order of the Circuit Court sustaining one of the demurrers, as handed down by Judge Noyes, was made because the power complained of was not alleged as "held by persons acting in concert. It was necessary to allege some agreement among them that they would act together should there be occasion for so doing." The other demurrer was sustained because the charges "fail to show (allege) any direct effect upon inter-State commerce, and consequently fail to charge a violation of the statute.

"The defendants cited the Standard Oil decision to show that the effect of the alleged conspiracy must be direct and immediate. The Tobacco decision was cited as showing that there must be a 'reasonable construction' of the law, else nearly all contracts would be illegal. They also asserted that the actual crossing of State lines by commodities must be proved."

The briefs in the anthracite pool case make an enormous record. Cross appeals have complicated the matter. The case involves nearly all the railroads hauling anthracite out of Pennsylvania and the coal companies contributing freight to them. Through holding companies and long leases the charge is that they have monopolized and restrained the anthracite inter-State trade. The lower court adjudged that the Reading Company and a number of railways through the Temple Iron Company were in conspiracy and issued the injunction sought. The other charges, involving practically the whole trade in an enormous combination, were dismissed. Both the defendants and the Government appealed.

The charge in general was that varying groups of coal companies and coal carrying roads engaged in more or less restricted conspiracies in restraint of trade and that these varying groups all contributed to the "general combination." In 1892 a combination affected by leases through the Philadelphia & Reading Railroad Company including the Central of New Jersey and the Lehigh Valley, holding about 80 per cent. of the unmined coal and transporting about 50 per cent. of it, was dissolved. After that prices declined. The pending suit charges that the old combination has been revived with a control of 90 per cent. of the anthracite and 75 per cent. of the annual supply.

The Government appeals from the lower orate brief that the roads hold coal comtion in production and transportation has been proved, that the so-called 65 per cent. contracts embracing the independents were illegal, that the combination of the Erie, the New York, Susquehanna & Western Railroad and subsidiary coal companies were in violation of law, that the acquisition by the Erie of the stock of the Delaware Valley and Kingston Railroad, the Erie and Wyoming Valley Railroad and others was in violation of law. The Government assigns error on these points and also in that the court refused to dismiss without prejudice the counts that were dismissed. The defendants did not assign error in the lower court's refusing to sustain the demurrer on account of the "multifariousness" of the charge, and that point is no longer open.

The Government maintains in an elaborate brief that the roads held coal companies in violation of the Constitution of Pennsylvania, that they ought to be competitors because carrying the same kind of coal from a restricted area, though they do not actually reach the same mines, that all the defendants are in a "general combination," and that some of them, in shutting out a proposed competing line and preventing its construction, prevented competition and were in restraint of trade. In addition, the Lehigh's acquisition of the stock of coal companies contributing shipments to its lines was urged as contributing to the purposes of the general combination.

The Oregon case affects the constitutionality of all initiative and referendum laws in the various States. It hangs technically upon a claim by that State to recover $10,000 in license fees from the Pacific Telephone and Telegraph Company. The license tax law was enacted on a vote of the people on June 4, 1906.

The defendant company in appealing to the Supreme Court from the State Supreme Court, argues that the Oregon provision violates the Federal Constitution's guarantee of a "republican form of Government," substituting a pure democracy. In addition it argues that the levy in question fails to give equal protection of the laws to the defendant as only two classes of corporations have been selected for taxation by the initiative method.

Favors $1,557,583 Civil War Claims.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 31.—Civil War Claims amounting to $1,551,583 are recommended for payment in a general bill reported to the House to-day from the Committee on War Claims. The sum of $456,386 is allowed to churches and organizations for use of buildings and property during the war; $1,035,560 to individuals for army stores and supplies, and $59,576 to officers for pay withheld.

Concerts at Dr. Peters's Church.

At the suggestion of the Rev. Dr. Madison C. Peters, the Professional Woman's League of this city, beginning to-night, will give a series of free concerts for people who have no other chance to hear good music. Dr. ePters has offered his church for the concerts, and they will be held there.

For Ending Debate on Treaties.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 31. — Senator Lodge will renew to-morrow his effort to have the Senate fix a date when general debate will be closed upon the arbitration treaties with Great Britain and France.

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The Best Service To ST. LOUIS

—enabling you to do a full day's business in New York, get a perfect night's rest, and keep a business engagement in St. Louis the next afternoon—is offered by the

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LOUISVILLE Arrive 2.45 p.m.
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This luxuriously appointed 24-hour train, all-steel, electric lighted, mahogany interior finish, travels over the *"Water Level Route"* of the

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Railroad and Pullman tickets delivered by Special Messenger without extra charge.

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Extraordinary Silk Sale

Commencing To-Day, Thursday, We Will Offer

75,000 Yards of DRESS SILKS

At Unusually Low Prices

Paris Evening Novelties such as

Persian Chiffon, Fancy Marquisette
Printed Chiffon, Dotted Marquisette
White Satin Striped Chiffon
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Striped Marquisette and Roman Striped Effects

originally $3.00 to $6.00 per yard

$1.78 to $1.95

Double-Face Dress Satins

Fine double-face Dress Satins the regular prices of which were $4.00 to $6.00 per yard	$2.95
5,000 yards *Double-width Black or White Charmeuse* usually $3.00 per yard	$1.95
15,000 yards *Double-width Satin Crepe Meteor* in the desirable evening and afternoon shades; also white, ivory, cream, navy blue and black; usually $2.00 and $2.25 per yard	$1.38
6,000 yards *36-inch Black Satin-de-Chine* a splendid dress fabric usually $1.25 per yard	88c
20,000 yards *36-inch Colored Messaline* in over one hundred evening and street shades; also white, ivory and black formerly $1.00 to $1.75 per yard	78c
3,000 yards *36-inch Dress Serges* in the fashionable tan shades formerly $1.50 per yard	58c

An Unusual Offering of *Changeable Taffeta Silks*

1,500 yards *36-inch Changeable Taffeta Dress Silks* now so much in demand per yard	$1.25

Foulard Silks

2,500 yards *Navy Blue Foulard Silk* With white dots Regular $1.00 quality; per yard	50c

Black Mourning Silks

Black Mourning Silks 36 inches wide—a fine quality formerly $3.00 per yard	$1.38
Black Peau-de-Cygne one yard wide value $1.00 per yard	75c
Black Satin Messaline 26 inches wide—50 pieces 75c quality; per yard	50c
Black Pongee Silks yarn dyed formerly 85c per yard	38c

Broadway & 20th St.; 5th Ave.; 19th St.

REVELL HAS FAITH ROOSEVELT WILL RUN

Chicago Friend of Colonel Issues Statement Directly After Roosevelt Conference.

MET HIM HERE ON MONDAY

Roosevelt Followers Win 500 County Convention Delegates Out of 1,155 Elected Last Night.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Ill., Jan. 31.—Alexander H. Revell, Chairman of the Roosevelt National Committee, returned to-day from New York, where he had a conference with Col. Roosevelt on Monday. Mr. Revell, while carefully seecting his words, virtually announced that Col. Roosevelt will accept the nomination if it is tendered him by the people.

Mr. Revell, after reviewing the situation in which Mr. Roosevelt now finds himself, says that the Roosevelt movement will be pushed with vigor and that it will be done because it is either "Roosevelt and success, or with any one else probable defeat."

Mr. Revell makes this statement:

"Every loyal, able-bodied citizen of this republic is prepared in case of emergency to shoulder his musket and go forth to fight for his country. Col. Roosevelt did that, and would he any the less refuse to serve the public when it is obvious that he alone can assuredly be elected?"

Again Mr. Revell says:

"I am convinced that the exigencies of the country will ultimately appeal to the patriotism of Col. Roosevelt with such force that all considerations wil be swept aside.

No Fear of Politicians.

"I do not believe that any counter organizations by politicians or interests, any plot or counter plot, can prevent the will of the people from expressing itself in the nomination and election of Col. Roosevelt."

Mr. Revell discusses the third-term issue and gives it as his opinion that it will not be heard of in the campaign. He says that he and his friends do not desire that Col. Roosevelt should become an avowed candidate at this time, as he thinks that might do more harm than good. His idea is that the situation is going along perfectly, and that the nomination should go to Mr. Roosevelt as a spontaneous uprising of the people and that under such circumstances Col. Roosevelt would accept as a soldier in the cause of the people and that he would be triumphantly elected. Mr. Revell even goes so far as to state his opinion that Mr. Roosevelt will be nominated.

Mr. Revell went to New York last week with Mrs. Revell, who sailed for Cherbourg last Saturday en route to Paris to visit a daughter, who is ill.

On Monday the Chicago head of the Roosevelt movement got in touch with the former President, and they had a long conference. Mr. Revell said to-day he had not intended to disclose the fact of this conference at this time, but when the newspaper men told him they knew he had seen Roosevelt on Monday he finally admitted it.

Revell's Statement.

The statement, dictated by Mr. Revell, follows:

"Since you question me, I will say that I visited Col. Roosevelt in New York. But you can very readily understand that I will not under any circumstances enter the lists of those who know exactly what Col. Roosevelt intends to do concerning the mention of his name for President.

"I visited him to determine for myself that he is the same man now that we of the West have always known him to be. That the attitude which he is forced to take, at the present time, is as honest, sincere, and frank as were his actions of other days, I am convinced.

"I am a plain, and I hope, practical business man, and approach the subject of his nomination in a practical, businesslike manner. My discernment is not naturally defective in matters of this sort. But, I will not say more on the question as to whether Mr. Roosevelt will run, or not run. Yes, my visit was gratifying in every respect, but it was not made to elicit a statement from Col. Roosevelt as to his intentions. We don't want him to come out as an office seeker.

"Let me say that for more than thirty years I have studied and labored for the welfare of the public, and that is what I am endeavoring to do at this time. It is not my earnest admiration for Col. Roosevelt that inspires me to action in his behalf. It is rather because I am confident that the welfare of the public demands his nomination and election.

Democratic Success.

"To a certain extent the American people confront an emergency in their affairs. Some of the politics now being applied from Washington does not bear the fruit of success—does not hold out hope for the future. The off-year election, with its resultant Democratic Congress, indicates that the public has it in mind to turn the Nation over to a Democratic administration. I believe that such a change at this time, with the drift in the direction of Socialism, would be fraught with grave peril. There is no question but Col. Roosevelt can be elected.

"I do not find anybody who doubts his success at the polls in November. At the same time the gravest apprehensions exist as to the possibility of electing any other Republican, no matter how deserving he may be. Thus the proposition seems to be Roosevelt and success, or with any one else probable defeat. Patriotically we cannot afford to take the risk. And why should we take any chances? The people admire Col. Roosevelt because he is honest, courageous, and sincere. Every loyal, able-bodied citizen of this Republic is prepared in case of emergency to shoulder his musket and go forth to fight for his country. Col. Roosevelt did that, and would he any the less refuse to serve the public when it is obvious that he alone can assuredly be elected?

"I am convinced that the exigencies of the country will ultimately appeal to the patriotism of Col. Roosevelt with such force that all other considerations will be swept aside.

Roosevelt's Sense of Duty.

"Another thing: The fact that the movement to nominate him originates among the people themselves would, I think, naturally appeal to Col. Roosevet's sense of duty as it must appeal to any man. The man in the White House who has the people with him, can do vast good even where an equally well-intentioned man, whose acts and judgment are doubted, would hopelessly fail. Col. Roosevelt has sufficient of the public confidence to bring order out of chaos. This should be regarded as my own inference.

"I find that the feeling for Roosevelt is quite as strong in the East as it is in Chicago. The movement which we have inaugurated is not for the purpose of manufacturing Roosevelt sentiment. It needs no further creating or promoting. All it requires is a proper means of expression, and we are going to provide that for it by the organization which we have brought about.

"I do not believe that any counter organizations by politicians or interests, any plot or counter plot, can prevent the will of the people from expressing itself in the nomination and election of Col. Roosevelt. The third term objection will never be heard of. The objection to third terms is based on the idea that some President might, at the end of a second term, finding himself firmly entrenched, use the spoils of his office to secure continuance in the position against the will of the people.

"But the Roosevelt movement has no such aspect. Instead of being backed by political bosses, it is the people who are backing him. Col. Roosevelt is out of office. He is not seeking nomination. Instead of trying to defeat the will of the people by forcing himself on them, he is, I am convinced, regretful that the proposal of his nomination is coming up as an imperative demand from the people—a demand which he may not in patriotism find it possible to disregard. And, call it what you will, it is not begging the question to say that Theodore Roosevelt was elected but once anyway. When he succeeded McKinley, he devoted himself wholly to carrying out McKinley's policies.

"We are going right ahead with our movement, and the people are with us."

Elect Roosevelt Delegates.

Roosevelt resolutions were introduced in about one-third of the ward club meetings in Chicago to-night and went through with a rush. From incomplete returns the indications are that the ward organizations under the control of the Deneen-Busse-Campbell leaders will not carry indorsements for any one. In other districts of the city the Roosevelt voters had no trouble and succeeded in instructing about 500 of the 1,155 delegates who will sit in the County Convention on Saturday.

The Roosevelt Republicans swept the country town districts of Cook County, winning all of the six Commissioners' districts. Although the Roosevelt instructed delegates are in the minority, it was stated to-night that a resolution indorsing the former President will be submitted to the convention on Saturday unless the Chairman refuses to let it in.

INDIANA FOR ROOSEVELT.

Sentiment So Strong in Convention That It Prevents Indorsement of Taft.

Special to The New York Times.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., Jan. 31.—Roosevelt sentiment was very prominent in the district conventions to-day, so much so, in fact, that it operated to prevent any indorsements of President Taft as a candidate for renomination, though it joined in praise of his administration. There were thirteen conventions called to select members of the new State Central Committee, and all of them passed resolutions indorsing the National Administration. The resolutions were unanimously adopted. The convention in the Fifth and Tenth Districts were the only ones that declared for the President's renomination.

ATTACKS WILSON HISTORY.

J. J. Kron Says That the Governor Libeled the Hungarians.

Julius J. Kron, President of the Young Men's Hungarian-American Republican Club, has written to Gov. Woodrow Wilson protesting against the Governor's statement in his "History of the American People" that "the Chinese were more to be desired as workingmen than most of the coarse crew that came crowding in every year from the European ports." Mr. Kron declares that the Governor's estimate is a libel on his people. His letter in part said:

> Are all other statements in your 1500-page, five-volume history as accurate in their gauge or historical and industrial fact as this? You should know, as a man of present-day experience in this world, that in New York City the Italians, Hungarians, and Poles are leaders in industry and progress in mercantile and professional lines, and that the Chinese constitute the most obnoxious element. You should also know that in cities like Pittsburgh, where thrifty and steady labor is desired, the Hungarians and Poles are almost exclusively employed in the mills, and that the toil of these nationalities has made America the greatest steel-producing country on the globe.

Mr. Kron said yesterday that he hoped the Governor had changed his opinion about Hungarians.

Senator Cullum Out for Re-election.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 31.—Senator Cullom of Illinois, in a statement to-day, confirmed his candidacy for re-election.

Dr. Lyman Abbott Laid Up with a Cold

The Rev. Dr. Lyman Abbott, editor of The Outlook, because of a cold was obliged to cancel an engagement to speak to-day at the commencement exercises of Clark University in Worcester, Mass. Dr. Abbott caught cold last Monday. He is stopping at the Hotel Buskingham with his daughter. Miss Abbott said last night her father's condition was not serious, though it might confine him to the house for several days.

ASKS WATTERSON WHO GOT THE MONEY

"Funds the Colonel Says He Collected Never Reached Me," Wilson Manager Declares.

McCOMBS HANDLES THE CASH

Senator Chamberlain of Oregon Finds the Controversy Has Helped the Governor's Candidacy.

William F. McCombs, Jr., the lawyer, and manager of Gov. Woodrow Wilson's Presidential campaign, denied absolutely yesterday that he or any one else connected with him had ever received one cent. from Col. Henry Watterson. In his letter to Senator Benjamin Tillman of South Carolina, made public on Jan. 26, Col. Watterson said:

"At Gov. Wilson's instance I had undertaken to assist his accredited managers in raising the considerable sums of money needful to the prosecution of his campaign, and in this my efforts were not wholly unfruitful."

"What became of this money which Col. Watterson admits he collected?" asked Mr. McCombs yesterday. "Certainly I never received any of it. Not a cent of it came to the Wilson campaign fund. I think I would know of it if it had, for I am the only manager of the Wilson campaign. Who was the money collected from and where did it go?"

Mr. McCombs said he would not issue a formal statement regarding the latest phase of the Wilson-Harvey-Watterson controversy, as he considered the whole matter was now at an end. Inasmuch as Col. Watterson had decided not to prolong the matter, he thought he would drop it also. Mr. McCombs said he was well pleased, however, at the outcome of the affair, for it had thoroughly established certain points which, otherwise unexplained, might have done injury.

Situation Well Cleared Up.

The first of these points, he said, was the fact that Col. Watterson had indorsed the attitude of Gov. Wilson in refusing to stand for the renomination of Senator James Smith, a one-time friend of the Governor. The public, he said, will take note of the fact, established by the Watterson letters, that Gov. Wilson was present at the meeting when Senator Smith said that he didn't want anything for himself, evidently meaning, Mr. McCombs thought, that Mr. Smith didn't want a renomination.

The second point which the correspondence has cleared up, according to Mr. McCombs, is that no money was received by the Wilson campaign managers from Thomas F. Ryan.

Col. Watterson's statements make this incontrovertible," added Mr. McCombs.

"There is still another point which the public may want some more information about," the lawyer went on, "and that is about the money which Col. Watterson said he collected. I think it is up to Mr. Watterson to tell where this considerable sum of money, as he calls it, went to. I think he says he gave it to a man whose name he doesn't mention, but who, he says, was close to the Governor. As I said before, I know nothing about this money."

It was said at the Wilson political headquarters yesterday that more money has been flowing into the campaign coffers since the controversy began than at any time before. This money, it was said, is in small quantities for the most part, and apparently comes from people of moderate or small means. In many cases, it was explained, some mention of the Watterson-Wilson controversy was made by the donors.

Watterson Incident Helping Wilson.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 31.—The supporters of Gov. Wilson are insisting that the outcome of the Harvey-Watterson-Wilson affair will redound to the credit of the Governor and aid his candidacy. Senator Tillman, whose statement on this subject was chiefly instrumental in prodding Col. Watterson to his sharpest charges, has repeated his belief in the political gain to the Governor from the incident, and Senator Gore has done the same thing. To-day Senator Chamberlain of Oregon takes the same position, and predicts Mr. Wilson's nomination for the Presidency.

"MARSE HENRY" DISGUSTED.

Talks of "Harvey and Wilson Weeping on One Another's Bosoms."

COLUMBIA, S. C., Jan. 31.—Col. Henry Watterson, en route to his Winter home in Florida, issued the following statement this afternoon on the Wilson-Harvey-Watterson controversy:

"Touching the Harvey-Wilson letters given out yesterday, I have to say that from first to last I have been acting not only with Col. Harvey's full knowledge and approval, but upon his insistence; that from the beginning he was most impatient of delay, sending a personal representative to me at Atlanta on the 24th of December, and again the same representative to Richmond on the 31st of December, urging me to take the initiative; that he was unqualified in indorsing my statement of the Manhattan Club incident, wiring forthwith to declare it 'perfect,' and he was with me at the New Willard in Washington up to last Sunday night, sharing all I did and had done.

"The refusal of Gov. Wilson to submit an issue of veracity raised by himself to a tribunal having due regard for the rights of their parties, which I proposed, should, and, I think, will be regarded by fair-minded people as confession that he dare not face the facts.

"As to those Democrats who have made a hero of Wilson because of his break with Harvey, how shall they square themselves with the eternal verities now that they learn that Wilson and Harvey are weeping upon one another's bosom?"

WASHINGTON FOR ROOSEVELT.

La Follette Boom Collapses When Progressives Desert Him.

Special to The New York Times.

TACOMA, Wash., Jan. 31.—The La Follette boom in Washington has collapsed during the last week owing to a Statewide movement to elect a Roosevelt delegation to the Republican National Convention. Nearly all the progressive leaders in the State have joined the Roosevelt movement, including many who were La Follette supporters.

Followers of Senator Poindexter, who heretofore backed La Follette, did so in a half-hearted way, frequently declaring Roosevelt their preference. Rufus Wilson, manager of Poindexter's Senatorial campaign, has sent letters to the progressives throughout the State to assemble at Tacoma on Washington's Birthday to advance Roosevelt's candidacy.

During next week Roosevelt clubs will be formed at Tacoma, Spokane, Seattle, Bellingham, Everett, Aberdeen, Olympia, and Vancouver. State Chairman Colner will soon issue a call for county conventions to elect delegates to the State Convention, which will choose delegates to Chicago, and to nominate Presidential Electors.

JERSEY BOOMERS ORGANIZING.

A State organization to boom Col. Roosevelt for the Presidential nomination was planned at a meeting held yesterday in the offices of Colby, Sommer & Whiting in Newark. It was decided to have a committee circulate a petition in each of the twenty-one counties in New Jersey, and to select representatives from each county for a central State organization. A mass meeting is to be held in Newark on March 1, and invitations will be sent to the "five Roosevelt Governors."

The meeting yesterday was attended by those who were present at the luncheon given by Mr. Colby on Tuesday in New York to boom Col. Roosevelt.

Stern Brothers

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Imported Gowns, Lingerie Dresses and Tailor-made Suits

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Specially Reduced Prices:

Gowns,	from $85.00 Upwards
Tailor-made Suits, of the newest fabrics, "	69.50 Upwards
Riding Habits, of the most desirable materials, including Linens for Southern Wear,	from $33.50 Upwards

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Stern Brothers

will hold to-day, an Important Sale of Desirable

Dress Silks

At Exceptionally Low Prices

A large collection of Imported Fancy Chiffons, Marquisettes and Voiles, in allover and bordered effects, Values $2.00 to $3.00 Yard	at $1.45
Satin Meteor, Double Width, 40 inches wide, in black or white, Value $2.25 Yard	at 1.48
Black Messaline Duchesse, 39 inches wide, heavy soft finish, Black Mourning Silks, 36 inches wide, Value $2.00 Yard	at 1.35
Black Chiffon Dress Taffetas, 43 inches wide, high lustre, superior quality, Vallue $2.00 Yard	at 1.23
Changeable Chiffon Dress Taffetas, 36 inches wide, in a variety of combinations, Value $1.50 Yard	at 1.10
Colored Dress Satin Messalines, in evening and street shades, also white, ivory and black, Black Peau de Cygne, 36 inches wide, Value $1.00 and 1.25 Yard	at 75c

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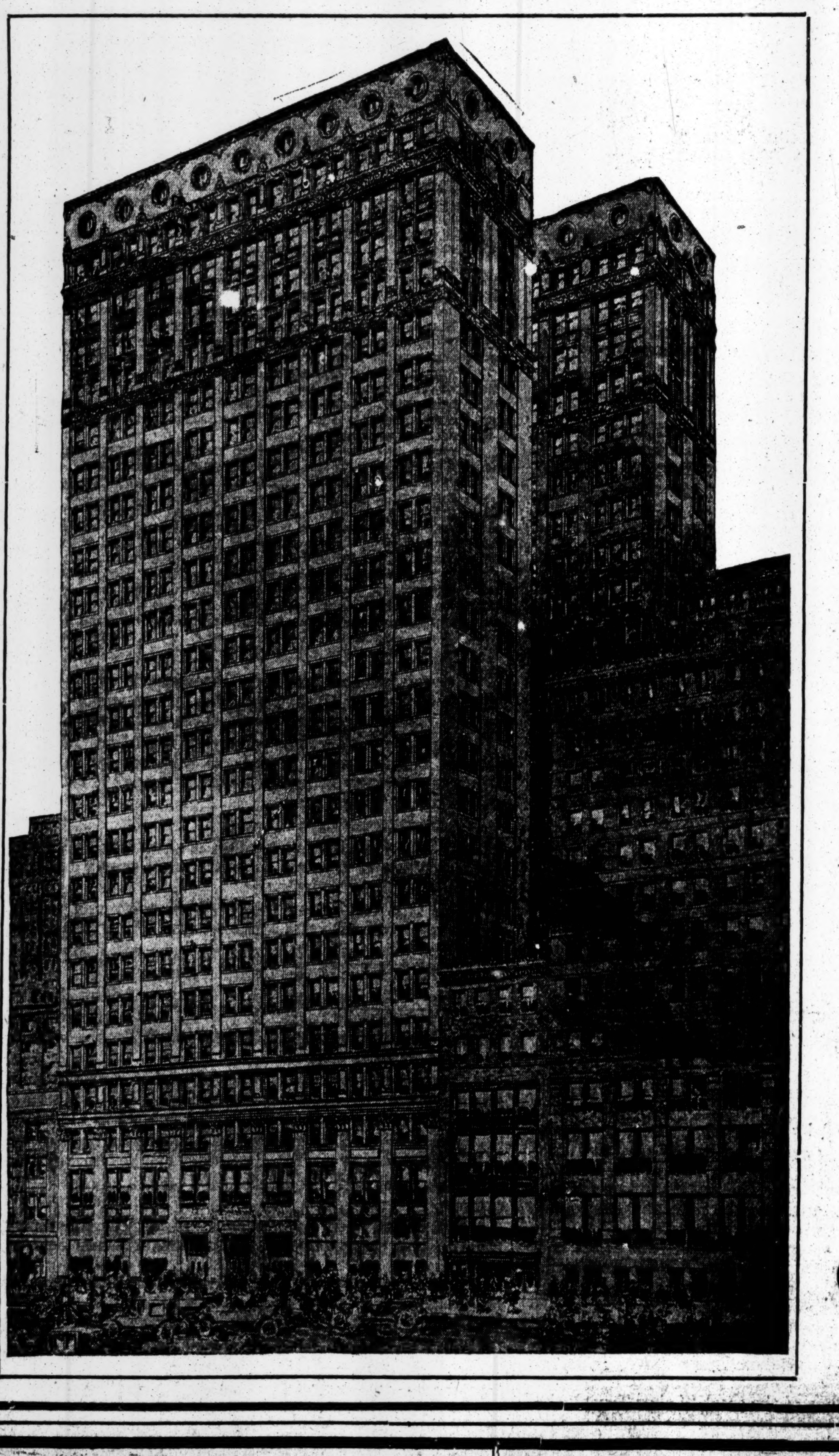

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CHAUFFEURS RUSH TO LICENSE BUREAU

Last Day for Renewals Brings Them in Swarms to Deputy Keenan's Office.

MANY OWNERS IN LINE, TOO

They Registered 832 Cars, Chauffeurs Got 1,036 Licenses, and the State Took In $10,000.

All day long yesterday a line of men wound a sluggish way through the halls and up the stairways of the building at Seventy-fourth street and Broadway, where, on the third floor, the Secretary of State had his automobile brueau for this district. The line was made up of automobile folk, chauffeurs, most of them, and owners of cars and representatives of cars; and it filed slowly past the windows of the office in quest of 1912 licenses, for beginning with to-day the chauffeur who drives without his license renewed and the owner of the car that takes to the highways without its new license and its new number plate are violating the provisions of the motor vehicle law of this State.

That is why a rush for renewals began with the opening of the office on Monday and continued increasingly until last evening. To be sure, Deputy Secretary of State Keenan has been ready at the Seventy-fourth Street office since the last week in October to issue these renewals and get out the new name plates, but the eternal habit of leaving things to the last moment concentrated the business in the first days of this week, and thousands of licenses had to be issued from this office alone.

When the day's work was totaled last evening it was found that the receipts had amounted to $10,000 in round numbers. The cars registered were 832, and 1,036 chauffeurs had received their licences to drive for the year 1912. This is a record day.

The same spasmodic rush to comply with the provisions of the motor vehicle law was observed yesterday in Albany and in Buffalo, the other two stations for the issuing of the licenses, but the crush here was a thing unprecedented, and if any one suffered inconvenience in having his car retagged and certified he could blame only his own procrastination.

"Such number plates," says the law, "shall be of a distinctly different color each year, and there shall be at all times a marked contrast between the color of the number plates and that of the numerals or letters thereon."

New Plates of Crimson Hue.

The old plates for 1911, of dull maroon with letters of white, gave way to-day to gleaming plates of a lighter, brighter red, a crimson. The old should have stayed on until midnight last night, but many a driver when he finally got away from the bureau, with his shiny new number plate under his arm, would tack it to the rear of his car and trundle off down Broadway, with a sense of lawfulness strong within him.

All sorts and conditions of owners appeared in the records of renewals prepared yesterday as representing work done on Monday and Tuesday, the first two days of the final rush for licenses. Such renewals could be arranged by mail or by person. Monday's licenses for owners included 84 cars belonging to the Fifth Avenue Coach Company, 6 cars belonging to Payne Whitney, 171 cars belonging to the New York Transportation Company—the red taxicabs, and it took a check for $963 to cover the fees for them all—and one car belonging to Joseph C. Graveur, who is a probation officer in the Court of Special Sessions.

Then came Tuesday, with its eleventh-hour owners. Gimbel Brothers with 99 cars, Maurice M. Minton, John Wanamaker with 6 cars, and cars belonging to Lewis Waller of the "Garden of Allah," Grant B. Schley, Jr., President Oler of the Knickerbocker Ice Company, Roi Cooper Megrue, Clarence J. Shearn, Elsie DeWolfe, and others innumerable. In all, on the second day of the rush 750 cars were licensed and 750 new number plates handed out. At the same time the same harrassed office force issued licenses to 900 chauffeurs.

The fees for cars vary with the horse power. A rating of twenty-five horse power or less means a fee of only $5; less than thirty-five and more than twenty five horse power means a $10 fee, and between that and fifty horse power the fee is $15. It cost $25 to register a car that is fifty horse power or more, but these were not sufficiently numerous to add appreciably to the receipts. Of the 750 cars licensed at the New York office on Tuesday there were only ten that had to pay the highest fee.

Long Line Moved Slowly.

The cars were so numerous at the corner of Seventy-fourth Street and Broadway and along Seventy-fourth toward the Hudson that the district looked like Broadway at Thirty-ninth Street during an opera performance. But the real sight was the line of applicants within the building. One man who passed into the vestibule as the whistles were blowing for 12 o'clock reached the window and made his application at 2:30. It took him those two hours and a half to make his way up the stairs and along the long hall to the Secretary of State's office, and that was a fair sample of the speed with which the thing could be done.

For the most part the line was stolid and yet flavored with that good humor which a New York crowd is apt to have when it is laboring under trying circumstances that it has brought upon itself. Occasionally when a man would try to slip ahead of his rightful place in the line there would be ructions, and again ructions quite as boisterous when it looked as though some one, however innocent, was trying to gain such an advantage. The hoarse threats and growls of indignation came equally from all points within earshot, no more from the actually defrauded than from those well ahead in the line and to whom it made no practical difference.

Of course, all car owners were not obliged to have their new number plates for to-day. They simply cannot take their cars out after to-day without the renewal. Those whose machines are stowed away like so many straw hats waiting for the warmer days are in no such rush as those who simply cannot go for a single day without their automobiles.

Arrangements have been completed between Commissioner Waldo and Mr. Lazansky whereby the police will receive all automobile license numbers from the State without cost to this city. This includes chauffeurs' licenses.

Since the time of Commissioner Baker the police have been handicapped by the lack of these license numbers. The State originally sought to charge 6 cents a number, but this bargain was refused on the grounds of economy. The State later came down to 2 cents a number, and still the refusal was maintained. Now an agreement has been made whereby the Police Department is to be supplied with the numbers free of charge.

Negro Chorus in Real Southern Songs.

New York will hear real Southern plantation songs sung when the negro chorus from Hampton Institute gives a concert in Carnegie Hall on Feb. 26. Speakers of note and educators familiar with the racial problems will describe the work of the institute and what is being done for the Christian and industrial education of the negro. With the chorus of forty voices will be a small band of Indians who will give the tribal dances and sing the songs of their people. Meetings have also been arranged in Washington, Philadelphia, Boston, New Haven, and other cities.

COLDS CAUSE HEADACHE. LAXATIVE BROMO Quinine, the world wide Cold and Grip remedy removes cause. Call for full name. Look for signature. E. W. GROVE. 25c —Adv.

ON TRIAL, DEPRIVED OF BABY.

Court's Attitude Toward Infant Entitles Mother to an Appeal.

Supreme Court Justice Gerard granted a certificate of reasonable doubt yesterday to Mrs. Minnie Weiss, who was convicted of grand larceny in General Sessions and was sentenced to serve not less than two years' imprisonment. Justice Gerard said that the action of the Judge in General Sessions in excluding Mrs. Weiss's baby from the trial raised a sufficiently important question of law to be passed on by the appellate courts.

The record, filed with Justice Gerard showed that just before the jury was empanelled and the jurors were in the court room, the trial Judge remarked:

"We'll excuse the baby from the court before we do anything. This woman has been in court eight or ten times in the last few days, and this is the first time she has had a baby with her."

The woman's attorney took exception to the Court's remarks, which brought this remark from the bench:

"I won't be a party to any such practice. Officer, take the defendant outside with the baby and see that the baby is taken care of during the sessions of the court."

At the close of the first day of the trial, the defendant's attorney asked whether Mrs. Weiss's bail would be continued. The Court replied:

"The defendant is committed."

Mrs. Weiss's lawyer then asked if she might have her baby. The Court remarked:

"The defendant is committed. Not the infant."

It appeared that a woman friend had taken the baby home with her. The next day the Court called Mrs. Weiss's lawyer before the bar and observed:

"The proper thing for you to have done yesterday was not to shout out in court your inquiry about the defendant's infant, but to have come quietly up before the bar of the court. While I don't say that you had any ulterior motive in shouting out in court, I do not think it was proper practice."

Mrs. Weiss asserted that these remarks had prejudiced the jury against her.

SETH LOW FAVORS UNIONS

In a Speech Before the National Builders' Supply Association.

The thirteenth annual convention of the National Builders' Supply Association, representing about 500 dealers throughout the country, concluded its sessions at the Hotel Astor, with meetings yesterday morning and afternoon and a dinner last night.

Seth Low, former Mayor of New York and President of the National Civic Federation, spoke to the delegates in the morning, on "Industry as Related to Labor." His address was a commendation of the principle of trades unionism with a plea for give-and-take on the the part of both employer and employe, as the sole means of preventing them from becoming "the irresistible force that meets the immovable object." Both, he said, had need of acting not only within their rights, but more within their duties.

Other speakers at the day session were: Charles Freeman Johnson, Irving Warner, Thomas Goldengay and Edward M. Hagar, President of the Universal Portland Cement Co. and of the Cement Products Exhibition, under the auspices of which the Cement Show is now being held.

At the dinner speeches were made by: George W. Alger, receiver of the Wabash Railroad, James W. Wardrop, of the Pittsburgh and Buffalo Company and William E. Carson, President of the Riverton Lime Company.

Charles Warner of Wilmington, was re-elected President of the Association and C. A. Classon of Baltimore, Treasurer.

Blackbirds as Disease Carriers.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., Jan. 31.—Blackbirds carrying infection from the South are responsible for the death of great numbers of Kentucky horses from a disease akin to pellagra, is the theory of Dr. M. A. Purdy, Assistant State Veterinarian, who is analyzing the brains of dead animals to find traces of the germs.

HOTEL TAXICABS HOLD THEIR GROUND

Twenty-six Chauffeurs Are Marched Into Court and Are Promptly Set Free.

A QUESTION OF LICENSES

Magistrate Decides These Give Hotels the Right to Keep Street Spaces Always Filled.

Twenty-six chauffeurs, employed by the three largest taxicab companies in this city, appeared before Magistrate Kernochan yesterday on summonses charging violations of a city ordinance prohibiting them from standing on thoroughfares without the necessary license.

The men, who are employed by the Mason-Seaman Transportation Company, which has the privilege of supplying taxis to the Plaza, Manhattan, and Savoy Hotels; the Astor Garage, which supplies the Hotel Knickerbocker, and the James T. Haverty stables, which furnish transportation to the Hotel Belmont and the Murray Hill Hotel, were all discharged by the Magistrate.

Each one of these companies has a special hack-stand license, issued by the Mayor to the hotel itself and not to the taxi companies. These licenses cost $25 each for the year for each taxi, and give the holder the privilege of having a certain number of the taxis before his place. The Hotel Belmont, for instance, is permitted to have ten taxis on Park Avenue and two on Forty-second Street.

The police contended that a greater number of taxis than those for which licenses had been given occupied spaces in front of the various hotels. Many complaints had been made as to the obstruction of the streets, and orders were given to the hotel proprietors, it was said yesterday, not to keep more cabs than the licenses called for.

John W. Browne, counsel for the taxicab companies, contended that the licenses were for the spaces in front of the hotels and not for the cabs. The police had taken another view of the matter, and had decided that if ten cabs were permitted to stand before a hotel, and half of them were engaged, there must remain only five until the others returned. Mr. Browne declared that this was not the meaning of the law.

"Our licenses," he said, "permit us always to keep ten cabs where that number of licenses have been issued, and if five are sent away, five others may be put into their places, so that ten cabs may always be on hand."

Mr. Browne insisted that this was only fair, for if all of the cabs should be engaged, the patrons of the hotel could not be served; and the business of the hotel keeper would suffer. It was charged that the police misconstrued the orders given to them and that there had been no intention of depriving the hotels of the use of all the taxis for which licenses had been given. The argument centred around the question whether a taxi, after it was engaged, could still be considered at the disposal of the hotel, or whether it was really out of commission so far as the needs of the hotel were concerned.

Mr. Browne contended that, when a taxi had a passenger, he was in control of the taxi, and not the hotel keeper, and that to give the latter the full privilege for which he had paid, the full number of taxis must always be at his service. Magistrate Kernochan accepted this view of the matter and the chauffeurs trooped out of court and went back to their stands.

Mr. Browne explained afterward that the agitation stirred up about the blocking of the public thoroughfares by public vehicles had been settled at least twice by the Appellate Division of the Supreme Court, which declared on both occasions that the transportation of guests to and from a hotel was just as important to the hotel proprietor as supplying them with bed and board and that he could not properly be deprived of this privilege.

"The police were wholly in the wrong," said Mr. Browne. "It is their duty only to see that not more taxis than those licensed shall stand before a hotel. But it is not their duty to construe the law, which is perfectly plain."

THIRD RAIL DANGERS.

Its Unprotected Condition the Subject of Lawyer's Complaint.

The unprotected condition of the third rail on the elevated lines has attracted the attention of John M. Shedd, a lawyer of 43 Cedar Street, and he has made a complaint to the Public Service Commission.

"In case of fire or panic," he writes, "the passengers on the elevated roads would not hesitate, I think, to jump from the cars, regardless of the third rail. The unprotected third rail is dangerous to passengers who might have to alight from the cars in order to reach stations in case of accident, and it is dangerous to the employes who are engaged in work on the roadway."

The commission served a complaint order yesterday on the Interborough and the Brooklyn Union Elevated Railroad Companies in consequence of this letter.

WIFE WON'T LIVE IN NEWARK.

Is Persistent Club Woman, Answers Husband, Sued for Separation.

Supreme Court Justice Ford granted an allowance of $15 a week temporary alimony yesterday to Clara I. Sheldon of 547 Riverside Drive, who is suing her husband, a lumber commission merchant of Newark, for a separation. He also gave Mrs. Sheldon the custody of her thirteen-year-old son, Roy Vernon Sheldon. The Sheldons were married in 1890.

Mrs. Sheldon charges her husband with cruelty. He retorts that his greatest cruelty was a demand that she should live in Newark with him and his boy. She replied to this demand, he said, by declaring that "she had rather live in a single room in New York on bread and water than enjoy luxury in Newark."

Sheldon says that his wife is a persistent clubwoman, and stays out late at night against his wishes.

In spite of the fact, she says, that he uses vulgar language in addressing her, Mrs. Sheldon declares that her husband "poses as a deacon and usher of the Church of the Redeemer at Newark and passes the collection plate on Sundays and officiates at the communion services."

UNIONS MAY QUIT ARSENAL.

Col. Burr Is Notified That Men Object to Taylor System.

DAVENPORT, Iowa, Jan. 31.—Col. George W. Burr, Commandant at the Rock Island Government arsenal, was to-day informed by union leaders that the Taylor system shop cards would not be accepted by union arsenal employes, following a mass meeting last night. Col. Burr announces he will issue these cards within a few days.

The union men will meet again to-night to hear the report of the committee sent to confer with Col. Burr. Col. Burr says the cards in no way affect the wages of the men nor the amount of work which they are required to do, but are merely a step toward a more systematic method of management.

The men say they have no objection to the character of the cards, but demand assurances that their use is not a precursor of the complete installation of the Taylor system. Representatives of the American Federation of Labor are in the Tri-Cities attempting to organize the different departments at the arsenal. There are 1,300 employes, of whom about 500 are members of the unions.

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ANNOUNCE THE REMOVAL
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WAREROOMS
TO THE NEW AND
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FORTY-FIFTH STREET AND
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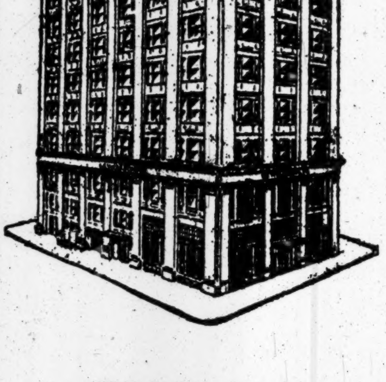
THEIR PATRONS, FRIENDS AND THE GENERAL PUBLIC ARE CORDIALLY INVITED TO INSPECT THE MOST COMPLETE LINE OF COOKING UTENSILS, HOUSE-CLEANING MATERIALS, REFRIGERATORS, FIRE PLACE FURNISHINGS, ETC., ETC., IN THIS COUNTRY.



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First Session of
THE PUBLIC SALE
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Valuable Paintings
BY FAMOUS ARTISTS
of the Modern and Ancient Schools
to be Sold
By Order of Mr. Edward Brandus
IN THE
Fifth Avenue Art Galleries
546 FIFTH AVE.
Main Entrance, 1, 3 and 5 West 45th Street,
The Sale will be conducted by Mr. James P. Silo
To-morrow Last Day of Sale

POSTUM. POSTUM. POSTUM. POSTUM.

A Round-Up

Since the Government authorities have begun to "Round Up" a few of the men who have so long brought odium upon the name of honest labor, I have been urged by some editors to publicly define the reasons for my seven years' newspaper campaign on the tyrannies of many Labor Union Leaders.

Some men endow colleges. Others build libraries.

Both educational.

I preferred to devote to newspapers my contributions toward education, warning the people to protect themselves against the greatest, most tyrannical and dangerous trust this country has ever seen.

Especially insidious and dangerous, because its inner plans were not understood by the average citizen, who, seeing no immediate slavery to himself, peacefully followed his own pursuits and blindly allowed the self-seeking Labor Leaders (?) to weave their web stronger as time went on. Not one word in my entire campaign has been uttered against peaceful trade associations.

I have only tried to defend the several million honest and law-abiding workmen who protest against the bullying and abuse of those in power.

No one seemed to sympathize with the few thousand widows and orphans of the men murdered while faithfully trying to earn a living under God's permission but against the "orders" of the "Labor Trust." So I tried to present their cause from time to time.

The healthy average common citizen is, perhaps, deserving of at least some of the inconvenience and loss put on him from strikes and other labor leaders' tyranny as a reward for his indifference.

I knew years ago that the plan of this big labor trust was to ultimately gain control over every workman, clerk and employe in the U. S., including farm hands and government employes.

This has been partly accomplished in some localities; then followed acts which clearly show the intent.

First, to harvest initiation fees, sometimes up to $100.00 each to "join the union."

Next, monthly dues. Say $2,500.00 a month in a town with 10,000 "members" at 25 cents each.

Next, "fines" assessed for some infraction of "rules."

Then the lash of the slave driver came forth. Orders to strike; what to buy; what not to buy; how to vote; when to parade (to show power); and to contribute from the hard-earned pay envelope for strike benefits to other men forced into idleness pending negotiations between crooked leaders (?) and crooked employers who hire said leaders to call strikes on competitive jobs, thus making the workmen tools, kept idle while the chiefs scrap for control or bribe money.

One of the hardest strokes of the lash is the money forced from members to defend dynamiters, sluggers and murderers when caught.

But let an honest workman, who, perchance, has been driven into "the union," dare to disobey one of these "orders" and he is taught a lesson through the slugging or dynamiting committees.

The slavery of the honest American workingman is pitiable when "closed shop" full control is obtained by the tyrannical leaders.

Now, observe the plan of this gang to govern men and affairs.

"Organize" every trade. Insist on closed shop. Then use the power of numbers to induce government officials to permit organizing all government employes. Some of the oaths defining that the union rules shall "precede Church, State and Family."

Then force Congressmen to pass anti-injunction laws to prevent courts from stopping proposed outrages.

Force merchants to hire only "union" clerks and sell only "label" goods. Use union funds to support slugging and dynamiting crews to drive back the protesting ones or "remove" them.

Of course, in carrying out the plan for complete control by the gang, some were caught.

Whenever openly exposed the men "higher up" immediately begin to assess members to protect the criminals and always rush into print with loud cries and much mock sentiment about "the brotherhood of man" and the "defense of the wage worker," with such play upon the sympathy of the people they cover their own greed for fees and insane desire to read their names in the papers.

It would be hard to convince the widows of the twenty-one murdered men in the Los Angeles tragedy, and hundreds of others, that their husbands received much benefit from "the defense of the wage worker," nor could they well understand such working of that particular brand of the "brotherhood of man" scheme.

Late events have stripped the lamb's coat from the body of the wolf and shown most clearly the lying deceit and horrible portent underneath, which I have tried time and again to explain to the public.

Men who preferred to work and support their families have been waylaid. Fingers chopped off, with the comforting assurance that "now you can set type if you will." Crow bars and heavy weights dropped on heads. Fathers beaten unconscious and many times crippled for life; little homes blown up and many and many a corpse brought to the destitute family.

These are not "occasional cases." Such crimes run literally into the thousands, and judges and juries have been threatened with death, bribed, and witnesses slugged or put out of the way.

In the Government cases now pending the witnesses must be guarded from the agents of the "Labor Trust" with its tentacles reaching to the most remote corners of our country.

Don't permit yourself to be misled by the vaporings of sentimental, drooling degenerates who assert that these murders are justified because "society" has oppressed workingmen.

In no other country in the world are they paid as high, and as much earnest effort devoted to their welfare. Nor is there as abundant opportunity in any other country in the world for workmen to gain fortunes.

Our great railroads and industries are largely headed by former wage earners.

These murders are instigated by that class of men, always in evidence, who hate success. They coolly and cruelly plan and execute assaults and murders to satisfy their own hate and show their power over the slaves who dare protest. The nightly talk of strikes, given in many a union meeting, developes the hate and murderous instinct which awaits only for opportunity to carry out.

Take the Los Angeles case as an illustration. The *Times* had withstood about 16 years of all kinds of attacks, not because its faithful employes were underpaid. They received wages higher than the union scale, but they refused to bow down and place themselves under control of "the gang," hence they were persistently assailed and finally 21 were murdered. These men only asked to be let alone to support their families, but union leaders determined to rule over them, hence the murders.

The whole set-up of the leaders of the great "Labor Trust," the American Federation of Labor, points toward a diabolically adroit plan to secure to those leaders complete control over their own members who dare not protest, and also over all other workmen, legislators, congressmen, merchants and the balance of citizens.

Think it over and you will see in part what the tyranny would be if they were permitted to completely carry out their plans.

Now that the facts are known the people can protect themselves by refusing to do any act that would add power to this aggregation.

Remember, any act

When their grip on the throat of honest labor is broken, working men can either select better leaders, or join some of the law-abiding trade organizations.

I was not driven to write this series of articles by reason of disagreements with my own thousand workmen. No troubles have arisen between us.

They have had fifty-two weeks a year steady work for many years, are a contented, high-grade class receiving the best wages in Michigan for like service, and protected from the frequent onslaughts of these "Labor Leaders" (?)

Mr. Gompers has repeatedly announced in public that I sought to destroy all organizations of labor.

This is in line with his regular habit of distorting facts. I have for a long time been a member of the National Association of Stationary Engineers and the National Trades and Workers Association. These are non-strike and peaceful organizations which negotiate their trade agreements legally, with peace and honor.

I have given to the Trades and Workers Association a $400,000.00 home for their old members in furtherance of an honest desire to help solve this most important industrial question.

In addition, I have offered to contribute a quarter of a million dollars cash to help along a workingman's movement, as defined in a letter sent Mr. Gompers Dec. 11th, 1911. Copy herewith.

December 11th, 1911.

Mr. Samuel Gompers, Pres., American Federation of Labor,
Washington, D. C.

Dear Sir:—

Press reports indicate that you are greatly depressed and harassed by fear and the disrepute brought on your Federation.

The query has arisen whether you are big enough to sense the movement of a great Power which guides humanity, and to conclude that the time has arrived when "Labor" should be honestly represented instead of misrepresented.

If the thought of truthful and earnest effort has come, and you honestly desire better conditions for the wage earners, may I tender to you an invitation to come out to Battle Creek for a conference with the President of the Trades and Workers Association, Mr. J. W. Bryce?

If you will permit it, your expenses will be paid from the time you leave Washington until you return.

You will be put up at the Sanitarium for a week or ten days' rest and freedom from worry, as a guest either of the Association or of myself, as you prefer.

When rested, let us consider the new movement for the workingmen of America, enlisted under the banner of the National Trades and Workers Association, free from strikes, slugging, picketing, tyranny, fines, dynamiting and murder.

Belonging to the American Federation of Labor are hundreds of thousands of self-respecting and law-abiding workingmen who are members under pressure, and who deplore the tactics you and your associates have employed and forced upon them.

They want steady employment fifty-two weeks in the year and do not relish being forced by strikes into idleness pending the "negotiations" between crooked labor leaders seeking bribes, and crooked employers who hire said leaders to call strikes on competitive jobs, thus making the workingmen tools kept idle while the chiefs scrap for control or bribe money.

You will perhaps reject this proposal, believing that strikes are a necessary weapon to preserve the rights of workingmen. But the new way has been in very successful operation over two years and found to have more power than the old way.

The honorable Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers, The National Association of Stationary Engineers and the National Trades and Workers Association perfect trade agreements without strikes, secure the highest wages and yet preserve the respect and esteem of employers and of the members themselves.

Workingmen are aroused to resentment from being forced to contribute from their hard earned pay envelopes to defend known sluggers and murderers, and to being heavily fined for not obeying the orders of leaders when they know those leaders are simply using them to insure complete dominion over the daily lives of the American workingman.

He seeks to maintain his position as an honest, peaceful citizen and not to be forced to affiliate with and support thugs and murderers.

Personally, I have only sincere and open denunciation for the past methods of you and your associates. Nevertheless, if you are ready to join in an earnest and truthful step forward for your members and will accept this invitation in the spirit in which it is given, you will be most welcome, and will be treated with the greatest consideration we are capable of, and in addition I will agree to contribute a quarter of a million dollars in cash to the new movement.

The Trades and Workers now have a splendid $400,000.00 home to care for their indigent members, and with the addition of the members of the American Federation of Labor and its endowment we can merit the support of the public, all working for the new day of peace with honor in the industrial field.

Yours very truly,
C. W. POST.

No reply has been received. It seems evident the present Leaders will not accept any offer of industrial peace which takes from them the fees, control of workmen, and curbs their trust methods.

When any combination either of Capital or Labor goes outside its own business and attempts to oppress, tyrannize, or forcibly dictate to others and thereby "restrains trade" it becomes dangerous and should be prosecuted.

Talk about restraint of trade!

All the capital trusts in this country couldn't bring about a minus fraction of the loss, inconvenience, misery and crime set in motion by strike conspirators.

The time has come when every home-owning patriotic citizen should speak in most unmistakable terms, if liberty is to be preserved.

Write President Taft asking when he will apply the law to the Labor Trust as well as the Capital Trusts.

Then write your members of Congress, telling them clearly that you will expect them to protect yourself and other common, everyday citizens by voting down the bills these Labor Trust leaders are pressing to give them more control.

One is a bill to prevent courts from issuing restraining orders to stop proposed acts of violence in strikes. Another is to allow labor leaders to restrain trade without being subject to the law.

You are one of a tremendous majority but you must tell your public officials your needs. Then they can act in your defense.

Then question candidates and don't accept any equivocal answers.

Insist that trade organizations can be peacefully conducted and that no laws be enacted giving leaders arbitrary control over the masses.

A few of the facts are now known and have been proven true. Many more will follow as the government investigation proceeds. Will you be patriotic and painstaking enough to write, talk and vote for your own safety?

My work in the way of public and expensive paid announcements on this subject is done.

There's a Reason,
C. W. POST.

BOY SCOUTS GREET GEN. BADEN-POWELL

One of Them Hands Message from Taft to British Chief Scout as His Ship Arrives.

MOVEMENT NOT MILITARY

Sir Frederick Treves Also a Passenger on the Arcadian—Vessel Here to Take Place of the Tagus.

Lieut. Gen. Sir Robert Baden-Powell, the defender of Mafeking; Chief Scout of the Boy Scouts of Great Britain, and author of "The Art of Scouting," arrived here yesterday on the Royal Mail steam cruising yacht Arcadian. Sir Frederick Treves, the eminent surgeon, who operated on King Edward, was another passenger.

The Arcadian comes from Southampton via the West Indies to take the place of the Tagus on the New York-Bermudan service, commencing next Saturday at noon.

Gen. Baden-Powell, known familiarly as "B. P.," was met at Quarantine by William Waller, a Boy Scout from Brooklyn, who handed him a letter of welcome from President Taft containing best wishes for the success of the Boy Scout movement in all parts of the world.

After saluting Sir Robert the scout said:

"I have the honor to present to you this letter of welcome from the President of the United States. I also welcome you in the name of the Boy Scouts of America."

There was a pause here, and then the scout added, with a blush:

"And I am mighty glad to see you myself."

A broad smile overspread "B. P.'s" bronzed features as the naive last sentence came out.

After shaking hands with Waller the General asked what the silver medal was for that he was wearing, and when informed that it was bestowed for saving the life of a boy from drowning, he said: "Bravo, bravo" and patted the scout on the shoulder.

When the Arcadian arrived at her pier, 42 North River, a troop of forty Boy Scouts were drawn up in uniform, with their poles and flags, under the command of Lorillard Spencer, Jr., to receive the British Chief Scout, who was the founder of the movement. As he went down the gangway the boys gave him three cheers after their own fashion, "Bing-bing, bing-bing, bing-bing," and the General saluted in return.

In an interview with the reporters Gen. Baden-Powell said that he wished to emphasize particularly the fact that the Boy Scout movement was an educational and not a military institution.

"Our idea is to get boys to learn things by observance and deductive reasoning, instead of trying to drive things into their heads, as they do at school, and to help make them good citizens. We have taught war for generations and cannot hope to eradicate that sentiment all at once. A Boy Scout is taught that he should try to do one kind action at least every day, and that he should put his services to good account on behalf of the sick and weak.

"Then they are trained to regard each other as brothers, even if they are of different races. For example, German Boy Scouts have traveled through England and gone into camp with British scouts and had a most enjoyable time. Scouts correspond by letter with scouts living in towns, commencing with letters corresponding to the initials of letters of their own towns—Manchester with Moscow, Bradford with Berlin, London with Lucerne, and these letters have had a wonderful effect in getting boys to know each other and inculcate good feeling instead of prejudice.

"The movement is growing more rapidly in the United States than anywhere else, so far as I can ascertain. It is also growing in Canada, where 25,000 paraded on my last visit, and also in Holland, Belgium, Denmark, Sweden, and Norway."

The General added that it was growing so rapidly in England that it was difficult to find sufficient scout masters to act as instructors. Gen. Nogi saw a parade of Boy Scouts in London and was so interested that he asked to see another parade. James E. West, Executive Chief Scout of America, told the General that the movement was spreading in this country and that Andrew Carnegie had sent a check for $1,000 to the fund this week which he had previously withheld because he thought the boys were being trained as soldiers.

Sir Robert said he was glad to hear of the donation, and said that he had told the Government officials in London that if they gave him the price of a Dreadnought he would do away with the necessity for Dreadnoughts. After leaving the Arcadian the General was the guest at luncheon at the Aldine Club of eleven members of the Executive Board of the Boy Scouts of America. His hosts included Mortimer Schiff, Ernest Thompson Seton, and Edgar M. Robinson. He goes to Boston to-day, and will visit President Taft on Saturday at Washington. On his return to New York he will visit Col. Roosevelt at Oyster Bay.

Sir Frederick Treves said that he had unpleasant memories of his visit to this country seven years ago, when he landed at San Francisco, and was worried day and night by reporters and photographers. Sir Frederick paid a high compliment to the physicians at Panama, where he spent two days.

"I consider the work of sanitation that has been done in the canal zone," he said, "to be of the greatest credit to the United States, which has every reason to be more than proud of that work, and of its director, Col. Gorgas. This work has set the standard of what preventive medicine should be in the tropics. He has stamped out the fever, and the entire zone is now no more unhealthful than any other tropical country. Col. Gorgas's work has been remarkable, and he cannot be praised too highly."

Sir Frederick said he was sailing to-day for England on the Celtic, and would return in May to attend the Medical Congress in Washington. He has such a dread of the overheating of American hotels that he stayed on board the Arcadian for the night. He was accompanied by Lady Treves.

DICKINSON ESTATE OBJECTS.

But Unless It Files Indemnity Bond Carnegie Safe Deposit Co. Will Be Sold.

Louis Marshall, representing the estate of Charles Courter Dickinson, once President of the Carnegie Trust Company, whose death from inhaling gas fumes in a laboratory in Scranton, Penn., puzzled medical experts, appeared yesterday before Supreme Court Justice Gerard and asked that the Justice withhold his approval of the sale of the assets of the defunct Carnegie Safe Deposit Company, in which the Dickinson estate is interested.

The State Banking Department has made arrangements to sell the assets today to the Wall Street house of Kissell, Kinnicutt & Co. The agreed price was $275,000.

Justice Gerard said that he would approve the sale to take place at noon to-day unless Mr. Marshall should provide a bond of $275,000 to indemnify creditors.

William F. Sheehan, appearing for Kissell, Kinnicutt & Co., informed the court that any delay in the judicial approval of the sale might prevent its consummation.

Edward Brandus Paintings on View.

A collection of paintings belonging to Edward Brandus is on view at the Fifth Avenue Art Galleries prior to its sale on the evenings of February 2 and 3. Some of the examples are very interesting. There is a group of excellent Thaulows in the best vein of that astonishingly prolific painter. There are two stately and agreeable compositions by Le Sidaner though not of his most distinguished work in the matter of color. There are two bold Dauchez landscapes, a fine lion by Rosa Bonheur, three examples of Cazin's work, a number of eighteenth century French pictures of graceful type, an Italian "Virgin and Child" which the catalogue gives to no less a name than Perugino, and a big "Family Concert," a favorite theme with Jacob Jordaens to whom it is given. It comes from the collection of a Brussels connoisseur.

OPERA BILLS FOR NEXT WEEK.

"Koenigskinder" on Monday Night and "Armide" on Thursday.

"Koenigskinder" will open the thirteenth week of the season at the Metropolitan Opera House on Monday evening. The cast will include Miss Geraldine Farrar, Mmes. Wickham, Fornia, and Mattfeld, and Messrs. Jadlowker, Gortiz, Reiss, and Didur. Mr. Hertz will conduct.

"Rigoletto," is announced as an extra performance on Tuesday evening, with Mme. Tetrazzini, Mrs. Homer and Messrs. Caruso, Renaud, and Rothier, Mr. Sturani conducting.

"La Bohème" will be sung on Wednesday evening by Miss Geraldine Farrar and Mme. Alten and Messrs. Martin, Scotti, De Segurola, Didur, Pini-Corsi, and Ananian. Mr. Sturani will conduct.

"Die Walküre," the second performance of the Ring Cycle, will be given Thursday afternoon, commencing at 1:30 o'clock. The cast will include Mmes. Gadski, Morena, Matzenauer, Fornia, Sparkes, Van Dyck, Wickham, Wakefield, Mattfeld, and Jungman, and Messrs. Hensel, Weil, and Ruysdael. Mr. Hertz will conduct.

"Armide" will be Thursday evening's opera, with Mme. Fremstad in the title rôle. Others in the cast will be Mmes. Homer, Rappold, Gluck, Sparkes, and Maubourg, and Caruso, Amato, Gilly, De Segurola, Reiss, and Bada. Mr. Toscanini will conduct. "Lobetanz" will be given Friday evening, with the usual cast, including Mmes. Gadski, Sparkes, and Case, Messrs. Jadlowker, Hinshaw, Witherspoon, Murphy, and Ruysdael. Mr. Hertz will conduct.

"Orfeo et Eurydice," with Mrs. Homer, Mrs. Rappold, Mrs. Gluck, and Mrs. Sparkes, will be the Saturday matinée bill. Mr. Toscanini will conduct.

"Haensel und Gretel" and "Pagliacci" will be given Saturday evening for the benefit of the German Press Club. The cast of the former will include Mmes. Alten, Mattfeld, and Wickham, Mr. Reiss and Mr. Goritz, Mr. Hertz conducting. "Pagliacci" will be sung by Miss Destinn and Messrs. Caruso, Amato, and Gilly, Mr. Sturani conducting.

Mr. Ariani, the Italian pianist, will be a feature of next Sunday night's concert.

THE OLIVE MEAD QUARTET.

Music by Haydn, Glazunow, and Beethoven at Its Last Concert.

The last concert in the Olive Mead Quartet's series was given yesterday afternoon in Rumford Hall. The audience was of considerable size and gave many evidences of enjoying the playing of the young women, which was of unusual excellence. Its excellence was fully revealed by the acoustic properties of the hall, which are severe upon incompetency and kind to pure tone, correct intonation, and fine ensemble. These were qualities of the very charming performance of Haydn's quartet in D major that began the programme; of an "Interludium in Modo Antico," by Glazunow, and Beethoven's quartet in B flat, Op. 18, No. 6, that followed. The piece by Glazunow, written as its name suggests in harmonies and with an instrumental treatment reminiscent of the old church style, pleased so much that Miss Mead felt obliged to repeat it.

Beck Engages Victor Hollaender.

Victor Hollaender, composer of the music for "Sumurun," and who is conducting the orchestra at the Casino Theatre, has been engaged by Martin Beck, general manager of the Orpheum Circuit, to become general musical director for the Palace Theatre in Chicago and the new Palace Theatre to be erected in West Forty-seventh Street, New York. The contract is for two years and will go into effect immediately after the run of "Sumurun" here. Mr. Hollaender will compose the music for the ballets and operettas that are to be put on these two theatres. For twelve years he has composed the music for the revues at the Metropole in Berlin and has conducted orchestras playing his music in London.

Frohman at Miss Anglin's Rehearsal.

Charles Frohman, who has almost entirely recovered from his recent illness, attended a dress rehearsal of Margaret Anglin in "Lydia Gilmore" at the Lyceum Theatre yesterday afternoon. He expects to be present at the first performance of the play to-night. It is the first time in nearly ten years that he has been jointly associated with Henry Arthur Jones in the production of a play here.

WANT $1,000,000 FOR SCHOOL FARMS

Endowment Is Needed to Establish Firmly the Work Started Ten Years Ago in This City.

TO TRAIN SPECIAL TEACHERS

Demand for Persons Qualified to Give Proper Instruction Exceeds the Supply—Work to Start at N. Y. U.

Mrs. Henry G. Parsons, who ten years ago started the movement for the school farms in this city and who is now the President of the Society which grew out of that movement, the International School Farm League, told the women at the annual meeting of the League yesterday that an endowment of $1,000,000 was needed to firmly establish the work in this country and Europe. The League intends to begin at once to raise that amount with which they will establish departments for training teachers in many universities. The first university to add this department was the New York University, represented at the meeting by Elmer E. Brown. Henry G. Parsons has been training teachers there for the last few years, in short Spring and Summer courses. When sufficient money is raised, paid instructors will be employed and it is believed that a great many good teachers will go in for school farm teaching.

The school farm has been unofficially taken up by the School Board and within the last year, officially, by the Park Department. Out of the funds of the latter department a supervisor at $1,500 a year has been provided for and two assistants at $1,200. Mrs. Parsons said that it was almost impossible to get people who were qualified to teach the subject, although the demand for instructors was great and growing.

The gardens where each child has its own plot and where they spade and hoe and weed and finally harvest the crop are now established at a number of the parks and school yards in this city. At a single park open from May to October in the east side the number was 22,000.

The report of the Secretary, Henry G. Parsons, was illustrated with moving pictures of the children at work.

"The immediate interest and increasing pleasure," said Secretary Parsons, "shown in the children's faces tells its own story of happiness. The exercise, without strain, in the open air and sunshine, during the years when the bones, muscles, heart and lungs are making most rapid growth, and need exercise with abundant fresh air, is the last and best word for present health and future endurance. And then, woven through these hours of happiness and health activity, is the wonderful education of the garden.

"Our land offers great opportunities. It is for us to develop in the children the courage to grasp these opportunities and the ability to use them. Visit a properly conducted children's garden, and you will see before your eyes the awakening of individual resourcefulness, self-dependence, foreseeing thrift, and activity for community welfare. You will see a joy in work that lightens labor."

Chancellor Brown assured the league of his support. It was a fine thing, he said, to bring some of the country to the city. "Your name carries the key to the situation," he said. "The farm can be used as a great and powerful means of education and to make it so, as I take it, is what you are trying to do."

MARIE CAHILL SHOW CLOSES.

Change of Booking Management of "The Opera Ball" the Cause.

Special to The New York Times.

CLEVELAND, Ohio, Jan. 31.—As a result of Miss Marie Cahill breaking with the Shubert management in New York and returning to the Klaw & Erlanger management, "The Opera Ball," in which she has been starring, closed at the Colonial Theatre, a Shubert playhouse, tonight. It was announced that Miss Cahill will appear at the Liberty Theatre, New York, Feb. 12, with the company. While the shift of management was responsible for the closing of the show, the presentation by the Shuberts of a claim for $750 was the direct cause of the trouble.

Manager McLoughlin of the theatre held out the money to-day, in making a settlement with Miss Cahill, and Manager Donnelly of the company, decided to close. There was a heavy advance sale and hundreds of people were turned away from the theatre.

Miss Cahill and other members of the company celebrated their unexpected holiday by attending the play in which Miss Elsie Janis is starring at the Opera House.

Bail Returned to Irish Players.

PHILADELPHIA, Jan. 31.—The case against the Irish Players, who were arrested for producing "The Playboy of the Western World," here but were discharged under a writ of habeas corpus, was brought to a conclusion to-day when Judge Carr refused to reopen the case. The Judge ordered that the $5,000 cash bail bond be returned.

MUSIC NOTES.

Frank Howard Warner, pianist, assisted by Viola Waterhouse, soprano, is giving a series of explanatory talks on Wagner's "Ring" at Rumford Hall. The second of these, on "Die Walkure," will be given next Tuesday evening; the third, on "Siegfried," on Friday, Feb. 9, and the fourth, on "Gotterdammerung," on Tuesday, Feb. 20.

A concert for the benefit of Ada Kurlanda, contralto, will be given at the residence of Mrs. James Cunningham, 124 East Fifty-fifth Street, this afternoon. Those who will appear are Nicolai Sokoloff, violinist; John Frothingham, pianist; Ludmilla Vojacek, and Josephine Bates, accompanists, and a chorus. Miss Kurlanda will sing.

OPERETTA AT IRVING THEATRE

Viennese Company Presents "Die Musterweiber," Suffragette Comedy.

"Die Musterweiber," an operetta by Paul Hubl and C. Quedenfeldt, with music by Franz Werther, was presented by the Viennese Opera Company at the Irving Place Theatre last night, for the first time in New York. The piece is in a prologue and two acts, and is a suffragette comedy with the laugh turned against the men.

The prologue takes place in a mountain village populated entirely by women, the men having all been killed in a war. The Duke, of a neighboring castle, sends a Commissioner to pick out three "samples" from among the villagers so that the wifeless men of his retainers may judge of their fitness for matrimony. In the meantime Eva, the town policewoman, meets and falls in love with a young peddler, whom she disguises as a girl. Eva, the young man and Annemarie, the village belle, are chosen by the Duke's Commissioner to be the "samples." In the next scene a young Prince of the neighborhood intercepts the party and falls in love with Annemarie. The Duke, however, about to punish the Prince for stopping the escort, falls in love with the disguised peddler and has the laugh turned on him. All ends happily.

The music is of a lively sort, with plenty of bright solos and concerted numbers. Fraulein Vilma Conti played Eva, Fraulein Hedwig Richard had the rôle of Annemarie, the character of the peddler was taken by Herr Marlow, and Herr Verhyn played the Prince. Frau von Neuendorf was seen as the mayoress of the woman's village.

The same piece will be repeated tomorrow and Saturday evenings.

THEATRICAL NOTES.

The auctioneers at the sale at the Broadway Theatre this afternoon of the first night seats for the Weber and Fields Jubilee will be William Collier, George M. Cohan, Raymond Hitchcock, John T. Kelly, and possibly Weber and Fields. The Weber and Fields company will have the first dress rehearsal at the Broadway Theatre Sunday.

Enrico Caruso attended the performance of "The Million" at the Herald Square Theatre last night to hear Paul Kerr, in the character of the "Caruso of the Bowery," sing the song composed by the grand opera tenor. The audience tried to persuade Caruso to join in the singing, but he would go no further than to hum the air.

SONATA CONCERT AT ASTOR.

Miss Parlow and Ernesto Consolo Perform Vincent d'Indy's Work.

The north ballroom of the Hotel Astor was completely filled last evening at the second sonata concert given by Kathleen Parlow and Ernesto Consolo. There is evidently reason to believe that more chamber music of this character, played by capable artists, would attract much attention, even in the busy New York musical season. Last night's concert was followed by the audience with many manifestations of pleasure.

The programme on this occasion included a sonata by Vincent d'Indy in C major, which, it was announced, was performed "for the first time in New York." One can never be sure in repeating an announcement without qualifications of this sort that some other organization will not pop up and claim a previous performance. However, to the present writer the work was new. It was written in this modern Frenchman's characteristic style, which retains elements of César Franck, blended with a more modern spirit. Miss Parlow and Mr. Consolo played it very well, withal the performance of the piano part at times seemed a trifle boisterous.

Afterward the third sonata Grieg wrote for violin and piano, the one in C minor, was performed. It is certainly not as good a work as the one in G major, and probably is excelled by the F major, but it is less hackneyed than the other two. The programme concluded with a performance of Beethoven's A major sonata, Opus 47.

CALVE HELD AT QUARANTINE.

Singer Detained Outside Boston by a Case of Smallpox on the Canopic.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, Mass., Jan. 31.—Mme. Emma Calvé, the world-famed singer, with her husband, Galileo Gasparri, were passengers on the White Star liner Canopic, which was held at Quarantine by the discovery of a case of smallpox on board. Calvé has been in Italy and is coming to America for a concert tour.

During the passage over she entertained the guests at the concerts on board ship and was a great attraction. She and her husband were frequently seen talking with Cardinal O'Connell while he took his morning stroll on the deck.

The singer was chagrined when she learned that she would have to remain on board the steamer over night. She had hoped to land and visit friends.

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ASTOR PLACE AND FOURTH AVENUE

The lowering of prices on many of our Men's Sack Suits and Overcoats affords an abundance of tempting values.

Mixture Sack Suits that were priced up to $35—
Now $20 & $25

Winter Overcoats, silk-lined, that were priced up to $50—
Now $35 & $40

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OFFICE FURNITURE
Quality that DEFIES comparison; prices that WELCOME it.
FRANKLIN OFFICE FURNITURE CO.
48 E. 20th St. (bet. B'way & 4th Ave.)

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Before removal to our new warerooms, 20 to 26 West 36th Street, on or before February 15th, we will offer
EVERY PIECE OF FURNITURE
in our present warerooms at
25% Discount
off regular prices.

This is a furniture opportunity of exceptional importance, and will be found a profitable investment for furniture buyers.

R. J. Horner & Company
Makers and Importers of Artistic Furniture,
61-65 West 23d St. 36-40 West 24th St.

Sale of Seasonable Footwear

—where style and quality are assured.
—where semi-annual sales represent exclusively our own distinctive stocks.

Button and Lace Boots.
Styles for Men and Women.

20% Discount

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Fifth Avenue Boot Shop,
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Between 26th and 27th Sts.

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TRADE MARK
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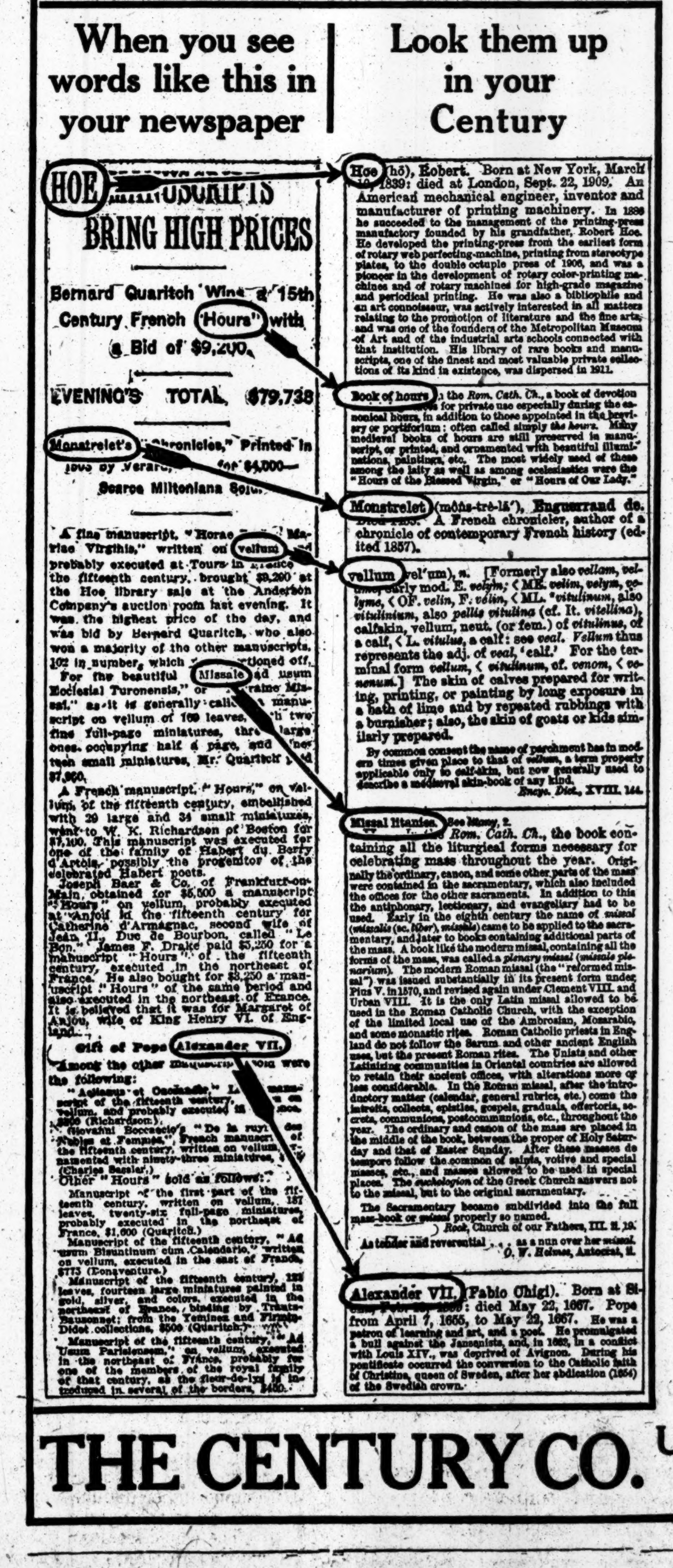
The Story of Welsbach Service

1 Physical Strength
2 Durability
3 Brilliance
4 Maintained Candle-power
5 Sunlight Color Value
6 Gas Economy

The Day's News —and The Century

When you read your morning paper do you not find an allusion which you do not fully comprehend? There is war in Persia. Where is that town at which the battle was fought? A picture is stolen from the Louvre. Who painted it and what is its history? The President's message alludes to the decision in the American Tobacco Company's case. What is that decision? You speak glibly of "radium." What is "radium"? Can you define it? You are speaking of your new suit. Do you say the "sit" or the "set" of the suit?

Do not think of The Century as a set of books to round out your library. Think of it as a daily help in reading your newspaper, in following your vocation, in enjoying your hobby, or sport, or recreation.



When you see words like this in your newspaper | Look them up in your Century

HOE [illegible] MANUSCRIPTS BRING HIGH PRICES

Bernard Quaritch Wins a 15th Century French "Hours" with a Bid of $9,200.

EVENING'S TOTAL $79,738

Monstrelet's "Chronicles," Printed in [illegible] by Verard, [illegible] for $4,000— Scarce Miltoniana Sold.

A fine manuscript, "Horae [illegible] Mariae Virginis," written on vellum [illegible] probably executed at Tours in France in the fifteenth century, brought $9,200 at the Hoe library sale at the Anderson Company's auction room last evening. It was the highest price of the day, and was bid by Bernard Quaritch, who also won a majority of the other manuscripts, 102 in number, which [illegible] auctioned off.

For the beautiful "Missale ad usum Ecclesiae Turonensis," or [illegible] Missal," as it is generally called, a manuscript on vellum of 169 leaves, [illegible] two fine full-page miniatures, three large ones, occupying half a page, and [illegible] teen small miniatures, Mr. Quaritch [illegible] $7,900.

A French manuscript, "Hours," on vellum, of the fifteenth century, embellished with 29 large and 34 small miniatures, went to W. K. Richardson of Boston for $7,100. This manuscript was executed for one of the family of Habert du Berry d'Artois, possibly the progenitor of the celebrated Habert poets.

Joseph Baer & Co. of Frankfurt-on-Main, obtained for $5,500 a manuscript "Hours" on vellum, probably executed at Anjou in the fifteenth century for Catherine d'Armagnac, second wife of Jean II., Duc de Bourbon, called "Le Bon." James F. Drake paid $5,250 for a manuscript "Hours" of the fifteenth century, executed in the northeast of France. He also bought for $3,250 a manuscript "Hours" of the same period and also executed in the northeast of France. It is believed that it was for Margaret of Anjou, wife of King Henry VI. of England.

Gift of Pope Alexander VII.

Among the other manuscripts [illegible] were the following:

"[illegible]," [illegible] manuscript of the fifteenth century, [illegible] on vellum, and probably executed in [illegible], $500 (Richardson).

Giovanni Boccaccio's "De la ruyne des Nobles et Femmes," French manuscript of the fifteenth century, written on vellum, ornamented with ninety-three miniatures, [illegible] (Charles Sessler.)

Other "Hours" sold as follows:

Manuscript of the first part of the fifteenth century, written on vellum, 187 leaves, twenty-six full-page miniatures, probably executed in the northeast of France, $1,600 (Quaritch.)

Manuscript of the fifteenth century, "Ad usum Bisuntinum cum Calendario," written on vellum, executed in the east of France, $775 (Bonaventure.)

Manuscript of the fifteenth century, 122 leaves, fourteen large miniatures painted in gold, silver, and colors, executed in the northeast of France, binding by Trautz-Bauzonnet; from the Yeminez and Firmin-Didot collections, $500 (Quaritch.)

Manuscript of the fifteenth century, "Ad Usum Parisiensem," on vellum, executed in the northeast of France, probably for one of the members of the royal family of that century, as the fleur-de-lys is introduced in several of the borders, $450.

Hoe (hō), Robert. Born at New York, March 10, 1839: died at London, Sept. 22, 1909. An American mechanical engineer, inventor and manufacturer of printing machinery. In 1886 he succeeded to the management of the printing-press manufactory founded by his grandfather, Robert Hoe. He developed the printing-press from the earliest form of rotary web perfecting-machine, printing from stereotype plates, to the double octuple press of 1906, and was a pioneer in the development of rotary color-printing machines and of rotary machines for high-grade magazine and periodical printing. He was also a bibliophile and an art connoisseur, was actively interested in all matters relating to the promotion of literature and the fine arts, and was one of the founders of the Metropolitan Museum of Art and of the industrial arts schools connected with that institution. His library of rare books and manuscripts, one of the finest and most valuable private collections of its kind in existence, was dispersed in 1911.

Book of hours, in the Rom. Cath. Ch., a book of devotion [illegible] for private use especially during the canonical hours, in addition to those appointed in the breviary or portiforium; often called simply the hours. Many mediæval books of hours are still preserved in manuscript, or printed, and ornamented with beautiful illuminations, paintings, etc. The most widely used of these among the laity as well as among ecclesiastics were the "Hours of the Blessed Virgin," or "Hours of Our Lady."

Monstrelet (môṅs-trė-lā'), Enguerrand de. [illegible] A French chronicler, author of a chronicle of contemporary French history (edited 1857).

vellum (vel'um), n. [Formerly also vellam, vellim; early mod. E. velym; < ME. velim, velym, velyme, < OF. velin, F. vélin, < ML. *vitulinum, also vitulinium, also pellis vitulina (cf. It. vitellina), calfskin, vellum, neut. (or fem.) of vitulinus, of a calf, < L. vitulus, a calf: see veal. Vellum thus represents the adj. of veal, 'calf.' For the terminal form vellum, < vitulinum, cf. venom, < venenum.] The skin of calves prepared for writing, printing, or painting by long exposure in a bath of lime and by repeated rubbings with a burnisher; also, the skin of goats or kids similarly prepared.

By common consent the name of parchment has in modern times given place to that of vellum, a term properly applicable only to calf-skin, but now generally used to describe a mediæval skin-book of any kind. Encyc. Dict., XVIII. 144.

Missal litanies. See litany, 2. [illegible] Rom. Cath. Ch., the book containing all the liturgical forms necessary for celebrating mass throughout the year. Originally the ordinary, canon, and some other parts of the mass were contained in the sacramentary, which also included the offices for the other sacraments. In addition to this the antiphonary, lectionary, and evangeliary had to be used. Early in the eighth century the name of missal (missalis (sc. liber), missale) came to be applied to the sacramentary, and later to books containing additional parts of the mass. A book like the modern missal, containing all the forms of the mass, was called a plenary missal (missale plenarium). The modern Roman missal (the "reformed missal") was issued substantially in its present form under Pius V. in 1570, and revised again under Clement VIII. and Urban VIII. It is the only Latin missal allowed to be used in the Roman Catholic Church, with the exception of the limited local use of the Ambrosian, Mozarabic, and some monastic rites. Roman Catholic priests in England do not follow the Sarum and other ancient English uses, but the present Roman rites. The Uniats and other Latinizing communities in Oriental countries are allowed to retain their ancient offices, with alterations more or less considerable. In the Roman missal, after the introductory matter (calendar, general rubrics, etc.) come the introits, collects, epistles, gospels, graduals, offertoria, secreta, communions, postcommunions, etc., throughout the year. The ordinary and canon of the mass are placed in the middle of the book, between the proper of Holy Saturday and that of Easter Sunday. After these masses de tempore follow the common of saints, votive and special masses, etc., and masses allowed to be used in special places. The euchologion of the Greek Church answers not to the missal, but to the original sacramentary.

The Sacramentary became subdivided into the full mass-book or missal properly so named.
Rock, Church of our Fathers, III. ii. 19.

As tender and reverential . . . as a nun over her missal.
O. W. Holmes, Autocrat, ii.

Alexander VII. (Fabio Chigi). Born at Siena, [illegible]: died May 22, 1667. Pope from April 7, 1655, to May 22, 1667. He was a patron of learning and art, and a poet. He promulgated a bull against the Jansenists, and, in 1662, in a conflict with Louis XIV., was deprived of Avignon. During his pontificate occurred the conversion to the Catholic faith of Christina, queen of Sweden, after her abdication (1654) of the Swedish crown.

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PARTY LOYALTY WILL TRIUMPH SAYS TAFT

President Optimistic of the Result in the Fall in His Speech to Ohio Editors.

INDORSES CURRENCY REFORM

At Chamber of Commerce Dinner in Akron He Borrows an Overcoat on Advice of His Physician.

AKRON, Ohio, Jan. 31.—President Taft brought his three days' trip through Northern and Central Ohio to an end here to-night with a reception and a dinner given by the Akron Chamber of Commerce in his honor. The President spoke on the Tariff Board at the dinner and gave his reasons for wishing its continued existence, threatened, he said, by a Democratic House of Representatives, for the first time in the memory of members of his party.

In leading up to a discussion of the Tariff Board the President spoke of the relations of the Federal Government to business. He made it clear that his Administration intends to enforce the anti-trust law, but said that he favored the enactment of a Federal incorporation act to enable great corporations to operate under the "shield of a National charter." "But," said the President, "whether we have a National incorporation law or not, we have an anti-trust law on the statute books. That law is not going to be repealed."

The President said his hearers had doubtless heard twenty-five lecturers with twenty-four different laws to replace the Sherman act.

"All different, and none better than that law."

"Probably the best thing to do," said Mr. Taft, "is to take this law that has stood the test for more than twenty years and do our best with it."

The President concluded with an indorsement of the plan for currency reform proposed by the National Monetary Commission and with a plea for the arbitration treaties.

Mr. Taft did not appear in evening dress at the banquet, and there was not a man at the guest table dressed in anything but a business suit, except Major A. W. Butt, Mr. Taft's aid, who wore his fatigue uniform. The Arrangement Committee, pressed for time, said they would rather entertain the President than give him twenty minutes to dress. They said they would leave their evening clothes at home, too, and there were few "swallow tails" among the 600 or more diners.

The banquet was held in a dancing academy and shortly after it began the President donned his overcoat. His cold was better, but his physician did not wish him to take any chances. He dined just as heartily in his overcoat apparently.

Leaving Akron late to-night, the President is due in Pittsburgh early to-morrow and should reach Washington late to-morrow afternoon.

Mr. Taft came to Akron from Columbus in his private car. On the trip from the Capitol were ex-Senator Dick, Republican National Committeeman; A. I. Vorys, and L. C. Laylin, one of the managers of the Taft forces in the State. The President appeared on the rear platform of his car at Westerville, Gambier, Galena, Danville, Orrville, and a few other stops. The crowds that came to the stations to greet him were large and their greetings were friendly, although much of the trip was through territory that went Democratic at the Congressional election in 1910.

COLUMBUS, Ohio, Jan. 31.—President Taft, in an address to more than fifty Republican editors of Ohio to-day, declared that he believes the party will win in November, but said much of the brunt of the fight will rest on the editors.

The President confessed that he had forgotten much about Ohio politics, but said he depended on the editors to bring a victory in the Fall. He said in part:

"The party has had during the last two or three years a hard time, but it is not the first time in its history it has had to go over rough places. The truth is that we have not had the whole story told, and we have not been out in such a way that the issue can be distinctly made and the facts bearing on that issue brought out. There has been a great deal of fog. But I think when we get stripped for the fight and get down into the arena with only two antagonists and the parties drawn up on each side we shall be able to show a warrant for our continuance in power that a common sense and a discriminating people cannot ignore."

After addressing the editors, President Taft spoke to the delegates of Ohio's Fourth Constitutional Convention, now in session here. He declined to make suggestions on Constitution building, but he told the delegates he would later show how he regarded their efforts when the people vote to ratify or reject their work.

At 1 o'clock the President left Columbus for Akron.

The President breakfasted with the local members of a Yale Club at the hotel, and afterward delivered a short talk in which he praised Yale for her manly sons. He was cheered by the club members, who coupled Mr. Taft's name with that of "Old Eli."

GRINS AT DEATH SENTENCE.

The Negro Roberts Must Pay Extreme Penalty for Vogel Murder.

Judge Foster in General Sessions yesterday sentenced Joseph Roberts to be executed at Sing Sing in the week beginning March 11. Roberts seemed little interested in what was going on about him and even smiled as he heard Judge Foster pronounce the words which condemned him to death.

Roberts is a West Indian negro and was convicted of the murder of Isaac Vogel, whose body was discovered in the loft building at 125 Canal Street on Dec. 6. The crime was committed the night before, and Roberts had made an attempt to burn the body in the furnace. Mr. Vogel carried considerable jewelry, and the crime was fixed upon him when the police discovered the negro's bloody finger marks upon a silver cigarette case which belonged to the murdered man.

When arraigned before Judge Foster, Roberts was grinning, and when Judge Foster denounced him for his crime he grinned more broadly and continued to do so even after the death sentence was pronounced. He was then turned over to Sheriff Julius Harburger, who took him to Sing Sing. The Sheriff said upon his return to the city:

"I was greatly surprised to find that Roberts spoke German. He said he had worked as a steward on the Hamburg-American Line, and had picked up his German while doing that work. He speaks the language as well as I do."

The Sheriff said Roberts weakened physically during his journey to Sing Sing, and could hardly walk the three-quarters of a mile up to the prison.

ATTEMPTS SUICIDE IN HOTEL.

Salesman First Writes to Wife Announcing His Intention.

Mrs. Howard Potter, wife of a traveling salesman, met the mail carrier at the front door of her home, 385 Greene street, Brooklyn, yesterday morning and received from him a letter from her husband. He had not been home the previous night, but Mrs. Potter had not been worried, because his business frequently kept him away from home all night. In the letter Potter said that he intended to kill himself and begged her forgiveness. Just then there was another ring at the bell. A policeman stood outside.

"Your husband has just been taken to the German Hospital; he took gas," he said, and was gone.

Mrs. Potter hurried to the German Hospital, where she was told that Potter, who is 30 years old, had been found unconscious in a bedroom of the Ridgewood Hatel, Ridgewood Heights, Queens. He had tied around his head one end of a tube connecting with a gas jet. The doctors had no hope of his recovery. Mrs. Potter collapsed and was taken to her home. She said she could give no reason for her husband's act. He had no business cares and his home life had always been happy.

FINDS YOUNG WIFE A SUICIDE.

Ended Her Life After Quarrel, Leaving Pathetic Note.

Mrs. Julia Fuszel was found dead yesterday in a gas-filled room in her apartments, 304 East Seventy-seventh Street. On the bureau was found this note:

"To Whom It May Concern: Please excuse me for my act. I love Steven too much."

The body was found by her husband, who notified a policeman. Fuszel is a waiter. He said that more than a week ago he and his wife had a quarrel and he left, vowing he would not return. They had been married a year. He went back yesterday afternoon to get some clothing. When he broke open the door he thought his wife was still alive, and tried to resuscitate her.

Mrs. Fuszel was 19 years old. She had made careful preparations for killing herself, and had held in her mouth a tube, one end of which was attached to an open gas jet.

Emma Goldman for a General Strike.

Emma Goldman and Sol Fieldman, a Socialist leader, will have a debate in Carnegie Hall next Friday on "Direct Action vs. Political Action." Emma Goldman will, it is announced, argue for the general strike, and the confiscation of the workshops. Sol Fieldman will contend that if the workmen would go into politics and elect representatives to the legislative bodies, poverty and unemployment would cease.

Our stores will be closed all day Thursday, February 1st, on account of the funeral services of William R. H. Martin, late of our firm.

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APPEAL TO TAFT IN TOBACCO FIGHT

Independents Ask the President to Have Department of Justice Join in Demand for Review.

QUOTE ATTORNEY GENERAL

His Argument in Circuit Court Deemed Sufficient to Break Up Terms of Dissolution.

The independent tobacco interests have made a direct move to get a review of the terms of dissolution of the American Tobacco Company of which the Circuit Court approved. Through counsel they have asked President Taft to have the Department of Justice "join in and obtain the dominance of the pending bill of review, filed in the Southern District of New York for the correction of the errors of law apparent on the face of the record.

The appeal to the President was drawn up by Henry H. Hunter, attorney for Otto S. Jonas, Secretary of the Independent Retail Tobacconists' Association. It reviews the alleged failure of the Circuit Court's decree to carry out the original decision of the Supreme Court and explains that the arguments are based "on the position which the Attorney General himself assumed." The lower court, it is contended, overruled the Attorney General, and as his defeat is "pivoted upon a pure question of law, the advisability of taking the opinion of the Supreme Court is peculiarly obvious."

There are 800,000 retail tobacconists in the United States, and although the efforts to have a review of the Circuit Court dissolution plan are concurred in by counsel for the Independent Retail Manufacturers' Association and the Leaf Board of Trade, it is chiefly on behalf of the storekeepers that the fight is being made. Therefore the chief point in the decision complained of is the situation in which the United Cigar Stores Company is left. This company, the petition complains, is left with the same power to throttle the retail business that it had before the dissolution since this company's stock is still controlled by the same interests which held it through the old American Tobacco Company as a holding company.

That this is contrary to original views of the Attorney General, the petition supports by extracts from Attorney General Wickersham's arguments before Judge Lacombe, saying: "We cannot characterize the operation of the Tobacco Trust in this connection in more vivid and rasping terms than those employed by the Attorney General."

The petition says:

> At first the position of the Attorney General was eminently satisfactory to the competitors of the Unied Cigar Stores Company. His laudable object appeared to be to effect the complete disassociation of this vending branch of the trust from the combination, so that all retail merchants might obtain their merchandise upon equal terms, and not be subjected to illegal disadvantages inflicted by the trust in order to promote its own retail business. The Attorney General embodied this object in the following application to the court:
>
> "That the stock of the United Cigar Stores Company be sold and distributed to parties other than the twenty-nine individual defendants or others of the common stockholders of the American Tobacco Company, to the end that the corporation be entirely separated from any connection with the corporations to which the properties and businesses now in the combination are to be distributed."
>
> The foregoing extract indicates that the Attorney General's compliance with the Supreme Court decision and his conception of the vicious nature of this retail combination was comprehensive and complete. Therefore, he aptly proposed that this stores combination "be entirely separated from any connection" with the corporations taking over the main business of the trust. He advocated his position with pathos as well as logic.
>
> Notwithstanding the force and "earnestness" of the Attorney General's argument, the lower court overruled his contention and proceeded to render a judgment in direct antagonism with his views of what was right.

Only the Supreme Court may decide, the petition holds, whether or not the Attorney General was right, and the Circuit Court wrong.

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CHICAGO BILLIARD PLAYER IN FINE FORM

Percy Collins Makes High Run of 77 and Averages Over 13 in Class A.

Quite the best amateur 18.2 balkline seen hereabouts recently was the outcome of the National Class A championships yesterday at the Hanover Club, in Brooklyn, when Percy Collins of Chicago, in his game against Dr. W. E. Uffenheimer of Philadelphia, averaged 13 10-30 and made a high run of 77.

In the evening game, Morris D. Brown of the Hamilton Club made his first appearance in the tourney with Dr. W. G. Douglas as an opponent. The latter went out in the lead after the end of the eleventh inning, and despite many bad lays for his opponent, the latter was enabled to get in front at the forty-fourth inning, after which he never relinquished his advantage, finally winning by 400 to 342, with high runs of 38 and 38, and an average of 7 43-51.

Brown went away in the lead in the early stages of the game, during which he played daringly. In Douglas's second inning the referee called six upon the player's try, but Dr. Douglas asserted that he had missed and refused to continue.

Midway during his eleventh inning Douglas, who had rolled up 31 in his previous session, tied Brown and went sailing by for a break of 38, all gained by perfect balk line, with occasional drives up and down and all over the table for position.

He followed this two bevies with 35, and with Brown in the throes of a slump was enabled to show 49 points to the good at the end of the twelfth.

Both had bad spells for a dozen innings, with Douglas waking up in his twenty-seventh to the tune of 38 for a total of 220, against Brown's 178. The latter seemed on the way for a good break in his thirty-fourth, but the referee was compelled to call foul on him as the result of a massé attempt. He retrieved himself, however, in his next effort at the table, and gathered 48 by clever manipulation, thus placing himself within one point of his adversary, with the string showing 260 to 261.

A brace of zeros for Brown and successive breaks of 12, 17, 3, and 3 put Douglas on the 300 mark with his opponent at 262.

Brown drew abreast of his opponent and passed him in the forty-first inning, leading by one point with the tally showing 304 to 303. The men then began to see-saw until Brown's forty-fourth inning in which he gathered 22, which he added to two innings later and thereby put himself out of posibility of defeat. Douglas in the meanwhile was apparently unable to control the balls and compelled to accept defeat by 400 to 342.

EVENING GAME.

Brown—2 18 8 3 18 3 7 31 0 4 1 8 12 5 9 10 17 8 1 12 1 0 0 1 1 1 2 0 5 1 12 0 2 14 48 0 0 0 2 23 19 1 0 22 7 23 9 9 12 8 5. Total—400.

Douglas—0 5 22 5 5 3 5 3 0 31 38 35 7 8 1 1 0 1 3 6 1 0 0 1 0 1 38 7 3 14 5 2 1 9 4 12 17 3 3 2 1 3 0 1 1 0 1 1 3 0 5 6. Total—342.

Averages—Brown, 7 43-51; Douglas, 6 42-50. High runs—Brown, 48, 31, 23; Douglas, 38, 38, 35.

Percy Collins of Chicago, the youngest of the aspirants for honors in the National amateur 18.2 balkline billiard championship, came into his own in the afternoon, when he defeated Dr. Walter Uffenheimer of Philadelphia by a score of 400 to 334 and incidentally hung up both high run and high average marks by tallying 77 and 13 10-30 in these respective departments of the tourney.

The billiards of both men was delightful to witness. Uffenheimer showed a complete reversal of form from his first game, when he was badly beaten by Ferd. Poggenburg of the Liederkranz Club, and in which match he failed to do anything as per schedule.

In yesterday's game the Philadelphian played beautiful all-around billiards, and made a wonderful uphill fight, and after being 100 points to the bad in the eighth inning got into the lead in the twenty-fourth inning by vertue of a run of 58, his average to that point being a shade over 13, with his total 317, against Collins's 315.

A glance at the figures reveals the great billiards shown by both. Each man played in fast and positive fashion, Collins in particular shaping himself for his next shot almost before the spheres had stopped rolling. It was this phase of the game, helped by really gilt-edge play, that made the match stand out among players of this class. The scores:

Collins—0 33 19 2 17 10 4 77 2 2 5 13 0 15 4 0 41 14 1 0 5 25 24 0 2 0 45 11 3 26—400.

Uffenheimer—17 10 8 0 1 18 0 8 1 9 4 2 1 6 57 15 4 35 0 0 13 44 6 58 5 0 10 2 0—334.

Averages—Collins, 13 10-30; Uffenheimer, 11 13-29.

THE STANDING.

Player.	Won.	Lost.	High Run.	High Average.
Collins	1	1	77	13 10-30
Conklin	1	0	31	12 16-32
Uffenheuver	0	2	58	11 15-29
Poggenburg	1	0	53	11 4-36
Mayer	1	0	40	7 43-51
Dougles	0	2	52	7 12-31
Brown	1	0	38	7 43-51

To-day's games will bring together for the afternoon and evening sessions respectively Meyer and Uffenheimer and Poggenburg and Brown.

ANOTHER TRIPLE TIE.

Norton, Danbury, and Marshall to Play Off Again for Class B Honors.

As a result of last night's game in the open Class B amateur 18.2 billiard tournament at the Riverside Academy the three players who were engaged in a special series to break a triple tie are again on even terms. The players are Edward Norton, F. W. Danbury, and Edward Marshall. In last night's game Marshall (100) defeated Danbury (75) by the score of 100 to 54. A victory would have given Danbury first place in the tournament, but his defeat requires another special series between the trio. This will be started next Monday night.

Danbury led in only one inning of the game, that being in the fourth, when he ran off nine points. He fell behind in the next inning, and Marshall gradually pulled away. Danbury was far below his usual form, and in nineteen of his thirty-three innings he failed to score. He did his best work in his last turn at table, when he ran a string of fourteen points and materially increased his general average. Marshall's average fell below 3, as a result of four consecutive misses when he needed only a point to finish his string. His best run was thirteen. The score by innings:

Marshall.—1 1 1 4 13 0 0 10 0 1 0 0 7 0 0 2 11 1 10 8 3 0 4 3 0 0 10 0 0 9 0 0 0 1—100. Average—2 32-34.

Danbury.—0 0 0 9 2 3 0 0 1 5 0 2 0 3 0 0 0 2 0 0 3 0 0 5 0 1 2 2 0 0 0 0 14—54. Average—1 21-33.

National Amateur Pocket Billiards.

At a meeting of the committee in charge of the National amateur pocket billiards-pool championship to be held under the direction of the National Association of Amateur Billiard Players, the place of holding the tournament was designated as the Amateur Billiard Club of New York. The tournament will begin March 4, and the entries close Feb. 4 at noon. This National amateur championship at this style of game is the first time it has been held in this country, and all matches will be of 150 balls duration. All competitors to be eligible must conform to the rules of the National Association as to amateur status. The committee in charge of the tournament includes William A. Tilt, champion, New York Athletic Club; Richard Everett, and Dr. Walter G. Douglas.

French Billiardist Beaten Twice.

George Sutton, the challenger for the 18.2 balkline billiard championship title, defeated Edouard Roudil, the amateur champion of France, in a practice game at Maurice Daly's Academy, last night, in preparation for his coming match with Willie Hoppe, the champion, by the score of 500 to 265 in thirty-six innings. Sutton made high runs of 67 and 62 and had an average of 13 32-36. Roudil's high runs were 50 and 44, and he averaged 7 15-36. In the afternoon the French champion lost to William Gershel by the score of 400 to 260, in twenty-five innings. Roudil's high runs were 55 and 41, and he averaged 10 10-25. Greshel made high runs of 88, 53, and 31, and he had an average of 16.

Warren Loses Last Match.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Jan. 31.—In the last game of the series in the National Amateur Three-Cushion League, Johnny Backus of Kansas City defeated Charles Warren of Boston 50 to 33 in 66 innings. Backus had a high run of 7 to Warren's 4.

DOYLE VICTOR IN CLASS C.

George Spear Eliminated from Final Round of National Billiards.

The fourth game of the final round in the 18.2 billiard tournament for the National amateur Class C championship was played last night at the Morningside Academy, M. J. Doyle defeating George Spear in sixty-seven innings, by the score of 200 to 181. The defeat eliminates Spear from the tournament. To-night Doyle and Charles Terry will be the contestants, and the deciding game will be played to-morrow night between Terry and S. L. Levy.

For fifty innings last night the game was unusually close. Spear got a good start, and led, 32 to 8, at the end of the sixth inning, but at this stage Doyle began to gain, finally taking the lead in the twenty-first inning. From this stage until the fiftieth inning Doyle held the lead, but several times the players were within four points of each other. At the fiftieth inning Doyle began to draw away from Spear, and finished his string in the sixty-seventh inning. Doyle's best run was 23, and Spear came within a point of equaling the tournament record by running 25. The score by innings:

Doyle.—0 7 0 1 0 0 2 0 15 2 0 2 1 16 0 2 6 5 2 0 10 23 3 2 0 3 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 6 1 2 1 0 1 1 2 4 7 14 0 1 0 0 1 2 10 4 7 0 0 1 1 5 1 11 1 3 4 0 0 6—200. Average—2 66-67.

Spear.—8 0 1 8 5 10 0 0 7 8 3 1 4 5 2 5 1 0 0 2 0 2 2 1 1 0 1 1 1 0 0 0 0 0 6 3 1 0 4 1 0 2 3 2 1 2 25 3 1 6 3 10 0 1 0 3 2 2 3 0 4 5 1 0 2 6—181. Average—2 49-66.

Referee—Mr. A. Fields.

Pocket Billiards for "Pros."

Announcement has been made to the effect that a National championship bocket billiard tournament will be held at Horticultural Hall, Philadelphia, commencing March 25. This game is becoming popular, and the tournament was made possible by the interest manifested in the sport in the past few years. The entry list will be limited to eight contestants, each of which must pay an entrance fee of $50, to accompany the entry.

All games will consist of 125 balls, subject to the rules heretofore governing this style of playing, and aided by certain amendments to be announced later. In addition to the medal emblematic of the championship there will be a purse of $1,000 as prize money, which, together with the amount of entrance fees and net gate receipts, is to be divided among the players as follows: To the winner of the greatest number of games, 40 per cent.; second, 30 per cent.; third, 20 per cent.; fourth, 10 per cent. All ties must be played off. The winner of the emblem will be required to defend the same, subject to the rules hereafter governing such championships. Entries close March 1, 1912, with the Brunswick-Balke-Collender Company, New York.

PROFESSIONAL BILLIARDS.

Maurice Daly and George F. Slosson, both of whom have been cushion carrom champions, favor preliminary practice at that style of billiards by amateurs or professionals preparing for tournaments or matches at balkline. They agree that cushion carroms compels players to resort to shots that would be avoided, if it were possible, in balkline and for that reason every grade of expert would familiarize himself to cushion effects and develop confidence in his ability to successfully execute strokes from which he would ordinarily shrink. They also point to the fact that the period of greatest improvement in billiards generally followed the introduction of cushion carroms.

"Charley" Davis, the youthful acting, stoutly muscled, little veteran, who has been a billiard enthusiast for fifty years, says "cushion carroms is the only game. Balkline and three cushions don't compare with it. In the history of billiards there is nothing else like the interest shown in cushion carroms in the eighties. Why the greatest betting ever known on billiards in any country took place in the bookmakers' tournaments and matches. Nov. 9, 1883, at O'Connors room, afterward Slosson's, Davy Johnson and John T. Reeves played 250 points for $1,000 a side and from $60,000 to $75,000 changed hands on the game, which Johnson won by 17 points. The bookmakers' tournaments were handicaps, with Johnson and me scratch men. I won one and Johnson another. The men were so well handicapped that as soon as the players went to the table it was 9 to 10 and take your pick and anybody who thought well of a choice could bet his bankroll. Of course luck figured to some extent, as it always does in contests in which opponents are nearly equal in skill. I lost the toughest game a man ever lost on a billiard table. Davy Johnson beat me one point by scratching out. It was an awful fluke which caused him and his friends to win $40,000 from me and my backers. I lost $8,000 on the game. That scratch cost me $16,000. And yet, in my judgment, a good handicap at cushion carroms is the most interesting billiard event that can be arranged."

Young "Jake" Schaefer recently scored a run of 100 and an average of 10 in a game of 300 points at 18.1 balkline. He has been practicing in Chicago with Marcus Catton, son of the late William H. Catton. These boys are considered the most promising of young billiard players. Some good judges pronounce Marcus the superior of "Jake."

Capt. Adrian C. Anson, undaunted by Calvin Demarest's grand average of nearly 24 in 2,000 points at 18.2 balkline, in a competition with Fred Conklin, has issued a challenge to play 1,000 against 2,000 by Demarest for $250 a side.

According to Maurice Daly, who has played in the Grand Hotel, Paris, the French Government gets a percentage of the receipts at all billiard matches and tournaments in that country. He says an official at the door keeps a record of all tickets taken and gets 15 per cent. of their face value from the box office. Money so collected is said to be applied to relieving the poor.

James Maturo of Denver appears to be a first-class expert at pocket billiards. On Monday, Tuesday, and Wednesday nights, at Denver, he defeated Alfred De Oro, who recently became permanent possessor of the pocket championship emblem by a score of 510 balls against 457. De Oro was conceding odds of 90 in 500. Early reports was that the game was arranged at 600 to 500.

John Horgan of St. Louis, who will play Joseph Carney, champion, for the Jordan Lambert three-cushion carrom emblem, at Denver, before March 15, says he will enter the prospective tournament to establish a new championship at pocket billiards. He has held championships at the pockets in Canada, Missouri, Michigan, Illinois, and New York. He is a native of Elmira. Believing the attitude of Denver, together with its rarified atmosphere, contributed to the defeat of De Oro by Carney, Horgan is debating whether to go to Colorado some weeks in advance of the time he will have to play or wait until the day before the match will begin, and is seeking expert advice on the subject.

Henry Soloman of Portland is anxious to make a match with Joseph Carney at three cushions. Having defeated Carney for the Pacific Coast championship, Soloman believes he can again vanquish the conqueror of De Oro, and is ready to make an independent game to be played within six weeks in Denver or some Eastern city. Tom Hueston also wishes to tackle Carney, and asserts he has backing to the extent of $5,000. John Daly says: "Those fellows have beaten Carney and do not give him credit for improvement. Whether they are right or not remains to be seen. Anyhow, I may have a chance ahead of them to play him. If he beats Horgan I will be his next opponent."

New Rochelle Yacht Club Election.

The annual meeting of the New Rochelle Yacht Club will be held at the Manhattan Hotel in this city at 6:30 P. M., on Feb. 3. The nominating committee has proposed the following ticket for officers for 1912:

Commodore, E. C. Myrick; Vice Commodore, W. S. Creevey; Rear Commodore, J. A. Mahlstedt; Secretary, C. A. Marsland; Treasurer, H. M. Lloyd; Measurer, R. M. Haddock; Trustees, H. H. Moulton, W. L. Van de Wiele, and C. A. Fisher; Regatta Committee, G. P. Granberry, A. E. Eldridge, and H. L. Stone; Art Committee, H. Doscher and W. J. H. Ehler; Nominating Committee, E. R. Wright, W. King, Jr., and H. S. Hart; Law Committee, J. F. Lambden and R. C. Ten Eyck; Entertainment Committee, H. A. Bliven and E. R. Leacraft.

The financial statement for the year 1911 shows expenditures aggregating $2,000 for improvements to club property, and the retirement of bonds, with a cash balance of $3,195. The statement also shows net assets aggregating $13,423, an increase of about $1,000 over the previous annual statement.

After the regular club meeting the annual dinner will be held at the Hotel Manhattan.

New One-Design Boat.

Members of the Bayside Yacht Club are going in strong for a new one-design class craft which has been named the "Bayside Bird," and designed by William Gardner on the suggestion of Charles G. Meyer, who has had considerable experience with the Ruby. Bayside yachtsmen are desirous of having other clubs build in the class and raec them in open races on Long Island Sound.

The "Bayside Bird" is quite similar to the Larchmont Interclub and Islip one-design classes, and as the latter have proved to be fast and satisfactory there is a general movement among the Bayside yachtsmen to put more of them overboard. Members of the club have placed orders for these boats, which are being built at Bevin's shipyard at City Island.

Burns Would Box Johnson.

HONOLULU, Jan. 31.—Tommy Burns, who arrived here to-day from Australia en route to San Francisco, announced that he is ready to box Jack Johnson on his own terms, having recovered from an injury to his kee, sustained in a lacrosse game about eighteen months ago. Burns went to Australia some time ago with Jack Lester, and has been training, pending full recovery of the wrenched knee.

ATTORNEY GENERAL TO SIFT BOXING CLUB

Athletic Commission to Place National Sporting Club in Carmody's Hands.

The State Athletic Commission held a lengthy meeting behind closed doors yesterday afternoon, and at the conclusion announced that the investigation into the affairs of the National Sporting Club would be placed in the hands of Attorney General Carmody, the commission's legal adviser. The exact nature of the investigation was not disclosed by the Commissioners. At the conclusion of the investigation last week into the Knockout Brown-Abe Attell bout the commission announced that such an investigation would be undertaken, but the course to be pursued was not made known until yesterday.

Commissioner O'Neil said yesterday that there were certain points brought out in the testimony at the recent hearing which demanded that an investigation should be held, and it is said that some of the evidence which he obtained in his personal investigation regarding the Brown-Attell bout figures in the coming case. A full report of the recent case is to be placed in the hands of the Attorney General.

Some time ago Tom O'Rourke, who had held the position of Managing Director of the National Sporting Club, appeared before the commission and announced that he had severed all official connection with the club. Some of the evidence in the Attell case linked O'Rourke's name prominently with the club, and it is understood that this is one of the reasons of the investigation.

The commission adopted a rule yesterday which will find much favor among boxing enthusiasts who have been compelled to suffer through the unnecessary delays of boxers, and, at times, promoters. The rule is that all main bouts must begin no later that 10 o'clolck P. M. A week ago the commission considered the same matter, and at that time offered a suggestion to promoters to the same effect. Since that time no club saw fit to accept the suggestion, but the Commissioners found that there was a general feeling among boxing patrons in favor of it. Allowing for an occasional delay, the new rule will result in all star bouts being completed before 10:45 o'clock.

Jim Maher, a middleweight, and Young Maxey Haugh, a lightweight, were before the commission with a complaint against the Brooklyn Beach A. C., each declaring that he was not paid for services at a recent boxing show in the South Brooklyn club. The President of the club was reached by telephone, and on his promise to make immediate settlement with the boxers the case was dismissed.

Willie Jones, the Brooklyn featherweight, appeared before the commission to answer the complaint of the Long Acre A. A. that he had failed to box Johnny Dundee last week, according to agreement. Jones showed some contracts to box at another club, one of which specified that he should engage in no bouts for ten days preceding, and on this evidence the case was dismissed.

The commisssion will again send out an announcement to all boxers participating in bouts in this State to send to the Secretary of the commission their names and addresses, together with the names and addresses of their managers.

MURPHY AND HOGAN DRAW.

New York and San Francisco Boys Engage in Lots of Clinching.

Special to The New York Times.

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal., Jan. 31.—Harlem Tommy Murphy of New York City and "One Round" Hogan of this city fought a twenty-round battle to-night in James Coffroth's club, and at the end Referee Selig declared it a draw.

When the boxers entered the ring the clubhouse was crowded with fight fans. Murphy was the favorite in the betting. With the exception of the second round Murphy outpointed Hogan in all the rounds up to the ninth. Honors were even in that session and they remained even until the thirteenth, when Hogan took the aggressive again and forged to the front.

The bout was distinctly marked by clinching, the referee being forced to pry the boys apart time after time until he seemed almost groggy from his efforts.

Hogan got rough in the fourth round in the clinches, and after elbowing Murphy a couple times the referee warned Hogan to desist. In the seventh Murphy landed on Hogan's jaw, and "One Round" found a landing place on the ropes. Murphy poked Hogan on the nose in the thirteenth round, and the first blood to show in the bout was brought out on Hogan's face.

"SUB" BOXER KNOCKED OUT

Wee Barton Dodges Bout and Jerry Ost Is Victim of Paddy Sullivan.

Wee Barton, the negro who was matched to box Paddy Sullivan in the final bout of ten rounds last night at the Sharkey A. C., did not appear, and as a substitute for Barton the management procured Jerry Ost of Harlem, who was knocked out in the fourth round.

The Harlemite was nothing like a match for his opponent and from the start Paddy, a rugged and hard hitting little boxer, began to mix matters and forced his opponent to the aggressive. Ost showed a little ability in the first round by holding off Sullivan, who had not warmed up to his task. At the beginning of the second Sullivan set sail to bring about the end and covered Ost with hard rights and lefts to the body.

In the third round he changed his attack and used a straight left jab that landed on the Harlemite's face at will and soon had him in bad shape. In the fourth round, when Ost was practically out and unable to defend himself, Sullivan brought over a short right uppercut to the jaw, knocking out Ost.

Smith vs. Loughery To-night.

Jeff Smith, the Bayonne welterweight, and Young Loughrey of Philadelphia will clash in the star bout at the National Sporting Club to-night. Both have appeared recently at this club, Smith in a bout against Willie Lewis and Loughery against Walter Coffey, and their work in these bouts resulted in this match. Smith has been a most consistent winner in his recent bouts, but in Loughery he will face one of the most aggressive and strongest boxers of his class. In the semi-final Larry Ryan will clash with Joe Kastner.

Young Wagner Outpoints Malia.

Young Wagner, the local bantamweight, outpointed Mike Malia of Jersey City over the ten-round route at the Long Acre Athletic Association last night. Malia managed to hold the New Yorker even in the first and tenth rounds, but Wagner carried off the honors in the other eight. Malia, however, put up a hard battle and forced Wagner to go fast all the way. The latter was too clever for his opponent at long range, and he also did some effective work in the infighting.

NOTES OF THE BOXERS.

The Irish-American A. C. will hold an amateur boxing and wrestling tournament at the clubhouse Feb. 5 and 7. The preliminaries will be held on Monday night and the finals the following Wednesday. In the boxing tourney there are five classes provided for, consisting of 107, 114, 122, 133, and 145 pounds. In the wrestling classes there are only three divisions, 120, 130, and 140 pounds. Solid gold watches will be given the victors in each weight class and a gold watch to second man in each weight class. Entries close Tuesday, Feb. 2, with Joseph Dickman, 110 East Fifty-ninth Street, and Dieges & Clust, 20 John Street.

The Royale A. C. show on Saturday night will bring together two rugged lightweights of Brooklyn—Bant Dorsey and Lou Meyers. Dorsey is an old-timer, and is showing better form than at any other time during his long career.

At the New Polo A. A. to-morrow night there will be thirty-two rounds of boxing. In the star attraction of ten rounds Eddie Sherman will oppose Tiger Young. The semi-final, scheduled for six rounds, will introduce Johnny Harvey and Jimmy Vetto and should furnish some real action. The preliminary card will consist of four-round exhibitions.

Patsy Kline of Newark will tackle Ty Cobb, the fast Philadelphia boxer, at the Fordon A. C. to-night in the main event of ten rounds. Kline is one of the best featherweights in this section, and in Cobb will find a hard and willing opponent, who can both take and give punishment. Both boys are fast, and if they live up to their past performances should furnish action of the fastest variety.

Eddie O'Keefe, the fast featherweight from Philadelphia, and Johnny Dundee, the west side idol, will probably be seen in action next week at one of the local clubs.

CENTRAL PARK MUSIC RIDE.

Amusing Equestrienne Exhibition at Riding Academy.

The weekly music ride and equestrienne feats of the Central Park Riding Academy last night was witnessed by a representative crowd and furnished several thrills. The programme consisted of a music ride in which thirty couples participated, the third polo game of a series of eight between the Central Park and Durland teams and a novelty potato race.

The music ride brought out the regular riders, commanded by A. W. Dingleman, the leaders being Miss E. T. August and O. W. Coleman. The party went through the various paces, manoeuvring in pairs, fours, sixes, &c., and making circles and various figures.

The potato race in which eight riders competed furnished the thrills of the card and every one of the riders in their efforts to carry the potatoes from one end of the arena to the other and place them in buckets got tangled up in the reins and experienced difficulty in placing their objects. The event was finally captured by A. Chase of the Saddle and Bridle Club.

The polo game brought out two apparently well balanced teams from the viewpoint of horsemanship, but the team work of the home trio was far superior to that of their opponents and after getting in action they won handily by the score of 8 goals to 2. Among those who participated in the ride were: O. W. Coleman, Miss E. T. August, Miss Landfield, A. B. Chase, Mr. and Mrs. A. Kloh, Miss G. Droesse C. M. Bowes, Miss M. Estey, Mrs. J. Magen, Miss M. Setzer, W. Salman, A. Oppenheimer, and J. Sanford. The lineup:

DURLAND'S.	CENTRAL PARK.
1—M. Erlanger.	1—S. Casey.
2—W. M. Hurwitz, (Captain.)	2—J. E. Maher, (Capt.)
Back—C. Bloomberg.	Back—C. Gerhart.

Goals—Central Park Riding Academy, 8; Durland's Riding Academy, 2. Referee—J. Swager. Timekeeper—A. W. Fenny.

LAMY BEATS WOOD AGAIN.

Saranac Skater Wins Professional Championship from Title Holder.

SARANAC LAKE, N. Y., Jan. 31.—By winning four ice-skating races in a series of six Edmund Lamy was to-day declared the victor in the professional match at various instances skated by himself and Morris Wood. The races began yesterday and were concluded to-day.

Lamy yesterday won the three-quarter and the mile events and to-day captured the half-mile and the two-mile races. Wood yesterday proved himself the better man at a short distance by winning the 220-yard dash, and to-day took the 440-yard event in a fast sprint. Wood's time to-day was 39 2-5 seconds.

Lamy won the half by a foot in 1 minute 57 1-5 seconds. The two-mile event proved an exciting contest. Both men fell when ten feet from the finish, but Lamy slid over the line first and was awarded the race. His time was 6:55 2-5.

Yale Held to Small Hockey Score.

Special to The New York Times.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., Jan. 31.—The Springfield Training School hockey team held Yale to a 4 to 1 score in hockey to-day, the Elis making only a single score in the second period. The game was rough, five players, Capt. Cochrane, Cox, McCreery, Bowers, and Berry, being benched for illegal checking. Bowers, the colored forward, played a dashing game for Springfield, scoring their only goal. Line-up:

Yale.	Position.	Springfield.
Carhart	Goal	Briggs
Howe	Point	Carson
Gore	Coverpoint	Cochrane
Cox	Rover	Bowers
Carman	Centre	Patterson
Chauncey, Knowles	Right wing	Berry
Martin, McCreery	Left wing	Gay

Goals—Howe, Cox, (3,) Bowers. Referee—Mr. Birkeslee, Yale. Time—20-minute periods.

Morristown Seven Beats Carleton.

The Morristown School hockey team won its second victory within eight days from the Carleton Academy seven of Summit, N. J., yesterday afternoon by the score of 2 goals to 0. These teams contested in a close game last Wednesday, the Morristown School seven being victorious, after a hard struggle, by the score of 2 to 1. The Carleton Academy team, not being satisfied with this game, asked for a return match, which was decided yesterday. The line-up:

Morristown.	Positions.	Carleton.
Toothe	Left wing	Thebaud
Clough	Rover	Lengumer
Gray	Centre	Jones
Larkin	Right wing	Casgrain
Broughton	Cover point	Nichols
Hewitt	Point	Hamilton
Whiting	Goal	Lamarche

Goals—Toothe, 1; Clough, 1. Penalties—Clough, 1 minute; Hamilton, 1 minute. Referee—Mr. Trevillieger of Summit. Time of Periods—Fifteen and twenty minutes.

Hackley School's Big Hockey Score.

Special to The New York Times.

TARRYTOWN, N. Y., Jan. 31.—Hackley School enjoyed rather an easy hockey victory to-day when they shut out Yonkers High School by the score of 17 to 0. Yonkers High was simply outplayed in all departments of the game. Hackley has run up a total of 55 points to 2 in the six games played to date. Their only defeat was administered by the Yale freshmen team at New Haven last Saturday. Hackley held them to the score of 2 to 1.

Yale Freshmen Hockey Captain.

Special to The New York Times.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., Jan. 31.—Walter S. Heron of Pittsburgh was to-day elected captain of the Yale freshman hockey team for this season. He prepared at the St. Paul School, and is a member of the Scientific School.

Harstrom Defeats Pomfret.

Special to The New York Times.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., Jan. 31.—Harstrom School defeated Pomfret School in hockey by the score of 3 to 2 in an extra-period game.

Harvard Wins One-Sided Hockey.

BOSTON, Jan. 31.—The Harvard hockey team defeated the St. Francis Xavier seven from Antigonish, N. S., 7 to 2, in a one-sided game at the Boston Arena to-night.

Summit H. S. Loses at Basket Ball.

The Morristown School basket ball team defeated the Summit High School quintet yesterday afternoon on the Summit High School court, by the score of 29 to 22. The line-up:

Morristown.	Positions.	Summit H. S.
Heyburn	Right forward	Alesbury
Hunting	Left forward	Reavey
W. De Vitalis	Centre	Morrison
C. De Vitalis	Right guard	White
Hargraves	Left guard	Falkenburg

Goals from field—Heyburn, 1; Hunting, 4; Walter De Vitalis, 5; C. De Vitalis, 3; Alesbury, 3; Morrison, 8. Goals from foul—Hunting, 2; Walter De Vitalis, 1. Referee—Jack De Coft, Morristown. Umpire—James Coghill, Morristown. Time of halves—Fifteen and twenty minutes.

Fordham Tyros Defeated.

The Cathedral College Maccabees defeated the Fordham University Tyros in a fast game yesterday on Cathedral College court by the score of 17 to 10. The line-up:

Cathedral Maccabees.	Positions.	Fordham Tyros.
Shanahan	Right forward	Waldron
Byrnes	Left forward	Stanley
Amato	Centre	Ryan
Meyers	Right guard	Mahoney
Farrell	Left guard	Webb

Goals from field—Waldron, (4,) Stanley, Shanahan, (3,) Byrnes, (3,) Meyers, Farrell. Goal from foul—Shanahan. Referee—Mr. Breen. Time of halves—20 minutes.

Cathedral Midgets Win.

The Cathedral College Midgets basket ball team defeated the Fordham Prep. five yesterday afternoon on the Fordham court by the score of 32 to 26. The line-up:

Midgets.	Position.	Fordham Prep.
J. Murphy	Right forward	W. Murphy
Lee	Left forward	Flannigan
Breen	Centre	Henchcliff
Drew	Right guard	Cunningham
Ostermann	Left guard	Viviano

Goals from field—Drew, 7; Henchcliff, 6; Lee, 3; Breen, 3; Viviano, 3; J. Murphy, 2; Flannigan, 2; Cunningham, 2. Goals from fouls—Lee, 2. Umpire—Mr. O'Connell, Fordham. Referee—Mr. McCann, Cathedral College. Time of halves—Twenty minutes.

Hackley Basket Ball Victory.

Special to The New York Times.

TARRYTOWN, N. Y., Jan. 31.—The Hackley School basket ball team won its game to-day by defeating Trinity School by a score of 30 to 21. The home team played well, showing at times flashes of fast floor work.

Riverview Defeats Peekskill.

POUGHKEEPSIE, N. Y., Jan. 31.—Riverview Academy basket ball team to-day defeated the Peekskill Academy quintet by a score of 39 to 11.

Uvanni Outpoints Williams.

GLENS FALLS, N. Y., Jan. 31.—Joe Uvanni of Troy outpointed and outfought Jim Williams of Providence, R. I., in a ten-round bout here to-night.

MARQUARD HOLDING OUT FOR MORE PAY

Giants' Tall, Left-Handed Pitcher Wants More Salary Than McGraw Has Offered Him.

Contracts were received at the Giants' headquarters yesterday from Catcher Arthur Wilson and two of the most promising recruits of the 1912 squad, Pitcher Evan Evans and Third Baseman Gus Gardella. The contracts make a total of twenty-one signed documents now in the hands of Secretary Joseph O'Brien. While nothing definite can be learned at the club headquarters regarding Rube Marquard, a friend of the big southpaw said yesterday that Rube is a real member of the Holdout League. The figures on the contract sent to him are far from satisfactory to Marquard, who feels that his work last season should entitle him to a much larger stipend than the contract calls for.

Evans is the real giant of the recruit division, standing 6 feet 2½ inches. He is a left-hander and was obtained by draft from the Dallas Club of the Texas League. Evans was the busiest pitcher in the league last season, figuring in forty-eight games. He is credited with eighteen victories against sixteen defeats with a fourth-place team. He ranked high in both batting and fielding, with figures of .256 and .960, respectively. The youngster has been in professional baseball only two seasons and is regarded as one of the most promising pitchers ever turned out by the Texas League.

Gardella, like Evans, has seen only two years of professional service, both of which he spent in the Connecticut League. Gus is one of the few players recommended by Scout Mike Finn. He was the star third baseman of that league last season, but his hitting was rather light, only .243.

The contract of Pitcher Russell Ford was received at the Yankees' office yesterday. Secretary Tom Davis said that there was nothing to the report that Jack Warhop was a holdout.

President Navin and Manager Hugh Jennings of the Detroit Tigers have definitely decided upon the squad which is to be taken on the Southern training trip. The full squad numbers thirty players, the list including thirteen pitchers, four catchers, nine infielders, and four outfielders. The recruit division, numbering fourteen players, in charge of Coach Joe Sugden, will leave Detroit on Saturday, Feb. 24. Manager Jennings will not accompany the youngsters, but will go with the veterans, who are due to leave Detroit about ten days later.

Johnny Kling, the new manager of the Boston Braves, has spiked the story originating in Chicago that he was so anxious to obtain his old battery partner, Ed Reulbach, that he would give up Pitcher George Tyler in exchange. The proposition was first made by Manager Frank Chance and President Murphy made the offer to Boston. As Tyler is one of the most promising players on the Boston team. Kling refused to consider such a trade. As Tyler won .417 of his games last year, while his team finished with a mark of .291, it can be seen how highly he is regarded in the Hub.

Frank Smith, of piano-mover fame, is the latest ball player to decide that he can get more money outside of baseball than on the firing line. Smith has notified Manager Hank O'Day of the Cincinnati team that he will retire from the game in order to open a café in Pittsburgh.

Pitcher Jimmy Lavender, who was turned back to the Cubs by the National Commission on the grounds that his transfer to Montreal was not permissible, has sent in his signed contract to the Cubs and will be taken on the training trip.

Jimmy Callahan, the White Sox manager, is the latest Chicago payer to own an automobile, having purchased a machine this week. Frank Chance, Ed Reulbach, Frank Schulte, and Ed Walsh also own machines.

Jimmy Casey, after twenty years of service in professional baseball, has announced his permanent retirement from the game to engage in dentistry and the sale of drugs in Detroit. Casey broke into baseball as a catcher in 1891 with Pawtucket, and played with several minor league clubs until 1898, when he was sold to Washington. Here he turned his attention to third base and later became a star at the position. He came to Brooklyn in 1899, remained there until 1903, then went to Chicago and played with the Cubs until 1906, when he returned to Brooklyn in the big trade that brought Jimmy Sheckard to Chicago. In 1908 and 1909 Casey managed the Montreal Club and the following year he was a scout for Detroit. Last season he managed the Fort Wayne team of the Three-Eye League.

Pitcher George Bell and Third Baseman Kirkpatrick, both of whom were turned over to Toronto by the Brooklyn Club, have been released by Toronto to the Newark Club.

Pitcher Pappalau Sold to Troy.

BINGHAMTON, N. Y., Jan. 31.—Secretary Edwards of the Binghamton Baseball Association to-night announced that Pitcher Jack Pappalau had been sold to Troy. The consideration was not made public. It was also stated that a deal had been effected with Jack Manning of the York Tri-State League Club whereby Catcher Monohan and Infielder Riley are traded for Second Baseman Bowman. Pappalau has been under suspension by the local team for refusing to accompany them to Syracuse on the last Sunday of the 1911 season.

Cubs' Third Baseman Critically Ill.

SYRACUSE, N. Y., Jan. 31.—James Doyle of this city, third baseman of the Chicago National League baseball team, who was stricken with appendicitis Monday, is reported as being in a critical condition to-night. Doyle was operated upon late Monday afternoon and yesterday his physicians said that his condition was favorable. To-day a change for the worse occurred. Doyle was considered last season as one of the leading third sackers in the National League. He is a graduate of Niagara University.

Hank O'Day Signing the Reds.

CINCINNATI, Ohio, Jan. 31.—Manager Hank O'Day of the Cincinnati baseball team announced to-day that he had signed Catcher John B. "Larry" McLean, Pitcher Harry Gasper, and Shortstop McDonald for the 1912 season. McDonald is an infielder recruited from Dallas, Texas.

$50,000 Clubhouse for Arcola C. C.

HACKENSACK, Jan. 31.—The contract for a $50,000 clubhouse for the recently organized Arcola Country Club was to-day awarded to William H. Whyte, a Hackensack contractor. The 18-hole golf course on the new grounds is considered one of the most attractive of the State. Well-known golfers of Paterson, Hackensack, Ridgewood, and New York are among the members. The new clubhouse will surpass anything of the kind hereabouts, and will have accommodations for a large number of members.

Sommer to Coach Colgate Eleven.

HAMILTON, N. Y., Jan. 31.—Frank Sommer of Philadelphia has been engaged to coach the Colgate football team for the season of 1912, it was announced to-day. Sommer played half back on the University of Pennsylvania eleven two seasons, and coached a very successful team at Mercersburg Academy last year.

Yale Track Team's Engagements.

Special to The New York Times.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., Jan. 30.—President Fritz Mullins of the Yale Athletic Association to-night announced Yale's list of dates for the season, which includes five outdoor and three indoor engagements and an interscholastic meet. The list: Feb. 10, Boston Athletic Association games, Boston; Feb. 17, Columbia University indoor meet, New York; March 2, Georgetown University indoor games, Washington; April 27, Pennsylvania relay games, Philadelphia; May 4, Spring meet; May 11, Yale vs. Princeton, dual meet, Yale Field; May 19, Yale vs. Harvard, dual meet, at Cambridge, and Yale interscholastic meet, Yale Field; May 31 and June 1, intercollegiates.

Coach Mack has selected Yale's entries for the Boston A. A. games and other indoor meets as follows: Sprints—Thatcher, Connoll, Howard; hurdles—Larkin, Platt, Davidson, Potter; 600-yard run—Brigham, Farrar, Connolly, Hendrickson; mile run—Gulliver, Booth, Hendricks, Gallagher; shot put—Bomeisler; high jump—Dickinson, Douglas; relay team—Bellaws, Scotten, Seymour, Brigham, Baker, and Norris.

TEN ENTRIES FOR RACE.

Lexington Car to Start in Indianapolis Sweepstakes.

Ten entries have been received to date for the $50,000 International Sweepstakes Race on the Indianapolis Motor Speedway next Memorial Day. The latest entry is a six cylinder Lexington by the Lexington Motor Car Campany of Connersville, Ind. This is the first contest of the kind in which this company has entered.

Harry Knight, one of America's youngest motor pilots, is nominated to drive the Lexington car. Knight appeared in the last 500 mile race in a Westcott, but met with an accident in the ninety-sixth lap, or very nearly half way through the event.

The other entries consist of two Stutz cars, entered by the Ideal Motor Car Company of Indianapolis, to be driven by "Gil" Anderson and Len Zengle, with Billy Knipper as relief driver; two Mercedes cars to be driven by Spencer Wishart of Port Chester, New York, and Raplh De Palma; two six-cylinder Case cars with Louis Disbrow and Joseph Jagersberger nominated as pilots; two National cars with a team of four drivers named, consisting of Wilcox, Herrick, Merz and Herr, and a Fiat entered by E. E. Hewlett of Los Angeles, Cal., to be driven by Teddy Tetzlaff.

Tentative announcements of entries have been received from several other manufacturers which will bring the total list up to twenty-five cars.

GOODMAN HORSES BARRED.

Erratic Running of Lena Lech Causes Juarez Stewards to Act.

JUAREZ, Mexico, Jan. 31.—As a result of the in-and-out running of the mare Lena Lech the Stewards to-day announced that her future entry, as well as all horses owned by J. B. Goodman & Co. and trained by A. B. Coyle, be refused. All favorites fared badly to-day. The summaries:

FIRST RACE—Three and one-half furlongs. Panzaretta, 112 pounds, (Murray,) 4 to 1, won; Palatable, 115, (Henry,) 8 to 5, second; Oldsmobile, 105, (Estep,) 6 to 1, third. Time—0:40 1-5. Tildy Wohlfarth, King Stalwart, Little Blonde, Matty Conner, Black eyed Susan, and Stout Heart also ran.

SECOND RACE—One mile. Fern L., 110 pounds, (Estep,) 5 to 1, won; Mamac, 107, (Gross,) 4 to 1, second; Lehigh, 92, (Callahan,) 6 to 1, third. Time—1:40 3-5. F. L. Proctor, Minolette, Hiccough, Tohae, Heart's Relief, Irish Beauty, Pedro, and Kiddy Lee also ran.

THIRD RACE—Six furlongs. Abound, 109 pounds, ((Buxton,) 2 to 1, won: Bill Eaton, 112, (Carter,) 10 to 1, second; Big Claim, 109, (Miller,) 15 to 1, third. Time—1:13 4-5. The Visitor, Sam Connor, Sir Vie, Jim Mc., Golden Ruby, Kelsing, Maxing, Boana, Serenade, Mapleton, Stafford, and Doc Allen also ran.

FOURTH RACE—One mile. Uncle Ben, 97 pounds, (Carter.) 13 to 5, won; John Louis, 103, (Mulligan,) 8 to 5, second; Dangerous March, 103, (Small,) 5 to 1, third. Time—1:39 1-5. Henry Walbank also ran.

FIFTH RACE.—Six furlongs. Lyte Knight, 112, (Henry,) 6 to 1, won; Odelia, 92, (Callahan,) 10 to 1, second; Hidden Hand, 112, (Buxton,) 60 to 1, third. Time—1:14 1-5. Hazel C., Acquia, Emma G., Annual Interest, New Capital, Braxton, and Sir Irenus also ran.

SIXTH RACE—Seven furlongs. Anna McGee, 98 pounds, (Carter,) 4 to 5, won; L. M. Eckert, 105, (Small,) 3 to 1, second; Lottie Creed, 106, (Estep,) 6 to 1, third. Time—1:26 4-5. Glorio, Juan, Zulu, and Fred Mulholland also ran.

Entries for Juarez Racing.

FIRST RACE.—Selling; six furlongs. Defy, Ailsa Paige, 97 pounds; Hugh Gray, 99; John Heck, Brack Bonta, 102; Elder, Brave Withers, Brighton, High Street, 114; High Range, Mikado, King White, 117.

SECOND RACE.—Selling; one mile. Mandero, 92 pounds; *Wicket, *Bit o' Fortune, 107; Keep Moving, Virginia Lindsey, 110; Dubinon, Charles Green, Little Marchmont, 112; Setback, 115.

THIRD RACE.—Selling, fillies and mares; six furlongs. *Descerion, 91 pounds; Free, Ferrona, Acguin, 97; *Chilla, 107; Lady Macy, 109; Orba Smile, 112.

FOURTH RACE.—Handicap; mile. Irish Gentleman, 103 pounds; Arasee, 108; Injury, Meadow, 122.

FIFTH RACE.—Selling; six furlongs. Marsand, 95, pounds; Royal Tea, 96; Batwa, 97; *Eye White, 103; Delaney, 105; John Griffin II., 108; J. H. Reed, 111; Oxen, 115.

SIXTH RACE.—Selling; six furlongs. Zandla, Mary Emily, 97 pounds; Isom, Narfi, 99; Cry Baby, *King Elk, 109; Col. Marchmont, Velsini, 111; *Signor, 112; Balella, Gramercy, I'll Meet'er, 114.

*Apprentice allowance claimed.

Huguenot Yacht Club Meeting.

The annual meeting of the Huguenot Yacht Club of New Rochelle will be held at the Hotel Astor in this city on Feb. 12, at 6:30 P. M. The Nominating Committee has reported the following ticket for election: Commodore—G. W. Keas; Vice Commodore—T. I. Coe; Rear Commodore—H. M. Williams; Secretary—H. M. Myrick; Treasurer—G. C. Allen; Trustees—E. A. Sanford and E. W. King. The seventeenth annual dinner of the club will be held at the Hotel Astor on Feb. 17. T. Fleming Day has announced his intention of being present and of returning to the club its flag presented to him and carried by the Sea Bird on her voyage to Rome.

Yale's Golf Matches for 1912.

Special to The New York Times.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., Jan. 31.—Manager Howard Lee of the Yale golf club team to-night announced the schedule for next season. Yale will play six matches, all away from home. The schedule:

April 20, Greenwich Country Club; 27, Hartford Golf Club; May 4, Wykagyl Country Club, New Rochelle; 11, Princeton, at Apawamis; 17, Williams, at Nassau Country Club; 25, New Haven Country Club.

Ten-Mile Foot Race Postponed.

The proposed ten-mile race between Billy Queal, the American distance runner, and the Henry St. Yves-George Raines team, which was to have been decided last night at the Metropolitan Roller Skating Rink, Fifty-second Street and Broadway, was postponed on account of St. Yves having received an injury while training for the race.

Ski Jumper Covers 144 Feet.

BELOIT, Wis., Jan. 31.—The longest standing jump this Winter in the American Ski Association, 144 feet, was made here to-day by Sigurd Hansen, a professional from Fergus Falls, Minn. The jump was made at the dedicatory tournament of the new 240-foot slide of the Beloit Ski Club.

Seventh Regiment Class B Tennis.

George D. Moore, Jr., minus 40, beat P. M. Hall, minus ½ 30, in the semi-final round of the Seventh Regiment's Class B handicap tennis tournament yesterday by the score of 6–8, 6–1, 6–1.

MAY DECIDE PLANS FOR GLIDDEN TOUR

Executive Committee of A. A. A. to Meet To-morrow to Discuss Board of Control.

Conditions and a route for the 1912 Glidden tour may be announced this week. The Executive Committee of the American Automobile Association will meet at Chicago to-morrow, when the Glidden tour will be the principal topic discussed. While several changes have been suggested it is unlikely that any radical departure will be made from the competition of 1911.

The advisability of a transcontinental tour, starting at San Francisco and ending in New York, has found many supporters, but the general impression among the dealers and American Automobile Association officials is that the time is hardly ripe for this movement, although it may be feasible for the 1913 tour. There is a general sentiment among the motorists, particularly those who took part in the last Glidden tour, favoring the absolute elimination of all semblance of speed competition and make the event in all that its name implies—a tour for real tourists.

The fact that several women took part in last year's Glidden tour has encouraged the idea of making the event a trip in which men and women can enjoy all the advantages of touring, without the severe penalties and daily controls that make the event take on the character of a speed contest.

Charles J. Glidden, the donor of the Glidden Tour Trophy, is in favor of a transcontinental trip, with the elimination of competitive conditions, while A. G. Batchelder, Chairman of the Executive Committee of the American Automobile Association, who left for Chicago yesterday afternoon, strongly indorses a trip across the continent, although he admits that outside of discussing the proposed project nothing definite is likely to be decided at to-morrow's meeting.

Another subject that will probably be inquired into at the meeting is the prospect for this year's racing. It is an open secret that the American Automobile Association would gladly wash its hands of contests and devote all its energies to National highways improvement, believing that more good can be done to motoring in this direction than by controlling the racing game. But for the fact that its action would be misconstrued the association would turn over to the Manufacturers' Contest Association the absolute control of all speed contests, both on track and road.

The cost of maintenance of the Contest Board of the A. A. A. was more than $3,000 last year, while in previous years the amount was nearly double notwithstanding the receipts from sanctions. The Federal Aid Convention of Good Roads is a step in the direction that will, it is expected, be the final goal of the association. This will enable the organization to escape the troubles and difficulties of the work in connection with the race meets.

It is probable that the Executive Committee will reach an agreement on the question of the Chairmanship of the Contest Board, which is at present filled by William Schimpf. The latter has acted as Chairman since the death of Samuel M. Butler, but being an amateur has received no pay for his services. Chairman Schimpf is not unwilling to continue in office providing some arrangement can be made to relieve him of the necessity of devoting too much of his time to the work. His administration has been satisfactory, and a continuation of the present plans would be generally acceptable by manufacturers, promoters, and drivers alike.

Southern Pathfinding Trip.

A pathfinding trip through the Southern States will start from Augusta, Ga., within the next ten days in order to meet the demands for the latest and most accurate road data in the South. The trip will cover about 600 miles and will go by way of Nashville, Atlanta, and Chattanooga. It will be in charge of D. D. Armstrong of Atlanta.

St. Francis de Sales Games.

At the athletic games and reception of the Church of St. Francis de Sales and the Hospital Corps of the Eighth Regiment, which will be held to-night at the Eighth Regiment Armory, the complete track and field team of the Irish-American Athletic Club has been entered, including Meyers, Sheppard, Gissing, Kiviat, Egan, Collins, Martin Sheridan, Matt McGrath, Pat McDonald, and Julian Elliott. In addition to these stars, all the clubs in the Metropolitan Association have entered men in the various events. The two-mile bicycle race will be run off in two heats. Willie Van den Dries and Eddie Goodwin, two of the best flat-floor riders of the country, have entered. This will be the first appearance of Van den Dries since his suspension last December for rough riding at the Seventh Regiment games. Goodwin and Van den Dries will start from scratch, allowing liberal handicaps to about twenty other riders, and it should develop into one of the best races ever seen on an armory floor. Alvah Meyers will make an attempt to lower the sixty-yard record. "Babe" McDonald, the giant weight thrower, will also try for a new record in putting the twelve-pound shot. McDonald on last Thursday night created a new world's record for putting the eighteen-pound shot, and should have little difficulty in accomplishing this feat with a leather twelve-pound shot.

Polar Bears to Swim Every Week.

Special to The New York Times.

NEW ROCHELLE, N. Y., Jan. 31.—The "Polar Bears" is the name of a new club organized to-day by Robert Bartnett, Philip Nesbaum, and William Noel, members of the United States Life Savings Crew of New Rochelle. The members pledge themselves to swim in Echo Bay at least once a week all the year around, regardless of the temperature.

New York Women Win at Tennis.

Special to The New York Times.

PINEHURST, N. C., Jan. 31.—Interesting matches advanced the second annual mid-Winter tennis tournament to the semi-final stage to-day, the survivors among the women being Mrs. A. Graham Miles, Miss Edna Wildey, and Mrs. Marshall McLean of the West Side Tennis Club, New York, and Mrs. George Chapman of Nyack, who play in the semi-final in the order given. The summary:

Second Round.—Miss Wildey defeated Mrs. C. C. Blancke of Netherwood, 6–1, 6–2; Mrs. Miles defeated Miss Alice Watters of Boston, 6–2, 6–3; Mrs. McLean won from Mrs. L. L. Gilbert of Plainfield by default; Mrs. George Chapman of Nyack defeated Miss Margaret Blancke of Netherwood, 6–1, 6–2.

Campaigns and Business

Roger W. Babson, the statistician and economist, discusses the effect of Presidential campaigns on the business of the country in an interesting interview in

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THE MONEY TRUST DILEMMA.

The embarrassment of the Democrats regarding the investigation of the money trust is one of the most encouraging signs of the times. Only a little while ago the thing would have gone through with a whoop, but now it is necessary to caucus about it or abandon it. One reason is that other investigations of a similar sort have been worse than useless in a political sense. The more the progressive or Bryanite Democrats perceive that their hold on events is weakening, the more desperate is their desire to regain control. And the more the soberer portion of the party see that the machinery of legislation is blocked by such sideshows the more they wish to gain the right of way for constructive work.

The real question is not whether the money trust shall be investigated, but what sort of a Presidential campaign shall the Democrats carry on. A star witness has testified that the money trust conducts itself strictly according to law, and that it is too vast and vague to be slain offhand. Although copious in his vocabulary, he lacked words even to describe it in terms which his legal common sense would approve. An indefinite period is necessary merely to lay a basis for future action, and there is much else which must be done before the nominating conventions. Evidently it is no child's play to shut up the Clearing Houses and to close the Stock Exchange, and the proposal to do so is not received with the acclaim which would make it politically worth while. To take the matter into caucus would reduce the Democrats to the same state of disorganization as that from which the Republicans are extricating themselves. A victory or a defeat for either side would be more embarrassing than the present situation. There were sixteen specifications in the bill of particulars, and each of them indicated somebody for whom the axe was sharpened rather than any public benefit to be realized from the spreading of such information. This was much too raw, and the substitute is draughted in innocuous generalities.

The idea that the inquiry should not be made because there is something to conceal is not one to be held by the judicious. The more there is to uncover the more urgent is the need for uncovering it at the right time and in the right manner. It was very well represented to the committee that "whether a calm, judicial, painstaking, "non-partisan investigation can be "conducted on the eve of a Presidential "election is for you to determine." However unobjectionable or even useful an investigation of that sort might be all the precedents indicate an investigation in the manner of a National minstrel show, with merry quips between the interlocutor and the end men, who delight to find themselves in the spotlight of the newspapers of the morning after. This is not what the country demands. Neither is it what the politicians ought to want, since the proof that conventions are not to be carried in the manner which was offensive even in Oklahoma. It will be necessary to chain up the Democratic Abernathy kids and to put the strong men in control, on issues worth while.

PAWNBROKERS AND THIEVES.

THE TIMES has received from Police Commissioner WALDO this letter:

> I find that a bill was introduced in the Assembly on Jan. 22, 1912, by Mr. BROOKS "to amend the general busi-"ness law in relation to pawnbrokers "furnishing lists of pledged articles to "police authorities." This bill meets with the approval of the Police Department, and it is hoped that it will be passed. It will be a great aid in recovering stolen property.

The jewelers and second-hand dealers of this city are strangely exempt from the requirements imposed in every other large city, excepting Jersey City, that they furnish daily lists to the head of police describing accurately and "in-"cluding all distinguishing marks and "numbers," second-hand articles taken in pawn or bought by them. The books kept by the pawnbrokers and second-hand dealers are technically within the law if they record, for instance, that a ring, set with three diamonds, lettered with the owner's initials, stamped with the maker's name, and marked 18 K, is simply "a diamond ring." This entry would furnish no clue at all to the policeman examining the pawnbroker's books.

Assemblyman BROOKS's bill is good, so far as it goes. It requires accurate daily descriptions of goods taken in by pawnbrokers only. But there are hundreds of junkshop keepers, jewelers, and dealers in second-hand merchandise who should be subject to like requirements. The bill should be amended to include them. Further, it contains no provision for the summary revoking of the dealer's license upon his failure to comply with its provisions. When Assemblyman PRENTICE introduced, five years ago, his comprehensive bill, the police officials declared that, by its aid, they might recover at least $1,000,000 worth more of stolen property yearly. The police regulations of the City of Boston are a type of the regulations in force all over the country except for New York City and the adjacent population of New Jersey. Here thieves are on notice that they may ply their trade with impunity in the open market.

Assemblyman BROOKS's bill has been referred to the Committee on General Laws, which consists of Assemblymen THORN, CROSS, HOFF, SHLIVEK, PRIME, SLATER, WOOD, CRANE, KARUTZ, GOLDBERG, WENDE, WELL, and GREENBERG. Bills to control pawnbrokers have been smothered in committee during every session since 1906. No word in opposition to them has been uttered. Householders who have lost their goods, men and women who have suffered the ministrations of pickpockets, and the public generally would do well to watch the action, or inaction, of the Committee we have named.

THE WAY NOT TO BUILD SUBWAYS.

There is little to choose between those who build subways exclusively with their mouths, and those who prevent the building of subways by laws. Easily the highest in distinction of either class are those who wish to have a referendum upon the city operation of subways. Since the first of the current year this has been a billion dollar city, and the municipal operation of subways would be the best possible way to start it toward being a two billion dollar city, that is a city with a gross debt of two billion dollars, double the National debt. It would not be necessary to delay even long enough to hold the referendum to reap the first fruits. The inevitable bankruptcy of the city's credit would be discounted long before. Indeed it is hardly too much to say that the mere suggestion has done something to harm the standing of the city's bonds. A city in which such a thing can be mentioned without horror and repudiation is distinctly in danger of such financial excesses as have marked the experience of Detroit, and Cleveland, and Milwaukee, and every other city where socialistic fads have taken root.

There is no greater obstacle to the construction of subways than the laws which were passed to prevent their construction in the manner by which we got the one we have. The deliberate intention to prevent the repetition of further construction under Contract Number One has been executed perfectly. No more subways have been built, and now there is a demand for more laws. The thing in demand is not subways, but issues to carry elections, or to talk about in hopes of carrying them. Those who think that the object of talk about subways is to provide rides in cars running between the boroughs are blind to the wants of the people. What the people want is agitation, and a column on the official ballot, and circulation, and other strictly personal perquisites. Subway transportation is a mere by-product. Those taking this view, so widely held, cannot be expected to sympathize with the idea that what the case calls for is not more laws but the repeal of several laws. The way to get subways is the way we did get them. The way not to get them is to proceed along the path of obstruction.

FEDERAL LICENSES FOR AUTOMOBILES.

How did Senator TOWNSEND of Michigan get the idea into his head that an automobile is commerce? Some joker, by what arts and cajoleries we know not, has persuaded him that an automobile, or the driver of an automobile, is commerce, and therefore, that when the vehicle and the driver traverse a State boundary they are engaged in inter-State commerce. Senator TOWNSEND was bred in the law, he is a member of the Jackson Bar, and he has practised since 1895, yet he has introduced in the Senate a bill "provid-"ing for the identification and regis-"tration of automobiles engaged in "inter-State commerce, and the licens-"ing of the operators thereof," of which the second section provides:

> The provisions of this act shall apply to any automobile while engaged in commerce with foreign States or among the several States and operated and driven from one State to another State of the United States, or from one State in the United States to a foreign country, or from a foreign country to any State in the United States.

By an exercise of moderation and self-restraint the Senator has made his bill provide that it shall not apply to any automobile operated and driven wholly within one State. The bill is not compulsory, but it permits automobile owners or operators to register themselves or their vehicles in the Office of Public Roads of the Department of Agriculture upon the payment of the modest fee of $10, filing therewith a verified description of their car such as is required for State registration. They are not exempted thereby from the provisions of State laws in regard to automobiles except that, when the owner or driver thus registered goes out of the State in which he resides to another State, his Federal license number shall entitle him "to enjoy all the rights and privileges "and be subject to all the require-"ments of the laws of the last men-"tioned State," save that he is not required to display the distinctive State number or to have a State license of that State. It may be admitted that this would be a convenience. It would enable an automobile owner residing in New York, when equipped with a Federal license, to grin defiance in the face of a New Jersey constable calling his attention to the fact that he had no Jersey license number. Convenience is probably the only merit of the bill.

How does Senator TOWNSEND figure it out that the driver of an automobile not carrying goods or passengers is engaged in inter-State commerce? Is he a commercial traveler, canvasser, or solicitor, or an agent selling by samples? Is he an express company? Is he a grain elevator? Is he a ferry or a tug boat? Is he a railroad or stage company? Is travel commerce? The Supreme Court has never said so. It has said that commerce is the interchange of commodities, but that it is something more than traffic; it is commercial intercourse between nations and parts of nations. It is not even limited to mere buying and selling, but embraces all commercial intercourse, whether by land or water, and includes communication by telegraph. But if the use of an automobile for tours of pleasure or for journeys of utility and convenience is commerce, then we should say that kite-flying and duck shooting are commerce, and under the proper conditions inter-State commerce. Checker playing is a little doubtful, but golf playing across a State boundary must be inter-State commerce, since the reports of important matches speak of the player as "negotiating" a hole. Any one of these pastimes or recreations is just as much commerce, inter-State or intra-State, as is the driving of an automobile. Mr. VOLSTEAD of the House has introduced a bill apparently identical with that of Senator TOWNSEND, and both have gone to the appropriate committees. We have little doubt that they will remain in committee.

We recognize in Senator TOWNSEND one of our old friends of the ESCH-TOWNSEND combination, who were so very much before the public during the discussion of the Ratemaking bill. They filled that measure overflowing full with their peculiar views and studded it with absurdities that had to be drawn out with a clawhammer, until Senators and Representatives capable of understanding how grotesque were their ideas, were nearly worn out in their endeavors to bring the measure into some decent conformity with the Constitution. Mr. TOWNSEND's automobile bill can never be brought into conformity with the Constitution and the decisions of the court.

THE TIMES IN JANUARY.

January was a month of record-breaking and record-making in the sixty years history of THE NEW YORK TIMES.

It printed more items of news than in any previous month in its history.

It printed more special telegraphic dispatches of domestic news.

It printed more special foreign news dispatches.

It published more reading matter, more city news, and commercial and financial news.

It published more pages of its regular daily and Sunday editions than in any previous month.

It had a larger circulation and more readers than in any previous month.

It published a larger volume of advertising than ever before in any single month.

The readers of a newspaper are the final judges of its quality. From the fact that THE TIMES had more readers in January than ever before it would appear that their judgment was favorable.

THE CATSKILL AQUEDUCT.

The great aqueduct that dips in a U-shaped siphon under the Hudson at Storm King Mountain already gives assurance that no water famine will come to this city, though its population rise to ten millions in the generation to come. The blast which Mayor GAYNOR fired on Tuesday completing the Hudson tunnel opening makes it certain that, before the Croton Reservoir can again be depleted, it can be fed from the Catskills. The city is to be congratulated.

Ex-Mayor MCCLELLAN is to be congratulated, also. This mighty engineering feat, now three-fourths completed, would have been impossible had not Mayor MCCLELLAN fought for its authorization by the Legislature. At every step in its initiation and progress it would have been prevented by bitter criticism and public attacks, had not Mr. MCCLELLAN met them by a consistent record of honest and unselfish administration. At the Hamilton Club dinner in Brooklyn in 1905 he pledged himself, and, by force of his example, all subsequent administrations, to carry this work to completion without partisanship and in the public interest. The pledge was kept.

Rancor and bitterness have disappeared. The public realizes the need of this vast work. It stands as a memorial to those public officials whose accomplishments are sound, but misunderstood, and whose recognition and reward are only deferred.

A BARONET OF THE WORLD.

HENNIKER HEATON is now HENNIKER HEATON, Bt. The King could only make him a Baronet of the United Kingdom, and it is well that he has done so. Certainly it is not an excessive honor to confer upon the unofficial Postmaster General of the world. He is now something more than a Knight, (which distinction he has rightly and repeatedly declined,) and something less than a Peer, and walks after the younger sons of Barons. He ranks higher now among those distinguished rather by public service than by social precedence, and has borne his old honors modestly as well as long. More than any other man he is responsible for the Imperial penny post which dates from 1898. The Anglo-American penny post came almost a decade later in 1907. Other achievements of the new Baronet are the introduction of telegraph money orders in England, the improvement of the parcels post to France and other countries, and not a few other services to humanity which rank him high among those who have served their fellow-men of many countries.

We trust that Chairman SULZER of the Committee on Foreign Affairs will insist upon the provision of a closed season of at least fifteen years for fur seals in his bill, giving effect to the treaty with the nations concerned. This might, possibly, be modified to provide for a survey of the Pribilof herd after ten years, and a cautious resumption of killing upon its findings. The testimony of HENRY W. ELLIOTT has been effective in causing a reconsideration of the bill and in bringing up the question whether the care of the herd should continue under the control of the Department of Commerce and Labor. It should be put back into the control of the Secretary of the Treasury.

THE TIMES printed yesterday from Mr. JOSEPH H. CHOATE, honorary Chairman of the American Dickens Association, a reminder that barely a week remains in which those who have derived pleasure and benefits from the works of CHARLES DICKENS may subscribe to the centenary fund being raised here and in England to place his five granddaughters beyond the pale of want. In a measure, American contributions to this fund might be regarded as "conscience money," for in DICKENS's day there was no international copyright law, and neither the novelist nor his family have ever derived a penny of profit from the sales here of the twenty-six million copies of his books which gave so much pleasure to numberless Americans. Contributions to the centenary fund will be received by Mr. CLARENCE H. MACKAY, Treasurer, at 253 Broadway, until Feb. 7. There are surely enough DICKENS lovers to bring it to an imposing total in the United States.

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

Her Results at Least Are Original. R. R. REEDER, Superintendent of the New York Orphanage, discusses in The Survey the methods of teaching young children introduced in Rome by Dr. MARIA MONTESSORI with results which have recently been described with much enthusiasm in McClure's Magazine by JOSEPHINE TOZIER. Mr. REEDER does not question the accuracy of these descriptions, does not deny the excellence of Dr. MONTESSORI's work, and cordially admits its superiority, on the whole, to that which is done in the great majority of our own schools. He does think, however, that more credit for originality has been given to the Italian woman than she deserves, and declares that any well-informed student of pedagogy can easily point to what was—or might have been—the source of all her ideas.

In other words, Mr. REEDER cannot see that Dr. MONTESSORI does anything that is not included or implied in the educational doctrine of FROEBEL. In his opinion, if she leads in any respect, it is in the emphasis she places on the child's need of freedom in school—on the harm that is done when children are bound fast on a rigid system, when the whole of their minutely subdivided time is taken up with tasks imposed upon them without any regard to their individual inclinations and abilities, and when practically every manifestation of initiative or spontaneity is treated as an infraction of "discipline"—as a school crime or misdemeanor. For this, Mr. REEDER says, Dr. MONTESSORI deserves high praise, but he cannot find anything in it not preached long ago by ROUSSEAU and applied by FROEBEL and PESTALOZZI.

Perhaps not, but the fact that the Montessori schools are so different, both in atmosphere and achievement, even from those where the ideas of those whom he regards as originators are known and to same extent practiced, does seem to indicate that she has discovered something in application, if not in theory, and something, too, that is of large importance. When one comes across some right teaching, in the midst of so much teaching that is utterly and desperately wrong—of teaching that involves a frightful waste of time, health and brains—it hardly seems necessary to deny originality to the woman who is doing it.

And, by the way, we do not understand that she has made any claim to originality; she has merely been doing well, in weeks, what other teachers do ill, in years. There is little of imitation in that.

Pleonasm Only Apparent. GOV. WILSON laments—or at least has once lamented—that his mind is what he calls "a single-track road," but to have such a mind has its advantages as well as its disadvantages. Its possession enables the owner now and then to have some quiet fun with those who think what he has written does not quite or accurately express his thought.

A case in point is provided by the carefully arranged phrases in which Gov. WILSON expressed his present emotions as he reviewed his recent relations with Col. WATTERSON. The way the Governor put it was: "I am only sorry that I have to regret a friendship which, while it lasted, I found interesting and enjoyable."

More has rarely been said in as few words, and the only fault that can be found with them is that on first reading or hearing they do not convey all of their meaning and seem to be somehow wrong, at least to the extent of conveying a pleonasm. As a matter of fact, however, the Governor was not pleonastic, for to regret is one thing, and to be sorry to have to regret is a different as well as another thing, though the distinction is, of course, a fine one, and not instantly appreciable.

Presumably the Governor didn't want the distinction to be instantly seen by anybody, and was content that it shouldn't ever be seen by some. Both suppositions are justified by his quiet refusal to have his statement so amended as to express regret, not for the friendship, but for the loss of the friendship. Had that been done it would no longer have meant what it really does now, which is that the Governor's present sorrow is due to having been on terms of friendship with a man who could and did turn upon him for reasons which the Governor thinks inadequate and in ways he considers improper. Having learned caution by painful experience, the Governor said suavely what he might have said bluntly and harshly.

Such caution may or may not be a mistake, may or may not be necessary. Whatever one's opinion on that question, one must still be a little envious of the ability to put words together with such delicate understanding of all their meanings and implications. That's what it is to be "a schoolmaster"—of the kind Gov. WILSON is.

We Wouldn't Like It Ourselves. Viewing Cuba from this distance, it is, of course, perfectly easy to see that the veterans who fought against Spain are more regardful of their own interests than of the interests of their island when they demand that all public offices be given to them and insist that everybody without a record as a revolutionist who now has an office be summarily extruded therefrom. For it is easily conceivable that a brave and active rebel may be an incompetent official, and that preference for Spanish to native Cuban rule does not necessarily prove lack of either intelligence or ability.

But while it is easy for us to see these things, it is not easy—it is, indeed, extremely difficult—to find an instant answer with which instantly to silence the Cuban veteran who asked yesterday what would have happened here had our own offices, just after our own independence was established, been filled with men who either fled the country when war was declared or remained in it to fight against the patriot armies. As argument, that does not rank high, it being little if any better than "You're another," but when one cannot deny that one really is another, the abstract logic of a situation loses a good deal of its force and glamour.

And the Cubans of our revolutionary days might have said, and probably did, when they cast their eyes in this direction, that the Tories were a fine, respectable, property-owning class, while their antagonists were—well, different, and not quite the people from whom with confidence to expect wise and successful self-government. Anyhow, we treated the Tories with a sternness which they and not a few disinterested observers called cruelty and injustice, and it was many a day before one of them would have dared to run for office or would have been allowed to hold office if appointed to it.

As it happened, however, no outsiders were very much interested in what we did. Cuba is not in that fortunate obscurity, and will have to mind many a P and Q that we forgot or ignored. Her mistakes are so bothersome to other people that she will not be allowed to make many of them or big ones.

NEW CHILDREN'S BUREAU.

Miss Wald Describes to Opposing Gerry Society Officials Its Purpose.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

THE TIMES of Sunday printed a news article upon Commodore Elbridge T. Gerry's and John D. Lindsay's criticisms of the proposed Federal Children's Bureau. The article is headlined "'New Government Department Not Needed,' Say Child Welfare Workers."

Commodore Gerry and Mr. Lindsay misrepresent the functions of the proposed Federal Children's Bureau. They imply that this bureau will have the power of enforcing regulations and thus conflict with the work of local organizations and imperil the States' rights. Even a cursory reading of the bill will convince one of the inaccuracy of this statement.

The supporters of this measure are introducing no Governmental innovations. They base their recommendations upon existing precedents.

Without going into elaborate detail, friends of the children ask that the Government exercise the same responsibility concerning the conservation of child life that it now so admirably exercises in the conservation of the lower forms of life.

The bureau would be a clearing house, a source of information and reliable education on all matters pertaining to the welfare of children, and it would investigate and report upon the questions pertaining to them now nowhere answered in complete or unified form. Only the Federal Government can cover the whole field and stimulate measures by the States. The proposed bureau would not overlap existing bureaus.

The chief of the Census Bureau, the head of the Federal Education Department, the Federal Commissioner of Labor, have participated in the efforts to secure it, and have stated that it would in no way conflict with their duties, but, on the other hand, would make available the statistical facts which they now obtain, in addition to other measures needful for the intelligent care of the children of the Nation.

So far as the friends of the children have been able to discover, opposition to the bill among the children's societies has been confined to Commodore Gerry and his personal associates, and not to his society, as among its Directors have been men who have worked for the creation of the bureau.

LILLIAN D. WALD.

New York, Jan. 30, 1912.

"O K" and Aux Cayes.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

In reply to my note in your columns about "O K" a correspondent writes me that this designation was originally applied to a ship which gave its sailors rum from Aux Cayes to drink, and did not try to satisfy them with any poorer brand of rum. I certainly find Aux Cayes on the map, but as for its having originated our "O K" I wish my friend could cite evidence, for the story looks to me like the product of conjecture. If anybody can even show that Aux Cayes ever had a specially high reputation for its rum that would be something. At present, says my cyclopedia, rum from the French colonies is considered inferior to rum from the British colonies.

STEPHEN B. BYINGTON.

Ballardvale, Mass., Jan. 24, 1912.

Refusal to Build Battleships.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

In reference to the saving of $20,000,000 by the refusing of the Democratic Congress to build new battleships, I desire to say that in event of war with a foreign country this saving will mean at the least a loss of $2,000,000,000, besides the loss of human life that such a saving would bring about.

A DISGUSTED DEMOCRAT.

New York, Jan. 31, 1912.

MR. HOVEY'S LIFE OF MORGAN.

Says There Never Was Any Question of Its Being Authorized by Mr. Morgan

To the Editor of The New York Times:

A TIMES reporter called me up on the telephone at my house Tuesday evening and said that some one had seen a cable from J. Pierpont Morgan repudiating the life of him which I wrote. The reporter had not seen the cable, so could not read it to me as I asked, and I then said to him that if Mr. Morgan had repudiated anything it must have been the matter of authorization of the work, and that there never was any question of the book being authorized by him. I told the reporter that the book was not authorized by Mr. Morgan, and that no one was justified in saying that it was. The wrong done me and the twisting of the truth comes from the use in the TIMES's headline of the word "admits." This sounds as though the book had been sailing under false colors, and I had made false pretenses about it. The facts of the matter are that the life was published solely on its merits in the magazine in which it first appeared; there was no claim that it emanated from Mr. Morgan, and the American publishers—I do not know what may have been said in England—make no such claim.

May I go on to say that I would never put myself in a position of describing a man's life from his dictation any more than Mr. Morgan would put himself in the position of taking part in anything of the kind. The imputation that he has done so is necessarily galling to him. In writing the book I felt that there was a definite advantage in gathering my material independently, and that is the way in which it was done. It was originally published in monthly installments in a magazine, and publishing it in book form was an afterthought due apparently to the interest in the subject. The word "authoritative" used by the American publishers in their advertisements of the book is a fair description of it, it seems to me, inasmuch as I gathered the material from men who had themselves taken part in the events described. This resulted in a considerable amount of really inside material; some of it was decidedly "inside." But this is a very different thing from setting forth Mr. Morgan's own ideas about himself in the manner connoted by the word "authorized."

CARL HOVEY.

New York, Jan. :

Buyer and Wholesaler.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

In your issue of to-day I was surprised to read the article "Milking the Wholesaler," quoted from The Upholsterer, with the subtitle to the effect that there is a "new species of graft practiced by some buyers." The writer is not a buyer, but is able to speak from actual experience, through coming in close contact with this class of business men for many years, and he wishes to contradict most emphatically the implication that the buyer's patronage is secured by "graft," as set forth in this article.

The buyer who calls on the wholesale trade once or twice a year is naturally extended the courtesy usually offered to strangers and out-of-town visitors, whether they are business or social acquaintances, and when in so many instances they are both it follows that these courtesies, which are part of the commercial life of to-day, are merely expressions of hospitality. A luncheon appointment answers very often as a convenient time for discussing matters pertaining to business, and therefore this is a very desirable function for the seller to secure information of direct value to him.

The writer speaks from experience when he states that when on a trip to different cities in each place visited he was the recipient of many invitations to dinners and other forms of entertainment, frequently from buyers who sought an opportunity of welcoming "the stranger within their gates."

The lack of knowledge displayed by the writer of the article is in evidence in statements relative to commissions that buyers demand. A buyer of the calibre that would demand a commission for goods purchased in the store of the wholesaler, on the ground that the house is saving the commission it pays its salesmen for such sales on the road, must be very ignorant of the business methods governing these transactions. The fact is that the salesman has a given territory to cover, and when he is on a commission basis he receives commission for all sales made in that territory whether effected on the road or in the store.

The undersigned asks in justice to a class of merchants who play an important part in the business of this country that you publish the foregoing.

D. S. HORCHHEIMER.

New York, Jan. 31, 1912.

Mr. Underwood's Availability.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

In considering the availability of the different Democrats prominently mentioned for nomination for the Presidency of the United States it would seem that the one prominent Democrat who would fit the platform of the party, because the party is bigger than any man, is Oscar W. Underwood of Alabama, the Chairman of the Ways and Means Committee of the lower house of Congress. He is neither progressive nor insurgent; he is just a regular old-fashioned Democrat, believing strictly in the principle of tariff for revenue only and advocating it and sticking to it, and not to the playing of politics. He is the first Democratic leader of the House for a generation who is relied upon and believed in by his fellow party members. There have been no real party quarrels since he became leader, due to his masterful manner of conciliating and reconciling party differences. Admittedly he is the best man for the nomination except that his availability is questioned because he is a Congressman from the State of Alabama, and as a Southern man he might not get the votes of our people of the North.

J. QUINTUS COHEN.

New York, Jan. 26, 1912.

An Inconsistent Management.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

In this morning's issue a' Mr. Stallman, general counsel for the Delaware, Lackawanna & Western, replying to a commuter's complaint that crossing the tracks at Brick Church to take the trains to New York is dangerous to life, retorts that the rules of the company fully cover the case, and passengers should look out for themselves.

Up here at Boonton the road has spent thousands of dollars preventing us from doing the very thing it accords so freely in the Oranges. Most of us commuters in Boonton live on the north side of the track. There are only a handful of us, it is true, compared with the thousands at Brick Church, but if we are late for our train we are not allowed to cross the track. The fence prevents. We must rush downstairs and through a subway. Why this discrimination against the few for the benefit of the many? And at such expense.

FOILED BY THE FENCE.

Boonton, N. J., Jan. 29.

Strife Over Largest Signs.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

With reference to the letter of Mr. H. T. Coldwell in your issue of the 26th inst. under the caption, "The Largest Electric Sign," we would call your attention to our communication of Dec. 29.

According to Mr. Coldwell's own figures, his sign embraces an area of 5,632 square feet. Our roof sign structure being 200 feet long by 50 feet high, embraces an area of 10,000 square feet. Taking the square feet in each sign within the edges of the letters, we have (160x40) 6,400 square feet, against the Coldwell sign (352x16) of 5,632 square feet. Our figure of 6,400 square feet is exclusive of the clock, which is about 1,300 square feet additional. We still claim that we have "the largest electric roof sign in the world," for we believe that there is no other structure in the world 200 feet long by 50 feet high, supporting such a sign above a building.

COLGATE & CO.

New York, Jan. 30, 1912.

The Hay Army Bill.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

In the best armies of Europe service with the colors is two years. Opposing the views of the Secretary of War and also those of Gen. Leonard Wood, the Hay bill lengthens the army enlistment to five years. To-day what the army gets the National Guard gets later. If the guard wishes to avoid new and increased difficulties in recruiting, every member should write his Representative in Congress to vote against the five-year enlistment clause of the Hay bill.

McCOSKRY BUTT,
Brigadier General, New York.

New York, Jan. 31, 1912.

BLAME RAILROADS FOR EXPRESS RATES

Sixty Per Cent. of Profits from Chicago West Go to the Roads, Witnesses Say.

RATES ARE FAR TOO HIGH

Three Times the Freight Rates—Shippers Want an Immediate Cut of 30 Per Cent.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 31.—The charge that a gross profit of 60 per cent. accrues to the railroads of the Middle Western States by the express business done on their lines from Chicago to twenty-nine principal points in the United States, averaging three and two-tenths times the first-class freight rates between shipping points, was made before the Inter-State Commerce Commission to-day in a hearing conducted by Commissioner Franklin K. Lane.

The investigation is into rates, rules, and practices of the express companies with a view to determining whether express rates and regulations are just and reasonable within the meaning of the Inter-State Commerce act.

C. W. Hillman, an accountant, who examined the books of express and railroad companies doing business in Minnesota, made the allegation. Walker D. Hines, attorney for the express companies, objected to his testimony on the ground that the witness had not shown his qualifications to give expert testimony.

"As the investigations conducted by this commission," observed Commissioner Lane, "show that of every dollar taken in by the Great Northern Express Company, the Great Northren Railroad Company, which owns it, gets 70 cents, I think I will receive the witness's opinion that the figures show the gross profit to be about 61 per cent."

The figures as to the average rate being three and two two-tenths times as much as the first class merchandise rate, while the service is only twice as fast, were prepared and presented by H. C. Barlow, representing the Chicago Association of Commerce. He stated that it takes thirty hours to get an express package in Chicago from New York, while the fast freight lines handle it in sixty hours. In that case the service was performed in half the time, but the rate was more than three times as great.

Mr. Barlow, who is a recognized traffic specialist, declared that double that first-class rate is reasonable for the extra dispatch, while one-half of it added is fully compensatory for collection and delivery at terminals. The witness declared that in only one part of the country is the express rate lower than the fast freight rate, and that was from Shreveport, La., to various points in Louisiana and Texas, where, in one case, the fast freight rate was $1.15 and the express rate 75 cents a hundred pounds.

The surface of express charges was merely scratched at to-day's hearing, but the allegation was emphasized and reiterated that the railroads of the country are using the express companies merely as agencies for obtaining more money from the public. It was alleged that the railroads had been forcing the express companies, year after year, to agree to larger divisions, until at present most of the railroad companies require the express companies to give them 55 per cent. of the gross receipts. This percentage of division, Commissioner Lane was told, gives a railroad company 137½ per cent of its first-class freight rate. It was boldly charged, in other words, that the railroads, by reason of the express companies, were able to collect more for a given fast transportation service, when performed by the express companies, than the railroads would be able to get if they performed it for themselves.

A reduction of approximately 30 per cent. in the express rates of the country, it develops, is the real desire of the shippers pressing the inquiry, according to the testimony of their witnesses.

Charles A. Stickney of St. Paul, Minn., declared he paid 50 cents for the express transportation of advertising plates of five pounds or under, while a rival association paid only 25 cents for similar service.

Attorney Frank Lyon of the Inter-State Commerce Commission produced figures indicating that between 1893 and 1910 the increase of express revenues to the railroads was 184 per cent.; while the increase of freight revenues was 132 per cent., the increase of passenger revenue 108 per cent., and the increase of mail revenue 72 per cent. In the same period the increase in the population of the country was only 38 per cent.

TAKE SUBWAY, SAYS COURT

To a Lawyer Seeking Light on Appellate Division Procedure.

How can a lawyer collect costs when a judgment record comes down from the Appellate Division of the Supreme Court with the costs omitted? This question troubled Attorney Elwin W. Paige yesterday. He applied for a writ of mandamus against the County Clerk for including the costs in the judgment record. Justice Gerard told him that he could not grant such an order. He suggested that Paige apply to the Appellate Division to remedy the defect.

Paige was puzzled as to what legal procedure he should pursue to get the Appellate Division to pass on his grievance, and asked:

"How can I get before the Appellate Division?"

Justice Gerard responded: "Take the Subway to Twenty-third Street."

The judicial quip caused much subdued laughter. A veteran practitioner said: "The way to present a petition to a court is to present it. There was much wisdom in Justice Gerard's sally."

The Peanut Man's Profits.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

It can be demonstrated that the sad-looking man with a fierce black mustache and a stubbly beard, who looks as if he had few friends and nothing to eat and who acts as peanut "purveyor" on the street corners selling "some" peanuts for a nickel, is making more money than many a retail grocer. If he sells a hundred pounds a day—some sell 50 and others 300—he can make on the cost of the same $18.25 a day. If we allow him daily wages and expenses of his family upkeep, $1,000 a year as a liberal allowance, he will still be about $6,000 to the good. More than one of these men are owners of tenements, and I have heard of one who gave up selling peanuts to buy an extensive furniture factory in Chicago. But notwithstanding this, the average grocer makes no effort to sell peanuts, simply saying "Let the Italians do it." And the Italians do it.

R. A. [illegible]

New York, Jan. 26, 1912.

The Frawley Boxing Law.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

It is a disgrace to the State of New York that prizefighting is legalized under the Frawley Boxing act, and I am sure that your desire for its repeal is in accord with the best opinion of the people.

It is indefensible, and the law should be repealed without delay. It is of evil influence upon the boys and young men who attend the fights, and its tendency is to cultivate brutality and inhumanity.

J. B. FARLEY.

Albany, Jan. 29, 1912.

THE GYPSY TRAIL.

I builded a house of cedar and stone;
 Of cedar, red, and of porphyry.
I'd wandered far and I'd wandered long,
 And here was rest for the soul of me.
But over the trees' wild harp-chords swept
 The fierce, free hands of a singing gale;
And, back of my bolted doors, I wept
 For the cloud-veiled stars and the gypsy trail!

The portal it strained, but the lock held fast.
 I broke the hinge, and I made my cry:
Walls for the tamed! For at last, at last,
 I knew that my roof was the tented sky!
Full in my eyes came the slanting rain!
 Full in my face, like a silver flail,
But the night and the storm were mine again
 As I struck my stride on the gypsy trail.

GRACE DUFFIE BOYLAN.

STANLEY G. FLAGG WEDS DOROTHY KING

Bridesmaids Gowned Alike in Blue Satin at Nuptials of David King, Jr.'s, Daughter.

IN ST. BARTHOLOMEW'S

Ceremony Followed by Reception in Annex of Metropolitan Club—The Bridal Party and Guests.

The marriage of Stanley Griswold Flagg, 3d, of Philadelphia and Miss Dorothy King, a daughter of David King, Jr., was celebrated at 3:30 o'clock yesterday afternoon in St. Bartholomew's Church, the Rev. Dr. Leighton Parks officiating. The church was simply decorated with huge palms in the chancel and vases of white flowers on the altar.

The bridal party was made up of Van Rensselaer C. King, Anthony L. Geyelin, Morgan E. La Montagne, Stephen Peabody, J. Graham Roberts, Keating Wilcox, Robert Meacham, and John W. Townsend, Jr., as ushers; Miss Jeanne King was her sister's maid of honor, and the Misses Maud Borland, Gladys Pell, Rosina Hoyt Otis, and Miss Marie Flagg, a sister of the bridegroom, were the bridesmaids.

These girls were dressed alike in pale blue satin gowns having square cut guimpes of white chiffon and lace. The skirts were slashed at the left side of the back, with large blue satin buttons on one side, showing petticoats of blue chiffon. Their pale blue hats were faced with dark blue, and were trimmed with pale blue tulle, finished at one side with a large pink rose, and a pink rose was also fastened to each corsage. The bridesmaids carried old-fashioned nosegays of pink roses and violets set in paper frills, and the maid of honor carried a sheaf bouquet of white lilacs and pink snapdragons.

The bride, who walked up the nave with her father, was in a trained cream-white satin gown, having the bodice and sleeves of rose-point lace. A scarf of the rose-point lace went slantingly down the front of the robe, and was fastened at the bottom with a spray of orange blossoms. The veil of old rose point came far down the square train, and at each corner there was a knot of ribbons and orange blossoms. It was fastened to her coiffure so as to show the hair around the face and was caught with clusters of orange blossoms. Her bouquet was made up of lilies of the valley and white orchids.

Mr. Flagg's best man was Oran Baldwin.

The ceremony was followed by a largely attended reception in the ladies' annex of the Metropolitan Club, which was done in yellow flowers.

After the reception Mr. and Mrs. Flagg lfet on their bridal trip. They will live in Philadelphia on their return.

Among the New Yorkers asked to the wedding were the Misses Virginie, Maisie, and Civilise Alexandre; Mr. and Mrs. C. B. Alexander and the Misses Alexander, Mr. and Mrs. J. G. Agar, the Misses Baldwin, Mrs. Fordyce Barker, the Misses Babcock, Mrs. John Borland, Miss Ella Borland, Mr. and Mrs. C. E. Bateson, Miss Lucinda Bateson, Miss Justine Barber, Mr. and Mrs. B. Ogden Chisolm, Miss Nina Chisolm, the Misses Elizabeth and Olivia Cutting, Mr. and Mrs. H. S. Camman, Mrs. C. H. Coster, Miss Coster, Miss Josephine Crosby, Mr. and Mrs. Paul Dana, Miss Dana, Mr. and Mrs. Charles de Rham, Julien T. Davies, Mr. and Mrs. Henry de Rham, 2d, Mr. and Mrs. H. C. Emmet, Mr. and Mrs. Marion Eppley, Mr. and Mrs. Snowden A. Fahnestock, Miss Matilda Frelinghuysen, Miss Paula Fleitman, Miss Mary Field, Mr. and Mrs. Hamilton Fairfax, the Misses Garretson, Miss Cornelia Gallatin, Mr. and Mrs. C. E. Greenough, Mr. and Mrs. Albert Z. Gray, Mr. and Mrs. Henry R. Hoyt, Mr. and Mrs. John S. Hoyt, the Misses Elizabeth and Rosina Hoyt.

Mr. and Mrs. McDougall Hawkes, Mr. and Mrs. W. W. Hoppin, Jr., Mr. and Mrs. W. M. V. Hoppin, Mr. and Mrs. F. B. Hoffman, Dr Ranson Hooker and Mrs. Hooker, Miss Margaret Harris, Mr. and Mrs. Kierstede Hudson, Adrian Iselin, the Misses Therese and Louise Iselin, Miss Dorothea Kane, Miss Katharine Lawrence, Miss Agnes Landon, Mr. and Mrs. Robert Le Roy, Mr. and Mrs. Charles Lindley, Mr. and Mrs. Lewis S. Morris, Miss Louise Munroe, Mr. and Mrs. Stephen H. Olin, Mr. and Mrs. Stephen Peabody, the Misses Josephine and Frieda Pearson, Miss Beatrice Pratt, Miss Anna Pellew, Mr. and Mrs. Clarence Pell, Dr. Pearl, Mrs. Pearl, Mr. and Mrs. Howland Pell, Mr. and Mrs. Archibald Russell, Mr. and Mrs. P. Robbins, Mr. and Mrs. W. G. Rockefeler, Miss Helen Rives, Miss Maud Shepherd, Miss Helen Stokes, Miss Emily Sloane, Miss Emelie Troth, Mr. and Mrs. Landon K. Thorne.

Miss Dorothy Thompson, Mrs. Henry M. Tilford, Mrs. Cornelius Vanderbilt, Mr. and Mrs. Orme Wilson, Jr., Miss Mai Watson, Miss Gladys Williams, Mrs. J. Kearney Warren, also W. Bruce Brown, Gallatin Pell, Harold Stokes, W. B. Duncan, H. C. Emmet, Jr., Leland Garretson, Alfred Hoyt, Cecil Landale, and S. Wistar Kendall.

THE GERRYS' HOUSEWARMING.

First Entertainment Given in Their New Fifth Avenue Home.

Mr. and Mrs. Peter Goelet Gerry gave a small house warming last night for their new house at 1,025 Fifth Avenue, the first entertainment they have given since they moved into it.

There was a dinner of twenty-eight covers, followed by dancing, for which additional guests came in, and a seated supper was served soon after 12 o'clock. There were 150 guests in all. The guests were chiefly young married couples.

The house was decorated throughout with roses, lilacs, Spring flowers, each room being decorated in the color corresponding with its general color scheme. The dancing, which was informal, was in the large salon, or ballroom.

The guests asked included Mr. and Mrs. E. T. Gerry and Mrs. Richard Townsend, Mr. and Mrs. Francis Bishop, Mr. and Mrs. R. L. Gerry, Mr. and Mrs. Charles Cary Rumsey, Mr. and Mrs. W. B. O. Field, Mr. and Mrs. Orme Wilson, Jr., Mr. and Mrs. F. L. V. Hoppin, Mr. and Mrs. Robert Goelet, Mr. and Mrs. I. T. Burden, Jr., Mr. and Mrs. R. L. Livingston, Mr. and Mrs. Craig Biddle, Mr and Mrs. W. E. Dodge, Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Gerard, Mr. and Mrs. Austin Gray, Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Hammond, Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Iselin, Mr. and Mrs. Ogden L. Mills, Jr., Mr. and Mrs. Ogden Reid, Mr. and Mrs. Henry C. Phipps, Mrs. French Vanderbilt, Mr. and Mrs. Payne Whitney, Mr. and Mrs. H. Rogers Winthrop, the Misses Gerry, Craig Wadsworth, Phoenix Ingraham, Worthington Whitehouse, Mr. and Mrs. Clarence Pell, Mr. and Mrs. Ernest Iselin, the Misses Emily Sloane, Emily Winthrop, Mildred Rives, Elisabeth Cutting, Olivia Cutting, Katharine Lawrence, Elizabeth Turnure, and Marjorie and Florence Blair.

Miss Myers to Wed A. S. Blodget.

Announcement is made of the engagement of Alden S. Blodget and Miss Mary C. Myers, a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Charles F. Myers of Hempstead, L. I. Miss Myers, who came out about a year ago, is a sister of Miss Jeannette Myers and of Mrs. Latham Reed. No date has been mentioned for the wedding, but it will take place within the year.

Mrs. Clews's Dinner and Musicale.

Mrs. Henry Clews gave a dinner last night at her residence, 27 West Fifty-first Street, followed by music. Mme. Namara-Toye and Ellison Van Hoose were the artists who appeared. Mme. Namara-Toye sang the marche and gavotte from Massenet's "Manon" and a group of songs by Mozart, Leoncavallo, and Pergolese. With Mr. Van Hoose she sang the duet from "La Traviata" and also the duet from "Romeo and Juliette." Mr. Van Hoose sang a group of old English ballads and a selection from "La Bohème."

SOCIAL NOTES.

Mr. and Mrs. James Hurd (Miss Natalie Jones,) who were married on Jan. 2, have returned from the South, and are at their new home, 510 West 112th Street, for the remainder of the Winter. Mrs. Hurd is the daughter of Mrs. S. Seabury Jones.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank S. Witherbee gave a dinner last night at their residence, 4 Fifth Avenue, for Ambassador and Mrs. Reid.

Mrs. John C. Elliott of Tuxedo Park, is the guest of Mrs. James Elliott at the Hotel Gotham.

Mr. and Mrs. Stanley Middleton of 58 West Fifty-seventh Street, will be at home on the first and third Fridays until April from 4 to 7 o'clock.

The first musicale of the second series of Chansons on Crinoline will be given this morning at 11 o'clock at the Plaza under fashionable patronage. Pasquale Amato, wearing the costume of a Neapolitan, will sing; Mme. Zepilli of the Chicago Opera Company will enterpret songs of the Italian peasant, and Maurice will dance.

Mr. and Mrs. George D. Morgan have returned from Paris, and are at the Hotel Manhattan.

Mr. and Mrs. C. Oliver Iselin have left for their place at Aiken, S. C.

Mrs. Frederick Roosevelt will give a bridge to-day at her residence.

Mrs. Theodore Frelinghuysen will give a small dinner dance to-night at her home for her daughters, the Misses Adelaide and Marion Cannon.

Mr. and Mrs. Jay Cooke, 3d, motored over from Philadelphia and are at the St. Regis.

Mrs. William H. Barnard will give at Sherry's this evening a dance for her débutante daughter, Miss Lilybel Barnard.

Mr. and Mrs. A. Holland Forbes are at the Ritz-Carlton for the rest of the Winter.

The third of the small subscription dances managed by Mrs. Howland Davis and Mrs. Robert L. Livingston will be held at the Colony Club to-night.

Mrs. John R. Drexel will have a luncheon to-day, and Mrs. L. Cass Ledyard will entertain with a musicale.

Mrs. Joseph Palmer Knapp will give a bridge party to-day.

A bazaar for the benefit of the Loomis Sanitarium will be held to-day from 11 to 6:30 at the Waldorf-Astoria. A vaudeville performance under the direction of Miss Eleanor Townsend will be among the attractions.

The wedding of Miss Jessie May Woolworth, daughter of Frank N. Woolworth, to James Paul Donohue, will take place this afternoon at the home of the bride's parents, 990 Fifth Avenue.

WED IN ST. BARTHOLOMEW'S.

Miss Anna Radford Married to A. P. Watts—Reception at Sherry's.

A brilliant wedding took place last evening, being the marriage of Miss Anna Cook Radford, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. William Lewis Radford of this city, to Alexander Preston Watts of New York, formerly of Baltimore. The ceremony was performed in St. Bartholomew's Church at 8:30 o'clock by the Rev. Dr. Leighton Parks.

The chancel of the church was banked with palms, and the pews along the centre aisle trimmed with clusters of tiger lilies.

The bride was met at the door of the church by her attendants. She wore a gown of white satin, with a Court train, trimmed with rose point lace, her veil, also of real lace, falling from a cap of lace, which was wreathed with orange blossoms. She wore a diamond brooch on her cap, and a large diamond cross at her throat, and carried a large shower bouquet of lilies of the valley.

Mrs. Edwin Wallace Christie, the bride's sister, acted as matron of honor, and Miss Virginia Crawford Diller was maid of honor. Mrs. Christie wore a trailing gown of white satin, trimmed with white fur, and carried an armful of yellow roses. Miss Diller was in blue silk, with a tunic of gold lace. The bridesmaids, who were the Misses Edna and Carlotta Fischer, Grace Hallam Archer, and Adelaide A. Von der Leith, all wore costumes of yellow, with tunics of gold, and carried baskets filled with jonquils.

Harry King of Baltimore was best man, and the ushers included Russell Silkworth, William H. Brown, Jr., Robert Glenn, King, and Russell Brown. Edwin Wallace Christie, the bride's brother-in-law, gave her in marriage.

Following the church ceremony a reception was held at Sherry's. Mrs. Radford received with her son-in-law and daughter in pink satin. A buffet supper was served, after which there was dancing.

Mr. and Mrs. Watts will reside in this city upon their return from their bridal trip.

Appleton-Bacot Wedding Plans.

Plans have been completed for the wedding of Miss Cecile Bacot of 78 West Fifty-fifth Street, daughter of the late Frank Varcher Bacot of Charleston, S. C., to Henry Sargent Appleton of this city, which will take place at the Hotel Gotham on Saturday, Feb. 10. Miss Bacot has chosen Miss Mary Appleton, a sister of the bridegroom, as her only attendant, and she will be given in marriage by her cousin, Richard Van Vorst. Charles De Rham will act as best man, and the ushers will be William Appleton, Elliot Bacon, Alexander Wetherill, Otto Cushing, Bayard Dodge, and William Fellowes Morgan.

Owen Johnson to Wed Miss Cobb

Owen Johnson, the author and playwright, yesterday obtained a license to wed Miss Esther Ellen Cobb, an opera singer of San Francisco. The author, accompanied by Miss Cobb, went to the City Hall in the afternoon and applied for a license. Mr. Johnson gave his age as 33 years, and 16 Gramercy Park as his residence. He said he was a son of Robert Underwood Johnson. Miss Cobb is a native of San Francisco and is a daughter of Benjamin Cobb of that city. The wedding will take place today, but the couple would not say where.

SHARRETTS—HOOLEY.

The wedding of Miss Helen Ray Hooley, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Edwin S. Hooley of North Plainfield, N. J., to Edward Power Sharretts, took place yesterday at the home of the bride's parents. The Rev. W. H. Miller of St. Joseph's Church officiated.

The bride's only attendant was her sister, Mrs. Brown Rolston of North Plainfield. Ellery A. Man of this city acted as best man.

Lit-Blum Wedding.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, Jan. 31.—Three hundred guests from New York, Washington, Boston, Baltimore, and Philadelphia to-night attended the wedding of Mr. D. Jack Lit, son of Col. Samuel D. Lit, and Miss Teresa Evelyn Blum, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Ralph Blum, at Villa Shifra.

The engagement of Miss Blum and Mr. Lit was announced last November. She was a débutante last season. She is an all-around athletic girl and has carried away many prizes at tennis.

Mr. Lit spent two years at Princeton, after which he went to Harvard, and was graduated. He is a member of a number of clubs in this city and New York.

Reception by Gov. and Mrs. Dix.

ALBANY, N. Y., Jan. 31.—Gov. and Mrs. Dix received at the Executive Mansion to-night in honor of members of the Legislature and State officers. Hundreds of guests attended.

DIAMONDS
The finer grades only.
BRACELETS
$50.00 to $700.00
Theodore A. Kohn & Son
JEWELLERS
321 Fifth Avenue
at 32nd Street
K K

'ARIANE ET BARBE-BLEUE' AT OPERA

Paul Dukas's Setting of Maeterlinck's Drama Revived.

MISS FARRAR AS ARIANE

A Fine Performance of a Work of the Modern French School Not Easily Popular.

Ariane	Geraldine Farrar
Barbe-Bleue	Leon Rothier
The Nurse	Margarete Matzenauer
Selysette	Jeanne Maubourg
Ygraine	Lenora Sparkes
Melisande	Rosina Van Dyck
Bellangere	Henrietta Wakefield
Alladine	Lucia Fornaroli
An Old Peasant	Georges Bourgeois
Second Peasant	Bernard Begue
Third Peasant	Basil Ruysdael

Conductor, Arturo Toscanini.

Paul Dukas's opera, "Ariane et Barbe-Bleue," a setting of Maeterlinck's drama, which was first given at the Metropolitan Opera House last March, was revived there last evening. Its reception by the audience seemed to leave as much doubt as was felt last season whether or not this very characteristic product of the new and prevalent French School of music had really found a place in the esteem or even the understanding of the public.

"Ariane et Barbe-Bleue," first produced about five years ago in Paris, has maintained itself in the repertory of the Opéra Comique there. It had four performances in New York last season; and it may be that the management was doing a service to the "progressive" wing of modern music in putting before the public again this work that offers so much that is new and unfamiliar and that cannot make an immediate appeal to even the most willing ear.

Whether it ever will do so or not time alone will tell. There are numerous qualities of the work that make against its success. Its dramatic movement is uncommonly measured and deliberate even for Maeterlinck. Its several striking and effective situations are separated by long stretches of dialogue expressing philosophy and symbolism in the Maeterlinckian manner; and for their understanding a close following of the text is needed, which in the nature of things can scarcely be given by the audiences at the Metropolitan Opera House. Nor is there the expression of strong and compelling emotion: the dramatic action is subordinated to the intellectual processes of the playwright.

The music offers much that repels the listener whose ears are not attuned to the dissonances and crass harmonic progressions of the modern French school, of which M. Dukas has been unsparing. The indebtedness of this music to Debussy and to the idiom associated with him is obvious, though it is music of a coarser if not a stronger fibre than his. Obvious, likewise, is the occasional indebtedness to Wagner. It seems on the whole to be a product of the skill of an accomplished craftsman rather than of pulsing inspiration, of ideas clamoring for utterance. It shows at certain points of climax an unusual power of building up a musical edifice on large lines. Yet with all that it has, in places, of distinction and expressiveness, and even occasionally of beauty, it lacks the stamp of the highest originality and spontaneity.

The management of the Opera House has done all that could be done for Mr. Dukas's opera in the admirable performance it has given of the work. To Mr. Toscanini is due the altogether remarkable finesse, atmosphere and poetic unity that mark it. The cast is excellent—the same as that of last season, except that it is strengthened by the appearance of Mme. Matzenauer as the Nurse. Miss Farrar as Ariane has an arduous task. She is never absent from the scene, and she presents the character with radiant grace, dignity, and the tranquil courage of a woman whom nothing can turn from her purpose. There might still be more potency of effect in it if she were somewhat more sparing of her gestures and poses, however graceful and plastic these are. And it may be that she misconceives the significance of the last scene in making its note one of pathos and sorrowful regret, rather than putting into it a certain irony that it might well bear. Mme. Matzenauer's noble voice and skill in action raised her part of the Nurse to a high significance, and the wives who are not strong enough to take the freedom that is offered them are appropriately and acceptably represented. Mr. Rothier cannot be said to have a grateful part in Bluebeard but he shows the character consistently.

RECEPTION BY LOUIS MARK.

New Portraits of Henry Clews and Mrs. Herbert Parsons Are Seen.

A reception and tea was given yesterday afternoon at the studio of Louis Mark, the Hungarian portrait painter, 130 West Fifty-seventh Street, which was largely attended by society people. There were on view, besides many other portraits and paintings, two of Mr. Mark's latest productions, a portrait of Henry Clews and another of his daughter, Mrs. Herbert Parsons. Most of the guests were the friends of Mr. Clews and his family. These portraits were greatly admired by the callers.

Those asked included, among others, Mr. and Mrs. James Blanchard Clews, Mrs. Henry Clews, Mr. and Mrs. Herbert Parsons, Henry Clews, Mr. and Mrs. C. B. Alexander, Mrs. Stewart, Mrs. J. Gordon Douglas, the Rev. George G. Merrill of Newport, Mr. and Mrs. I. Townsend Burden, Mr. and Mrs. W. Bourke Cochran, Mr. and Mrs. C. A. Childs, Edward R. Bacon, Mr. and Mrs. W. B. Bacon, Mr. and Mrs. G. H. Warner, Mrs. Vanderbilt, Mr. and Mrs. F. S. Witherbee, Egerton L. Winthrop, Mr. and Mrs. H. A. C. Taylor, Mr. and Mrs. T. Suffern Tailer, Mr. and Mrs. James Speyer, Mr. and Mrs. H. LeRoy Satterlee, Mr. and Mrs. George L. Rives, Mrs. Frederick Pearson, Mrs. William Post, Mr. and Mrs. Robert C. Morris, and Mr. and Mrs. W. Star Miller.

OFF FOR EUROPE TO-DAY.

Some of the Passengers Sailing on Two Steamships—Arrivals.

Transatlantic liners sailing to-day and some of those booked to leave on them are:

LORRAINE (Havre)—H. Brown, Max Cowen, Mrs. H. Cramer, Miss Curran, J. O. Davidson, Miss E. Dryden, F. Z. Gunther, Mrs. Joseph H. Hodgson, William O'D. Iselin, Willie Lewis, F. Lopez, Mrs. Clara C. Mitchell, A. R. Monette, Frank Martin, Mrs. M. Prevost, W. H. Taylor, Mrs. Norman de R. Whitehouse, P. R. Weila, Mrs. A. J. Hinckley, Felix Homburg, Mrs. Joseph H. Hodgson.

CELTIC (Liverpool)—Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Barber, Welfor Beaton, Sir Frederick and Lady Treves, Mrs. J. Halley Brown, J. M. Campbell, Mrs. R. E. Elmsley, Miss A. Elmsley, Miss M. Elmsley, J. M. Gardner, Mr. and Mrs. D. K. Jay, Mr. and Mrs. O. S. Lawrence, Charles Lewis, Col. John F. Lumpkins, Robin Wood, Constanti Nabokoff, Secretary Russian Embassy, Washington; Sir W. E. B. Priestley, J. Rutherford, A. P. Selby, A. H. Sherman, Col. W. S. Staveley, Harold D. Symons, Frank H. Taylor, T. Frame Thomson, Miss Elizabeth Willis.

Some of the passengers arriving yesterday on the Royal Mail Steam Packet Arcadian from Southampton, via. West Indies, were:

Lieut. Gen. Sir Robert Baden-Powell, K. C. B., K. C. V. O.; Sir Frederick Treves, Bart., G. C. V. O.; Lady Treves, D. S. Webster, Richard Manders, C. B., K. C.; V. C. Kinney, Miss J. M. Lindsay, Mr. and Mrs. E. H. Fenwick, Mr. and Mrs. N. R. Dalton, L. R. C. Boyle, Mr. and Mrs. Howard Stewart.

Senator Grady Much Improved.

At the home of Senator Thomas F. Grady, 151 East Thirtieth Street, it was said last night that the Senator's condition had so much improved that he is expected home on Saturday. Senator Grady is in a private sanitarium, the location of which has not been disclosed, suffering from diabetes.

Edwin Hawley's Illness.

Edwin Hawley, who is a Director in forty railroad and power companies, and who has been ill several weeks with nervous indigestion, is still confined to his home, 19 East Sixtieth Street. Mr. Hawley's niece stated last night that he was in no danger.

POOR TO POSE IN TABLEAUX.

Work of Philanthropic Societies to be Shown at Berkeley Theatre.

A unique spectacle will be presented this afternoon and evening at the Berkeley Theatre, Fifth Avenue and Forty-fourth Street, in aid of the children's orthopaedic wards of the Post Graduate Hospital. By means of tableaux vivants the work which is being carried on in this city by seven of the large civic and philanthropic organizations will be shown, and the actual conditions will be arranged and posed by the people from the tenements and institutions who have been benefited by the work of the various organizations.

The benefit is to be given under distinguished patronage, and many women of social prominence are among the patronesses. It has been customary for society to pose for charitable causes, but in this instance the people from the lower east side will pose for society and others interested in humanitarian work among the children of the metropolis.

The afternoon performance will begin at 2:30 o'clock. Mrs. Stephen Pell will give a short talk before the entertainment, telling of the work and benefits as the result of the work of the institutions among the children of the poor. Tickets may be obtained at the theatre. The Municipal League will show an ice water fountain with the children grouped about; the Diet Kitchen Association has arranged a mothers' conference and will show just how a nurse visits the dwellers in the congested tenements; the New York Association for the Blind has planned a convincing tableau, showing the blind at work. There will also be a sweatshop shown as a tableau, and a Government Inspector's visit to a factory. A model day nursery, the children's garden, and blind babies at play will also be included in the programme of tableaux. More than 100 people will take part in the tableaux, which will be augmented by lantern slides.

Among the patronesses are Mrs. Lloyd Griscom, Mrs. Ernest Iselin, Mrs. John Drexel, Mrs. Robert L. Fowler, Mrs. W. Seward Webb, Mrs. Charles B. Alexander, Mrs. Oliver C. Jennings, Mrs. Frederick Whitridge, Mrs. August Belmont, Jr., Mrs. Robert Goelet, Mrs. Henry Phipps, Mrs. Ambrose Monell, Mrs. W. B. Osgood Field, Mrs. Clarence Keene, Mrs. William Sloane, Mrs. Charles D. Dickey, Mrs. Bayard C. Hoppin, Mrs. Edward J. Berwind, Mrs. John Borland, Mrs. William Pollock, Princess Troubetzkoy, Mrs. Edward Van Ingen, Mrs. Frank Sturgis, Miss Maria de Barril, Miss Susan Cutting, and Mrs. Harry Peters.

DIES DINING WITH HIS WIFE.

Frederick Richard, Translator at Washington, Expires in Restaurant.

Frederick Richard, a translator in the Bureau of American Republics at Washington, a graduate of Yale and brother-in-law of Percy Williams, whose sister he married ten years ago, when he was 62 years old, was dining with his wife last night in a restaurant at 207 West 125th Street, near his home at 200 West 126th Street, and was playing with the proprietor's seven-year-old son, Samuel Lenkenau, when he suddenly clapped his hand to his heart and fell forward on the table. Mrs. Richard screamed, and Herman Lenkenau, the proprietor, ran to the table.

Other diners were startled, but Mr. Lenkenau quieted them while he got Policeman McGowan of the West 125th Street Station, who got Dr. Baker from Harlem Hospital.

Mr. Richard was carried into a private room and there the doctor leaned over him. Presently he rose to say that Mr. Richard was dead. The physician said he had probably succumbed to apoplexy or heart disease.

DIES IN RACE WITH DEATH.

W. F. Buck of the Santa Fe Expires on a Special Train.

Special to The New York Times.

LOS ANGELES, Cal., Jan. 31.—W. F. Buck of Chicago, head of the mechanical department of the Santa Fé Railroad, died early to-day near San Bernardino after a desperate race with death from Albuquerque, N. M. Mr. Buck contracted pneumonia in Albuquerque, where he had been sent on business. Doctors declared that a lower altitude was imperative, and a private train was requisitioned.

At Mojave it became evident that the end was near. All traffic on the Santa Fé between Mojave and Los Angeles was suspended to give the special right of way. The train was plunging over the desert at high speed when it was overtaken by death.

"Tom," Old Bellevue Driver, Dead.

Thomas Coughlin, known throughout the east side as plain "Tom," for the last fifteen years ambulance driver of Bellevue Hospital, died of pneumonia at that institution yesterday at the age of 65 years. He was formerly a Tammany Hall lieutenant in the Fourteenth Assembly District when Richard Croker was leader of that district. Mr. Coughlin had a contracting business, but when reverses came he became a driver at the hospital.

At the conflagrations of the Windsor Hotel, the Park Avenue Hotel, the Bristol Hotel, the Hotel Royal, the Asch Building, and at the burning of the Slocum, anywhere, in fact, where human lives were in peril Coughlin had given his services.

Charles Gilbert Wheeler.

CHICAGO, Jan. 31.—Charles Gilbert Wheeler, noted chemist and mining geologist, and formerly Professor of Chemistry in the University of Chicago and Chicago Medical College, died last night at the home of his brother from heart disease. He was born in London, Canada, July 23, 1836. He was graduated from Harvard in 1858, and studied later in German universities. While in Germany he married Miss Sarah Jenkins of Boston. Mr. Wheeler was Assistant State Geologist of Missouri, 1859-61; United States Consul to Nuremberg, 1862-67, and a professor in the University of Chicago and Chicago Medical College in 1868. He was a scientific expert for the Bell Telephone Company and other companies in patent and other litigation. Mr. Wheeler was President of the Chicago College of Pharmacy in 1882. He could read eleven and speak seven languages. He was a member of the American Pharmaceutical Association and many foreign societies.

B. F. Pearson.

HALIFAX, N. S., Jan. 31.—B. F. Pearson, proprietor of The Halifax Chronicle and widely known as an organizer of industrial and traction concerns, died to-night of kidney disease at his home here. He was in his 57th year. Mr. Pearson was born in Colchester and entered provincial politics in 1901 as member of Colchester. At the time of his defeat last year he was a member of the provincial government. Among his industrial achievements was his promotion of the Dominion Coal Company, when he was 39 years old, and the organization six years later in cooperation with H. M. Whitney of Boston and others of the Dominion Steel Company.

Obituary Notes.

Mrs. MARGARET HITCHCOCK, widow of Ethan Allen Hitchcock, former Secretary of the Interior, died at her home in St. Louis yesterday. She was 72 years old, and is survived by three daughters, including Mrs. W. S. Sims, wife of Capt. Sims of the United States Navy.

Mrs. ELIZABETH A. BERNSTEIN, 81 years of age, one of the oldest residents of Mount Vernon, died at her home, 169 Archer Avenue, yesterday, from cancer. Mrs. Bernstein was the widow of Samuel Bernstein, prominent in Westchester County. She is survived by six daughters and three sons.

The Rev. Dr. FREDERICK H. WINES died at his home in Springfield, Ill., yesterday. He was statistician of the State Board of Administration. Dr. Wines organized the State Board of Charities of New Jersey.

EDWARD RYAN, well known in political, financial, and legal circles in the Michigan peninsula, died in Milwaukee yesterday. He was a Director in the National banks of Hancock and Calumet. Of late he had practiced law in Detroit. Mr. Ryan's father, the late Edward Ryan, was a prominent merchant in the copper country, and he was a cousin of John D. Ryan, President of the Amalgamated Copper Company.

WALTER H. HANSON, who was the first man to drive his own automobile across the continent, died Monday at his home, 275 Clinton Avenue, Brooklyn. He was connected with the stock brokerage firm of Warner & Co. Last Fall he was a candidate for the Assembly on the Democratic ticket from Saratoga, where he had a country home. Mr. Hanson leaves a widow and one son.

Mrs. MARY P. MORGAN, widow of Joseph B. Morgan, who was a New York merchant, died Friday at St. Ignace, Mich. She lived at 609 Lexington Avenue, and was visiting friends in that city. Mrs. Morgan was 50 years old and a native of this city.

Lieut. SAMUEL VICTOR McCLURE, U. S. A., died Tuesday at his home in Los Angeles, Cal. He was born in Danville, Penn., in 1876, and was graduated from West Point in 1896.

THOMAS P. WADE, a retired policeman, 88 years old, died Tuesday at his home, 311 East 23d Street. He joined the police force soon after the civil war and was for fifteen years stationed in Battery Park.

EUGENE MATTHEW WEISS, who was associated with the firm of J. C. Weiss & Co., merchant tailors, died Monday at the home of his sister, Mrs. Charles Moss, 250 Andrews Avenue, the Bronx. He was born in this city 39 years ago.

ALBERT R. PEASE died at his home, 166 Essex Street, Brooklyn, on Sunday. He was born in Enfield, Conn., and was 81 years old. Mr. Pease had lived in Brooklyn more than half a century.

ROBERT S. GILL, a retired spar maker, died Tuesday at his residence, 2,217 Pacific Street, Brooklyn. He was born in Brooklyn and was 67 years old. A widow and three sons survive him.

JOHN HUGH CASSIDY of the firm of Cassidy & Son, gas fixtures, died Tuesday at his home, 17 Hillyer Street, Orange, N. J. He was 34 years old and leaves a widow and two daughters.

Mrs. ELIZABETH G. NEWMAN died Monday at her home in Hackensack, N. J. She was 76 years old and a member of the Bogardus family of New York. Mrs. Newman is survived by a husband, six sons, and a daughter.

Miss JOHANNA WITTPENN, an aunt of Mayor H. Otto Wittpenn of Jersey City, died yesterday at 334 Pacific Street, Brooklyn. She was 81 years old and had been an invalid for years.

Dr. INSLEE H. BERRY, emergency physician for the Simpson-Crawford Company, died Tuesday at his residence, 166 West Twenty-second Street. He was 40 years old.

Capt. ALBION BARTER KNOX is dead at his home in Verona, N. J. He was a master of sailing vessels for more than twenty-one years and for thirty years was in the shipping business in this city. At 18 he was a mate and at 21 he received his Captain's license. Capt. Knox leaves a widow, two sons, and a daughter.

Dr. NORTON ROYCE HOTCHKISS, former surgeon general on the staff of Gov. Rollin S. Woodruff and President of the New Haven Medical Society, died Tuesday in that city. He was born at Fort Mill, S. C., in 1870, and received his M. D. degree from the University of Maryland. Dr. Hotchkiss leaves a widow and three children.

GEORGE PUTNAM, prominent in legal circles in Boston, died yesterday morning at his home, in his seventy-eighth year. He was born in Roxbury on Oct. 28, 1834, and was graduated from Harvard in 1854 and from the Harvard Law School in 1858. Mr. Putnam was a member of the Union and New Riding Clubs of Boston, the Oakley Country Club, and the Essex County Club at Manchester.

ROBERT LOWRIE, who, had he lived until to-day, would have been 99 years of age, died yesterday at his home in Dunellen, N. J. He was born in Stirlingshire, Scotland, and came to this country at the age of 17 years. For many years he was a wheelwright and miller.

Mrs. RAY NIETO, wife of the Rev. A. H. Nieto, formerly a minister of the Spanish and Portuguese Synagogue, died on Tuesday at 265 West 129th Street. Mrs. Nieto was active in social and charitable movements, and was matron of a lodge of the Order of the Eastern Star.

Mrs. ELIZABETH BAYLEY SAVAGE, a direct descendant of Gen. John Bayley, who served on the staff of George Washington during the Revolutionary War, died yesterday from heart disease at her home, 309 Washington Avenue, Brooklyn. She was born in Newbury, Vt., in 1824, and was married to Ashael H. Savage of Penn Yan, N. Y., where she resided until 1900, when she removed to Brooklyn. In 1906 she made a tour of Europe. Mrs. Savage is survived by a daughter.

JOHN S. DEVLIN, formerly of the clothing firm of Devlin & Co., Broadway and Twelfth Street, later of Richmond, Va., and Boston, Mass., died yesterday at his home in Greenfield, Mass., from a stroke of apoplexy. He was born in New York City 71 years ago, and first entered business here with his uncle, Jeremiah Devlin, one of the pioneers in the clothing business. During the civil war Mr. Devlin went to Newburg, N. C., where his firm filled a contract with the Government to supply the troops with clothing. He is survived by his wife and two daughters.

THOMAS HENRY MACKLIN died late Tuesday night at the home of his son, Dr. Walter F. Macklin, 303 Sanford Avenue, Flushing, L. I., aged 82 years, death resulting from infirmities of age. He was born in London. For a number of years he was engaged in the hosiery business in Walker Street, this city.

Marriage and death notices intended for insertion in The New York Times may be telephoned to 1000 Bryant.

Married.

FLAGG—KING.—On Wednesday, Jan. 31, at St. Bartholomew's Church, Madison Av., by the Rev. D. Leighton Parks, assisted by the Rev. William C. Richardson, S. T. D. of St. James's Church, Philadelphia, Dorothy, second daughter of Mr. D. H. King, Jr., to Stanley Griswold, 3d., son of Mr. Stanley Griswold Flagg, Jr., of Philadelphia.

LEAHY—NORTON.—Jan. 30, at Christ Church, by the Rev. Alexander Strong, D. D., Ethel Wyatt Norton to Michael Arthur Leahy, U. S. N.

LOVETT—MORRISON.—On the 10th ult, by license at Ealing Dene, by the Rev. Anderson, George Stanley, son of G. Lovett, Melbourne, Australia, to Marjorie, daughter of the late R. Morrison, Montreal, Canada.

LYDECKER — CARPENTER. — On Saturday, Jan. 27, 1912, at the residence of the bride's parents, 582 St. Mark's Av., Brooklyn, by the Rev. Henry G. Marshall of Milford, Conn., Mary Catherine, daughter of Charles B. and Anna Therese Carpenter, to Frederick A. Lydecker of Madison, N. J.

SHARRETTS—HOOLEY.—On Wednesday, Jan. 31, 1912, at the home of the bride, North Plainfield, N. J., by the Rev. W. H. Miller of St. Joseph's Church, Helen Ray Hooley, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Edwin Hooley, to Edward P. Sharretts.

Brooklyn.

MOLLOY—LOGAN.—Jan. 28, Mae Logan to Thomas Molloy.

SEAMAN—RACZEK.—Jan. 30, Elsie Raczek to William H. Seaman.

New Jersey.

HARTER — BERGFELS. — Jan. 29, Newark, Jennie Bergfels to William A. Harter.

New York State.

JACKSON — MAIDSTONE. — Jan. 28, Hudson, Emma M. Maidstone to Lancaster D. Jackson.

Died.

ALLAIR.—Suddenly, on Wednesday, at 888 Sterling Place, Brooklyn, Emma M., beloved wife of Samuel Y. Allair. Notice of funeral hereafter.

ALLERTON.—On Tuesday, Jan. 30, 1912, Henrietta Latimer Vredenburgh, wife of the late Reuben G. Allerton of New York City. Funeral service will be held at her late home, Tuckahoe, N. Y., on Friday, Feb. 2, on arrival of train leaving Grand Central Station at 1:35 P. M., Harlem Road.

ANDERSON.—On Jan. 31, 1912, Bertha Anderson. Services at Stephen Merritt's Funeral Parlors, 304 West 126th St., Thursday evening, 8 o'clock.

BEACH.—On Jan. 30, at Grand Junction, Col., Catherine Wells Beach, wife of the Rev. Henry Hudson Beach and daughter of the late Dr. P. P. Wells and Catherine French Wells of Brooklyn, N. Y.

BENNETT.—Jonathan Bennett, on Wednesday, Jan. 31, in his 68th year. Funeral from his late residence, 8 West 8th St., Saturday, Feb. 3.

BERRY.—Jan. 30, Inslee H. Berry, M. D., aged 39 years. Services at THE FUNERAL CHURCH, 241 West 23d St., (Frank E. Campbell Building,) Friday morning, 11 o'clock.

COUSE.—At Morristown, N. J., Jan. 30, 1912, Ella Ford de Camp, wife of the late James H. Couse and daughter of Chillion Ford and Lydia B. de Camp. Funeral at her late residence, 11 Elm St., Morristown, N. J., on Thursday, Feb. 1, at 11 o'clock.

COHEN.—At her residence, No. 184 High St., Orange, N. J., on Jan. 30, 1912, Helena A., wife of Herman Cohen. Funeral private, on Friday, Feb. 2. Kindly omit flowers.

COMBES.—On Jan. 31, 1912, Annie Field, wife of Charles U. Combes, in her 68th year. Services will be held at her late residence, 2,089 Washington Av., Bronx, Saturday, Feb. 3, at 2 P. M. Relatives and friends are respectfully invited to attend.

COYLE.—At 12 Pineapple St., Brooklyn, Mrs. Ellen M. Coyle, widow of Hugh S. Coyle and daughter of the late William H. Peck. Funeral services at 10 o'clock on Friday morning at Church of St. Charles Borromeo, Sidney Place and Livingston St., Brooklyn.

DEVLIN.—At Greenfield, Jan. 31, John S. Devlin, aged 71. Funeral services at Calvary Cemetery, Friday afternoon, Feb. 2.

DOUGLAS.—At 275 Clinton Av., Brooklyn, on Jan. 31, 1912, Jean, infant daughter of Walter L. and Harriet Sayre Douglas. Funeral private. Kindly omit flowers.

FEDER.—Capt. Abraham B. Feder, aged 69 years, beloved husband of Besty and father of A. B., Jr. Relatives, friends, and members of John E. Bendix Post, 402, G. A. R., and Ladies Star Lodge invited. Funeral from late residence, 1,121 Tinton Av., Bronx, near 166th St., Thursday, Feb. 1, at 10 A. M.

FIELDING.—On Jan. 31, at his residence, 623 West 185th St., New York, William Stevens Fielding, in the 72d year of his age.

FISHER.—On Tuesday, Jan. 30, passed away peacefully after a brief illness, our dearly beloved brother, Reuben M. Fisher. May his soul rest in eternal peace. Amen. Funeral private.

FRECH.—On Wednesday, Jan. 31, 1912, Martha L., wife of the late George H. Frech. Services at the residence of her son, Mr. Garret W. Frech, 1,027 Prospect Av., Plainfield, N. J., on Friday, Feb. 2, at 2:30 P. M. Interment at Somerville, N. J.

Died.

FULLERTON.—Passed on, after a brief illness, in her 85th year, Sarah M., widow of William R. Fullerton. Services and interment at Boston, Mass.

MARTIN.—At the home of his daughter, Mrs. F. W. Livermore, Rochelle Park, New Rochelle, N. Y., Jan. 29, 1912, Adam C. Martin, in his 80th year. Funeral service at the above residence on Thursday, Feb. 1, 1912, at 10:15 A. M. Carriages at New Rochelle station on arrival of the 9:06 A. M. train from Grand Central Depot.

MARTIN.—On Tuesday, Jan. 30, 1912, William R. H. Martin, son of the late John T. and Priscilla Martin. Funeral on Thursday at 10 A. M. from his late residence, 114 East 36th St. Interment private.

McGREGOR.—On Wednesday morning, Jan. 31, 1912, in Westchester, after a short illness, Harriet McGregor, in the 64th year of her age. Requiem mass on Saturday morning, Feb. 3, 1912, at 11 o'clock, at the Church of the Holy Name, 96th St. and Amsterdam Av., Manhattan. Interment afterward in Calvary Cemetery.

MERRITT.—Jan. 30, Charles Henry, beloved husband of Sarah J., father of Charles, Hettie, Samuel, and May. Funeral services Saturday evening, 7:30, at late residence, 759 Courtlandt Av., Bronx. Interment Greenwood, Sunday, 10:30 A. M.

MOORE.—On Tuesday afternoo, Jan. 30, at her residence, 70 West 55th St., Margaret Lawrence Moore, widow of D. Sackett Moore, in the 71st year of her age. Funeral services will be held Friday morning, Feb. 2, from the Church of the Heavenly Rest, 5th Av. and 45th St., at 10 o'clock. Interment at Woodlawn. Kindly omit flowers.

MOTHNER.—Pauline Mothner, nee Bucky, widow of John Mothner and beloved mother of Jessie, David, Lilly, Schwad, and Birdie Vehrend, in her 70th year, at Far Rockaway. Funeral services at New Union Field Cemetery on Friday, Feb. 2, at 11:30 A. M. Kindly omit flowers. Troy (N. Y.) papers please copy.

SAFFORD.—On Jan. 31, 1912, at 41 Remsen St., Brooklyn, Mary B. Gould, widow of George Blagden Safford. Burial at Mount Auburn Cemetery, Cambridge, Mass.

SAVAGE.—Suddenly, Wednesday, Jan. 31, Elizabeth Bayley Savage, widow of Ashael H. Savage. Funeral service at her late residence, 309 Washington Av., Brooklyn, Thursday evening at 8 o'clock. Interment at Penn Yan. Rochester and Buffalo papers please copy.

SHEPARD.—On Jan. 16, 1912, in Chicago, Gertrude Gamble, beloved wife of Perry Melville Shepard and daughter of William Aspinwall and Adelaide Shaw. Funeral service held at St. Chrysostom's Church, Chicago, Jan. 20.

SMITH.—On Jan. 30, at the Hotel Marie Antoinette, Leonard Kirby Smith, in his 77th year. Services private.

VONBERNUTH.—On Tuesday, Jan. 30, 1912, at her residence, 1 West 72d St., Caroline de Forrest, wife of Fritz Vonbernuth, Jr., daughter of the late E. Thompson and Caroline de Forest Gale, and mother of Constance de Forest, Elaine Eliot, and Grace Alexis Orr. Funeral private. Interment at Troy. Kindly omit flowers.

WOLFE.—On Jan. 30 Raphael Wolfe, 77 years old, the beloved father of Dinah Hattenbach, Frida Major, Fanny Doernberg, Clara Sanger, Bertha, Joseph, William, Menko H., Irving, and Arthur Wolfe. Funeral services at late residence, 515 West 143d St., Friday, at 10 A. M. Interment Mount Hope Cemetery, L. I. Please omit flowers.

WOODWARD.—On Jan. 28, 1912, at Chicago, Ill., Lavinia C. Woodward, (née Eiche,) beloved wife of Benjamin V. Woodward and daughter of Hugo and Emma Eiche. Funeral service at Stephen Merritt's New Chapel, 8th Av., near 21st St., Thursday evening, 8:30. Please omit flowers. Interment private.

ABRAHAM.—Levine, 236 Madison St., Jan. 30, aged 67.

AHERN.—Winifred, 321 West 25th St., Jan. 29. Funeral to-day.

BANKS.—Joseph, 322 East 79th St., Jan. 30.

BARNEY.—Ida E., 203 West 103d St., Jan. 29. Funeral service to-day.

BOLLE.—Francis J., 417 Franklin Av., Bronx, Jan. 30.

BYCK.—Julius, 537 East 147th St., Jan. 29.

CORTADA.—Ida F., St. Vincent's Hospital, Jan. 30. Funeral to-morrow.

DE PATTE.—Julia L., 410 East 156th St., Jan. 29, aged 34. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

DOOLEY.—Michael J., 515 West 156th St., Jan. 30. Funeral to-morrow, 9:30 A. M.

GRIER.—Leonard, J. Hood Wright Hospital, Jan. 30, aged 32.

GRIFFIN.—William, 353 East 87th St., Jan. 29, aged 34.

GROSSMAN.—Phyllis, Lebanon Hospital, Jan. 29. Funeral private.

HANNON.—Mary, 1,240 Thieriot Av., Jan. 30. Funeral to-morrow.

HINDS.—William, 309 East 76th St., Jan. 30.

KEARNEY.—James, 124 East 91st St., Jan. 29, aged 54. Funeral to-day, 9:30 A. M.

KOOP.—Charles, 175 East 74th St., Jan. 30, aged 46. Funeral to-day, 12:30 P. M.

KUTZNER.—Sophie W., 390 East 154th St., Jan. 31, aged 56.

LAY.—Jacob, 2,337 Beaumont Av., Bronx, Jan. 30. Funeral private.

McGLYNN.—Thomas, 533 West 44th St., Jan. 29. Funeral to-day, 10 A. M.

McLOUGHLIN.—Andrew F., 326 West 34th St., Jan. 29. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

MAETZKE.—Alma, 131 7th St., Jan. 30. Funeral to-day.

MALLON.—Mrs. A., 104 East 89th St., Jan. 29. Funeral to-day, 9 A. M.

MARTIN.—William R. H., 114 East 36th St., Jan. 30. Funeral to-day, 10 A. M.

NIETO.—Ray, 265 West 129th St., Jan. 30. Funeral to-day, 10 A. M.

NORTON.—Sarah A., 303 West 134th St., Jan. 29. Funeral to-day, 1:30 P. M.

ORDENSTEIN.—Betty, 148 West 131st St., Jan. 30. Funeral to-day, private.

PFISTERER.—Gustav, 88 East End Av., Jan. 30, aged 25. Funeral to-day, 1:30 P. M.

PYE.—Edwin, 49 Grove St., Jan. 29.

ROBINSON.—Biagga, Jan. 30, aged 40. Funeral 171 8th Av.

RODDY.—Catherine, 375 East 154th St., Jan. 24, aged 80.

ROTHLAUF.—Frederick, 382 East 146th St., Jan. 30. Funeral to-day, 9 A. M.

SAUNDERS.—Daniel J., 510 East 120th St., Jan. 30. Funeral to-morrow, 2 P. M.

SCANLON.—Ellen, 144 East 134th St., Jan. 29.

STEINHAGEN.—Theodor, 31 Harrison Av., Jan. 29, aged 60. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

SULLIVAN.—Agnes, 3,256 Decatur Av., Bronx, Jan. 30. Funeral to-morrow.

WADE.—Thomas, 311 East 123d St., Jan. 30.

WATERS.—Frances M., 225 10th Av., Jan. 29. Funeral to-day, 9:30 A. M.

WILTSHIRE.—William F., 53 Cherry St., Jan. 30. Funeral to-morrow, 2:30 P. M.

Brooklyn.

ALLEN.—Mary, 143 North 6th St., Jan. 30, aged 42. Funeral to-morrow, 2 P. M.

BARRETT.—Mary, Kings Park Hospital, Jan. 30, aged 60. Funeral to-day.

BLACKMAR.—Jane A., 201 Lincoln Road, Jan. 30. Funeral private.

DOWNING.—George, 271 St. Nicholas Av., Jan. 30, aged 56. Funeral to-day, 10 A. M.

DUNN.—Joseph, 194 Pearl St., Jan. 30. Funeral to-morrow.

FARRELL.—Edward J., 7,414 3d Av., Jan. 30. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

HARRINGTON.—William L., 28 John St., Jan. 29, aged 15. Funeral to-day, 9 A. M.

HILL.—John F., 1,652 Atlantic Av., Jan. 30.

KAPPLER.—Frederick, 620 Bainbridge St., Jan. 30, aged 71. Funeral to-day.

KEMPTON.—George W., 3,412 Avenue L, Jan. 30, aged 70. Funeral to-day, 2:30 P. M.

LONGHEAD.—George, 17 Sterling Place, Jan. 30. Funeral service to-morrow.

McCOYLE.—Ellen, 12 Pineapple St., Jan. 30, aged 80.

McCAVEL.—James, 112 Chestnut St., Jan 30. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

MADIGAN.—Mary, 180 Nevins St., Jan. 30. Funeral to-day, 9 A. M.

MAGSAMEN.—Matilda, 1,167 Madison St., Jan. 30, age 37. Funeral Feb. 3.

MEYER.—Henry, 1,221 St. Mark's Av., Jan. 31, age 37. Funeral Feb. 3, 2 P. M.

Died.

MOORE.—Charles W., 201 Gates Av., Jan. 31. Funeral service to-morrow.

MURPHY.—Rebecca T., 213 Carroll St., Jan. 30, age 83. Funeral to-morrow, 9:30 A. M.

REYNOLDS.—Anastasia, 644 Humboldt St., Jan. 30. Funeral to-morrow, 10 A. M.

TERRIERE.—Elizabeth T., 666 Jamaica Av., Jan. 29, age 50. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

VALENTINE.—Napoleon, 98 McDonough St., Jan. 31, age 69. Funeral service to-day.

VAN SISE.—Charles, 292 Marion St., Jan. 30. Funeral service to-day.

WALTER.—Dora, 1,241 Myrtle Av., Jan. 30, age 47. Funeral to-morrow.

WIEGAND.—Louis, 23 Bremen St., Jan. 30, age 26.

WILLIAMSON.—Annie C., 112 Jerome St., Jan. 30, age 40.

Connecticut.

CELLEY.—Albert B., Bridgeport, Jan. 29. Funeral to-day, 8:30 A. M.

CHAPMAN.—Oscar A., Hartford, Jan. 29, age 68.

COLEY.—William G., 64 Grove St., Bridgeport, Jan. 30, age 43.

CONROY, John, Parkville, Jan. 29.

DUGGAN.—Dennis, Deep River, Jan. 29, age 76.

FLOOD.—John, Bridgeport, Jan. 29, age 63.

FLYNN.—Catherine A., Danbury, Jan. 30.

GOLDEN.—John J., Hartford, Jan. 29.

HUGHES.—Elizabeth, 7 Green St., Hartford, Jan. 29, age 28.

JOHNSON.—Ellen, Thompsonville, Jan. 29, age 90.

KINSELLA.—Kate L., Danbury, Jan. 29. Funeral to-day, 8:45 A. M.

McWEENEY.—Charlotte P., Waterbury, Jan. 29, age 74.

RANSOM. — William, Litchfield, Jan. 29, age 90.

SLAUSON.—Maria, Danbury, Jan. 30.

TRACY.—Andrew, Suffield, Jan. 29, age 56.

Long Island.

BARNETT.—Elizabeth S., Jamaica, Jan. 28.

BATES.—Augusta, Elmhurst, Jan. 29, aged 79.

EHRFELD.—Henrietta, Malba, Jan. 29, age 76.

FAULKNER.—Margaretta, Sayville, Jan. 29. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

GOGLAN.—Kiran, 11 Hulst St., Long Island City, Jan. 28, aged 67.

HUSSEY.—Joseph, Ridgewood Heights, Jan. 28, aged 45.

JENNINGS.—Daniel, Rockaway Beach, Jan. 29, aged 39.

NEUMAN.—Bertha, Ridgewood, Jan. 29, aged 24.

McDERMOTT.—Ann, Woodhaven, Jan. 28, aged 64.

RAPELYE.—Abram D., Flushing, Jan. 28, aged 74.

RENZULLO.—James, Far Rockaway, Jan. 28, aged 19.

SCHNEIDER.—Regina, Ridgewood, Jan. 29, aged 54.

SOATS.—Robert, Ridgewood, Jan. 28, aged 60.

TARTAGLIA.—Malta V., Corona, Jan. 28, aged 14.

WALSH.—William, Long Island City, Jan. 28, aged 72.

WALTERS.—Lewis, 268 6th Av., Astoria, Jan. 29, aged 68.

WHITTAKER.—Joseph, Woodhaven, Jan. 28, aged 83.

WRIGHT.—Phebe A., Rockaway Beach, Jan. 28, aged 70.

WRIGHT.—William H., Jamaica, Jan. 28, aged 65.

New Jersey.

APPLEDAUR.—Emma, 170 Chestnut St., Newark, Jan. 31. Funeral Feb. 3, 2 P. M.

BARTER.—Capt. Albion K., Verona, Jan. 29, aged 78. Funeral to-day, 2:30 P. M.

CARTER.—John H., Paterson, Jan. 29, aged 21. Funeral to-day, 1:30 P. M.

CASSIDY.—John H., Newark, Jan. 30, aged 35. Funeral to-day.

COSTIGAN.—Ann, 387 Wayne St., Jersey City, Jan. 31. Funeral to-morrow, 9 A. M.

FLYNN.—Phoebe A., Caldwell, Jan. 30, aged 76. Funeral to-morrow, 2:30 P. M.

GERMANN.—Barbara, 279 Pearsall Av., Jersey City, Jan. 29, aged 53. Funeral to-morrow.

GILLMAN.—Catharina, Newark, Jan. 31, aged 65.

KING.—Fred V., 143 Sayre St., Elizabeth, Jan. 29, aged 31. Funeral to-day.

MARSHALL.—Emma, 434 Rose Av., Jersey City, Jan. 30, age 34.

MORRIS.—George J., Bayonne, Jan. 29, aged 22. Funeral to-morrow.

O'CONNOR.—William, 333 Montgomery St., Jersey City, Jan. 31.

RAPP.—Daisy, 119 Lexington Av., Jersey City, Jan. 30, aged 12.

RIORDAN.—Timothy J., 399 Montgomery St., Jersey City, Jan. 31.

RUMLEY.—John M., Jersey City, Jan. 29. Funeral to-day, 9 A. M.

SHAFFER.—Annie E., 21 Martin Place, Jersey City, Jan. 31.

McCUE.—Edward J., South Orange, Jan. 30, aged 40.

MANN.—Margaret, Newark, Jan. 30.

MONAGHAN.—Elizabeth M., Kearny, Jan. 30. Funeral to-morrow.

NEIPP.—Rosina, Cranford, Jan. 29.

NEWMAN.—Mrs. W. B., Hackensack, Jan. 29, aged 77.

PETER.—Julia F., Burlington, Jan. 29. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

REILLY.—Anna, 225 Emmet St., Newark, Jan. 31, aged 2 months.

SAYLES.—Samuel, 67 South St., Orange, Jan. 30.

STILES.—Alice A., 179 New York Av., Newark, Jan. 31.

VAIL.—Emily J., Rahway, Jan. 30, aged 71. Funeral to-day, 2:30 P. M.

WILSON.—Sarah, 225 Mount Pleasant Av., Newark, Jan. 29. Funeral to-day.

New York State.

GLASS.—Charlotta, 73 Linden St., Yonkers, Jan. 29.

HALPIN.—Timothy, Newburg, Jan. 29, aged 65.

LOCKROW.—Elizabeth M., 163 West 2d St., Mount Vernon, Jan. 29.

McCREADY.—Harry R., Chester Crest, Mount Vernon, Jan. 29.

PALMER.—Henry, North Tarrytown, Jan. 29, aged 64.

WHITE.—Rosella, Arlington, Jan. 29, aged 25. Funeral to-day, 10:30 A. M.

WILLIAMS.—George E., 5 South Malcolm St., Hudson, Jan. 29.

WRIGHT.—Lydia M., Newburg, Jan. 29, aged 88. Funeral to-day, 10 A. M.

In Memoriam.

WHALEN.—A month's mind mass of requiem will be offered for the happy repose of the soul of Ella F. Whalen, beloved sister of the Hon. John Whalen and Mr. P. H. Whalen, on Saturday, Feb. 3, at 10 A. M., at St. Catherine's Church, 153d St., near Amsterdam Av. Relatives and friends are respectfully invited to attend.

COSTELLO.—Rose, mass, Church of St. John the Evangelist, to-day, 10 A. M.

RYAN.—Michael L., mass, Church of St. Nicholas of Tolentine, to-day, 7:30 A. M.

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NEW YORK

STEEL TRUST DENIES IT RESTRAINS TRADE

Morgan, Rockefeller, Carnegie, and Others File Answers with It to the Government Suit.

TRUST MADE STEEL CHEAPER

Too Late for Government to Interfere—Carnegie and Rockefeller Say They Had Nothing to Do with the Case.

Special to The New York Times.

TRENTON, N. J., Jan. 31.—Andrew Carnegie, John D. Rockefeller, John D. Rockefeller, Jr., Edmund C. Converse, and the United States Steel Corporation itself will file answers here to-morrow to the petition of the Federal Government against the United States Steel Corporation and others under the Sherman anti-trust law. All the respondents deny any attempt or intention to restrain trade or to establish a monopoly. The Steel Corporation itself insists that the absence of such intention is evidenced by the very fact that it adopted a policy of making public its purposes and the details of its organization in a variety of ways, and particularly directed the attention of the officers of the Government to the organization at the time it was effected, and that not until recently has any department or responsible officer of the Government criticised it as attempting to restrain trade. After pointing out that its stock is now held by a multitude of small investors, the corporation declares:

"After acquiescing in the organization of the Steel Corporation for so long a time, and after rights of so sacred a character have grown up thereunder, it is now too late for the Government to insist in a court of equity that such organization was in itself and without regard to its after practices an illegal thing."

The answer is made in the name of the United States Steel Corporation and its various subsidiary companies, and is joined in by the following individuals: J. Pierpont Morgan, Elbert H. Gary, Charles M. Schwab, Charles Steele, Henry C. Frick, James Gayley, William H. Moore, James H. Moore, Percival Roberts, Jr., Daniel G. Reid, Norman B. Ream, George W. Perkins, and Peter A. B. Widener.

Declares It Cheapened Steel.

The answer recites that the corporation was formed and its properties acquired for the purpose of effecting economies in the manufacture of steel and to reach the principal home and foreign markets and increase the trade in steel products therein.

"If any of the companies acquired by the Steel Corporation had been organized for the purpose or with the effect of restraining trade or commerce," the answer declares, "or if they constituted an attempt at monopoly or a monopolization of trade or commerce, neither the organizers of the Steel Corporation nor the said corporation had any knowledge or information thereof when the said companies were acquired."

The corporation declares that it has cheapened steel to the consumer, increased its foreign trade from $8,000,000 in 1901 $60,000,000 in 1911; that it has not suppressed competition, but that on the contrary the number of its competitors in the United States has largely increased since 1901. The purchase of the majority of the stock of the Tennessee Coal and Iron Company, the answer says, was first proposed by Grant B. Schley and taken up only because it was represented in his behalf that nothing else would save Moore and Schley from failure. The answer then recites the visit of Messrs. Gary and Frick to President Roosevelt to lay the matter before him, and denies that they failed to disclose to him all the facts bearing on the proposed purchase or made any false or misleading statements to him regarding the financial situation in New York or regarding the wishes of themselves and the corporation with respect to the proposed purchase. Thereupon, the answer sets forth, the President stated that he did not feel it to be his duty to prevent the proposed transaction. Relying on this, Mr. Frick and Mr. Gary returned and the purchase was effected.

Asks Dismissal of Suit.

The corporation insists that ever since it was oraginzed it has followed "the declared policy to encourage rather than restrain the utmost freedom of trade and commerce; to refrain from acts of oppression or injustice to competitors or from efforts to harass them or to exclude them from their fair share of inter-State or foreign commerce, and to take no steps intended or calculated to prevent the growth of other and further competition."

The answer refers to the meetings of the steel manufacturers familiarly known as the "Gary dinners," and denies that there was at any time "any attempt to reach any agreement or understanding with respect either to output or prices; nor was anything said or done which was calculated or intended to suppress competition or restrain trade, and there never was nor is there now any such agreement or understanding."

The answer denies violation of the Anti-Trust act or any portion of it or any intended violation, and declares that the court is without jurisdiction to grant the relief prayed for in the petition. It therefore asks to be dismissed.

Andrew Carnegie, in his answer, likewise denies any past, present, or intended action in violation of the Anti-Trust act, or in restraint of trade, but adds that he has no knowledge to enable him to answer the Government's allegations relating to companies other than the Carnegie Company, though he does not admit them. He denies that the purpose and effect of the absorption of the Duquesne Steel Works was a combination in rstraint of trade, and insists that the purpose was solely to get greater industrial efficiency, and that the corporations and associations consolidated in the Carnegie Company were not competing companies. He denies that he or the Carnegie Company had ambitious plans involving further elimination of competition and restraint of trade.

The Dispute With Frick.

Concerning the sale of the Carnegie Company to the Steel Corporation, Mr. Carnegie insists that while it was true that he was "aware of the formation of the United States Steel Corporation and the business which it proposed to conduct," he did not combine in any of the proposed plans further than to agree to sell his majority stock of the Carnegie Company outright, taking in pay therefor bonds of the Steel Corporation, to be secured by a pledge of stocks and other securities owned or to be owned by the corporation.

"Having agreed to make this sale," the answer says, "he took no part in the plans for the organization of the corporation, nor has he taken any part either direct or advisory in its business, his position being solely that of a creditor holding obligations of the corporation." Of the capitalization and terms of issue thereof, he says, he has only a general knowledge derived from publications on the subject.

Mr. Carnegie denies the allegation that the value of the tangible properties of the Carnegie Company did not exceed $160,000,000 at the time of its sale to the corporation, and that the net value of its assets on Dec. 31, 1899, was $75,610,104. The allegation in the petition that a statement from the books of the Carnegie Steel Company to this effect was verified by him and other members of the company under oath, he says, refers to an answer to a bill filed in the Court of Common Pleas of Allegheny County, Penn., by H. C. Frick, to compel an accounting for his interest in the Carnegie Steel Company, Limited, "a partnership association existing prior to the organization of the Carnege Company, the corporation referred to in the present petition." He adds that he and other defendants at the time disputed Frick's estimate of the assets of the partnership as more than $250,000,000, because the association, though worth as a going concern far more than its book value, did not have at that time tangible assets which it could sell or transfer for that value.

Values Fixed Only for Partners.

The real question in that early suit as to the value of the property, he says, was based on "a certain agreement between the members of the association, by which its assets, as between the members, were to be estimated and appraised in a certain way for the purpose of fixing the value of the interests, both of incoming and outgoing members." By that appraisement, he says, "assented to by the members of the association, including H. C. Frick, the value of the assets was fixed as stated in the petition in this case." Mr. Carnegie declares that he has no knowledge and, therefore, cannot admit or deny the averment of the petition that Frick proposed to sell the Carnegie property to J. P. Morgan for $160,000,000, and that the latter declined on the ground that the price was too high. The only option Frick had on the property of the Carnegie Company, he says, was one involving the payment to Carnegie of $157,950,000 for his interest alone.

"Further answering this paragraph," continues Mr. Carnegie, "this defendant says that his sole motive in agreeing to the sale of the properties of the Carnegie Company to the United States Steel Corporation was his desire to retire from the hazards and responsibilities of active business, and that since said sale was concluded he has had no connection with the business of the purchasing corporation or any one else. He says he has no knowledge and cannot affirm or deny the allegations as to the actions of the Steel Corporation or its constituent companies since its organization, and that his recollections of the details of the business operations of the Carnegie Company and its constituent companies is not sufficient at this time to enable him to deny or affirm the allegations so far as they relate to the actions of these companies before the organization of the corporation."

Mr. Carnegie concludes by pleading lack of knowledge to enable him to answer the allegations in no less than seven of the thirteen paragraphs of the Government's petition—those dealing with the capacity and extent of the properties brought under combination in 1901; subsequent acquisitions to the original combination; the position achieved by the corporation through the ownership or control of coal, coke, iron ore, and transportation; extensions and earnings; charges as to the properties of various constituent companies; interlocking Directorates, and combinations other than written pools or agreements. But he denies all manner of unlawful combination and confederacy wherewith he is charged by the petition.

John D. Rockefeller's Answer.

John D. Rockefeller, in his answer sets forth a similar alibi as to wrongdoing against the Anti-Trust act. He denies that he had anything to do with the formation of the Steel Corporation, and says he was not a member of any underwriting or other syndicate relating to it. "His sole relation to the Steel Corporation," his answer sets forth, "was to sell to it certain property, save as he was an elected but not active Director for a limited period"—from April 6, 1901, to Feb. 2, 1904. His only connection with the corporation, he says, was his sale of the Bessemer Steamship Company's lake fleet to the corporation for cash, and the sale of his interest, nearly the whole, in the Lake Superior Consolidated Iron Mines, which owned extensive iron mines in Minnesota. This, he says, he sold at a price payable in steel preferred, and made it a condition that all other stockholders of his company should be offered the same terms. He adds that he sold after the Steel Corporation had been organized and had acquired the Carnegie, the Federal, and other companies, and in reliance that the Government had permitted the completion of the corporation's organization and in the belief that his sale of property to the corporation was in no way a violation of the anti-trust law.

Mr. Rockefeller denies all combination in restraint of trade generally, and asserts that he has no connection with the companies which form the Steel Corporation, and that inasmuch as he is not a party to the case it ought to be dismissed as against him. The answer of John D. Rockefeller, Jr., follows substantially that of his father.

The answer of Edmund C. Converse, a Director of the Steel Corporation and former President of the National Tube Company, declares that competition in the steel industry, far from being suppressed, has increased since the formation of the corporation, so that the business done by the corporation is now less than 50 per cent. of the country's steel business. He denies that there has been or is any system of interlocking Directorates or financial alliances to control the steel industry or to extend the influence or power of the Steel Corporation over trade or commerce, or that the corporation has ever sought, held, or exercised control over consumers or competitors. The ore purchases it made, he says, were for its present or future needs only, and he adds that there are ore supplies of good quality and enormous quantity open to all in this country. He denies that the Steel Corporation's capitalization is in excess of the real values of its properties, and says there is no basis for the Government's charge that the profits of the corporation have been so high as to indicate the existence of a monopoly.

MAHOGANY IN FURNITURE.

Very Little of the Real Wood Is Used at Present.

One of the interesting enigmas of business is how the furniture manufacturers can work up forty million feet of "mahogany" into furniture every year, when the cut of that wood from the forests does not exceed eighteen million feet a year. The Building Age, in its current issue, gives this explanation:

"It is interesting to note that more than twenty mahogany-like woods are now offered as true mahogany, not to mention a considerable number of woods cunningly stained to imitate that wood. In the present circumstances, therefore, when the demand for mahogany is greater than the supply unusual interest attaches to such woods as Cariniana or Colombian mahogany, which is acknowledged not to be mahogany, but which is so similar to it in color, grain effects, and working qualities as to serve for the rarer wood.

"The statement is made that while Cariniana differs widely in its botanical and anatomical characters from true mahogany, its close superficial resemblance to mahogany and its physical properties at once distinguish it as a high class cabinet wood. When properly seasoned it does not warp, check, or shrink, while much of the lumber is beautifully figured. It works well, takes a filler readily and can be highly polished."

CHICAGO DID A BUILDING FEAT

Skeleton of Seven-Story Structure Erected in 120 Working Hours.

What is probably a record in the putting up of the skeleton of a big building was made in Chicago recently by a gang of steel erectors. Engineering News in its current issue records the feat in these words:

> The structure is 50 by 100 feet, with three panels in the front and six at the side. Seven floors were built. All floor framing is of I-beams. The weight of steel was about 400 tons, and this was all placed and erected in 15 working days of 8 hours each, or 120 working hours. The erection was done with the aid of a 10-ton guyed derrick with 60-foot boom. The heaviest pieces handled weighed 7 tons. The derrick could place material for only two stories at one setting, so that it had to be raised four times during the work. The erecting gang was composed as follows: One foreman, one bellman, (to give signals to engineman,) two connectors, two hookers-on, one poleman, (to push the boom around,) and a derrick engineman, who acted also as fireman. The riveting was done by a following gang of four men with a pneumatic riveting hammer.

That the building was not a municipal structure, the journal remarked, it is needless to say.

MISS RITA JOLIVET,
the beautiful actress of
KISMET, writes,
The best sauce I have ever tasted, and helps my digestion wonderfully.
WAW-WAW
Sauce
with fish, meats, etc., unequalled.
St. James Importing Co., Importers, New York City.

BREWERS WORK OUT MODEL PENSION PLAN

Compensation for Injuries Goes with It, and 70,000 Employes Are to Get the Benefit.

ANY ONE CAN RETIRE AT 60.

Clerks, Salesmen, Drivers, and Labor Union Heads All Included with the Workmen.

Representatives of the United States Brewers' Association and the International Union of United Brewery Workmen of America have been working for two years to formulate a pension plan and system of compensation for injuries that it is hoped will prove a model for all other trades and industries that desire to be of service to their employes when old age incapacitates them and to provide for their families in the event of their death. The work has been completed. It has received the indorsement of the brewers and of the workmen, and some time this month it will be submitted to the unions for their approval. It is certain that this will be given, and what is believed to be a perfect pension system will be in operation.

Unlike the pension systems adopted by the United States Steel Corporation, the International Harvester Company, and other big corporations, a workman will not be bound to continue in the service of any particular company or employer to enjoy the benefits of the fund. About 80 per cent. of the brewers in this country are members of the association. They represent the biggest breweries, and if a workman leaves the employ of one he is at liberty to take employment with another without forfeiting any of his rights to the pension or to any of the benefits connected with it.

These brewers employ 40,000 workmen in the direct labor of brewing beer, and about 30,000 other employes in the capacity of clerks, salesmen, drivers, and collectors. At the outset the brewers insisted that every one of their employes, whether union man or not, should participate in the fund, and the representatives of the union finally consented to this. This was the only real obstacle that had to be overcome as far as a mutual understanding between the brewers and the union was concerned. But the labor of drafting a plan that would confer the benefits desired and conserve the interests of all was difficult. This is the plan finally decided upon and which will doubtless be adopted:

Nucleus of the Fund.

The fund is to be created by the payment of each employer of one-fifth of one per cent. of the amount of his pay roll, and each employe paying 5 per cent. of his wages. The average earnings of a brewery employe is about $900 a year. It is the second highest paid labor in the United States. This is so because there the work is continuous. It goes on for fifty-two weeks in the year, and there are no dull seasons that compel the reduction of the force or a complete shutdown of the work.

The compensation system applies to all of the workmen or other persons employed by the brewers, and also to the salaried officers employed by the union. This is a complete recognition of the union as a legitimate organization, competent to employ agents whose standing in the industry is recognized and incorporated in a mutual benefit plan. Any employe taking advantage of the compensation that is offered waives all other legal rights to recover it. If an employer is sued he may pay damages out of the compensation fund.

The compensation is fixed in this way: First aid is to be provided for all injuries, and in case of a temporary disability a workman is to receive from the fund 65 per cent. of his wages after the first week, unless he is disabled for a period of longer than four weeks, in which case he will receive compensation for the first week also. In case of total disability, not resulting in death within two years, the workman is to receive 65 per cent. of his wages for a period of five years. In no case, however, whether of temporary or permanent disability, is a workman to receive less than $5 or more than $20 a week; yet, in the latter case, his total benefit must be no less than his death benefit would have been in case he had died. In case of unquestioned total disability a man may be paid a lump sum equal to the total weekly payments for five years.

In case of death resulting from accident within two years from the date of accident the widow or dependents are to receive a sum equal to 300 times 65 per cent. of his weekly wages at the time of his injury—which is about four years' wages—but the total must not exceed $3,400. Funeral expenses to the amount of $150 may be advanced and later deducted from the benefit. This compensation is to be paid irrespective of negligence, assumption of risk or any other statutory or common law defence.

The system, it is expected, will work out in a thoroughly satisfactory manner. A man who has been in the service for twenty-five years and has arrived at the age of 60 years may be retired and receive a weekly pension for the remainder of his life equal to one-half his average weekly wage during the six months prior to his retirement, and a man may also be retired at any time on the same pension on account of incapacity. An employe may cease from work a period of twelve months without sacrificing his record of continuous service.

The Committee of the Brewers' Association that has borne the burden of the work of formulating this plan consists of Louis B. Schram, Chairman; Hugh F. Fox, Secretary; G. W. Lembeck, Rudolph J. Schaefer, A. G. Hupfel, Jr., E. G. W. Woerz, John Reisenweber, Henry Fresenius, Julius Stroh, Simon Seibert, Ernest Fecker, Jr., Albert Carry, Albert Lackmann, Henry Uhlein, J. George Jung, and Otto F. Stifel.

Mr. Schram said yesterday:

"We believe we have perfected a plan that deals justly with every one concerned. It was a difficult job, but all of us went at the work with open minds and a unanimous desire to accomplish something of a high order. We studied many of the existing pensions plans, but none of them appealed to us. Especially, we studied the German system, but we learned that that system is not working well. It permits of false claims, but in our system this danger is entirely eliminated. Our money will go where it belongs, and the danger of false claims is negligible.

Satisfactory All Around.

"We have had splendid help from the labor union. The representatives of the union who have frequently conferred with us are Joseph Proefstly and Louis Kemper of the International Union of United Brewery Workmen of America. There has been no friction of any kind between us, and we find the work practically completed and the employes and employers drawn closer together than we ever were before.

"There are about 800 brewers in our association, and so you see that if a workman is dissatisfied with his employment in one brewery he has an ample field in which to look for another job. The plan, as prepared, has already been approved by the Labor Committee of the union, and conventions of workmen have also approved it, so that its adoption, I am sure, is a foregone conclusion."

Asked how the fund is to be administered, Mr. Schram said:

"By a board known as the Board of Directors and Award. This board will be composed of six men, three representing the brewers and three the workmen. There are also to be local boards of award with the right of appeal from the decisions of the local boards to the Board of Directors and Award."

The last report of the United Brewers' Association says, in reference to the compensation plan:

"It may be said that if all the brewers will agree to the proposed plan, provision can be made for the adequate protection of their employes at a cost below the present rate of employer's liability insurance. In case of accident the victim will then be sure of an instant remedy, regardless of the vexed question of negligence on the part of the employer, employe, or fellow-servant, and thus practically all litigation will be done away with. Moreover, the workman will get all the benefit without having to give the lion's share to some attorney, or having to compromise with the insurance company."

ROCK ISLAND PROMOTIONS.

A. C. Ridgway Becomes Acting Second Vice President of the Company.

CHICAGO, Jan. 31.—A. C. Ridgway, formerly Assistant to F. O. Melcher, Second Vice President of the Chicago, Rock Island & Pacific Railroad, who was killed in a wreck at Kinmundy, Ill., recently, was to-day made acting Second Vice President of the road. Other changes made were:

W. S. Tinsman, General Manager of the first district, to be Assistant to the President in charge of special work.

W. M. Whitenton, General Manager of the third district, transferred to Chicago as General Manager of the first district.

C. W. Jones, General Superintendent of the first district, to be General Manager of the third district with headquarters at Fort Worth, Texas.

Mr. Ridgway formerly was General Superintendent of the Florence & Cripple Creek and the Denver, Northwestern and Pacific, "Moffat" lines, and was later Superintendent of the Denver & Rio Grande.

RUBBERS MAY BE CHEAPER.

The Company Controlling All Announces Reduction of 10 Per Cent.

The United States Rubber Company, which controls most of the output of rubber footwear, announced last night a new scale of prices, to go into effect to-day. Quotations have been reduced on an average of between 9 and 10 per cent., which, the management says, is warranted by the lower price of crude rubber. In a statement issued on behalf of the company it was said that the trade was not justified in expecting a large reduction in footwear prices at this time, because when crude rubber sold above $3 a pound prices for manufactured articles were not advanced proportionately.

Col. Samuel P. Colt, President of the company, says that the Directors are at work on a profit sharing plan, but that it will not be ready for announcement for several weeks. The plan will be similar to that adopted by the Steel Corporation.

REVENUES LESS IN 1911.

Pennsylvania Railroad Report Shows Net Decrease of Over Three Million.

PHILADELPHIA, Penn., Jan. 31.—The Pennsylvania Railroad Company's total operating revenue, expenses, and net operating revenue for the year 1911 show a decrease for both the lines east and west of Pittsburgh, compared with the figures of the previous year, according to the figures issued to-day in connection with the company's December statement. The figures for 1911 are as follows:

Lines East—Total operating revenue, $225,993,935; decrease, $2,824,251; total operating expenses, including taxes accrued, $177,230,078; decrease, $472,979; net operating revenue, $48,763,856; decrease, $2,351,271.

Lines West—Total operating revenue, $108,356,053; decrease, $6,444,269; total operating expenses, including taxes accrued, $81,573,114; decrease, $5,246,578; net operating revenue, $26,782,939; decrease, $1,197,691.

PORTLAND TRACTION MERGER

New York and Philadelphia Capital to Control City's Power Companies.

PORTLAND, Me., Jan. 31.—A financial consolidation by which the Cumberland Railway, Light and Power Company, incorporated in this city within a year, will become the operating company of the Portland Street Railroad, whose stock will be purchased within a week by A. B. Leach & Co. of New York, was effected to-day. E. W. Clark & Co. of Philadelphia and J. & W. Seligman & Co. of New York have become associated with A. B. Leach & Co., it was announced, and will introduce their system of management. The corporation will have a lease of the railroad for ninety-nine years.

PETROLEUM EXPORTS

Products Worth $723,600,000 Left This Country Between 1901 and 1910.

The great contribution that the export trade in the products of American petroleum has made to the wealth of the United States can be figured from the fact that the total value of exports from 1870 to 1910 is $1,900,000,000, says The American Exporter. With this year's exports it will come close to $2,000,000,000 in forty-one years.

Exports have been as follows in the ten years ended 1910:

1901	$67,400,000
1902	64,700,000
1903	66,100,000
1904	69,200,000
1905	65,500,000
1906	71,100,000
1907	79,500,000
1908	87,000,000
1909	82,000,000
1910	71,100,000
Total ten years	$723,600,000

Chicago Bank Clearings Increase.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Ill., Jan. 31.—Bank clearings in Chicago for January were $1,252,985,283, an increase of $106,597,602 compared with the corresponding period of the preceding year. It is the largest monthly exhibit since March, 1911, and is considered an encouraging sign. Ordinarily the check exchanges between banks in January are less than in December, but the current exhibits present an increase of $12,215,521 compared with the preceding month. The more liberal participation of local banks in Eastern bond underwritings is said to be the explanation.

New Haven Expands Via Rutland Road

NEW HAVEN, Conn., Jan. 31.—It is stated authoritatively in railroad circles here that the New York, New Haven & Hartford Railroad Company, acting in connection with the Boston & Maine, is planning larger business via the Rutland system, in two directions—one northward in Canada, and the other taking the form of additional through business westward via the boats of the Rutland system and over the Great Lakes.

Another Three-Day Holiday.

Lincoln's Birthday comes on Monday this year and the Stock Exchange and Cotton Exchange brokers are hoping for a three-day holiday by inducing the powers to close the two Exchanges for the short session of Saturday, Feb. 10. The Cotton Exchange men are confident of getting favorable action on their petition and the stock brokers hope that unless the markets should become suddenly active they will also get the extra holiday.

START YOUR INTEREST
INVESTORS lose interest while waiting to find a mortgage that exactly suits in amount and location—also while the title is being searched.
You can buy our Guaranteed First Mortgage Certificates while you wait and interest begins that day. They are mortgages in safety and bonds in convenience. They are the latest development in mortgage lending.
Interest at 4½%—any amount can be invested. Call at any of our offices or write.
TITLE GUARANTEE AND TRUST CO
Capital . . $ 4,375,000
Surplus (all earned) 10,625,000
176 B'way, N. Y. 175 Remsen St., B'klyn.
350 Fulton St., Jamaica.

WHITMAN TO WIDEN FOOD COST INQUIRY

The Prices of Other Products Besides Butter and Eggs to be Investigated.

TO ISSUE MORE SUBPOENAS

Evidence to Go to the Grand Jury if There Is Any to Show a Crime Has Been Committed.

District Attorney Whitman announced last night that his investigation of the high cost of butter and eggs would be extended to include the cost of other food products, the entire inquiry to be held before a magistrate, and all the evidence to be made public.

The investigation will start with the inquiry into the cost of butter and eggs and later subpoenas will be issued for persons who control and sell all kinds of food products. Mr. Whitman said that the object of the investigation is to learn whether the dealers, receivers, wholesalers or retailers are responsible for the inflation of prices and that after all the evidence was taken it would be submitted to the Grand Jury for final consideration provided that there was any evidence to show that a crime had been committed or that conditions were such as to demand an investigation by the Grand Jury.

The Grand Jury is at present investigating the cost of butter and eggs, but Mr. Whitman thinks that this, if prolonged, would be much more expensive than an investigation before a magistrate, and that it would also hold up much of the routine work of that body. Assistant District Attorney DeFord is in charge of the butter investigation and he will probably handle the other inquiries as they get under way.

"The general investigation should not be in the Grand Jury room, for this is no matter for star chamber proceedings," said Mr. Whitman. "I intend to ask Chief Magistrate McAdoo to appoint a magistrate to act, in a way, as commissioner for the people. Anyone who believes there is something wrong with the price of an article of everyday diet will have ample opportunity to make a complaint to this specially detailed magistrate, who will investigate every complaint which he thinks is based on facts which warrant investigation.

"This idea of mine was suggested by the many letters I have received asking why I was confining the investigation to butter alone. These letters seem to me to show that there is a popular desire for an investigation of the prices of everything we eat. Many of the letters are from small dealers as well as from the public at large."

Assistant District Attorney DeFord, in reply to questions last night, said:

"So far my investigation has dealt only in the price of butter and eggs, but it is very likely that other products will be mentioned in the course of this investigation and then the work will be extended no doubt."

Three butter dealers appeared before the Grand Jury yesterday, P. H. Kiefer of Goode Brothers & Kiefer Co., 21 Jay Street; John Scholl of 147 Reade Street, and John Doscher of 133 Reade Street.

The investigation before a magistrate will be started early next week, and it is considered likely that either Magistrate Barlow or Magistrate Appleton will preside. William C. Tabor, an authority on butter, is assisting Mr. DeFord. It is probable that two or three other assistant district attorneys will assist Mr. DeFord.

PETERS PLANS MORE STORES.

Clergyman's Cut-Price Grocery Venture Meeting with Success.

The cut-price grocery sale to eliminate middlemen's profits, which the Rev. Madison Peters is conducting twice a week in the parlors of the Home for Homeless Boys at 445 East 123d Street, disposed of about 1,600 pounds of vegetables to 250 tenement folk yesterday, according to Supt. Evas of the home.

The sales consisted of 700 pounds of potatoes at 2½ cents a pound, 300 pounds of apples at 2½ cents a pound, 200 pounds of onions at 4 cents a pound, 200 pounds of carrots at 2 cents a pound, and 200 pounds of turnips at 2 cents a pound.

The supply of vegetables ran out within an hour and a half after the sale started, and the Rev. Dr. Peters is going to order four barrels of apples instead of two for next Saturday's sale and ten barrels of potatoes instead of four. One woman paid car fare from Eightieth Street to attend the sale, Mr. Evas said, and another told him that for each dollar's worth of vegetables she bought she saved 40 cents. Still another woman, who bought 60 cents' worth, said she saved 25 cents.

"Our profits on the sale were only $2.78," said Supt. Evas. "Our purpose is not to make a profit, but to persuade the Mayor and all the residents of the city to allow open markets to be established in the various slums of the city, to which farmers can bring their produce from the country, and sell direct to the tenement people. We shall enlarge gradually and sell coal, wood, and meat, as our business increases. But we are only conducting an experiment, which will last but a year or two, and which will be stopped just as soon as the city authorities establish open markets for the poor.

"One farmer indeed paid us a visit this morning, and offered to sell us several barrels of potatoes and apples at 75 cents a barrel less than we ourselves have been paying in the Melrose market. He said the wholesalers of the Melrose market had not been treating him fairly, and that he had decided not to sell to them any more."

Mrs. Rose Horr, who operates a small retail grocery store across the street from the house in which the cut-price sale is conducted, stated yesterday that the experiment was cutting into her profits severely.

"This experiment of the Rev. Mr. Peters isn't a real test," said Mrs. Horr, "of whether middlemen are exacting too large a profit from the poor. Mr. Peters, according to his own figures, is saving the poor people one-third of the cost of their vegetables. He doesn't have to pay any rent, and he doesn't have to pay a living to his assistants. If he had to pay rent and had to pay a salary either to himself or his assistants he would have to charge a third more."

The Rev. Mr. Peters said at the close of yesterday's sale that he was so encouraged by its results that he was planning to start similar sales in other parts of the city.

MORE HERRING-HALL STOCK.

Capital to be Increased on Approval from $700,000 to $1,400,000.

Stockholders of the Herring-Hall-Marvin Company have been called to a special meeting, to be held Feb. 8, for the purpose of increasing the capital from $700,000 to $1,400,000. The stock which it is proposed to issue will be 7 per cent. cumulative preferred. The new stock will be retirable at par, and its issurance is for the purpose of taking up debentures and bills payable of the company, which aggregate $699,246.

It is proposed to exchange the new stock on even terms for some of these obligations. The company has not issued a statement of earnings since 1907. In his notice to stockholders President William F. Forepaugh says:

"By improving the credit and standing of the company and relieving it from any possibility of embarrassment in the future, this new issue will be a distinct benefit to the holders of the common stock and deserves their approval."

SHIP STEEL TO PITTSBURGH.

Orders for Open Hearth Billets Were Transferred to Eastern Mills.

Mill operations make a better showing, so far as can be judged from trade reports, than new orders for finished steel coming in. The aggregate booking in January by the larger companies is reported by The Iron Age to be "not far from the total shipments," and it is stated that in the Pittsburgh district in particular specifications on contracts for semi-finshed steel have been heavy. The Iron Age says:

> A surprising development is that one Pittsburgh interest, unable to supply a local plant with open hearth billets on which delivery was due, turned to an Eastern steel works, and there is thus the unusual occurrence of Eastern steel being shipped into the Pittsburgh district. There is also the probability that the leading interest will be a buyer of steel-making pig iron if the present demand upon its Central Western plants for semi-finished steel keeps up in the next few weeks.
>
> The railroads have contributed quite heavily to the January business of the steel companies, at the same time sticking to the policy of holding back the last ton. Of the Pennsylvania order for 150,000 tons of rails the Steel Corporation gets 66,000 tons, the Pennsylvania Steel Company 33,000 tons, the Cambria Steel Company 32,000 tons, the Bethlehem Steel Company 7,000 tons, and the Lackawanna Steel Company 12,000 tons. The Grand Trunk has bought 10,000 tons, of which 7,500 tons go to Chicago mills and 2,500 tons to Buffalo.
>
> Railroad bridge work has figured largely in structural contracts this week.
>
> While 22,000 tons of plates and shapes for the new battleships have been placed at Pittsburgh, mills in that district have declined about 30,000 tons of such steel offered by Eastern shipyards on the basis of a slight concession, and this business will go to Eastern works, which are well able to take it on.
>
> Heavy buying of cast iron pipe and in turn the placing of large pig iron orders by pipe foundries have caused a stiffening in the price of Southern iron. No. 2 iron has been advanced to $10.25, Birmingham, by leading sellers. The weakness of Northern furnaces rather than the competition of Southern grades is still the chief obstacle to the establishment of a higher level.

The Iron Trade Review says:

> An interesting development in the iron ore situation has come through the appearance in Cleveland of a representative of the Eastern Steel Company of Pottsville, Penn., which recently leased for a long term of years the two Warwick furnaces at Pottstown, Penn. The company recently made a purchase of Cuban ore, and is now inquiring for 150,000 tons of Lake Superior ore. The Cuban ore, which is a Bessemer grade, was purchased at 7 cents, Philadelphia.
>
> Heavy specifications but a lighter volume of new business generally characterize the finished situation. The Steel Corporation's orders for rolling against contracts entered in January were the heaviest in five years, and other leading makers present similar reports.

LATEST CUSTOMS RULINGS.

Birch Bark Held Not a "Crude Vegetable Substance"—Cotton Initial Duty.

It was decided yesterday by the Board of United States General Appraisers that birch bark is to be regarded as an "unenumerated unmanufactured article" under the Tariff act of 1909. H. Bayersdorfer & Co., the importers, set up the contention that the bark should be admitted free of duty as a "crude vegetable substance." Judge Hay says that there is nothing in the record to warrant a change in the Collector's classification. The protest is overruled.

The Joel Bailey Davis Company failed to secure a reduction in the duty assessed on cotton initials. They were returned for duty under the present Tariff act as embroideries wth a tax of 60 per cent. on the value. The importer set up the contention that the merchandise should be admitted at 45 per cent. as "manufactures of cotton." Judge Cooper says the claim is without merit, and overrules the protest.

The board decided that importations made by the Delft Company, covering tiles, are not dutiable at the rate of 10 cents per square foot and 25 per cent. ad valorem. The classification was made under the provision for "tiles," but the board decides that the merchandise is not in that category. Instead, it is held that the tiles may enter at 60 per cent. ad valorem as "chinaware."

OPEN WABASH BIDS TO-DAY.

Receivers Expect to Borrow $10,000,000 at 5 Per Cent.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., Jan. 31.—The form of certificates by which the receivers of the Wabash Railroad Company in the consolidated bankruptcy and bondholders' foreclosure suits will borrow $10,000,000 will be approved by Federal Judge Adams to-morrow. It also was decided that bids for the loan then will be opened.

Representatives of local and New York financial institutions, attorneys for the receivers and counsel for the bondholders' took part in the discussion in Judge Adams's office. It was thought the money could be obtained at 5 per cent.

SOUTHERN WORLD'S WHEAT.

Argentina's Put at 170,565,000 Bushels, and New Zealand's at 6,487,000.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 31.—A cablegram from the International Institute of Agriculture, Rome, Italy, to the United States Department of Agriculture estimates the production of wheat in Argentina this season at 170,565,000 bushels, and in New Zealand 6,487,000 bushels.

The estimated production of wheat in the Southern Hemisphere this season is 105.5 per cent. of the production of last season, equivalent to 291,200,000 bushels.

The estimated production of oats in Argentina is 60,833,500 bushels, and in New Zealand 18,697,000 bushels.

Weather in Cotton and Grain States.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 31.—The following is the forecast for Thursday and Friday as issued by the United States Weather Bureau for the cotton and grain States:

North and South Carolina, Georgia and Florida—Fair Thursday and Friday; light to moderate westerly winds.

Alabama and Mississippi—Fair Thursday and Friday; not much change in temperature; light to moderate variable winds.

Louisiana—Fair Thursday; colder in northern portion. Friday fair; light variable winds, becoming moderate northerly.

Eastern Texas—Fair and colder Thursday. Friday fair; light to moderate northerly winds.

Utah, Nebraska, North and South Dakota, and Kansas—Fair Thursday and Friday; not much change in temperature.

Oklahoma—Fair and somewhat colder Thursday. Friday fair.

Arkansas and Missouri—Fair and somewhat colder Thursday. Friday fair.

Tennessee and Kentucky—Cloudy Thursday. Friday fair; not much change in temperature.

Ohio—Cloudy Thursday, probably snow in northern portion; Friday fair; moderate near the lakes; moderate west and northwest winds.

Indiana and Illinois—Fair Thursday, preceded by snow in extreme northern portion. Friday fair.

Lower Michigan—Snow flurries Thursday and Friday; colder Thursday; light to moderate northwesterly winds.

Upper Michigan—Snow flurries Thursday and Friday; not much change in temperature.

Wisconsin—Snow flurries, followed by clearing Thursday; Friday fair; no decided change in temperature; moderate northwesterly winds.

Minnesota and Iowa—Fair Thursday and Friday; not much change in temperature.

FREIGHT RATES ALL VARY.

Diversity of Grain Traffic Methods Confuses Issue Before Commerce Board

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Jan. 31.—Such a divergence of rules in the conduct of milling traffic was shown to exist between the systems employed by the Southern and central freight associations as to add greater confusion to the already complicated traffic problem being heard by the Inter-State Commerce Commission. Uniformity of practice does not exist in any section, and indications are that the commission will have to insist upon strict rules for the entire country if order is to be brought into the situation.

The longer the hearings are continued the greater seems to be the differences on essential points betwen the central and Southern freight associations. At the conclusion of the hearing to-day it was suggested by one of the witnesses that the only way uniformity could be obtained was by a strict and specific ruling by the commission. This the commission thus far has refused to do.

E. R. Newman, of the Wabash Railroad, told in great detail how the rules were enforced by his road. He said that the carriers had relied upon the certificates of the shippers and accepted their returns as truthful. This company does not require the filing of incoming bills of lading until the time the grain is reshipped.

Such is not the practice of the Southern Association. The latter demands that the expense bill shall be filed at once, and officials of the Louisville & Nashville Railroad contended that by their requirement substitution was made impossible.

This was denied by A. C. Hopkins, of Chicago. Mr. Hopkins said that if the shippers were required to file their expense bills at once on transit grain it would mean an expense to the 500 dealers in Chicago of not less than $500,000 a year, and that no good would come from such action.

As in the day previous, it was shown that the greatest substitution of tonnage was practiced in Chicago, that yellow corn was substituted for white corn and Winter wheat was substituted for soft wheat.

It is the opinion of the shippers and dealers who attended the hearing that the reopening of the question has added no new light. It is admitted that so many local conditions prevail that a uniform rule cannot be adopted for the entire country.

Commissioner Carke suggested that the commission would make a report which would lead to a better condition and would probably suggest some modifications in the practices of different freight associations which would lead to practical uniformity.

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JANUARY.
In January The New York Times published 793,625 lines of advertisements compared with 725,350 lines last year, an increase of 68,275 lines, and the greatest volume printed in any previous January in its history.

BUILDERS ATTACK THE BRICKMAKERS

Lawyer Hanson Explains Why the Builders Complained of Conspiracy to Raise Prices.

HANDICAP IN IDLE PERIOD

Hardships Among Merchants in River Towns Since Brick Plants Stand Idle Parts of the Year.

The basis of the complaint to Attorney General Carmody made by some 200 New York builders against the brick producers of the Hudson River Valley was explained yesterday by Attorney Bert C. Hanson of 42 Broadway. Mr. Hanson said:

"My attention has been called to an article in THE NEW YORK TIMES last Sunday, headed 'The Unhappy Brickmakers—Organized Against Ruinous Price Cutting and Now Prosecuted as a Trust,' in which Frank M. Patterson, attorney for the Greater New York Brick Company, is quoted. In the first place, the proceedings which the Attorney General is asked to institute are against the makers of brick, and not primarily against the Greater New York Brick Company, which is simply the tool, or selling agent, through which we say the brickmakers have combined to carry out an unlawful conspiracy.

"Our grievance, as builders, is that the makers of the brick have combined to cut short the brickmaking season, and have reduced their working forces during the brickmaking season, to reduce the annual output of brick. We do not call the selling agent, the Greater New York Brick Company, a trust. We simply say that the brickmakers themselves are conspirators under the State business law, and ought to have their corporate charters revoked.

"There is another aspect of the case which we refer to on Pages 13 and 14 of our petition to the Attorney General, which was drawn by ex-Congressman John De Witt Warner. That is, the labor and commercial situation caused by this combination of brickmakers. A large part of the population of many Hudson River towns gets its living from making brick. The workers in the brick trade get credit during the Winter from butchers, grocers, boarding-house keepers, and so on, which they pay back during the working season.

"This year the brickmakers cut short the season some six or seven weeks, and in addition did not employ as many men as usual in the brick yards. The result is that some of the men did not get money enough to pay off their last Winter's bills. I have talked with tradesmen in the territory affected and some of them lost as much as $7,000 from this cause.

Hurtful to River Towns.

"The combination has hurt the prosperity of the towns where the brick workers live by paying out $750,000 less wages this year than last year and the curtailment of their credit is bound to cause further losses to tradesmen and suffering among the workers whose credit is disturbed during this present Winter. This matter will be brought to the attention of the State Labor Department. Both consumers of brick and the workers of the industry have been squeezed by the conspiracy which we are now trying to break up."

The petition of the New York builders states that some 1,400,000,000 North River brick are needed each year in this city for building operations and that when the supply is cut off only substitutes for about one-seventh of the total can be found. The combination was able to force some reluctant brickmakers into its membership, the petition charges, by its control of barge transportation and docking facilities at points on the Hudson between Croton and Coeymans. The combination has taken advantage, the petition charges, of the necessities of builders to have brick at particular seasons by advancing the price for those seasons, and by abrogating a trade custom formerly in operation to sell brick for future delivery, keeping it in storage meanwhile up the Hudson. It is impossible to store brick economically in New York, and thereby the builders have been obliged to submit to the terms made by the combination of brickmakers.

On June 1 last, the petition declares, the makers of brick, led by John B. Rose, Aaron E. Aldridge, and other large manufacturers, started out in combination to control the manufacture of brick by buying, leasing, making agreements with other brick manufacturers, to control and reduce the output, and to prescribe the terms of selling brick in this city and elsewhere. Clubs had been formed in the different brick districts of the Hudson Valley, and at a joint meeting of these clubs, at which practically every important brickmaker in the valley was present, "a committee of three, composed of John B. Rose, Robert Main and Lucien H. Washburn, was appointed to devise means by which the brickmakers could avoid the law and combine effectually to monopolize the trade in North River brick and raise the price thereof to an unnaturally high level." The petition continues:

"The main point upon which this organization was formed was the curtailment of the manufacture. As this could not legally be done by the Greater New York Brick Company, the different district clubs or organizations represented at the meeting agreed to limit production, and each manufacturer in each district was allotted a certain amount of brick to be made by him during the season of 1911, this allotment being in proportion to the number and capacity of brickmaking machines in each yard in comparison with the aggregate of all those along the Hudson River.

"Pending the organization of the combine and the incorporation of the Greater New York Brick Company, as the common agent and representative of it, the brickmakers forming it by common consent and agreement refused to quote prices on the 1911 product, except for early, practically immediate, delivery, on the ground that they had promised not to make such quotations pending the culmination of their plans for a combine and representation by a common selling agency. Thereupon and prior to July 1, 1911, the Greater New York Brick Company gave out to the trade that the price of brick for the coming season would be:

Prior to July 1 to Aug. 15	$5.75 per M.
Aug. 15 to Sept. 15	6.25 per M.
Sept. 15 to Oct. 15	6.50 per M.
Oct. 15 to Nov. 15	6.75 per M.
Nov. 15 to Jan. 1	7.00 per M.

Mr. Hanson said that the combination of the brickmakers, if successful, would bankrupt many New York builders who have 1912 contracts on hand, and said that Attorney General Carmody had promised to give a speedy hearing to the petition.

Special to The New York Times.

NEWBURG, N. Y., Jan. 19.—Frank E. Woodin of this city, President of the Coney Island Construction Material Company, one of the organizations summoned in connection with the New York Brickmakers' Association before Attorney General Carmody on the charge of combining in restraint of trade, says the trouble is being caused by disgruntled New York contractors.

Previous to the association being formed all contractors were informed of the movement and told that higher prices would govern, as it was necessary in order to conduct business, prices being too low. The contractors paid no attention, he says, accepted proposals, and made bids based on the low prices, and when they were caught in a rising market they sought relief from the courts.

Japanese Make Their Own Woolens.

The Japanese are making great strides in the woolen industry, and by importing the latest modern machinery are striving to manufacture all classes of woolen goods that find a market in Japan, according to the Textile Manufacturers' Journal. It is predicted that they will do this in a few years, with the exception of goods intended for men's outside wear.

THE OUTSIDE SECURITIES.

Fractional Declines General Among Curb Coppers.

There were a number of fractional declines among the coppers in the Curb market yesterday, although in no instance was trading heavy. Norfolk & Western convertible 4s were the most active of the bonds, reporting sales of $150,000 between 106⅛ and 106⅝. The close was at 106¼, ¼ below the opening.

***

Transactions reported yesterday in the outside market, with opening, high, low, and last prices, were as follows:

INDUSTRIALS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
160	Am. Coal Prod. pf. w. i.	107¼	107½	107¼	107½
2,000	Br.-Am. Tob.	17⅞	18	17⅞	17⅞
5	Conley Foil Co.	255	255	252	252
500	Con. Rub. Tire	6	6	6	6
50	John. Tin Foil	136	136	128	128
1	J. S. Youngs	178	178	178	178
100	‡Kayser pf.	103	103	103	103
300	Leh. Valley Coal Sales Co. w. i.	196	196	195	195
50	McAnd. & For.	176	176	171	175
65	Man. Transit	1¾	1¾	1¾	1¾
6	Porto Rican-Am. Tobacco	242	242	240	240
139	R. J. Reynolds	191	191½	190	191
350	M. Rumely Co.	100⅛	100⅛	†99⅝	99⅝
8	Stand. Oil subs.	335	335	335	335
110	Un. Cigar Man.	52	†52	†51⅝	51⅝
175	Un. Cigar St's.	196	196	192	192

MINING STOCKS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
900	†Beaver Con.	45	45	45	45
400	Braden Copper	5⅛	5⅛	5⅛	5⅛
200	Br. Col. Copper	3⅞	3⅞	3⅞	3⅞
1,000	Butte Coal'n	22⅛	22¼	22	22
2,000	*C. O. D. Con.	13	14	13	14
4,000	Con. Ariz. Sm.	11-16	11-16	⅝	11-16
100	Davis-Daly Cop.	11-16	11-16	11-16	11-16
50	Ely Con.	9-16	9-16	9-16	9-16
400	First Nat.	2¼	2¼	2¼	2¼
2,000	Giroux Mining	4½	4 9-16	4⅜	4 7-16
1,000	Greene-Cananea	8¼	8¼	8	8⅛
7,000	*Greenwater	7	7	6	7
1,200	Inspir. Con. w. i.	20⅝	20⅝	20¼	20¼
1,500	Inspir. rights	⅝	⅝	9-16	9-16
900	Keystone Copper	2⅜	2⅜	2	2⅛
400	La Grange P.	2⅜	2⅜	2⅜	2⅜
800	La Rose Con.	3⅞	3 15-16	3⅞	3 13-16
100	McKinley-Dar.	1 11-16	1 11-16	1⅝	1⅝
1,500	Nevada Hills	2¼	2 5-16	†2 3-16	2¼
1,200	*Night Hawk L.	13	14	13	13
400	Nip. Mines Co.	7⅝	7⅝	7½	7⅝
1,000	Ohio Copper	15-16	1	15-16	1
500	Pacific Smelt.	5-16	15-32	5-16	15-32
200	Porcu. Central	3½	3½	3½	3½
1,600	Porcu. Northern	⅞	15-16	⅞	15-16
4,500	Ray Central	1 13-16	†1⅞	1 13-16	1 13-16
200	So. Utah M. & S.	¾	¾	¾	¾
3,000	*Stewart	1¼	1¼	1 3-16	1 3-16
450	Tonopah Ext.	1½	1½	1 7-16	1 7-16
150	Tuolumne Cop.	3⅞	3⅞	3⅞	3⅞
3,000	*Wet. Silver M.	81	81	80	81
1,000	Yukon Gold M.	3⅜	3⅜	3⅜	3⅜

BONDS.

$50,000	Chicago El. 5s	98⅞	99	98⅞	99
7,000	Inspirat'n Con. con. 6s	107	107	106	106
10,000	Mo. Pacific 5s	96¾	96¾	96¾	96¾
35,000	Mont. Tram. 5s	100½	100⅝	100½	100⅝
15,000	N. Y., W. & Boston 4½s	99¼	99⅜	99¼	99⅜
150,000	Norf. & Western con. 4s	106½	106⅝	106⅛	106¼
10,000	Pacific Gas & Electric 5s	92⅜	92⅜	92	92
1,000	Ray Con. 6s	109¾	109¾	109¾	109¾
25,000	Rock Isl. deb. 5s	97¼	97¼	97¼	97¼

*Sells cents per share. †Odd lots. ‡Ex dividend.

***

	Jan. 31. Bid.	Jan. 31. Asked.	Jan. 30. Bid.	Jan. 30. Asked.
A., G. & W. I.	8½	9½	8½	9½
A., G. & W. I. pf.	18½	20	18½	20
Am. Light & Traction	286	290	286	290
Am. Light & Trac. pf.	105	107	105	107
Am. Writing Paper	1⅛	2	1⅛	2
Borden's Cond. Milk	130	130½	130	130½
Borden's Cond. Milk pf.	109	110	109	110
Braden Copper	5	5¼	5	5¼
British Col. Copper	3¾	4	4	4½
Butte Coalition	22	22¼	22	22¼
Con. Rubber Tire	5½	6½	6¼	6½
Con. Rubber Tire pf.	38	40	38½	40
F. W. Woolworth	79½	80	79¾	80¾
F. W. Woolworth pf.	109	109¼	109	109¾
First National Copper	2¼	2⅛	2¼	2⅝
Giroux Mining	4⅝	4½	4⅜	4½
Greene-Cananea	8	8¼	8	8¼
Guggenheim Explor.	180	185	178	182
Int. Rubber ctfs.	17½	19	17	18
J. Kayser	63½	64½	63½	64½
J. Kayser pf.	102	104	104	105½
Kerr Lake	2¾	3	2¾	3
Lehigh V. S. Co., w. i.	195	196	195	196
M. Rumely Co., w. i.	99¾	100	99¾	100
Mason Valley	11½	11⅞	11½	11⅞
Moon Valley 6s	124	126	125	126
Nipissing	7½	7⅝	7½	7⅝
Ray Central	1¾	1⅞	1 13-16	1⅞
Studebaker Co.	56	57½	56	57½
Studebaker Co. pf.	102¼	104	102¼	104
Tonopah Mining	7	7¼	7	7¼
United Cigar Mfr.	51	52	50	53
Unitel Cigar Stores	192	193	194	195
U. S. L. & H., new	15	16	15	16
U. S. L. & H., new, pf.	80	84	80	84
Western Pacific 5s	89	90	89	90
Yukon Gold Mines	3⅜	3 7-16	3⅜	3 7-16

AMERICAN TOBACCO ISSUES.

This list comprises those tobacco stocks not listed on the Stock Exchange.

	Jan. 31. Bid.	Jan. 31. Asked.	Jan. 30. Bid.	Jan. 30. Asked.
British-American	17⅝	17⅞	17⅜	17¾
Conley Foil	250	260	250	265
Johnson Tinfoil & Met.	125	135	120	135
J. S. Young	175	185	175	185
MacAndrews & Forbes	173	185	165	175
Porto Rico-American	235	250	240	250
R. J. Reynolds	191	192	190	192
United Cigar Stores	192	193	194	195

STANDARD OIL ISSUES.

Capital.	Company.	Bid.	Asked.
$5,000,000	Anglo-American Oil	$7	$8
5,000,000	Atlantic Refining	240	280
200,000	Borne-Scrymser	110	140
10,000,000	Buckeye Pipe Line	70	75
500,000	Chesebrough Mfg	650	750
250,000	Colonial Oil	75	150
300,000	Continental Oil	600	800
8,000,000	Crescent Pipe Line	40	50
1,000,000	Cumberland Pipe Line	75	100
5,000,000	Eureka Pipe Line	150	200
8,000,000	Galena Signal Oil	205	220
2,000,000	Galena Signal Oil pf.	125	135
10,000,000	Indiana Pipe Line	75	85
12,727,575	National Transit	25	30
5,000,000	N. Y. Transit	140	180
4,000,000	Northern Pipe Line	70	90
10,000,000	Ohio Oil	80	90
10,000,000	Prairie Oil & Gas	200	220
500,000	Solar Refining	350	450
10,000,000	Southern Pipe Line	150	180
2,500,000	South Penn. Oil	425	475
3,500,000	S. W. Penn. Pipe Line	105	115
25,000,000	Standard Oil, (Cal.)	140	150
1,000,000	Standard Oil, (Ind.)	3,700	4,000
1,000,000	Standard Oil, (Kan.)	125	175
1,000,000	Standard Oil, (Ky.)	140	190
1,000,000	Standard Oil, (Neb.)	150	200
98,383,000	Standard Oil, (N. J.)	355	365
———	Standard Oil subsid.	330	840
15,000,000	Standard Oil, (N. Y.)	265	275
3,500,000	Standard Oil, (Ohio)	150	200
100,000	Swan & Finch	600	800
12,000,000	Union Tank Line	50	60
2,500,000	Vacuum Oil	425	525
110,000	Washington Oil	8	16
400,000	Waters-Pierce	1,000	1,500

JANUARY TRANSACTIONS.

Transactions in stocks on the New York Stock Exchange for the month of January aggregated 10,908,865 shares, an increase of 1,842,571 shares as compared with the previous month, and of 525,694 shares as compared with the corresponding month last year. The heaviest day's trading occurred on the 31st, when 909,843 shares changed hands, and the lightest on the 18th, when the sales were only 238,254 shares. For the Saturday half holiday the maximnum total was 405,034 shares on the 27th, and the minimum 172,154 on the 6th.

The following is a comparison of the total dealings in stocks for January of this year and the same month in previous years:

STOCKS, (SHARES.)

1912	10,908,865	1900	9,863,460
1911	10,383,171	1899	24,143,610
1910	24,116,544	1898	9,216,694
1909	17,272,592	1897	3,370,052
1908	16,615,658	1896	4,406,022
1907	23,014,797	1895	3,237,077
1906	38,547,868	1894	4,585,084
1905	20,765,538	1893	10,557,341
1904	12,235,741	1892	9,833,226
1903	16,006,389	1891	5,495,769
1902	14,763,391	1890	6,372,075
1901	30,207,603		

The dealings in railroad and miscellaneous bonds amounted to a par value of $109,430,500; in Government bonds to $488,500; in State bonds to $1,783,000, and in city bonds to $1,150,000, a total in all classes of bonds of $112,852,000, an increase of $22,153,500 as compared with the previous month, and of $22,097,000 as compared with the corresponding month last year. The heaviest day's trading was that of the 22d when $6,549,000 changed hands, and the lightest that of the 15th when the total was $2,973,000. For the Saturday half holiday the maximum total was $3,608,000, and the minimum $1,508,000, on the 13th.

Bond dealings for January compare as follows with the same month in previous years:

BONDS, (PAR VALUE.)

1912	$112,852,000	1900	$47,782,600
1911	90,755,000	1899	144,784,740
1910	87,334,500	1898	93,909,100
1909	137,863,500	1897	40,261,370
1908	90,205,000	1896	39,415,200
1907	52,266,000	1895	29,208,900
1906	105,326,600	1894	29,128,700
1905	138,589,000	1893	48,991,500
1904	79,926,000	1892	69,616,300
1903	66,830,500	1891	43,129,800
1902	94,030,500	1890	45,033,200
1901	94,851,450		

Lackawanna Coal Earns 27.2 Per Cent.

The second annual report of the Delaware, Lackawanna and Western Coal Company shows coal sales in 1911 of $39,865,000, an increase of $1,197,000 over 1910. The net profit was $1,795,000, an increase of $253,000, and equivalent to 27.2 per cent. on the $6,509,000 of capital stock. Last year the company's profits were equal to 28.4 per cent. on the stock.

RAILROAD EARNINGS.

PENNSYLVANIA SYSTEM for December—

	1911.	Increase.
Lines East—		
Oper. revenue	$19,005,102.64	$691,059.04
Oper. exp. (including taxes accrued)	15,584,974.21	*309,818.95
Net oper. revenue	3,420,128.43	1,000,877.99
Lines West—		
Oper. revenue	8,892,073.61	64,428.98
Oper. exp. (including taxes accrued)	7,127,995.18	*205,489.28
Net oper. revenue	1,764,078.43	269,918.26
Lines East and West—		
Oper. revenue	27,897,176.25	755,488.02
Oper. exp. (including taxes accrued)	22,712,969.39	*515,308.23
Net oper. revenue	5,184,206.86	1,270,796.25

*Decrease.

PENNSYLVANIA SYSTEM for year 1911.

	1911.	Decrease.
Lines East—		
Oper. revenue	225,993,935.53	2,824,251.62
Oper. exp. (including taxes accrued)	177,230,078.60	472,979.88
Net oper. revenue	48,763,856.93	2,351,271.74
Lines West—		
Oper. revenue	108,356,053.85	6,444,269.48
Oper. exp. (including taxes accrued)	81,573,114.14	5,246,576.13
Net oper. revenue	26,782,939.71	1,197,691.35
Lines East and West—		
Oper. revenue	334,349,989.38	9,268,521.10
Oper. exp. (including taxes accrued)	258,803,192.74	5,719,558.01
Net oper. revenue	75,546,796.64	3,548,963.09

ATLANTA, BIRMINGHAM & ATLANTIC—

	1912.	1911.	Increase.
3d week Jan.	$68,038	$53,766	$14,272
July 1-Jan. 21	1,840,967	1,584,041	256,927

DETROIT, TOLEDO & IRONTON—

3d week Jan.	31,847	35,301	*3,454
July 1-Jan. 21	1,006,504	1,144,029	*137,525

*Decrease.

LONDON UNDERGROUND—Metropolitan District—

Wk. end. Jn. 28	£12,661	£11,558	£1,103
Jan. 1-Jan. 28	50,714	47,252	3,462
London United Tramways:			
Wk. end. Jn. 28	5,153	5,189	36
Jan. 1-Jan. 28	21,079	20,984	695
Tubes:			
Wk. end. Jn. 28	15,115	13,935	1,180
Jan. 1-Jan. 28	60,700	57,870	2,830

CHICAGO & ALTON for December—

	1911.	1910.	1909.
Av. mileage	1,025	1,025	998
Gross	1,175,881	1,268,057	1,089,575
Exp. & tax	973,972	1,006,812	862,707
Net	201,909	261,744	226,868
Oth. inc., debit	54,874	68,788	48,078
Total income	147,035	192,955	178,789
6 mos. gross	7,875,734	7,795,310	7,199,954
Exp. & tax	5,973,528	5,884,512	4,535,018
6 mos. net	1,902,206	1,910,797	2,664,936
Oth. inc., debit	400,230	453,360	251,461
Total income	1,501,976	1,457,437	2,413,474

CHICAGO GREAT WESTERN report as filed with the Inter-State Commerce Commission for December—

	1911.	1910.	Increase.
Mileage	1,496.22	1,489.22	7.00
Freight rev.	769,597	738,250	31,347
Passenger rev.	233,180	230,073	3,106
Other tran. rev.	76,315	69,874	6,441
Non-tran. rev.	7,440	7,973	*532
Total oper rev.	1,086,533	1,046,171	40,362
Maint. way and structure	73,709	74,983	*1,273
Maint. of equip.	184,293	156,650	27,643
Traffic exp.	44,851	44,511	340
Transp. exp.	468,044	445,336	22,707
General exp.	32,580	36,690	*4,109
Total oper. exp.	803,479	759,171	45,308
Net oper. rev.	283,054	288,000	*4,946
Out. oper., deb.	114	120	*5
Total net rev.	282,940	287,880	*4,940
Taxes	33,037	32,822	214
Oper. income	249,903	255,507	*5,154
July 1 to Dec. 31—			
Freight rev.	4,654,993	4,535,813	119,180
Passenger rev.	1,611,675	1,562,340	49,334
Other tran. rev.	463,773	431,231	32,541
Non-tran. rev.	49,209	55,349	*6,140
Total oper. rev.	6,779,650	6,584,734	194,915
Maint. way and structure	776,494	744,661	32,432
Maint. of equip.	964,279	955,551	8,727
Traffic exp.	279,949	282,640	*2,691
Transp. exp.	2,633,256	2,533,496	99,759
General exp.	209,033	214,435	*5,402
Total oper. exp.	4,863,014	4,730,187	132,827
Net oper. rev.	1,916,636	1,854,547	62,088
Out. oper., deb.	456	1,671	*1,214
Total net rev.	1,917,093	1,856,218	60,874
Taxes	198,222	196,935	1,286
Oper. income	1,718,871	1,659,283	59,588

*Decrease.

CHICAGO, ST. PAUL, MINNEAPOLIS & OMAHA report as filed with the Inter-State Commerce Commission for December:

	1911.	1910.	Decrease.
Mileage	1,743.82	1,743.82	
Freight rev.	$806,147	$901,734	$95,586
Pass. revenue	379,086	369,656	*9,430
Other tran. rev.	91,452	93,187	1,734
Non-tran. revs.	6,501	9,042	2,540
Tot. op. revs.	1,283,188	1,373,620	90,431
Mt. of way&str.	88,488	116,400	27,911
Mt. of equip.	147,733	185,032	37,299
Traffic exp.	30,048	23,593	*6,454
Transpor. exp.	545,027	565,418	20,390
General exp.	28,824	29,845	1,021
Tot. op. exp.	840,121	920,289	80,167
Net. op. revs.	443,067	453,330	10,263
Out. op. (deb.)	1,102	2,741	1,638
Tot. net revs.	441,964	450,589	8,624
Taxes	66,725	57,557	*9,168
Oper. inc.	375,238	393,032	17,793
July 1 to Dec. 31:			
Freight rev.	$4,964,381	$5,793,068	$828,687
Pass. rev.	2,520,953	2,533,261	12,308
Other tran. rev.	520,522	504,270	*16,251
Non-tran. revs.	54,321	58,081	3,760
Tot. op. revs.	8,060,177	8,888,682	828,504
Mt. of way &str.	1,061,631	1,086,616	24,985
Mt. of equip.	909,424	1,016,588	107,164
Traffic exp.	162,848	145,582	*17,266
Transp. exp.	3,071,982	3,179,278	107,296
General exp.	179,353	171,618	*7,734
Tot. op. exp.	5,385,239	5,599,684	214,444
Net op. revs.	2,674,937	3,288,997	614,059
Out. op. (net)	4,745	†6,621	*11,367
Tot. net revs.	2,679,683	3,282,375	602,692
Oper. inc.	2,280,616	2,930,041	649,424
Taxes	399,066	352,334	*46,731

*Increase. †Debit.

CUBA RAILROAD for December—

	1911.	1910.	1909.
Gross	293,684	287,118	211,583
Net	137,953	97,713	95,020
Surplus	77,828	61,046	58,354
6 mos. gross	1,582,665	1,261,935	1,019,266
Net	684,313	520,202	347,104
6 mos. surplus	323,562	300,202	131,894

DELAWARE, LACKAWANNA & WESTERN report as filed with the Inter-State Commerce Commission for December—

	1911.	1910.	Increase.
Mileage	958.54	930.10	28.44
Freight rev	2,194,689	2,254,572	*59,883
Passenger rev.	636,536	600,091	36,445
Other tran. rev.	179,972	161,682	18,289
Non-tran. rev.	16,726	17,028	*302
Total op. rev.	3,027,924	3,033,374	*5,449
Mt. of way and structure	191,045	199,016	*7,971
Maint. of equip.	500,380	426,062	74,318
Traffic exp	66,689	53,747	12,942
Tran. exp	945,104	976,191	*31,086
General exp	67,856	68,783	*926
Total op. exp.	1,771,077	1,723,800	47,276
Net op. rev.	1,256,847	1,309,573	*52,726
Out. op. (net)	30,340	26,583	3,756
Total net rev.	1,287,188	1,336,157	*48,969
Taxes	178,500	133,774	44,725
Op. income	1,108,688	1,202,383	*93,695
July 1 to Dec. 31:			
Freight rev	13,828,829	13,337,180	491,648
Passenger rev.	4,161,103	4,069,824	91,279
Other tran. rev.	1,089,657	1,028,829	60,828
Non-tran. rev.	94,725	98,984	*4,258
Total op. rev.	19,174,315	18,534,818	639,497
Mt. of way and structure	2,331,287	2,232,255	99,032
Maint. of equip.	2,948,193	2,546,417	401,775
Traffic exp	392,709	362,380	30,328
Tran. exp	5,521,045	5,406,566	114,478
General exp	390,478	345,382	45,096
Total op. exp.	11,583,713	10,893,003	690,710
Net op. rev.	7,590,602	7,641,815	*51,213
Out. op. (net)	239,251	126,070	113,181
Total net rev.	7,829,853	7,767,885	61,968
Taxes	1,001,000	807,024	193,975
Op. income	6,828,853	6,960,861	*132,007

*Decrease.

GEORGIA RAILROAD CO. for December—

	1911.	1910.	1909.
Gross	307,853	259,386	282,259
Net	104,200	96,892	89,145
Surplus	50,543	45,810	38,835
6 mos. gross	1,776,122	1,643,728	1,585,067
Net	549,361	436,610	457,026
6 mos. net	193,634	39,179	150,066

ROCK ISLAND LINES for December—

Mileage	8,027	8,024	8,034
Total op. rev.	5,552,312	6,042,335	5,079,705
Total op. exp.	3,956,812	4,100,073	4,070,718
Net ope. rev.	1,595,500	1,942,262	1,008,987
Outside op., deb.	30,697	11,293	10,714
Total net rev.	1,564,803	1,930,968	998,273
Taxes	235,503	216,215	230,023
Oper. income	1,329,300	1,714,753	768,250
Mileage	8,027	8,024	8,042
6 mos. total op. revenue	34,135,781	36,517,883	34,730,741
Total op. exp.	24,410,403	25,343,952	23,644,680
Net op. rev.	9,725,378	11,173,930	11,086,061
Outside op., deb.	93,858	65,787	86,465
Total net rev.	9,631,521	11,108,144	10,999,596
Taxes	1,351,838	1,410,653	1,271,574
6 mos. op. inc.	8,279,682	9,697,491	9,728,022

NORTHERN PACIFIC report, as filed with the Inter-State Commerce Commission for December—

	1911.	1910.	Decrease.
Mileage	6,018.91	6,018.20	*.71
Freight revenue	3,744,724	3,364,732	*379,991
Passenger rev.	1,158,349	1,292,576	134,227
Oth. trans. rev.	276,897	289,092	12,195
Non-trans. rev.	73,346	67,446	*5,900
Total op. rev.	5,253,317	5,013,847	*239,469
Main. way & str.	481,854	475,789	*6,065
Main. of equip.	564,906	696,761	131,855
Traffic exp.	100,857	83,187	*17,669
Transp. exp.	1,771,900	1,851,155	79,254
General exp.	83,494	84,608	1,113
Total op. exp.	3,003,013	3,191,503	188,490
Net op. rev.	2,250,304	1,822,344	*427,959
Out. op., net	83,743	118,820	35,077
Total net rec.	2,334,047	1,941,165	*392,881
Taxes	262,666	250,692	*11,974
Op. income	2,071,381	1,690,473	*380,907
July 1 to Dec. 31—			
Freight revenue	23,631,307	24,231,602	600,295
Passenger rev.	8,648,156	9,903,653	1,255,497
Oth. trans. rev.	1,766,499	1,885,976	119,477
Non-trans. rev.	433,807	457,318	23,511
Total op. rev.	34,479,769	36,478,551	1,998,781
Main. way & str.	4,314,128	4,727,530	413,401
Main. of equip.	3,556,354	4,096,355	540,001
Traffic exp.	594,497	529,683	*64,813
Transp. exp.	10,421,367	11,328,614	907,247
General exp.	485,535	490,516	4,980
Total op. exp.	19,371,883	21,172,700	1,800,817
Net op. rev.	15,107,886	15,305,850	197,964
Out. op., net	291,567	370,700	79,132
Total net rev.	15,399,454	15,676,550	277,096
Taxes	1,723,979	1,790,020	66,041
Op. income	13,675,475	13,886,530	211,055

*Increase.

TOLEDO, ST. LOUIS & WESTERN for December—

	1911.	1910.	1909.
Av. mileage	451	451	451
Gross	336,757	327,991	317,747
Exp. and taxes	250,777	246,373	206,642
Net	85,980	81,618	111,105
Oth. inc., deb.	5,379	*134,575	*417,710
Total income	80,601	216,194	528,815
6 mos. gross	2,061,080	1,991,165	1,975,870
Exp. and taxes	1,558,917	1,396,685	1,271,266
6 mos. net	502,163	594,480	704,604
Oth. inc., deb.	89,349	*99,400	*374,245
Total income	412,814	693,881	1,078,849

*Credit.

TWIN CITY RAPID TRANSIT CO. for the year ended Dec. 31—

Gross	7,811,183	7,531,649	6,969,776
Expenses	3,906,716	3,667,702	3,294,627
Net	3,904,477	3,863,946	3,675,149
Int. and taxes	1,486,129	1,466,394	1,466,527
Surplus	2,418,348	2,397,552	2,208,622
Dividends	1,416,000	1,416,000	1,265,250
Surplus	1,002,348	981,552	943,372
App. for ren.	750,000	736,000	703,000
Surplus	252,348	245,552	240,372

Miscellaneous Earnings.

MASSACHUSETTS ELECTRIC COMPANIES for the quarter ending Dec. 31—

	1911.	1910.	Increase.
Gross	2,093,367	1,982,721	110,646
Expenses	1,548,968	1,441,456	107,512
Net	544,399	541,265	3,134
Chgs. & taxes	468,640	453,040	15,600
Surplus	75,759	88,225	*12,466
July to Dec. 31:			
Gross	4,865,658	4,697,585	168,073
Expenses	3,093,521	2,857,752	235,769
Net	1,772,137	1,839,833	*67,696
Chgs. & taxes	937,316	908,812	28,504
Surplus	834,822	931,022	*96,200

*Decrease.

GENERAL CHEMICAL COMPANY for the year ended Dec. 31—

	1911.	1910.	1909.
Net pfd.	2,421,880	2,401,339	2,139,692
Fire ins. res.	60,000	......	......
Balance	2,361,880	2,401,339	2,139,692
Pfd. div.	750,000	750,000	705,000
Com. div.	489,078	398,302	296,412
Surplus	1,122,802	1,253,037	1,138,280
Prev. Surplus	4,090,759	3,956,850	3,189,018
Total Surplus	5,213,561	5,209,887	4,327,298
†Charged off	342,923	378,098	370,448
Com. stk. div.	407,600	741,030	......
P. & L. surplus	4,463,038	4,090,759	3,956,850

†Reductions of plant and investment accounts, salvages and sundry credits, $185,944; fund for distribution among profit sharers, $137,626; reserve for corporation tax, $19,353.

OLD DOMINION COMPANY of Maine for the year ended Dec. 31—

Divs. on stock	465,735	465,735	465,735
Int. on loan	27,475	25,648	23,333
Total	493,210	491,383	489,068
Exp. and taxes	7,222	6,874	7,109
Net income	485,988	485,508	481,959
Dividends	439,867	439,867	439,867
Surplus	46,121	44,641	42,091
Prev. surplus	115,948	71,307	29,215
Total surplus	162,069	115,948	71,307

CANADIAN NORTHERN EXPRESS COMPANY report as filed with the Inter-State Commerce Commission for November—

	1911.	1910.	Increase.
Tl. rcts. f'm op.	57,778	43,452	14,326
Exp. priv.-deb.	22,217	16,502	5,715
Total op. revs.	35,560	26,949	8,611
Total op. exp.	17,104	14,042	3,062
Net op. revs.	18,455	12,906	5,549
Taxes	214	141	72
Operating inc.	18,241	12,764	5,476
July 1 to Nov. 30—			
Tl. rcts. f'm op.	241,067	197,104	43,962
Exp. priv.-deb.	93,619	75,817	17,802
Total op. rev.	147,447	121,287	26,160
Total op. exp.	80,054	64,255	15,798
Net. op. revs.	67,393	57,031	10,361
Taxes	814	708	105
Operating inc.	66,578	56,822	10,256
Mileage:			
Steam roads	3,551	3,369	182
Other lines	22	22	....

SECURITIES AT AUCTION.

The following securities were sold at auction Wednesday at the Exchange Salesroom, 14 and 16 Vesey Street, Adrian H. Muller & Son, auctioneers:

80 shares Delaware, Lackawanna & Western Railroad Company, $50 each, 561.

30 shares Chicago, Rock Island & Pacific Railway Company, $100 each, 120.

5 shares Guaranty Trust Company of New York, $100 each, 874⅝.

10 shares Lawyers Mortgage Company, $100 each, 288.

14 shares Broadway and Seventh Avenue Railroad Company, $100 each, 161⅝.

20 shares Windsor Trust Company, $100 each, 190.

30 shares Brooklyn Warehouse and Storage Company, $100 each, 65.

50 shares Thompson-Starrett Company common, old stock, $100 each, 159.

Certain real property located in the County of Tooele, State of Utah, (as per deed,) assignment of all interest of the Miners' Smelting Company in two certain agreements dated, respectively, March 31, 1909, and April 1, 1911, subject to various liens; also two contingent claims arising out of such agreements, aggregating approximately $153,000, and interest, $55,000.

$1,465,000 New Jersey and Pennsylvania Traction Company first mortgage 4 per cent. bonds, $1,000 each; 8,738 shares New Jersey and Pennsylvania Traction Company, $100 each; 1,490 shares Johnson Company, $100 each, $401,687.29.

METAL MARKET REPORTS.

At the Metal Exchange yesterday trading was quiet, with the tone about steady. Copper was slightly lower in the asked price for late deliveries. Tin improved ⅛c in the bid and ¼c in the asked price. Other commodities were unchanged. The closing bid and asked prices follow:

Standard Copper—	Wednesday. Bid.	Wednesday. Asked.	Tuesday. Bid.	Tuesday. Asked.
Spot	13.75	13.85	13.75	13.85
February	13.75	13.85	13.75	13.85
March	13.75	13.85	13.75	13.90
April	13.75	13.85	13.75	13.90
Lead	4.20	4.30	4.20	4.30
Spelter	6.35	6.55	6.35	6.55
Tin	43.50	44.00	43.40	43.75

Yesterday on the Metal Exchange in London the following prices were recorded for spot and future deliveries of copper and pig tin. These final prices compare with Tuesday's last figures:

	Wednesday. £	s	d	Tuesday. £	s	d
Copper, spot	62	3	9	61	15	0
Copper, futures	62	18	9	62	10	0
Pig tin, spot	194	15	0	194	10	0
Pig tin, futures	192	5	0	191	10	0

The market closed steady. Spanish pig lead was unchanged at £15 11s 3d. Spelter at £26 2s 6d. Cleveland warrants at 49s 1½d.

FINANCIAL NOTES.

The Central Vermont Railway has sold to Blair & Co. $1,000,000 5 per cent. equipment trust notes.

Millett, Roe & Hagen announce the withdrawal from membership in the firm of Alfred G. Miles.

Edward V. Randall has been admitted to membership in the Stock Exchange firm of Henry Zuckerman & Co.

William H. Morales, Secretary of the National Bank of Cuba, has been appointed member of the Press and Publicity Committee of the American Institute of Banking.

The Stock Exchange firm of Edey, Guthrie, MacDonnell & Co. of 74 Broadway, has been dissolved by limitation, and will be succeeded by Edey, Field & Sloan, at the same address.

A committee has been appointed to draw up the necessary papers for an application to list the stocks of the Seaboard Air Line.

The Stock Exchange house of Barrett, Rodewald & Co. of 20 Broad Street has issued a treatise on the new copper producers, the old-line mines, and the copper prospects.

To holders of

Kirby Lumber Company Timber Certificates

maturing August 1st, 1912, & February 1st, 1913.

Up to, and including, February 10th, 1912, we will pay for above certificates due August, 1912, 101½ and interest; for above certificates due February, 1913, 103 and interest,

IN EXCHANGE FOR the new certificates, at 98½ and interest.

Mercantile Trust & Deposit Co. of Balto.

Agents for the Syndicate Managers

EXAMINATIONS, DESIGNS & ESTIMATES of ENGINEERING STRUCTURES & PROPERTIES

SCHUYLER R. SCHAFF, Civil Engineer, 5 BEEKMAN ST., New York City.

Just Issued: "Essential Points Governing the Financial Value of an Engineering Property." Price $1.00.

TOBEY & KIRK will buy: Am. Druggists Syndicate.

REDEMPTION OF CHICAGO AND NORTH WESTERN RAILWAY COMPANY SINKING FUND BONDS OF 1879.

Bonds of the following numbers of the above issue, both Six and Five per cent., have been drawn for the Sinking Fund of 1911, in conformity with the mortgage, and will be redeemed by THE FARMERS' LOAN & TRUST COMPANY, TRUSTEE, at No. 20 William Street, New York, at 105 and accrued interest to February 1, 1912, upon surrender of the bonds; interest will cease to accrue on and after that date. Registered bonds require to be assigned on delivery.

Registered bonds in denominations of $5,000 and $10,000 drawn in part for redemption, by numbers representing $1,000 each, must be surrendered and new registered bonds bearing interest from October 1, 1911, will be given for the undrawn portion thereof:

6% COUPON BONDS, $1,000 EACH.

Nos. 230, 720, 957, 963, 1964, 2058, 2111, 2223, 2521, 2605, 2643, 2717, 2798, 3299, 3361, 3553, 3574, 3575, 3770, 3810, 3811.

6% (E) REGISTERED BONDS, $1,000 EACH.

Nos. 0442, 0811, 1300, 1303, 1558, 1584, 1611, 1686, 1693, 1814, 2308, 2444, 2472, 2612, 2793, 3010, 3021, 3078, 3108, 3438, 3580, 3597, 3747, 3781, 3868, 3970.

6% (D) REGISTERED BONDS, $5,000 EACH, DRAWN IN PART.

Each number drawn representing $1,000.

Nos. 0166, 0461, 0489, 0490, 0507, 0544, 0566, 0566.

6% (C) REGISTERED BONDS, $10,000 EACH, DRAWN IN PART.

Each number drawn representing $1,000.

Nos. 0529, 0536, 0792, 0826, 0871, 0880, 0949, 01057, 01106, 01171, 01177, 01177.

5% COUPON BONDS, $1,000 EACH.

Nos. 0007, 0421, 1207, 1421, 1425, 1578, 1703, 1727, 1748, 2224, 2301, 2342, 2439, 2839, 3004, 3081, 3204, 3800, 3919, 4073, 4133, 4510, 4525, 4746, 5204, 5277, 5479, 5760, 5804, 5958, 6107.

5% (E) REGISTERED BONDS, $1,000 EACH.

Nos. 1395, 1972, 2736, 2995, 3131, 3132, 3218, 3291, 3310, 3345, 3369, 3425, 3549, 3660, 3687, 3864.

5% (D) REGISTERED BONDS, $5,000 EACH, DRAWN IN PART.

Each number drawn representing $1,000.

Nos. 0104, 0342, 0382, 0388, 0450, 0470, 0689, 0699, 0742, 0755, 0780, 0781, 0791, 0801, 0861.

5% (C) REGISTERED BONDS, $10,000 EACH, DRAWN IN PART.

Each number drawn representing $1,000.

Nos. 0353, 01221, 01328, 01337, 01340, 01445.

CHICAGO AND NORTH WESTERN RAILWAY COMPANY,
By M. B. VAN ZANDT, Treasurer.

Bonds fully registered, or registered as to principal only, should be shown at the office of the C. & N. W. Ry. Co., 111 Broadway, New York, for verification of assignment before presentation to the Trustee for redemption.

104% of Par and Interest

The Denver Gas and Electric Company, General Mortgage, Five Per Cent. Gold Bonds.

To the Holders of the Bonds Secured by the General Mortgage of the Denver Gas and Electric Company, dated May 1, 1903.

YOU ARE HEREBY NOTIFIED that the Company intends to pay off and redeem the following numbered outstanding General Mortgage Five Per Cent. Bonds, issued pursuant to the terms of the General Mortgage, The Denver Gas and Electric Company to The Trust Company of America, dated May 1st, 1903, and the Supplemental General Mortgage, between the same parties, dated September 1st, 1908, to wit:

$1,000 BONDS:

200 217 258 273 334 1040 1092 1827 1969 2335 2336 2470 2614 2878 2953 2966 3088 3123 3212 3228 3252 3436 3592 3744 3759 4066 4123 4196 4218 4324 4391 4431 4474 4528 4538 4587 4600 4632 4662 4681 5057 5086 5207 5494 5559 6350 6402 6417 6499 6505 6631 6769 6818 7074 7575 7603 7906

$500 BONDS:

A—8

$100 BONDS:

C—40 C—172

The above numbered bonds will be redeemed and paid at the office of The Trust Company of America, No. 37 Wall Street, New York City, New York, on May 1st, 1912, at the rate of 104% of par, plus accrued interest to that date, and upon such date all future interest upon such bonds will cease and the coupons therefor will be void; of which you will please take notice.

The Denver Gas and Electric Light Co.,
By Henry L. Doherty, President.

Large Safe Deposit VAULTS

Fire and Burglar Proof

$1000 a Year

Safes $5 to $300 a year.

Fireproof rooms for records, vouchers, etc.

$50 to $500 a Year

PRODUCE EXCHANGE VAULTS

Broadway & Beaver St.

WE WANT

100 American Druggist Syndicate
12 Childs' Restaurant preferred
100 Pinelawn Cemetery
35 U. S. Motors preferred
10 Worthington Pump preferred

Our Circular No. 23 upon dividend-paying Industrial issues now ready. Mailed free upon request.

HARVEY A. WILLIS & CO.
32 Broadway, N. Y. 'Phones 4270-1 Broad.

TOBEY & KIRK will sell: Coplay Cement Mfg. Pfd.

COPARTNERSHIP NOTICES.

WE BEG TO ANNOUNCE THAT MR. ALFRED GRAHAM MILES has this day withdrawn from membership in our firm.
MILLETT, ROE & HAGEN.
January 31st, 1912.

80 Broadway, New York, Feb. 1, 1912.
We take pleasure in announcing that Mr. EDWARD V. RANDALL has this day been admitted a member of our firm.
HENRY ZUCKERMAN & CO.

New York, February 1st, 1912.
MR. A. H. JOHNSON HAS THIS DAY BECOME a general partner in our firm.
SMITH, HECK & COMPANY.

DISSOLUTION NOTICES.

THE COPARTNERSHIP OF JACOB A. BORMAN, JACOB GOLDSTEIN, and ROBERT TUCK, trading under the firm name and style of NEW YORK LEATHER COAT COMPANY, at 141 Wooster St., has been dissolved by mutual consent.

The said Robert Tuck, however, will continue the business under the firm name and style of "New York Leather Coat Company," at 141 Wooster St., New York City, and all accounts payable to the New York Leather Coat Company are payable at that address.

Dated New York, January 31st, 1912.
ROBERT TUCK,
JACOB A. BORMAN,
JACOB GOLDSTEIN.

EDWARD P. FIELD & CO.,
115 Broadway, New York.

We beg to announce that the firm of Edward P. Field & Co. expires this day by limitation.
EDWARD P. FIELD,
WILMOT L. COLE.
January 31st, 1912.

EDEY, GUTHRIE, MacDONELL & CO.,
74 Broadway, New York.

The firm of Edey, Guthrie, MacDonell & Co. will dissolve by limitation on January 31, 1912.
CHARLES L. EDEY,
HENRY B. GUTHRIE,
AUGUSTUS M. MacDONELL,
EDMUND J. SCHNEIDER,
SAMUEL SLOAN.

74 Broadway, N. Y., February 1, 1912.
We desire to announce that we have this day formed a copartnership under the name of EDEY, FIELD & SLOAN, for the transaction of a general commission business in stocks, bonds, investment securities, grain, and cotton.
CHARLES L. EDEY,
EDWARD P. FIELD,
Member of N. Y. Stock Exchange;
SAMUEL SLOAN.

New York, Feb. 1st, 1912.
The firm of FREUDENBERGER & COMPANY, brokers in Foreign Exchange, have this day dissolved by limitation of partnership. The business will be continued under the same firm name and consist of JOSEPH A. FREUDENBERGER and J. GEORGE DOSCH, Jr.
FREUDENBERGER & CO.,
56 Pine St.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE firm of METZGER & POOLE has this day been dissolved by mutual consent.
LEO METZGER,
W. O. POOLE.

CHICAGO SUBWAY COMPANY
ILLINOIS TUNNEL COMPANY
CHICAGO WAREHOUSE AND TERMINAL COMPANY
ILLINOIS TELEPHONE CONSTRUCTION COMPANY

To the holders of the bonds of the Illinois Tunnel Company and the holders of the bonds or capital stock of the Chicago Subway Company:

Notice is hereby given that under the authority conferred by the Modified Plan and Agreement for Reorganization and Readjustment of the foregoing companies, the undersigned Committee has provided for the underwriting and payment of the assessments pertaining to certain of the securities of said companies, and that hereafter, and until March 1, 1912, no bond of the Illinois Tunnel Company or Chicago Subway Company may be deposited under said Modified Plan and Agreement except upon the payment of the assessment specified in said plan and the further payment to or for the account of the underwriting syndicate of a penalty of $75 per bond, and that after March 1, 1912, no such bond may be so deposited except upon the payment of such penalty as the underwriting syndicate in its discretion may determine. Deposits of stock of the Chicago Subway Company under said plan will be permitted by the Committee for the time being, as heretofore, upon such terms as it may from time to time determine.

Dated, January 31st, 1912.

HENRY W. de FOREST,
L. C. KRAUTHOFF,
WILLIAM S. TOD,
Committee.
CALVERT BREWER, Secretary,
55 Cedar Street, New York.
KRAUTHOFF, HARMON & MATHEWSON, Counsel.
THE NATIONAL CITY BANK OF NEW YORK, Depositary.

DIVIDENDS.

THE FARMERS' LOAN AND TRUST COMPANY,
16, 18, 20 and 22 William St., New York City.

COUPONS AND DIVIDENDS DUE IN FEBRUARY ARE PAYABLE AT THIS OFFICE ON AND AFTER FEBRUARY 1ST, 1912, AS FOLLOWS:

Arkansaw Water Company
Alliance Water Works Company
Beloit Water Works Company
Birmingham Water Works Company
Clinton Water Works Company
Cornell Steamboat Company
Cincinnati & Muskingum Valley Railroad Company
Citizens' Gas Company of Kankakee
Commonwealth Water & Light Company of New Jersey
El Reno Water Company
Freeport Water Company
Gloversville & Broadalbin Railroad Company
Kalispell Water & Electric Company
Kokomo Water Works Company
Lackawanna Iron & Steel Company 5%
Larchmont Yacht Club
Leadville Water Company, Nos. 205, 211-24, 239-43 (272-4) $500.
Manitowoc Water Works Company
Monongahela Valley Water Company
Montgomery Street Railway Company
Peoples Street Ry. Co., Luzerne County, Scranton, Pa.
Pittsburgh, Cincinnati, Chicago & St. Louis Ry. Co., Series E and H.
Pyle, James & Sons
Port of Havana Docks Company
St. Louis Merchants Bridge Company
Seymour Water Company
Stevens Point Water Company
Union Club
Vandalia Railroad Company
Victory Manufacturing Company
Waterford Water Works Company
FEBRUARY 10TH, 1912.
Consolidated Gas Company
FEBRUARY 15TH, 1912.
The Cuba Railroad Company 6%

DIVIDENDS.

FEBRUARY 1ST, 1912.
The Farmers' Loan and Trust Company
FEBRUARY 15TH, 1912.
The Pullman Company

Winslow, Lanier & Co.
59 CEDAR STREET
NEW YORK

THE FOLLOWING COUPONS AND DIVIDENDS ARE PAYABLE AT OUR BANKING HOUSE ON AND AFTER

FEBRUARY 1, 1912.

American Cotton Oil Co. 4½ Debentures.
Cleveland, Akron & Columbus Ry. Co. Cons. Mtge. 4s.
Cleveland & Pittsburgh Rd. Co. Gen. Mtge., Series "D."
Gas City, Indiana.
Marion County, Indiana, Bridge Bonds.
Massillon & Cleveland Rd. Co. quarterly dividend 2%.
Pittsburgh, Ft. Wayne & Chicago Ry. Co. 1st Mtge. 7s, Series "B."
Pittsburgh, Ft. Wayne & Chicago Ry. Co. 2nd Mtge. 7s, Series "H."
Portsmouth, Ohio, Street Improvement Bonds.
Wheeling Terminal Ry. Co. 1st Mtge. 4s.

FEBRUARY 15, 1912.

Grant County, Indiana, Gravel Road 6s

MARYLAND TRUST COMPANY, TRUSTEE, TIMBER CERTIFICATES OF BENEFICIAL INTEREST IN THE KIRBY LUMBER COMPANY CONTRACT WITH THE HOUSTON OIL COMPANY OF TEXAS.

Notice is hereby given that the Interest Coupons due February 1, 1912, on the First and Second Issues, and on the New Series, of Timber Certificates of Beneficial Interest in the Kirby Lumber Company Contract, and the principal of $850,000 of Series "Q," First Issue of said Certificates, due February 1, 1912, will be paid at maturity upon presentation at the office of the MARYLAND TRUST COMPANY, in the City of Baltimore, Maryland, or at the office of its Agent, THE CHASE NATIONAL BANK, in the City of New York.
MARYLAND TRUST COMPANY, Trustee.
Baltimore, Maryland, January 29, 1912.

THE BALTIMORE & OHIO RAILROAD COMPANY.
OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY.
Baltimore, Md., January 11, 1912.

The Board of Directors this day declared from the net earnings of the Company for the six months ended December 31, 1911, a dividend of Two (2) Per Cent. on the Preferred Stock of the Company, payable March 1, 1912, to stockholders of record at the close of business on February 1, 1912.

The Board also declared from the surplus earnings of the Company a dividend of Three (3) Per Cent. on the Common Stock of the Company, payable March 1, 1912, to stockholders of record at the close of business on February 1, 1912.

The transfer books will not close.
C. W. WOOLFORD, Secretary.

GREEN BAY & WESTERN RAILROAD COMPANY.

The Board of Directors has fixed and declared Five Per Cent. to be the amount payable on Class "A" Debentures, a dividend of Five Per Cent. on the Capital Stock, and One-half of One Per Cent. on Class "B" Debentures out of the net earnings for the year 1911, payable at No. 40 Wall Street, New York, on and after February 7th, 1912, to stockholders of record February 1st, 1912.
CHARLES W. COX, Treasurer.

THE CRIPPLE CREEK CENTRAL RAILWAY COMPANY.
Preferred Dividend No. 25.

The regular quarterly dividend of One Per Cent. (1%) has been declared by the Board of Directors on the Preferred Stock of this Company for the quarter ending Dec. 31, 1911, payable to all Preferred Stockholders of record as of February 17, 1912. Checks will be mailed March 1, 1912.
ARTHUR J. RONAGHAN, Treasurer.
New York, January 30, 1912.

114TH SEMI-ANNUAL CASH DIVIDEND.
ILLINOIS CENTRAL RAILROAD CO.

The Board of Directors has this day declared a regular semi-annual dividend of Three and One-Half (3½) Per Cent. in cash, payable March 1st, 1912, to the holders of the Capital Stock of the Illinois Central Railroad Company, as registered at the close of business Thursday, February 1, 1912.
D. R. BURBANK, Secretary.
New York, January 17, 1912.

BUFFALO, ROCHESTER & PITTSBURGH RAILWAY COMPANY.

Dividends of three per cent. on the preferred stock and of two and one-half per cent. on the common stock of this Company have been declared payable February 15th, 1912, to stockholders of record February 6th. Checks will be mailed to stockholders.
ERNEST ISELIN, Secretary.
New York, January 29, 1912.

INTERNATIONAL AND GREAT NORTHERN RAILWAY COMPANY.
165 Broadway, N. Y., January 30th, 1912.

The semi-annual coupons of this Company's Three-Year 5% Gold Notes, due February 1st, 1912, will be paid on and after that date upon presentation at the office of the Equitable Trust Company, No. 115 Broadway, New York.
H. B. HENSON, Assistant Treasurer.

MADISON SAFE DEPOSIT COMPANY.

A dividend of One and One-Half Per Cent. (1½%) on the capital stock of this company has been declared, payable to stockholders of record at the close of business February 15th, 1912. Transfer books will be closed from February 10th to February 15th, 1912, both inclusive.
BRECKENRIDGE CARROLL, Secretary.

FORTY-FIFTH DIVIDEND.
THE SECURITY BANK OF NEW YORK.
New York, Jan. 30th, 1912.

The Board of Directors have this day declared a dividend of 3%, free of tax, payable February 1st, 1912, to stockholders of record January 29th, 1912.
LOUIS V. ENNIS, Cashier.

DIVIDENDS.

REPUBLIC OF CUBA
Four and One-Half Per Cent. Gold Bonds Due 1949.
(External Loan.)

Coupons due February 1, 1912, of the above Bonds will be paid on presentation at our office on and after that date.

SPEYER & CO.
24-26 PINE STREET.
New York, January 27, 1912.

MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

GENERAL CHEMICAL COMPANY.
25 Broad Street, New York, February 1, 1912.

Notice is hereby given that the annual meeting of stockholders will be held at the Company's chief office at Philipstown, Manitou, Putnam County, New York, on Thursday, the 15th day of February, 1912, at one o'clock P. M., for the purpose of electing a Board of Directors and an Audit Company or Chartered Accountants, and for the transaction of such other business that may properly come before the meeting, including the approval and ratification of all the acts of the Board of Directors, the Executive Committee, and the Officers of the Company since the last annual meeting of the stockholders.

The stock and transfer books will be closed against the transfer of stocks on Saturday, February 3, at 12 o'clock, noon, and will be reopened on February 16, at 10 o'clock A. M.
JAMES L. MORGAN, Secretary.

TO THE STOCKHOLDERS OF STAR SHIRT MANUFACTURING CO.:

Notice is hereby given that the election of Directors of the Star Shirt Manufacturing Company not having been held on the day designated in the By-Laws, a meeting of the stockholders of said corporation, for the purpose of electing Directors and transacting such other business as might properly come before an annual meeting of the stockholders has been called by the Board of Directors, and will be held at the office of said corporation, No. 842 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the 14th day of February, 1912, at ten o'clock in the forenoon.
Dated January 31st, 1912.
WILLIAM J. GRIFFIN, Secretary.

THE ALLIANCE REALTY COMPANY.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of THE ALLIANCE REALTY COMPANY will be held at the office of the Company, No. 115 Broadway, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the 15th day of February, 1912, at 12 o'clock, noon, for the annual election of Directors of said Company and of two Inspectors of Election, to serve for the succeeding year, and for such other business as may properly come before such meeting.

The stock transfer books of the Company will be closed at 12 M., February 3, 1912, and reopened at 10 A. M., February 16, 1912.
JOHN CARLSEN, Secretary.
February 1, 1912.

BOSTON PIANO SUPPLY CO.
Notice of Special Meeting of Stockholders.

Notice is hereby given that a special meeting of the stockholders of the Boston Piano Supply Co., a corporation organized under the laws of the State of New York, will be held at the offices of the company, Robbins Avenue and 140th Street, New York City, on the fourteenth day of February, 1912, at eleven o'clock A. M. for the purpose of adopting or amending by-laws, electing a Board of Directors, and the transaction of such other business as may come before the meeting.
KARL FINK, Stockholder.
Dated New York, January 29, 1912.

OLD DOMINION STEAMSHIP CO.

The Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of this Company, for the Election of Directors, for the purpose of considering recommendations of the Board of Directors as to retiring outstanding bonds, and renewal of Company's charter, and for the transaction of such other business as may be necessary or proper, will be held at the principal offices of the Company, Pier 25, North River, in the City of New York, on Tuesday, February thirteenth, 1912, at twelve M., and the polls will be closed at one P. M. The stock transfer books will be closed ten days prior to date of the meeting.
E. E. PALEN, Secretary.

HUDSON MORTGAGE COMPANY.

The Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of the HUDSON MORTGAGE COMPANY for the election of Directors and Inspectors of Election to serve for the succeeding year will be held at the office of the Company, No. 135 Broadway, New York City, on Wednesday, the 7th of February, 1912, at 12 o'clock noon.

The stock transfer books of the Company will be closed at 3 P. M. January 29, 1912, and reopened at 10 A. M. February 8, 1912.
FRANK L. COOKE, Secretary.
Dated New York, January 6, 1912.

TO THE STOCKHOLDERS OF JOSEPH CARUBA COMPANY.—Notice is hereby given that a meeting of the stockholders of the Joseph Caruba Company will be held at the office of Hunt, Hill & Betts, No. 165 Broadway, New York City, on the fifteenth day of February, 1912, at 2:30 o'clock P. M., for the purpose of voting upon a proposition that this corporation be forthwith dissolved and for the purpose of taking action upon such other matters as may come before said meeting.
Dated January 23d, 1912.
ALEXANDER BEGG, President.

GENERAL CHEMICAL COMPANY.

Notice is hereby given that a special meeting of the stockholders of the General Chemical Company will be held at the chief office of the Company at Phillipstown, Manitou, Putnam County, New York, on Thursday, the 15th day of February, 1912, at forty-five minutes after twelve o'clock in the afternoon of that day, to determine whether the number of its Directors shall be increased from thirteen (the present number) to seventeen as proposed.
JAMES L. MORGAN, Secretary.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE STOCKholders of the Copper Queen Consolidated Mining Co., for the election of Trustees for the ensuing year, and for the transaction of such other business as may properly come before the meeting, will be held at the office of the Company, No. 99 John Street, New York City, on Tuesday, February 13th, 1912, between the hours of twelve noon and one o'clock P. M.
GEORGE NOTMAN, Secretary.

PROPOSALS.

SEALED BIDS WILL BE RECEIVED BY the Board of Water Supply, at its offices, seventh floor, 165 Broadway, New York, until 11 A. M. on Friday, February 9, 1912, for Contract AA, for printing.

At the above place and time the bids will be publicly opened and read. Pamphlets containing information for bidders can be obtained at the above address by depositing the sum of five dollars ($5.00) for each pamphlet. For further particulars see Information for Bidders.
CHARLES STRAUSS, President;
CHARLES N. CHADWICK,
JOHN F. GALVIN,
Commissioners of the Board of Water Supply.
JOSEPH P. MORRISSEY, Secretary.

OFFICE PURCHASING COMMISSARY, U. S. Army, 39 Whitehall Street, New York, N. Y., January 25, 1912.—Sealed proposals, in duplicate, for furnishing and delivering subsistence stores in this city at such times as may be required by the U. S. Government, on or before March 15, 1912, will be received at this office until ten o'clock A. M., February 3, 1912. Information furnished on application. Envelopes containing bids should be marked "Proposals for Subsistence Stores, opened February 3, 1912," and addressed to Captain M. J. Henry, Commissary, U. S. Army.

SEALED PROPOSALS WILL BE RECEIVED at the office of the undersigned, Ellis Island, N. Y. H., until 2:30 P. M., February 8, 1912, and then opened, for rewiring second floor, Main Building, Ellis Island. For specifications, apply to William Williams, Commissioner of Immigration.

TOBEY & KIRK will buy: United Lead Deb. 5s.

WANTED—By a banking house doing foreign business, expert bookkeeper. State age, present employment, and references. Box S 217 Times Downtown

We supply full information regarding Investment Securities: Railway, Government, Corporation, Municipal and similar bonds. We undertake the custody of securities in our own vaults in our building, and buy and sell Securities on commission and collect dividends and interest. Members N. Y. Stock Exchange.

Redmond & Co.
33 Pine St., New York
Bonds for Investment
Transact a General Banking Business

Harris, Forbes & Co
Successors to
N. W. Harris & Co
New York
Pine Street, Cor. William
NEW YORK
Government Municipal Railroad and Public Utility — Bonds for Investment

We offer a selected list of
Municipal BONDS
to pay
4% to 4¾%
Particulars Upon Application.
A.B.Leach & Co.
149 BROADWAY, NEW YORK

ALEXANDER & Co
43 Exchange Place, New York
Members { New York Stock Exchange / New York Cotton Exchange

Your request for the analysis of any Stock will receive immediate attention.

To invest wisely a man must be a student of conditions as well as facts.

Our weekly market letter will keep you informed from week to week. Sent on request.

Our booklet will give the history of railroad and industrial corporations. Write for it.

We will execute orders for one share or more, to be bought outright, or 10 shares and upward on margin.

J. K. Rice, Jr. & Co. Will Buy
75 American Speaking Telephone Stock
100 American Snuff Com. & Pfd. Stock
100 American Express Stock
25 Adams Express Stock
50 Atlas Portland Cement Com. Stock
65 American Chicle Com. Stock
50 American Coal Products Com. Stock
100 Binghamton Ry. Stock
50 Borden's Milk Com. Stock
100 Childs (Restaurant) Co. Pfd. Stock
25 Conley Foil Com. Stock
100 Del., Lack. & Western Coal Stock
50 Eastern Steel 1st Pfd. Stock
50 Eureka Pipe Line Stock
25 Empire State Surety Stock
100 Geo. W. Helme Pfd. Stock
50 Knox Hat Com. Stock
50 Lehigh & Wilkesbarre Coal Stock
100 Louis., Hend. & St. Louis Pfd. Stock
200 New York Shipbuilding Stock
100 National Lt., Heat. & Pow. Com. Stk.
25 Phelps Dodge & Co. Stock
100 Richmond Light & R. R. Stock
$10,000 Richmond Light & R. R. 4s
100 Rubber Goods Mfg. Com. Stock
50 Royal Baking Powder Pfd. Stock
50 Southern Penna. Oil Stock
50 Southwestern Pipe Line Stock
25 U. S. Trust Co. Stock
25 U. S. Motor Pfd. Stock
100 West. States Gas & Elec. Com. Stock
100 Westchester Insurance Stock
100 Weyman-Bruton Pfd. Stock
50 Yale & Towne Mfg. Stock
J.K.Rice, Jr. & Co.
'Phones 7460 to 7466 Hanover. 33 Wall St., N. Y.

SAFE INVESTMENTS
MUNICIPAL BONDS
SUITABLE FOR
Trust Funds
Insurance Companies
Postal Savings Banks AND
Conservative Investors
O'CONNOR & KAHLER
49 Wall Street, New York — The Rookery, Chicago

Frederick H. Smith 3rd, Charles C. Hoge, George C. Heck, A. H. Johnson
Smith, Heck & Co.
Members New York Stock Exchange
71 Broadway, New York.
INVESTMENT SECURITIES
Correspondence Solicited.

TOBEY & KIRK will buy:
Grand River Coal Coke 6s.

Potter, Choate & Prentice
Members New York Stock Exchange
65 WALL ST. NEW YORK

TOBEY & KIRK will sell:
Det., Tol., Iront'n 5% Notes

FINANCIAL MARKETS

Most Active Trading of the Year Brings Sharp Break in Prices.

STEEL DOWN FOUR POINTS

Bearish Sentiment Prevails—Unfavorable Interpretation Put on Steel Earnings, and Other Factors.

Much was made in yesterday's market of the fact that the Steel Corporation in the last quarter of 1911, just earned its dividend, and that for the year as a whole, it was only by materially reduced depreciation charges and special appropriations that the corporation was able to show a margin of a little less than 1 per cent. over its 5 per cent. dividend rate. Much was made, too, of the decrease in the earnings which the Harriman lines have reported. United States Steel and Reading were the points of attack in the dealings on the Stock Exchange, which partly reflected the bearish interpretation put upon these earnings statements, and in part represented trading activity based on the time-honored assumption that a market which will not easily advance may be more easily made to decline. Whatever the merits of this theory, the combined effect of the day's operations upon prices was very substantial, for in the final count United States Steel had lost more than 4 points, and Union Pacific 3, with many other declines which exceeded a point. The weakness was most pronounced just before the close, and with few exceptions the final prices of the active stocks were practically the lowest of the session. Over one-third of the day's total of 909,000 shares, the largest so far recorded this year, was made up of the dealings in United States Steel.

There seemed no occasion yesterday for any more uneasiness over the possibility of a "money-trust" investigation than had existed the previous day, but this situation, too, was one of the things appealed to to explain the day's weakness. Cause and effect, however, were much confused in the efforts to correlate the day's declines and the explanations which were offered for them. A discussion of the showing made by the Steel Corporation in its reply to the Government suit under the Anti-Trust act, filed yesterday, and summaries of which were issued for publication to-day, belongs to to-day's market comment rather than to yesterday's, or, at least, ought to so belong, but the Street had or assumed knowledge of the tenor of the Steel Corporation's reply, and according to the point of view was describing it as a strong or a weak defense of the corporation's position. So far as the statement of earnings for the last quarter of the year is concerned, it may be said that even after taking all the unfavorable features of the last year's showing into consideration, it is going rather far afield to put an unfavorable interpretation upon a statement which showed the full dividend earned in a quarter during which the Steel Corporation contended with the lowest prices in its history. Operations are now on a larger scale than the average during the last three months of 1911, and the level of prices is somewhat higher than those at which the November and December output of the steel manufacturers was sold. The prevalence of bearish sentiment caused an ear to be given to every unfavorable report, and much was being said yesterday of the paucity of new orders. Yet The Iron Age, in its weekly review, says that the aggregate of January bookings by the larger steel companies was not far from the total shipments. In the Pittsburgh district in particular, this journal states, specifications for semi-finished steel have been heavy, and Eastern works have been called upon to ship steel into the Pittsburgh district.

Notwithstanding the satisfactory conclusion of the London settlement, there was an easier tone in that market yesterday and a good deal of selling of stocks was reported from that side. It is always doubtful, however, in a case of heavy London selling, whether most of this does not originate on this side. The predictions which were being made from London regarding the Steel Corporation's dividend were so much in line with the sentiment of the day on the New York market that there was added reason yesterday for assuming a local origin for much of the so-called London selling. A slightly higher discount rate left the open market in London a full half per cent. under the bank rate, and there was a disposition in some quarters to look for a reduction in the official rate, but it seems more likely than not that a reduction will be allowed to wait on a longer prevalence of the relative ease which the last two weeks have brought to the London market. Discount rates in Berlin fell back yesterday to 3 per cent., making that again, momentarily, the cheapest of the European money markets.

MONEY AND EXCHANGE.

Money on call loaned on Stock Exchange collateral at 2½@2¼ per cent., with the last loan at 2⅛ per cent. Most of the day's loans were made at 2⅛ per cent.

Time money rates, 2¼@2¾ per cent. for sixty days, 2½@2¾ per cent. for ninety days, 2¾@3 per cent. for four months, 3 @3¼ per cent. for five and six months, and 3½@4 per cent. for one year.

Commercial paper was quoted at 3¾@4 per cent. for prime four to six months' maturities, with the ruling rate 4 per cent.

Private discount rate abroad: London, 3⅝ per cent., off 1-16 per cent.; Paris, 3⅛ per cent., up ⅛ per cent.; Berlin, 3 per cent., off ¼ per cent.

New York Clearing House statement: Exchanges, $319,741,511; balances, $16,386,873; Sub-Treasury debit balances, $128,298.

The local banks have lost $633,000 on their Sub-Treasury operations since Friday.

Foreign exchange rates at the points noted were quoted as follows at the close of business yesterday.

CABLE AND SIGHT RATES.

London—Cable, $4.8790; demand, $4.8745.

Paris—Cable, 5.17½ plus 1-64; check, 5.17½ less 1-16.

Berlin—Cable, 95⅛; check, 95 1-16.

Switzerland—Cable, 5.18¾; check, 5.18¾ less 5-64.

Holland—Cable, 40.36; check, 40.32.

Belgium—Cable, 5.19⅜ less 1-32; check, 5.20.

SIXTY AND NINETY DAY BILLS.

London—Bankers', 60 days, $4.8435; 90 days, $4.8315.

London—Commercial, 60 days, $4.84⅛; 90 days, $4.82⅞.

Paris—Bankers', 60 days, 5.21¼; 90 days, 5.21½ less 1-16.

Paris—Commercial, 60 days, 94 7-16; 90 days, 94 3-16.

Berlin—Bankers', 60 days, 94¼; 90 days, 94½.

Berlin—Commercial, 60 days, 5.21¼ plus 1-32; 90 days, 5.22½.

DOMESTIC EXCHANGE RATES.

Boston, par; Chicago, 35c premium; St. Louis, 35c premium; St. Paul, 90c premium; San Francisco, 50c premium; Montreal, 15⅝c premium.

SILVER QUOTATIONS.

Bar silver was quoted unchanged in London at 26 13-16d per ounce, and unchanged in New York, at 58⅛c. Mexican dollars were quoted at 47c.

NEW YORK CITY BONDS.

	Yesterday. Bid.	Yesterday. Asked.	Tuesday. Bid.	Tuesday. Asked.
4½s..May, 1957, old..	107⅛	107¼	107⅛	107¼
4½s..Nov., 1957, new..	107¼	107⅜	107⅜	107½
4½s..May, 1917, old..	102⅛	102⅝	102⅛	102⅝
4½s..Nov., 1917, new..	104⅛	102⅝	102⅛	102⅝
4½s..Mar., 1930-60, old..	102⅛	102⅝	102⅛	102⅝
4½s..Sept., 1960, new..	102⅛	102⅝	102⅛	102⅝
4s..May, 1959, l'chg..	99⅞	100⅛	99⅞	100⅛
4s..Nov., 1958, l'chg..	99⅞	100⅛	99⅞	100⅛
4s..May, 1957, l'chg..	99⅞	100⅛	99⅞	100⅛
4s..Nov., 1955-6, reg..	99¼	99⅝	99¼	99⅝
4s..May, 1919, l'chg..	99⅞	100¼	99⅞	100¼
3½s..Nov., 1954, l'chg..	87½	87⅞	87½	88
3½s..May, 1954, coup..	87½	87⅞	87½	87⅞
3½s..May, 1954, reg..	87½	87⅞	87⅛	87⅞
3½s..Nov., 1941, reg..	88½	89⅝	88⅝	89⅝

TOPICS IN WALL STREET.

Erie's December Results.

The Erie management is well pleased with its December showing, particularly since the publication of the earning's figures for some of the other large roads. In that month the Erie's gross revenue was $4,525,962, a decrease of only $20,779. The operating costs went up, but to a less extent than had been feared in view of the cold weather. Net earnings for the month were $1,083,621, a decrease of $153,503. For the six months ending with December the Erie's gross was larger than in the corresponding period of last year by $423,196, while its operating income decreased $22,692.

⁂

January Conditions Less Favorable.

Commenting on the difficulties that had been overcome in December, an Erie official said yesterday that all of the Eastern roads would be glad to have a showing for the month just closed no less favorable. New York City experienced a few days of sharp weather, with the temperature around zero, but comparatively little snow. A few miles out of New York there was frequently a difference of several degrees in the temperature, with a great deal more snow. This is the first January in several years that the railroads have been confronted with old-fashioned Winter weather, and this year's earnings statements will suffer in comparisons. The roads used more men, paid for an extraordinary amount of "over-time" and burned up a great deal of extra fuel in moving less than a normal amount of revenue business. As a result, operating expenses have consumed practically all of the gross earnings of some of the roads in recent weeks.

⁂

Small Average Declines.

The decline of 3⅛ on Union Pacific and of 4⅛ in United States Steel, together with other substantial losses here and there in the list, made yesterday's sagging market seem heavier than is justified by the course of the average prices of a number of the standard issues. Taking twenty-five railroad stocks, for instance, the decline at the close as compared with Tuesday's last prices is only 0.79, and the difference between the day's extreme high and low levels is only 1.06. The industrials show losses between yesterday's and Tuesday's last prices of 0.91, and the extreme between the highest and lowest prices of the day was 0.86. Compared with the corresponding day a year ago, the average of twenty-five industrials at 62.22 was 7.57 points down, and that of the same number of railroads at 89.32 was 7.22 down. The movements of the averages of yesterday and Tuesday and the same days last year are appended:

1912. RAILROADS.	High.	Low.	Mean.	Last.
Tuesday, Jan. 30..	90.56	89.66	90.11	90.11
Wednesday, Jan. 31..	90.25	89.19	89.74	89.32
INDUSTRIALS.				
Tuesday, Jan. 30..	63.30	62.87	63.08	63.13
Wednesday, Jan. 31..	62.99	62.13	62.56	62.22
1911. RAILROADS.				
Tuesday, Jan. 21..	96.07	95.18	95.62	93.96
Wednesday, Feb. 1..	96.98	95.78	96.38	96.54
INDUSTRIALS.				
Tuesday, Jan. 31..	66.14	65.53	65.83	66.02
Wednesday, Feb. 1..	67.03	66.26	66.64	66.79

⁂

Harriman Rumors Not Credited.

With the weakness of Union Pacific yesterday, which left the shares down 3⅛ at the close, the old story of selling by Mrs. Harriman was taken out of the moth bag and aired. Some time ago statements of Mrs. Harriman's attitude toward the Harriman estate's holdings of the securities of the road was expressed with sufficient authority to make further denials so soon after seem unnecessary.

⁂

Heavy Security Output.

January and June are usually the months of heaviest security issues and authorizations of new issues, but the month just closed has broken records for the first month of any year, according to the statistics kept by The Journal of Commerce. The issues of railroad and industrial bonds, notes, and stocks for the month aggregate $340,892,896, compared with $225,169,450 in the same month last year, and with $238,397,000 in June, 1911. In March, 1910, however, there was a phenomenal issuance of new securities which exceeded last month's by about $37,000,000. New issues of all three classes authorized last month were even heavier, totaling $516,889,675, of which stocks constituted $309,916,300 and bonds and notes the balance of $206,976,375. The heaviest month for authorizations last year was June, which showed a total of $856,245,000, $189,417,000 being stocks and $666,828,000 being bonds and notes. Last January the stock authorizations were only $49,169,650 and the bond and note authorizations only $114,204,000.

MINING STOCK QUOTATIONS.

SAN FRANCISCO.

Alta	.01	Julia	.22
Alpha Con	.05	Justice	.05
Andes	.06	Kentucky Con	.03
Belcher	.48	Mexican	4.00
Best & Belcher	.13	Occidental Con	.50
Bullion	.06	Ophir	1.45
Caledonia	1.42½	Overman	1.05
Challenge Con	.14	Potosi	.06
Chollar	.13	Savage	.14
Confidence	.65	Sag Belcher	.24
Con. Cal. & Va	.76	Sierra Nevada	.40
Con. Imperial	.03	Union Con	1.17½
Crown Point	.45	Utah Con	.11
Gould & Curry	.08	Yellow Jacket	.45
Hale & Norcross	.18		
TONOPAH.		Daisy	.10
Jim Butler	.81	Diamondf'd Bl. B.	.06
Belmont	8.75	Goldf'd Con. M.	4.42½
McNamara	.26	Goldfield Merger	.23
Midway	.27	Great Bend	.04
Montana	1.02½	C. O. D.	.13
North Star	.31	Jumbo Extension	.20
Rescue Eula	.22	Florence	.52
Tonopah Exten	1.45	Lone Star	.04
West End	.76	Red Hills	.01
GOLDFIELD.		Sandstorm Kend	.93
Adams	.01	Vernal	.15
Atlanta	.17	Silver Pick	.06
Blue Bell	.01	Nevada Hills	2.20
Comb. Fraction	.13	Manhattan Con	.12
Booth	.03		

COLORADO.

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Dr. Jackpot	6	6¾	Jackpot	5½	6½
Elkton	61¾	62½	McKinney	50	53
El Paso	69¾	70	Portland	91	95
Findlay	5	6	Vindicator	69	70
Gold Dollar	17	18	Jen. Samp	6	7
Isabella	14	16			

SHORT TERM NOTES.

		—Maturity.—	Bid.	Ask.	Yield.
Amal. Copper	5	Apr. 1,'13	100⅝	101	4.08
Balt. & Ohio	4½	June 1,'13	100⅝	100⅞	4.00
Beth. Steel Co	6	Nov. 1,'14	101¼	101¾	5.35
Ches. & Ohio	4½	June 1,'14	99⅜	99¾	4.62
C., H. & D. pur. money	4	July 1,'13	99⅜	99¾	4.62
Chi. & Alton	5	Mar. 15,'13	98⅝		
Chi. El. Rys	5	July 1,'14	98⅝	99	5.46
Erie	6	Apr. 8,'14	101⅛	101⅜	5.16
Erie	5	Oct. 1,'14	100⅛	100⅝	5.84
Gen. Motors	6	Oct. 1,'15	98⅞	99	6.28
Gen. Rubber	4½	July 1,'15	97½	97⅞	5.23
Hudson Co	6	Feb. 1,'13	99½	100	6.00
Int. & Gt. N.	5	Aug. 1,'14	98⅛	98⅝	5.54
Int. Harv. Co	5	Feb. 15,'15	100⅝	101	4.63
Int. Rapid T.	4½	1912	109	100	
Lack. Steel Co	5	Mar. 1,'15	92	92½	7.70
Minn. & St. L.	5	Feb. 1,'13	97	97½	7.40
Mo., K. & T.	5	May 1,'13	99⅝	100⅛	4.89
Mo. Pacific	5	June 1,'14	96⅝	96⅞	6.49
N. Rys. of M.	4½	June 1,'13	99	99⅜	5.00
N. Y. Central	4½	Mar. 1,'14	100⅛	101	3.83
N. Y., N. H. & H. R. R.	4½	1912	100	100⅛	
Oakland Rys	6	Sep. 1,'15	100	100¼	5.66
Pac. T. & T.	5	Jan. 5,'13	100⅝	101	3.83
St. L. & S. F.	5	Mar. 1,'13	99⅝	100⅛	4.88
St. L. & S. F.	5	June 1,'13	99¼	99⅝	5.20
Southern Ry.	5	Feb. 1,'13	100⅛	100⅝	4.10
Tidewater Co.	6	June 1,'13	101⅛	101⅝	4.58
U. S. Rubber	6	Dec. 1,'18	104⅛	105	5.08
U. S. Smelt., Ref. & Min.	5	Aug. 1,'14	99⅛	100	5.00
Westinghouse	5	Aug. 1,'13	101⅛	101¾	4.69

Equitable Life's January Record.

Despite the interference with its business by the fire the Equitable Life Assurance Society did a total business in January of $16,722,165, a gain of $1,290,573 over January, 1911.

STOCKS OUT OF TOWN

Local Issues in Principal Markets of Other Cities Little Affected by Slump Here.

STRIKE HITS WOOLEN STOCK

Situation in Lawrence Puts American Woolen Common to 25—Strength in Philadelphia and Baltimore.

Few of the local issues in the principal out-of-town markets failed to show strength yesterday in the face of the depression here, although there were, of course, recessions in the arbitrage stocks. Demand continued in Baltimore, and prices remained strong. Gains as a rule did not exceed fractions. Maryland Trust common reached par, an advance of more than 1 point for the day, the strength of the stock being ascribed to the improvement of early dividend prospects. Consolidated Gas and Power issues continue in steady demand at or near top prices. It was announced on the floor of the Exchange that the preferred and common stocks of the Consolidated Gas, Electric Light and Power Company of Baltimore had been listed on the London Stock Exchange. A large block of the 4½ per cent. general mortgage bonds of the company had been previously placed in London and listed on the Exchange.

Isle Royale, which sold well above 22, was the one strong feature of the copper share list in Boston. Buying of this issue was based largely on expectation that production is to be increased. Nearly all others were for sale in large blocks, with profit taking the main influence in weakness of minor members of the group. Amalgamated broke below 62 under selling for arbitrage accounts and the same factor depressed Steel common below 61. American Sugar stocks were under pressure, the common dropping from above 120 to 118. American Woolen common fell to 25, the lowest since 1908, owing to prospects that the strike at Lawrence will be prolonged. The preferred broke through 88. Railroad issues were rather quiet, but prices sagged. New Haven sold off to 137¼ and Boston & Maine at 99. Union Pacific was sold for New York account and touched 162½.

Business in Chicago was comparatively light as a result of the weakness in the Eastern market. Diamond Match was a fraction under Tuesday's close, while Sears-Roebuck was nearly 3 points lower, showing a net loss of 1¼ points after allowing for the dividend deduction. Western Stone was very active and closed ½ point lower after an earlier gain of 1 point. Commonwealth Edison was fractionally higher. Other stocks generally were fractionally off. Business in bonds was fairly large, with the chief interest centring in Chicago Railways 5s, which advanced to 100⅝.

The weakness in the New York list did not materially affect Philadelphia stocks during the greater part of the session, and price changes were insignificant. There was still a fair demand for Philadelphia Electric around 18, but the recent activity in the stock seemed to have temporarily subsided pending some new incentive in the way of merger developments. Slight recessions occurred in Pennsylvania Steel preferred. United Gas Improvement, Philadelphia Company, Pennsylvania Salt, and Rapid Transit. Reading gave way to the general recession in the arbitrage group, but local stocks resisted pressure with commendable fortitude. Steel turned very weak in the final hour, with heavy sales. Upward of 30,000 shares changed hands.

Yesterday's transactions on the various out-of-town exchanges, as reported to THE NEW YORK TIMES, were as follows:

BALTIMORE.

STOCKS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
185	Aug. & Aiken Elec.	29½	29	29½
40	Aug. & Aiken El. lf.	79½	79⅛	79½
20	Baltimore Trust	167	167	167
20	Baltimore Elec. pf.	44⅛	44⅛	44⅛
20	Con Coal	102	102	102
5	Con. Power pf.	106	106	106
15	Fidelity & Deposit	151	151	151
355	Houst. Oil com. t. c.	9⅝	9⅝	9⅝
1,180	Houst. Oil pf. t. c.	58⅛	58	58
5	Houst. Oil pf ctfs.	75⅛	75⅛	75⅛
15	Mechanics' Bank	29⅛	29⅛	29⅛
310	Maryland Trust	100	98¾	100
55	Maryland Casualty	97	97	97
100	Maryland & Penn.	34	34	34
50	Penn W. & P.	63½	63½	63½
100	Seaboard Co. 2d pf.	63½	63½	63½
925	United Ry.	20⅜	20½	20⅜
25	U. S. Steel	61½	61½	61½

BONDS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
$44,000	A. C. L. cv. deb. 4s.	101½	101½	101½
5,000	Balt. City 4s, 1961	101¼	101¼	101¼
2,000	Balt. Electric 5s	96⅜	96⅜	96⅜
35,000	Con. Power 4½s	89⅞	89⅜	89⅜
2,000	Cotton Duck 5s	77⅜	77⅜	77⅜
2,000	Charles. Con. El. 5s	96⅜	96⅜	96⅜
1,000	City & Sub. 5s	105	105	105
5,000	Con. Gas 4½s	97¼	97¼	97¼
2,000	Fair. & Cl. Tr. 5s	100⅞	100⅞	100⅞
14,000	Georgia & Ala. 5s	107⅛	107⅛	107⅛
69,000	Houston Oil div. obs.	88	87⅜	87⅜
1,000	Milwaukee ref. 4½s	94¼	94¼	94¼
2,000	Macon Ry. & L. 5s	101¼	101¼	101¼
10,000	Maryland & Pa. inc.	65¼	65¼	65¼
5,000	N. N. & O.P.C.1st 5s	97	97	97
1,000	Norf. Ry. & L. 5s	100¼	100¼	100¼
1,000	Penn., W. & P. 5s	95½	95½	95½
2,000	Spar. Point 4½s	97½	97½	97½
7,000	Seaboard & R. 5s	106⅛	106⅛	106⅛
65,000	United Ry. inc.	64⅞	64⅝	64⅞
42,000	U. El. L. & P. 4½s	95	95	95
4,000	United Ry. notes	100	100	100
1,000	United Ry. fdg. 5s	87½	87½	87½
7,000	United Ry. 4s	85⅜	85⅜	85⅜

BOSTON.

RAILROADS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
25	Atchison pf.	103⅝	103⅝	103⅝
20	Boston Elevated	134¼	134¼	134¼
3	Boston & Lowell	218	218	218
18	Boston & Maine	99	99	99
1	Con. & Mont. Class 1	161	161	161
1	Con. & Mont. Class 4	160¼	160¼	160¼
10	Fitchburg pf.	127	127	127
40	Mass. Electric	22	22	22
165	Mass. Electric pf.	96	95¾	96
50	Mass. Elec. pf. stpd.	82	82	82
6	Mass. Elec. pf. war.	78½	78½	78½
2,083	M. El. pf. frac. war.	.20	.19½	.19½
180	N. Y., N. H. & H.	137½	137¼	137¼
1	Northern of N. H.	143	143	143
1	Old Colony	181	187	187
465	Union Pacific	162⅝	162⅝	162⅝
25	West End	87½	87½	87½

TELEPHONE.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
699	American	140	139⅝	139⅝

MISCELLANEOUS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
150	Am. Agr.-Chem.	61¼	61	61¼
201	Am. Agr.-Chem. pf.	102½	102	102⅜
10	Amoskeag	78	78	78
20	Amoskeag pf.	100¼	100¼	100¼
25	Am. Pneu. Serv.	4¼	4¼	4¼
760	Am. Sugar	120⅛	118	118
150	Am. Sugar pf.	119⅛	118½	118½
40	Am. Woolen	25	25	25
13	Am. Woolen pf.	88	87½	87½
7	A., G. & W. I. S. S.	8⅛	8⅛	8⅛
585	East Boston Land	15	14¼	14¼
11	Edison	298	298	298
212	General Electric	159¼	157½	158
131	Mass. Gas	91	90¾	91
68	Mass. Gas pf.	95½	94½	95¼
2	Mergenthaler	220	220	220
1	Minn. Gen. Elec. pf.	172½	172½	172½
52	N. E. Cotton Yarn	105	104¾	105
45	N. E. Cot. Yarn pf.	105	105	105
20	Pacific Coast Pow.	118	118	118
138	Pullman, ex div.	159	158½	159
273	Reece Buttonhole	14	14	14
100	Reece Folding Mach.	4¼	4¼	4¼
100	Rotary Ring Spin.	2½	2½	2½
74	Seattle Electric	112½	111½	111½
10	Seattle Electric pf.	102½	102½	102½
40	Swift	100½	100¼	100¼
251	United Fruit	180	178½	178½
136	United Shoe Mach.	47	46½	47
10	Un. Shoe Mach. pf.	28⅛	28⅛	28⅛
12,893	U. S. Steel	63⅛	60¾	60¾
55	U. S. Steel pf.	110⅛	109⅝	109⅝
265	Wollaston Land	2⅛	2	2⅛

MINING.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
25	Adventure	6	6	6
475	Algomah	6¼	6⅜	6⅜
75	Allouez	39½	39	39½
1,760	Amalgamated	62⅝	61½	61½
50	Am. Zinc	24¾	24½	24⅝
10	Anaconda	34⅛	34⅛	34⅛
100	Ariz. Com'l ctfs.	3⅛	3⅛	3⅛
700	Boston & Corbin	7½	7	7
70	Butte Balaklala	4	4	4
505	Butte Coalition	22½	22	22
280	Butte & Superior	20⅛	20	20⅛
1,068	Calumet & Ariz.	59	58	58
13	Calumet & Hecla	415	410	410
70	Centennial	18	18	18
625	Chino	26¼	25⅜	25⅜
100	Cons. Mercury	6c.	6c.	6c.
854	Copper Range	52	50	50
1,255	East Butte	12⅝	12¼	12¼
150	Elm River	30c.	30c.	30c.
1,170	Franklin	13	12½	12½
815	Giroux	4½	4½	4½
25	Granby	36	36	36
239	Greene-Cananea	8¼	8	8 3-16
295	Hancock	33½	33	33
10	Helvetia	1	1	1
135	Indiana	13¼	12⅞	12⅞
450	Inspiration Cons.	20¼	20	20¼
502	Island Creek	42	40½	42
35	Island Creek pf.	86¼	86⅛	86¼
2,320	Isle Royale	22⅞	22⅜	22⅛
55	Kerr Lake	2⅞	2¾	2⅞
780	Lake	34	33	33
10	La Salle	5	5	5
80	Mason Valley	11½	11⅜	11⅜
2,605	Mayflower	8⅜	7⅛	7⅛
100	Michigan	3	3	3
240	Mohawk	54¼	52	52
880	Nevada Cons.	18⅛	18⅜	18⅛
250	New Arcadia	3⅜	3½	3½
263	Nipissing	7⅝	7½	7 9-16
1,013	North Butte	24	23½	23½
15	North Lake	5½	5½	5½
245	Ojibway	5½	5½	5½
2,767	Old Colony	6⅜	5½	6
110	Old Dominion	45	45	45
115	Osceola	108	106	106
255	Ray Cons.	16⅝	16¼	16¼
65	Santa Fe	1¼	1¼	1¼
230	Shannon	9 7-16	9	9⅛
50	Superior	25½	25	25
690	Superior & Boston	4⅜	4¼	4¼
5	Tamarack	26	26	26
410	Trinity	5⅜	5½	5½
450	Tuolumne	3 15-16	3⅝	3⅝
670	Union Copper Land	2 5-16	2	2
92	U. S. Smelting	34½	34	34½
50	U. S. Smelting pf.	48	47½	47½
500	Utah Apex	3 1-16	3	3
90	Utah Cons.	15¼	15	15
390	Utah Copper	55	53⅜	53⅜
50	Victoria	4⅞	4⅞	4⅞
10	Winona	5⅜	5⅜	5⅜
45	Wolverine	96	95	96

BONDS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
$22,000	Am. Tel. & Tel. 4s	91	90⅞	90⅞
1,000	Am. Zinc 6s, 1915	104	104	104
8,000	Ariz. Coml. 6s, ctfs.	56	55	56
500	A., T. & S. F. 4s	99⅛	99⅛	99⅛
1,000	A., T. & S. F. ad. 4s	92⅛	92⅛	92⅛
8,000	A. G. & W. I. SS. 5s	68¼	68	68
18,000	C., B. & Q. jt. 4s	97⅝	97½	97⅝
10,000	C., B. & Q. jt.4s,reg.	97⅝	97½	97½
1,000	C. J. & S. Y. 5s,1915	101⅝	101⅝	101⅝
1,000	C. & W. Mich. 5s	101⅛	101⅛	101⅛
10,000	Current River 5s	101⅝	101⅝	101⅝
5,000	Un. Fruit 4½s, 1923	96	96	96
16,000	West. Tel. & Tel. 5s	100	100	100

CHICAGO.

STOCKS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
300	Am. Can	12	11½	11⅝
200	Am. Can pf.	92	91½	91½
20	Am. Shipbuilding	50	50	50
200	Chi. Rys., Series 2	36½	36½	36½
35	Chi. Rys., Series 4	5½	5½	5½
150	Com. Edison	130	130	130
95	Diamond Match	108	107¼	107⅝
235	Hart, S. & M. pf.	101⅜	101¼	101¼
10	Illinois Brick	57⅛	57⅛	57⅛
25	Int. Harvester	106½	106½	106½
50	Nat. Biscuit	148⅝	148⅛	148⅝
10	People's Gas	105⅝	105⅝	105⅝
43	Quaker Oats	231	231	231
200	S.-Roeb., ex div. 1¾	141⅞	140¼	140¼
21	Sears-Roebuck pf.	123	123	123
45	Street's Stable Car	7	7	7
45	Swift & Co.	100¼	100⅛	100⅛
450	U. S. Steel	63⅛	60⅛	60⅛
425	Western Stone	16	14½	14½

BONDS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
$3,000	Chi. Rys. 1st 5s	100⅝	100⅝	100⅝
47,000	Chi. Rys. 1st 5s	100½	100½	100½
17,000	Chi. Rys. 1st 5s	100⅝	100⅝	100⅝
2,000	Chi. Rys. 4s, A	96¼	96¼	96¼
1,000	Chi. Rys. 4s, A	96⅜	96⅜	96⅜
1,000	Chi. Rys. 4s, B	91	91	91
2,000	Chi. Rys. 4s, B	91⅛	91⅛	91⅛
10,000	Chi. Rys. 4s, B	91¼	91¼	91¼
5,000	Chi. Elev. Rys. 5s	99	99	99
2,000	Chi. Rys. 5s	102⅞	102⅞	102⅞
2,000	Chi. Rys. adj. inc. 4s	58	58	58
10,000	Com. Edison 5s	103⅝	103⅝	103⅝
3,000	Dia. Match deb. 6s	108	108	108
5,000	Dia. Match deb. 6s	108⅜	108⅜	108⅜
1,000	Met. Elev. gold 4s	85½	85½	85½
2,000	Ogden Gas 5s	96	96	96

PHILADELPHIA.

STOCKS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
100	Amalgamated Cop.	62	61⅜	61⅜
100	American Milling	1¼	1¼	1¼
350	American Railways	45⅛	45⅛	45⅛
13	Baldwin Locomo. pf.	103⅝	103⅝	103⅝
1	Cambria Steel	43⅜	43⅜	43⅜
580	Electric Co. of Am.	12¼	12¼	12¼
125	Electric Storage	53⅜	53⅜	53⅜
100	General Asphalt	31	31	31
130	Gen. Asphalt pf.	70½	70	70
5	H. & B. Top	10¼	10¼	10¼
400	Lake Superior Corp.	28¼	28⅛	28¼
7	Lehigh Navigation	90	90	90
22	Lehigh Nav. tr. ctfs.	89	88⅞	88⅞
74	Lehigh Valley	80	79⅜	79⅜
100	Lehigh Valley Tr. pf.	24½	24½	24½
210	Philadelphia R. T.	23⅝	23⅝	23⅝
575	Phila. R. T. t. c.	23⅝	23⅝	23⅝
35	Penn. Steel pf.	100	100	100
115	Pennsylvania	62 1-16	61 15-16	62
50	Penn. Salt Mfg.	124½	124½	124½
1,050	Philadelphia Co.	52¼	51⅜	51⅜
62	Phila. Co. pf.	44½	44½	44½
758	Phila. Elec.	18⅛	18	18
9,258	Reading	77 13-16	76 9-16	76 11-16
40	Railway Co. Gen.	10½	10½	10½
10	Southern Pacific	107⅝	107⅝	107⅝
1,025	Tonopah Belmont	8⅜	8⅜	8⅜
420	Tonopah Mining	7½	7	7
570	United Gas Imp.	88⅛	87⅜	87⅜
35,880	U. S. Steel	63⅜	60	60
68	Union Traction	51⅝	51⅜	51⅜
100	W. & Va. Ry.	48	48	48
10	York Ry. pf.	30	30	30

PITTSBURGH.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
140	Crucible Steel pf.	82	81¼	81¼
35	Fireproofing pf.	26½	26½	26½
845	Mfrs. L. & H.	28⅝	28⅝	28⅝
134	Ohio Fuel Oil	17	16½	17
20	Ohio Fuel Supply	48¼	48¼	48¼
20	Oklahoma Gas	67½	67	67
95	Pittsburgh Brewing	10	10	10
100	Pittsburgh Coal pf.	80	80	80
10	Pitts. Oil & Gas	7½	7½	7½
10	Pitts. Plate Glass	104⅜	104⅜	104⅜
60	Pure Oil	8⅜	8⅜	8⅜
100	Tonopah Extension	1.45	1.45	1.45
765	U. S. Steel	63	60¼	60¼
115	Westingh. Airbrake	157	156⅜	156⅜
145	Westingh. Electric	35½	35	35
10	Westingh. Electric pf.	60	60	60
10	Westingh. Machine	22	21	21
	BANKS.			
17	Exchange Nat. Bank	75	73½	73½
	BONDS.			
$2,000	Pitts. Coal deb. 5s	91½	91½	91½

CALENDAR FOR TO-DAY.

BOOKS CLOSE.

American Bank Note Co. on common.
Baltimore & Ohio Railroad for dividend on common and preferred.
Bellefonte Central Railroad for dividend.
Binghamton Railway for dividend.
Illinois Central Railroad for dividend.
Kokomo, Marion & Western Traction Co. for dividend
Quaker Oats Co. for dividend on preferred.
United States Metal Products Co. for dividend on preferred.

DIVIDENDS PAYABLE.

American Gas and Electric Co. on preferred.
American Glue Co. on preferred.
American Light & Traction Co. on common and preferred
American Smelters Securities Co. on preferred A and B.
Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe Railway on preferred.
Auto Sales Gum and Chocolate Co.
Bank of the Metropolis.
Bates Manufacturing Co.
Boston Manufacturing Co.
Bowery Bank.
Broadway Trust Co.
Butler Brothers.
Butte Electric and Power Co. on preferred.
Canada Southern Railroad.
Central Railroad of New Jersey.
Cities Service Co.
Columbus Street Railway preferred.
Commonwealth Edison Co.
Commonwealth Power, Railway & Light Co. on preferred.
Corn Exchange Bank.
Cuba Railroad on preferred.
Dominion Coal Co. on preferred.
East St. Louis & Suburban Street Railway on preferred.
Edison Electric Illuminating Co. of Boston.
Electric Bond and Share Co. on preferred.
Electrical Securities Co. on preferred.
Elgin National Watch Co.
Fairmount & Clarksburg Traction Co. on preferred.
Fall River Gas Works.
Farmers' Loan and Trust Co.
Fort Worth Power and Light Co. on preferred.
General Chemical Co. on common.
German-American Bank.
Grand Rapids Railway on preferred.
Great Northern Railway on preferred.
Greenwich Bank.
Guanajuato Power and Electric Co. on preferred.
Hamilton Trust Co., Brooklyn.
H. B. Claflin Co. on first and second preferred.
Hood Rubber Co. on preferred.
International Nickel Co. on preferred.
International Steam Pump Co. on preferred.
Jacksonville Traction Co. on common and preferred.
J. G. Brill Co. on preferred.
J. G. White Co. on preferred.
Julius Kayser Co. on first and second preferred.
Kansas City Stock Yards.
Keystone Watch Case Co.
Lewiston, Augusta & Watertown Railway on preferred.
Lowell Electric Light Co.
Lawrence Gas Co.
Lincoln National Bank.
Mahoning Coal Railroad on common.
Massachusetts Gas Co. on common.
Mexico Tramways.
Michigan State Telephone Co. on preferred.
Minneapolis General Electric Co. on common and preferred.
Mohawk Mining Co.
Municipal Gas Co., Albany.
Nashville, Chattanooga & St. Louis Railway.
Northwestern Yeast Co.
Northern Pacific Railway.
Ohio Traction Co. on preferred.
Omaha Electric Light and Power Co. on preferred.
Pacific Bank.
Pacific Coast Co. on all classes of stocks.
Pacific Power and Light Co. on preferred.
Passaic & Delaware Railroad.
Pennsylvania Traffic Co.
Pepperell Manufacturing Co.
Philadelphia Co. on common.
Pittsburg & Lake Erie Railroad.
Portland Gas and Coke Co. on preferred.
Portland Power and Light Co. on preferred.
Public Service Co. of Northern Illinois on common and preferred.
Public Service Investment Co. on common and preferred.
Railways Co. General.
Railway Light and Securities Co. on common and preferred.
Rio de Janeiro Tramway, Light and Power Co.
St. Louis & San Francisco Railway on first preferred.
Siegel Stores Corporation on preferred.
Syracuse, Binghamton & New York Railroad.
Toledo, Bowling Green & Southern Railway on preferred.
Torrington Co. on common.
United Cigar Manufacturers Co. on common.
United Dry Goods Co. on common.
United States Bobbin and Shuttle Co. on preferred.
United States Realty and Improvement Co.
West Pennsylvania Railways on preferred.
Western Telephone and Telegraph Co. on preferred.
Westchester Fire Insurance Co.

ANNUAL MEETING.

United Cigar Manufacturers.

BOURSES OF EUROPE

Tone Weak in London, but Home and Mexican Rails and Copper Shares Are Strong.

PARIS AND BERLIN ARE FIRM

Money in Demand in London for Month-End Requirements—Discounts a Shade Harder.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

LONDON, Thursday, Feb. 1.—The Times in its City article to-day says: "There was considerable pressure yesterday as usual at the end of the month; the demand for money being supplemented by several requirements. The supply of money was quite inadequate and the market's indebtedness to the Bank of England was increased by a large amount. The rates for day-to-day loans and short fixtures rose slightly.

"There was very little discount business, few houses having money to take bills with. Discount rates were all higher, but rather nominal.

"The Stock Exchange was occupied with the completion of the settlement, but did quite a fair amount of fresh business in most departments, with prices finishing higher.

"The American market, after being firm, showed considerable weakness in the afternoon, leaving off flat at about the worst point."

LONDON, Jan. 31.—Money was in demand for month-end requirements to-day. Discount rates were a shade harder.

The settlement was concluded satisfactorily on the Stock Exchange, but the markets were inclined to ease off, with the exception of home rails, Mexican rails, and copper shares, which were steadily supported. Consols hardened on the easier money outlook.

American securities opened quiet and slightly lower on realizing, due to the earnings statements of the Southern Pacific, Union Pacific, and United States Steel Corporation. Later New York selling orders further depressed values, and the market closed weak.

Money, 3½@3¾ per cent.

The rate of discount in the open market for short bills is 3⅝ per cent.; for three months bills 3 7-16@3½ per cent.

Gold premium at Madrid, 7:90; at Lisbon, 9.

Bullion amounting to £223,000 was taken into the Bank of England to-day, and 200,000 was withdrawn for shipment to India.

PARIS, Jan. 31.—Prices were firm on the Bourse to-day.

Three per cent. rentes, 95f 35c for the account.

Exchange on London, 25f 24½c for checks.

Private discount rate, 3⅛ per cent.

BERLIN, Jan. 31.—Prices were firm on the Boerse to-day.

Exchange on London, 20 marks 51½ pfennigs for checks.

Money, 3½ per cent.

Private discount rate, 3 per cent.

LONDON CLOSING PRICES.

	London.	N. Y. Equiv.	N. Y. Close.	Net Ch'ge.
Consols, money	77½	..	..	+1-16
Consols, account	77 9-16	..	..	M'ch ac.
Anaconda	7¼	35⅝	34⅝	+ ¾
Atchison	106⅞ex	105⅝	106⅜	— ¾
Canadian Pacific	236½	230⅛	231	— ½
St. Paul	104⅞ex	104⅝	105⅜	— 1⅛
Erie	31⅛	30⅝	30⅝	— ⅜
Erie 1st pf.	51⅝	50½	51	— ½
Illinois Central	140ex	140¼	140¼	— ¼
Louis. & Nash.	154	150	150⅞	— ⅞
N. Y. Central	114½	111⅜	111⅜	+ ⅜
Pennsylvania	63½	123⅞	123⅞	— ½
Reading	79½	155	154⅞	+ ½
Southern Pacific	111	108⅛	108⅛	— ¼
Union Pacific	167¼	163	164⅝	— 1⅝
U. S. Steel	64	62⅜	64	— 1⅝
U. S. Steel pf.	111⅝ex	110⅝	110½	+ ⅛

Exchange 4.87½.

American Mining Stocks in London.

	£ s. d.		£ s. d.
Camp Bird	1 12 9	Esperanza, ex d.	2 10 0
Tomboy	1 2 6	Dolores	1 10 0
El Oro	0 19 0	Stratton's Ind.	0 3 1½

CONSOLIDATED EXCHANGE.

Odd lot dealings in United States Steel common on the Consolidated Stock Exchange were on an enormous scale, with the trading also including large blocks running into the hundreds of shares. Transactions in all stocks on the Exchange totaled 156,250 shares, which represented the biggest day's business since Nov. 10 last, when the market advanced on the United States Circuit Court's approval of the Tobacco Trust reorganization plan. Steel common with 79,000 shares accounted for about one-half of this total, while Reading was second with 33,680 shares and Union Pacific third with 25,330 shares.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
2,940	Amal. Copper	62⅝	63	61	61
340	Am. B. Sugar	55⅝	55⅝	55	55
120	Am. Can	12	12	11⅜	11⅞
30	Am. Can. pf.	92	92	91⅝	91⅝
60	Am. C. & Fy.	51	51	50½	50½
60	Am. Cot. Oil	49	49	49	49
10	Am. Ice	19⅝	19⅝	19⅝	19⅝
10	A. Locomotive	33⅝	33⅝	33⅝	33⅝
2,640	Am. Smelting	70⅛	70⅛	68⅛	68⅛
470	Am. Sugar	119⅝	120⅛	117⅞	117⅞
40	Am. Tel. & T.	139⅞	139⅞	139½	139½
60	Anaconda Cop.	34⅞	35	34⅝	34⅝
290	At., T. & S. F.	104⅝	104⅝	103⅞	103⅞
90	Balt. & Ohio	105	105	104⅛	104⅛
280	Brooklyn R. T.	78¼	78⅛	77⅜	77⅜
50	Canadian Pac.	231	231	229⅛	229⅛
10	Can. Pac. rts.	7⅛	7⅛	7⅛	7⅛
110	Cen. Leather	19¼	19⅛	19	19
230	Ches. & Ohio	71⅛	71⅛	70¼	70¼
2,550	C., M. & St. P.	104⅞	105⅛	104⅛	105
10	Chino Copper	26	26	26	26
50	Consol. Gas	139	139	138⅞	138⅞
750	Erie	31	31	30⅝	30⅝
20	Erie 1st pf.	50⅞	51	50⅞	51
250	Gt. North. pf.	129⅜	129⅜	127⅞	127⅞
120	Gt. N. ore cfs.	37½	37⅞	36⅞	37½
30	Inter.-Met.	17⅝	17⅝	17⅝	17⅝
830	Inter.-Met. pf.	56⅞	57	55⅝	55⅝
1,580	Lehigh Valley	161⅝	161⅝	158⅝	159
20	Louis. & Nash.	150	150	150	150
40	Mo., K. & T.	27⅝	27⅝	27½	27½
40	Mo. Pacific	39½	39½	39⅜	39⅜
30	Nat. Lead	53⅝	53⅝	53½	53½
110	Nevada Con.	18⅝	18⅝	18½	18½
2,250	N. Y. Central	111⅝	112	110⅝	110½
70	N. Y., O. & W.	37¼	37¼	36⅞	36⅞
20	N. American	78⅛	78⅛	78⅛	78⅛
530	Nor. Pacific	117⅛	117⅛	116	116
340	Pennsylvania	124⅛	124⅛	123⅞	124
33,680	Reading	155	155⅜	153⅛	153½
40	Republic Steel	21½	21¼	22	22
70	Rep. Steel pf.	81	81	79	79
90	Rock Island	24¼	24¼	23⅞	23⅞
100	Southern Pac.	108⅛	108⅜	107	107
300	Southern Ry.	27½	27½	26⅞	26⅞
50	Tenn Copper	35	35	34⅞	34⅞
20	Texas Oil	86⅛	86⅛	86⅛	86⅛
25,330	Union Pac.	164⅞	164⅞	161⅞	161⅞
90	U. S. Rubber	46	46	45⅞	45⅞
79,000	U. S. Steel	63⅛	63⅛	59⅞	60
140	U. S. Steel pf.	110⅜	110⅜	109½	109⅞
330	Utah Copper	54⅛	54⅛	53⅞	53⅞
20	Va.-Car. Chem.	55	55	55	55
10	West Maryl'd	57	57	57	57
156,250					

MINING STOCKS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
1,000	Atlanta	.17½	.17½	.17½	.17½
300	Belcher	.50	.50	.50	.50
150	Belmont	8.87½	8.87½	8.80	8.80
300	Comstock	.15	.15	.15	.15
500	Crown Point	.46	.47	.46	.47
800	Jim Butler	.31½	.32	.31½	.32
200	Moulton	1.05	1.05	1.05	1.05
100	Ophir	1.50	1.50	1.50	1.50
400	Tonopah Ext.	1.45	1.45	1.45	1.45
300	West End	.77	.77	.77	.77
4,050					

THE TREASURY STATEMENT.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 31.—The Treasury statement issued to-day gives receipts and expenditures for yesterday and the elapsed periods of the current month and of the fiscal year as follows:

	Jan. 30.	Month.	Fiscal Year.
Receipts, cust.	$772,051	$23,328,370	$174,194,397
Internal rev.	892,517	21,410,209	172,128,438
Corp. tax	19,779	439,861	2,254,962
Miscellaneous	286,629	5,080,267	30,697,856
Tot. receipts	$1,970,878	$50,258,709	$379,275,655
Expenditures	735,400	52,008,901	402,423,302
Surplus	1,235,477	*1,750,191	*23,147,646

*Deficit.

These figures exclude Panama Canal and public debt transactions.

At the beginning of business to-day the condition of the United States Treasury was: Working balance in Treasury offices, $63,363,719; in banks and Philippine Treasury, $34,027,864.

The total balance in the general fund was $122,473,756.

J. K. Rice, Jr. & Co. Will Sell
100 Atlas Portland Cement Com. Stock
100 American Cigar Com. Stock
70 Aeolian Weber P. & P. Pfd. Stock
200 American Coal Products Com. Stock
25 Astor Trust Stock
30 Borden's Milk Pfd. Stock
100 Babcock & Wilcox Stock
100 Cuban-American Sugar Com. Stock
26 Cook & Bernheimer Pfd. Stock
100 Eastern Steel Com. Stock
16 Fidelity Phenix Insurance Stock
20 Geo. W. Helme Com. Stock
25 H. W. Johns-Manville Com. Stock
100 Interborough Rapid Transit (Old) Stk.
45 International Silver Pfd. Stock
100 International Nickel Pfd. Stock
25 Mortgage Bond Stock
25 Merchants National Bank Stock
200 New York & Harlem Stock
50 National Light, Ht. & Power Pfd. Stk.
8 National City Bank Stock
20 National Surety Stock
28 Porto Rican American Tobacco Stock
110 Rubber Goods Mfg. Pfd. Stock
50 Sen Sen Chiclet Stock
50 Singer Manufacturing Stock
100 U. S. Motor Com. Stock
100 Union Typewriter Com. Stock
50 Union Typewriter 1st Pfd. Stock
50 Victor Talking Machine Com. Stock
18 Weyman-Bruton Com. Stock
25 Windsor Trust Stock
200 Western Pacific Ry. Stock
When interested in buying or selling Miscellaneous Securities we would appreciate the opportunity of quoting you our market.
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'Phones 7460 to 7466 Hanover. 33 Wall St., N. Y.

On request we will furnish you with a concise and comprehensive report of any stock or bond in which you may be interested, based on authentic data and with special reference to your other holdings. Your request for information will entail no obligation on your part.
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Royal Baking Powder Pfd.

Wm. A. Read & Co.
Bankers
No. 31 Pine Street.
BOSTON LONDON CHICAGO

TOBEY & KIRK will buy:
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Metropolitan St. Ry. (Kan. C.) 5s, 1913
Lafayette & Logansport Trac. 5s, 1936
WOLFF & STANLEY,
27 William St., N. Y. 6557-8-9 Broad.

American Telegraph & Cable Stock
Interstate Chemical Corp. of Virginia Pfd.
U. S. Worsted Com. & Pfd.
Chicago Lumber & Coal Com.
E. BUNGE & CO.
20 Broad Street. 'Phone 4735-4736 Rector.

SIMON BORG & CO
BANKERS,
No. 20 Nassau St., New York
INVESTMENT SECURITIES

1852 1912
Jas. B. Colgate & Co.
36 Wall St., New York
Investment Bonds List on Application

TOBEY & KIRK will buy:
Standard Gas Light 1st 5s.

American Bank Note Co. Com. & Pfd.
International Nickel Co. Com. & Pfd.
Dominick & Dominick
MEMBERS NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE
115 Broadway, New York

TOBEY & KIRK will buy:
Adams Express Stock.

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE—Wednesday, Jan. 31, 1912.

Total sales Jan. 31, 1912 909,843
Month January 10,908,865
Same month last year 10,383,171

Closing. Bid.	Closing. Ask.	Sales.		First.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Change.
1	1¼	100	Allis-Chalmers	1¼	1¼	1¼	1¼	...
61	61⅛	20,960	Amalgamated Copper	62⅞	62⅞	61	61	−1½
60¼	61	400	Am. Agricul. Chem.	61	61	60½	60½	− ½
55	55¼	1,200	Am. Beet Sugar	55½	55½	55	55	− ⅜
11⅜	11⅝	2,700	Am. Can	12	12	11½	11½	− ½
90⅞	91⅛	1,900	Am. Can pf.	92	92	91	91	− ⅞
50⅛	50¾	600	Am. Car & Foundry	51	51	50¼	50¼	− ¾
49	50	400	Am. Coton Oil	49½	49½	49¼	49½	− ½
30	32	100	Am. Linseed pf.	31	31	31	31	−1
103	103¼	200	Am. Locomotive pf.	103¼	103¼	103	103	− ⅛
7½	8	1,300	Am. Malt	7¾	8	7¾	8	+ ½
68⅝	68¾	10,200	Am. Smelt. & Ref.	70½	70½	68⅞	68⅞	−1⅝
130	140	50	Am. Snuff	140	140	140	140	...
108¼	110	100	Am. Snuff pf.	108½	108½	108½	108½	− ¼
28½	29	100	Am. Steel Foundries	29	29	29	29	− ½
117¾	118	3,500	Am. Sugar Refining	119⅝	120¼	117¾	118	−1⅜
139½	139⅝	750	Am. Tel. & Tel.	140	140	139½	139½	− ⅝
270	276	300	Am. Tobacco	279	279	275	275	−5
107	107½	300	Am. Tobacco pf.	107⅜	107⅜	107¼	107¼	− ⅝
104½	105½	200	Am. Tobacco pf. new	105	105	105	105	− ⅝
25½	26½	300	Am. Woolen	26⅛	26⅛	25½	25½	−1
87¼	88	18	Am. Woolen pf.	87¼	87¼	87¼	87¼	...
25½	26	200	Am. Writing Paper pf.	25⅜	25⅜	25⅜	25⅜	+ ⅛
34¼	34½	2,500	Anaconda Copper Co.	34⅞	35	34⅝	34⅝	− ¼
103¼	103⅜	3,700	Atch., T. & S. F. x d.	104½	104¾	103½	103½	−1⅜
103¼	103⅞	100	Atch., Top. & S. F. pf.	103½	103½	103½	103½	+ ¼
135	135½	500	Atlantic Coast Line	136⅜	136⅜	135½	135½	− ½
104⅝	104¾	1,920	Baltimore & Ohio	105	105¼	104⅝	104¾	− ¼
..	..	5	Bank of Commerce	196	196	196	196	...
31⅛	31⅞	800	Bethlehem Steel	31⅞	32⅛	31⅜	31⅞	+ ⅝
59¼	60	400	Bethlehem Steel pf.	60	60¼	59¾	60¼	− ½
77¾	78	1,900	Brooklyn Rapid Tran.	78½	78½	77¾	77¾	− ⅝
138	139	100	Brooklyn Union Gas	138⅞	138⅞	138⅞	138⅞	− ⅞
66	72½	100	Canada Southern	65	65	65	65	−1½
229¾	230¼	2,100	Canadian Pacific	231	231	229⅝	230	−1
..	..	1,800	Can. Pacific Rights	7½	7½	7⅜	7½	...
18	19	300	Central Leather Co.	19	19	19	19	− ⅝
86	87	110	Cent. Leather Co. pf.	87	87	87	87	− ¼
335	340	150	Central R. R. of N. J.	340	340	340	340	...
70⅛	70⅜	4,100	Chesapeake & Ohio	71½	71½	70⅛	70⅛	−1⅞
17¾	18¼	500	Chicago Gt. Western	17½	17½	17½	17½	− ¾
34½	34¾	1,100	Chi. Gt. Western pf.	35	35	35	35	− ½
104⅝	104⅞	14,750	Chi., Mil. & St. Paul	104⅞	105½	104¼	104¾	− ½
145	146¼	200	Chi., Mil. & St. P. pf.	145⅝	145⅝	145½	145½	+ ¼
141⅛	141⅝	900	Chi. & Northwestern	142¾	142¾	141¼	141¼	−1¼
25⅝	26	2,400	Chino Copper	26	26¼	25⅝	25⅞	− ⅞
58¼	60	100	Clev., C., C. & St. L.	58¼	58¼	58¼	58¼	−1¼
95	100	100	C., C., C. & St. L. pf.	96	96	96	96	+1¼
25¾	26	100	Colorado Fuel & Iron	26¼	26¼	26¼	26¼	...
65	75	100	Col. & South. 2d pf.	70	70	70	70	...
138¾	139	1,400	Consolidated Gas	139⅛	139⅛	138¾	138¾	−1½
78	79	100	Corn Products Ref. pf.	78⅞	78⅞	78⅞	78⅞	− ¾
169	171	300	Delaware & Hudson	171½	171½	170	170	−1⅝
555	565	100	Del., Lack. & West.	560	560	560	560	−9
44	45	100	Den. & Rio Grande pf.	44	44	44	44	− ½
31	31⅛	300	Distillers' Securities	31¼	31¼	31	31	− ⅞
30⅝	30¾	8,700	Erie	30¾	31⅛	30⅝	30⅝	− ⅛
50½	51	200	Erie 1st pf.	51½	51½	51	51	...
37	39¾	100	Federal M. & S. pf.	38	38	38	38	...
131	132	515	General Chemical	131	132	131	132	+ ½
156½	158	1,500	General Electric	158⅛	158¾	157	157	−1
74	76	300	General Motors pf.	75	75¼	75	75¼	− ¾
4⅜	4½	200	Goldfield Consol.	4½	4½	4⅜	4⅜	− ⅛
150	170	5	G. W. Helme Co.	165	165	165	165	...
128	128½	7,200	Great Northern pf.	129½	129¾	128	128	−1½
36½	36¾	4,500	Gt. N. certs. ore prop.	38¼	38¼	36	36⅞	−1⅜
139½	140¼	400	Illinois Central	140¼	140¼	139½	139¾	− ¾
17½	17¾	2,500	Inter.-Met. v. tr. cfs.	18¼	18¼	17½	17⅝	− ½
55⅝	55¾	6,000	Inter.-Met. pf.	56⅝	56¾	55¼	55¼	−1⅞
53¾	54½	200	Int.-Met. pf. v. tr. cfs.	54	54	53½	53½	−2¾
105½	106	400	Int. Harvester	106½	106½	106	106	− ½
50½	51½	100	Int. Paper pf.	50½	50½	50½	50½	−1⅜
29½	31	150	Int. Steam Pump	30	30	30	30	−1¼
12	13	175	Iowa Central	12⅞	12⅞	12⅞	12⅞	− ⅝
26	27	150	Kansas City South.	27	27	27	27	+ ½
62¾	63¼	100	Kan. City South. pf.	63	63	63	63	− ⅞
106	106½	300	Laclede Gas	106⅜	106⅜	106⅛	106⅛	− ⅜
12½	14	200	Lake Erie & Western	13	13	13	13	+1
32	35	300	Lake Erie & West. pf.	33½	34	33½	34	+3
159	159¾	16,100	Lehigh Valley	161¼	161½	159	159¼	−2
175½	177	200	Liggett & Myers	177	177	176	176	+1
150⅛	150¾	1,700	Louisville & Nash.	151	151	150	150	− ⅞
75½	77	100	Mackay Cos.	75⅛	75⅛	75⅛	75⅛	−1⅞
68	69½	100	Mackay Cos. pf.	69	69	69	69	−1
4¾	5	200	Mercantile Marine	5	5	5	5	...
20	21	400	Mercantile Marine pf.	21	21	20¼	20¼	−1
23⅜	23¾	300	Miami Copper	23¾	23¾	23½	23¾	− ⅛
129½	131	500	Minn., St. P. & S.S.M.	131	131	130	130	−1¾
27⅛	27½	900	Mo., Kansas & Texas	27¾	27¾	27¼	27½	+ ½
39½	40	400	Missouri Pacific	39½	39½	39½	39½	− ¼
148	148½	880	Nat. Biscuit Co.	148	148¾	148	148¾	−1⅛
127½	128	200	Nat. Biscuit Co. pf.	127½	127½	127½	127½	− ½
92	95	200	Nat. Enam. & St. pf.	94½	94½	94½	94½	...
53¼	53½	1,300	Nat. Lead Co.	53⅞	54	53¼	53½	− ½
34¾	35	500	N. Rys. of Mex. 2d pf.	35	35	34¾	34¾	− ½
18¼	18⅜	1,200	Nevada Con. Copper	18½	18⅝	18¼	18¼	− ¼
50	56	200	N. Y. Air Brake	54⅞	54⅞	54⅞	54⅞	−1⅛
110½	110⅝	27,200	N. Y. Central	111⅜	112	110½	110½	− ⅞
85	90	100	N. Y., C. & St. L. 2d pf.	87	87	87	87	...
135	137⅛	100	N. Y., N. H. & Hart.	137	137	137	137	− ½
37	37¼	700	N. Y., Ont. & West.	37⅜	37⅜	36⅞	37	− ½
107⅞	108¼	1,900	Norfolk & West. x rts.	108¼	108¼	107⅞	107⅞	− ⅝
..	..	500	Norfolk & West rts.	⅞	⅞	¾	¾	...
77½	78	800	North American	78⅝	78⅝	77⅛	77½	−1¾
115¾	116	7,800	Northern Pacific	117⅛	117½	115⅞	115⅞	−1¼
30⅝	31¼	100	Pacific Mail	31¼	31¼	31¼	31¼	+ ¼
48¼	48½	300	Pacific Tel. & Tel.	48½	48½	48⅜	48⅜	− ⅛
123⅝	123⅞	8,720	Pennsylvania R. R.	124	124	123¾	123⅞	...
105¼	105⅝	300	People's Gas, Chicago	105⅝	105⅝	105½	105½	...
178	180	800	P. Lorillard	182	182	180	180	−2
112	112⅞	800	P. Lorillard pf.	113⅛	113⅛	112½	112½	− ½
80	81	900	Pittsburgh Coal pf.	80	80	80	80	− ⅝
106	109	100	Pub. Serv. Corp. N. J.	107⅝	107⅝	107⅝	107⅝	+ ¼
16⅛	16¼	1,700	Ray Consol. Copper	16¾	16¾	16¼	16½	− ¼
28	30	100	R'way Steel Spring	29	29	29	29	−1
100	105	100	R'way Steel Spring pf.	101	101	101	101	...
153⅜	153½	188,900	Reading	155	155⅞	153⅛	153½	−1⅜
95¼	96	100	Reading 2d pf.	96	96	96	96	...
22	22¼	1,700	Rep. Iron & Steel	23	23⅝	22⅛	22⅛	−1⅝
78¾	79½	2,000	Rep. Iron & Steel pf.	81⅛	81⅛	78½	79	−2½
23½	23¾	2,510	Rock Island Co.	24¼	24¼	23½	23¾	− ⅝
49	49½	800	Rock Island Co. pf.	49⅛	49⅛	49	49	−1
120	..	50	Rome, W. & O. x d.	126	126	126	126	...
23	25½	400	St. Louis & San Fran.	25	25	25	25	−1
39¾	39⅞	450	St. L. S. F. 2d pf.	40½	40½	39⅝	39⅝	− ½
69½	70	200	St. Louis Southw. pf.	70	70	70	70	+ ⅝
140	141	150	Sears, Roebuck x d.	141¾	141¾	141¾	141¾	−1¼
107	107⅛	14,350	Southern Pacific	108¼	108⅜	107	107	−1½
26⅝	27	4,950	Southern R'way ext.	27⅞	27½	26½	26¾	− ¾
69	70	1,400	South. R'way pf. ext.	70⅛	70⅛	69	69½	− ½
34⅝	35¼	200	Tennessee Copper x d.	34¾	35	34¾	35	...
86	90	500	Texas Co.	86	86	86	86	...
46	46⅜	1,630	Third Avenue w i.	47⅜	47⅜	45¾	46¼	+ ⅞
4	4¼	100	Toledo, R'way & Lgt.	3¾	3¾	3¾	3¾	− ¼
13⅛	14	100	Toledo, St. L. & W.	13⅛	13⅛	13⅛	13⅛	− ½
32	34	200	Tol., St. L. & W. pf.	33¾	33¾	33¾	33¾	− ½
105	106	100	Twin City Rap. Tran.	105	105	105	105	...
110¾	111½	100	Underwood Typewrit.	111¼	111¼	111¼	111¼	...
49¾	52	100	Union Bag & Pap. pf.	51⅞	51⅞	51⅞	51⅞	− ⅛
161⅜	161½	147,450	Union Pacific	164¼	164¾	161¼	161½	−3⅛
33½	34½	200	United R'ways Invest.	34½	34½	34	34	− ½
60	60½	100	United Rys. Invest. pf.	60⅛	60⅛	60⅛	60⅛	− ⅞
50	51¼	500	U. S. Cast Iron P. pf.	51	51	51	51	...
81	85	100	U. S. Express	84	84	84	84	...
67	67½	200	U. S. Realty & Imp.	67¾	67¾	67	67	−1⅛
29	30½	300	U. S. Ind. Alcohol	30	30	29½	29½	− ½
98¼	99¾	250	U. S. Ind. Alcohol pf.	99	99	99	99	+ ½
45½	46	700	U. S. Rubber	46¼	46¼	45½	45½	−1
59⅞	60	327,600	U. S. Steel	63⅜	63¾	59¾	59⅞	−4⅛
109¾	110	4,120	U. S. Steel pf.	110½	110¾	109¾	109¾	− ¾
53⅞	54	9,800	Utah Copper	54⅞	55	53¾	53¾	− ½
54	55	600	Va.-Carolina Chem.	55¾	55¾	55	55	− ½
20	21	420	Vulcan Detinning	20½	21	20½	20½	+ ⅞
6⅞	7	900	Wabash	7	7	6⅞	6⅞	− ⅛
17¼	17⅝	100	Wabash pf.	17⅜	17⅜	17⅜	17⅜	− ⅝
56⅝	57¼	300	Western Maryland	57⅛	57¼	57⅛	57¼	+ ½
82½	83	200	Western Union Tel.	83½	83½	83	83	− ¼
70	70½	300	Westinghouse E. & M.	71	71	70	70	−1
170	190	105	Weyman-Bruton	181	181	181	181	...
15½	16⅜	100	Wheel. & L. E. 1st pf.	16⅜	16⅜	16⅜	16⅜	+ ⅛
50	52	100	Wisconsin Central	52	52	52	52	−1

BONDS ON STOCK EXCHANGE.

Total sales Jan. 31, 1912 .... $3,725,000
Month January 112,852,000
Same month last year 90,755,000

N Y Canal 4s, 1961, new
10,000....102⅞
5,000....103
N Y City 4s, 1957
8,000....100⅛
1958
8,000....100⅛
1,000....100
7,000....100⅛
4s, 1959
1,000....100
4½s, 1957
2,000....107⅞
N Y City 4½s
8,000....102⅝
5,000....102⅝
Adams Express 4s
1,000....88
Allis-Chalmers 5s
17,000....53⅝
Am Smelt Secur 6s
1,000....103¼
1,000....103½
Am T & T conv 4s
6,000....110¼
2,000....110
Am Thread 4s
13,000....93¼
Am Tobacco 6s
11,000....121⅝
16,000....121¼
Tr Co ctfs of dep
1,000....121¼
Am Tobacco 4s
5,000....95⅝
9,000....95⅝
10,000....95⅞
5,000....95⅝
1,000....95⅝
Ann Arbor 1st 4s
1,000....84½
1,000....84¼
Armour & Co 4½s
3,000....92
A, T & S F gen 4s
16,000....99⅝
56,000....99½
adjustment 4s
1,000....92¼
stamped
1,000....92¼
2,000....92⅜
14,000....92½
500....93
convertible 5s
3,000....108⅝
5,000....108
Atl Coast Line 4s
1,000....96⅛
Lou & N col 4s
3,000....95
5,000....95¼
11,000....95
B & O pr ln 3½s
4,000....93
gold 4s
1,000....98¼
S W Div 3½s
2,000....91¼
Bethlehem Steel 5s
3,000....95¼
15,000....94⅞
2,000....95
Bklyn City 1st
1,000....102
1,000....101¼
B R T ref conv 4s
18,000....86⅛
1,000....86
82,000....86⅛
20,000....86
Bklyn Un Gas 5s
1,000....106⅝
Bklyn Un El 1st 5s
17,000....103
Cal Gas & Elec 5s
21,000....95⅛
1,000....95⅝
1,000....95⅛
Canada Southn 1st
3,000....101⅝
Cent Leather 5s
2,000....95⅛
Central N E 4s
3,000....93½
Cent of N J gen 5s
1,000....122⅜
Cent Pac gtd 4s
9,000....97
1,000....96⅞
Cent Vermont 4s
15,000....90⅝
Ches & O con 5s
1,000....111½
convertible 4½s
1,000....93⅛
4,000....93
3,000....93⅛
Chi & A 3½s, reg
2,000....63¾
C, B & Q gen 4s
2,000....97
7,000....96⅞
joint 4s
11,000....97½
43,000....97⅝
1,000....97¾
1,000....97⅝
33,000....97½
55,000....97⅝
52,000....97¾
15,000....97⅝
Ill Div 3½s
2,000....88
Illinois Div 4s
1,000....100
Chi & East Ill ref & imp 4s
1,000....81⅝
Chi, Ind & So 4s
3,000....90¼
Chi, Mil & St P gen 4s, Ser A
4,000....98⅝
2,000....98⅝
C & M River 5s
1,000....108⅝
Chi, M & P Sd 4s
4,000....95
Chi & N W gen 4s
4,000....98
C, R I & P gen 4s
1,000....96⅜
7,000....96¼
Chi, Rock Isl & P Ry ref 4s
9,000....90⅝
22,000....90¼
C, R I & P R R 4s
29,000....72⅝
8,000....72⅞
7,000....73
29,000....73⅛
29,000....73¼
3,000....73⅛
116,000....73¼
40,000....73
C, St P, M & O 6s
1,000....123⅝
C & W Ind con 4s
5,000....92
Col Midland 1st 4s
5,000....50½
1,000....50¼
2,000....50
Col & Sou 1st 4s
9,000....96½
ref & ext 4½s
5,000....98
2,000....97⅝
Del & Hud conv 4s
5,000....98⅝
Den & Rio Gr 1st & refunding 5s
10,000....88⅝
6,000....88⅞
12,000....88⅝
imp 5s
5,000....97⅝
Dist Secur Corp 5s
9,000....77⅛
1,000....77⅝
1,000....77
East Tenn, Va & Ga con 5s
2,000....111⅝
Erie 1st con 4s
2,000....88⅞
Penn col tr 4s
2,000....88⅞
conv 4s, Ser B
1,000....76
Fla E C Ry 1st 4½s
1,000....97⅝
Gen Motors 6s
14,000....99
Green Bay & Wn deb Ctfs B
5,000....11½
30,000....11
10,000....11½
Ill Cent ref 4s
1,000....96
Inter-Met 4½s
60,000....83¼
17,000....83⅛
15,000....83
13,000....82⅞
14,000....82⅞
10,000....82⅞
55,000....83
10,000....82⅝
55,000....83
1,000....83⅛
registered
1,000....82½
Int Rap Tran 5s
12,000....104⅞
10,000....104⅝
1,000....104½
Internatnl Nav 5s
4,000....80
Inter Paper 6s
1,000....104
convertible 5s
10,000....91⅛
25,000....91⅛
2,000....91⅝
1,000....91¼
Iowa Cent ref 4s
1,000....63⅛
K C, Ft S & M 4s
6,000....80⅝
Kansas City So 5s
80,000....100⅛
Lack Steel 5s, 1915
1,000....92¼
Laclede G Lgt of St L 1st 5s
1,000....102⅞
ref & ext 5s
1,000....101
L S & M So 3½s
1,000....89½
4s, 1928
11,000....94⅝
1931
3,000....93⅞
14,000....93⅞
5,000....92⅞
41,000....93⅞
Lex Av & P F 1st 5s
1,000....102¼
Liggett & Myers 7s, temp bonds
10,000....122⅝
97,000....122⅞
3,000....122⅝
49,000....122⅞
37,000....122½
5s, temp bonds
22,000....95
4,000....95¼
24,000....95
20,000....94⅞
2,000....95
15,000....94⅞
14,000....94⅝
5,000....94¼
7,000....94⅝
12,000....94⅝
Lou & N unifd 4s
24,000....99½
N F & S 1st 5s
2,000....109⅝
Mer Mar col tr 4½s
4,000....67¼
5,000....67⅛
8,000....67
Met St gen 5s
9,000....102
1,000....101⅝
Trust Co ctfs
5,000....103⅛
10,000....103
adj mtg inc 5s, when issued
30,000....58¼
7,000....58⅛
10,000....58
20,000....57⅞
36,000....57⅞
1,000....57⅛
10,000....57⅞
15,000....57⅞
ref 4s, Trust Co ctfs
2,000....62⅝
stamped
2,000....61¼
ref 4s, w i
10,000....81¼
85,000....81
10,000....81¼
28,000....81
5,000....80⅞
Mo, K & T 1st 4s
3,000....96⅝
1,000....96⅞
s f 4½s
5,000....89
4,000....89¼
Mo Pac 1st con 6s
7,000....107¼
5s, 1920
2,000....100⅝
1,000....100¼
convertible 5s
1,000....89⅝
Mo Pacific 4s
1,000....74
M & E con 7s
7,000....109¼
Nat Rys of Mex prior lien 4½s
9,000....92⅝
N Y Air Brake 1st conv 6s
1,000....99½
1,000....99¼
N Y Cent gen 3½s
5,000....87⅝
6,000....87½
Lake S col 3½s
10,000....84⅛
18,000....84
34,000....83½
registered
8,000....81⅝
N Y, Chi & St L deb 4s
1,000....90½
1,000....91
N Y, N H & H conv deb 6s
22,000....132
N Y Telephone 4½s
2,000....100½
1,000....100⅝
Nor & Wn con 4s
1,000....98⅝
convertible 4s
10,000....108⅛
35,000....108
Pocah C & C 4s
1,000....93⅜
Northn Pacific 4s
3,000....100¼
10,000....100⅜
Northn Pacific 3s
1,000....69⅞
2,000....69¾
Ore Short Line gtd refunding 4s
35,000....95
Ore-Wash R R & N 1st & ref 4s
2,000....92⅝
3,000....92¾
5,000....92⅝
Oz & Cher Cent 5s
1,000....99⅞
Pac Tel & Tel 5s
13,000....100
29,000....99⅞
Penn conv 3½s, 1912
5,000....99⅞
1915
54,000....97⅝
82,000....97½
Penn 4s, 1948
3,000....103⅞
Penn Co gtd gd 4s
15,000s6f....98
5,000s6f....98⅛
P Lorillard Co 7s, temp bonds
115,000....123¼
3,000....123⅜
46,000....123¼
5,000....123⅜
5s, temp bonds
15,000....96¼
9,000....96⅛
10,000....96¼
29,000....96
17,000....95¾
2,000....95⅝
Pitts, C, C & St L gtd 4½s, Ser B
2,000....106¾
P, C & Tol 1st 6s
1,000....113½
Pocah Con Collier sink fund 5s
2,000....81½
Pub Serv C s f 5s
5,000....92⅞
5,000s20f....92¼
2,000....92¾
Reading gen 4s
11,000....98⅜
8,000....98¼
R I, Ark & L 4½s
5,000....93
St L, Ir Mt & So, Riv & Gulf 4s
4,000....84
1,000....83¾
St L & San Fran R R ref 4s
10,000....81¼
1,000....81⅝
30,000....81⅜
15,000....81⅝
3,000....81¼
5,000....81⅝
5,000....81⅜
St L S W con 4s
10,000....81¼
St Paul & Sioux City 1st 6s
9,000....111
San An & A P 4s
1,000....87
Seab Air L adj 5s
1,000....83¾
2,000....83
14,000....82⅞
4,000....82⅝
4,000....82⅞
5,000....83
So Pacific col 4s
12,000....92½
convertible 4s
25,000....96⅛
23,000....96⅜
14,000....96¼
6,000....96⅜
1st ref 4s
7,000....95¼
8,000....95
500....95⅜
1,000....95⅛
1,000....95
Southn Ry 1st 5s
22,000....108¼
3,000....108¼
general 4s
1,000....79
13,000....78⅞
1,000....79
Tenn Coal, I & R, Birm Div 6s
3,000....104
Texas Co conv 6s
1,000....95⅞
Third Av ref 4s, w i
1,000....86
46,000....85¾
adj 5s, w i
5,000....78⅛
10,000....78¼
30,000....78¼
5,000....77¾
51,000....77⅞
8,000....77¾
con 4s, Trust Co ctfs, stpd
2,000....78½
Union Pac 1st 4s
3,000....100⅞
7,000....100⅜
convertible 4s
61,000....102
33,000....102¼
5,000....102
28,000....101⅞
5,000....102
Un R Rs of S F 4s
2,000....69⅞
3,000....70
U S Rubber 6s
7,000....104⅝
10,000....105
U S Steel C s f 5s
34,000....103⅞
20,000....103⅝
2,000....103⅝
2,000....103⅜
8,000....103⅝
registered
1,500....103⅝
500....104
Va-Car Ch 1st 5s
1,000....100½
Va Midland gen 5s
2,000....108
Wabash 1st 5s
1,000....107
5,000....107¼
1,000....107
Wabash P R ref & ext 4s
6,000....55¾
Wab-Pitts Ter 1st Cent Trust ctfs
1,000....39¼
3,000....39¼
Westn Electric 5s
3,000....102½
Wn Maryland 4s
2,000....88
10,000....88¼
West Shore 4s, reg
5,000....98¼
West Un fund & real estate 4½s
1,000....99¼
1,000....99½
Westingh El & M 1st conv 5s
20,000....94¼
Wheel & Lake Er 1st con 4s
5,000....85⅝
Wis Cent, Sup & D div & ter 4s
2,000....92¼

BID AND ASKED QUOTATIONS.

Closing quotations for United States Government bonds:

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
2s, r, 1930	100	100½	Pan 2s, r, 1938	100	..
2s, c, 1930	100	100⅝	Pan 3s, r, 1961	101½	102
3s, r, 1918	101½	102¼	Pan 3s, c, 1961	101½	102
3s, c, 1918	101½	..	D C 3-65s	105	..
4s, r, 1925	113	113⅝	D C 3-65s, r.	105	..
4s, c, 1925	113	114			
Pan 2s, r, 1936	100	..			

Closing quotations for stocks in which there were no transactions:

	Bid.	Asked.
Adams Exp.	195	202
Alb & Sus.	265½	..
Alle & W.	128	..
Allis-C pf.	6	8
Am A C pf.	101⅞	..
A B S pf.	98	99½
A B S & F.	94	95½
A B S & F pf.	136½	139
A C & F pf.	115½	115⅞
Am Coal	75	95
Am C O pf.	97	99½
Am Exp.	205	210
A H & L.	3½	3¾
A H & L pf	20½	22¼
Am I Sec.	19	20¼
Am Linseed	10	11
Am Locom.	33	33½
Am M pf.	46½	47½
Am S pf, B.	86½	87
A S & R pf.	103	104
A S Ref pf.	118	120
Am T & C.	70	78
Ann Arbor.	20	40
Ann A pf.	60	80
Assets Real.	105½	106
Bald L pf.	103¼	103⅜
B & O pf.	89	92
Batopilas M	1⅜	1½
Bruns Ter.	8	9
B, R & P.	100	108
B, R & P pf.	129	150
But'k Co.	29½	30
C & S A T.	119	121¼
Chi & Alt.	17	23
C & A pf.	35	66½
C, I & L pf.	50	80
C & NW pf.	190	200
Chi, St P, M & Om.	142	145
Chi, St P, M & Om pf.	150	160
Chi Un Tr ctfs sta.	1⅛	1¾
Chi Un Tr pf ctfs sta	5	5½
Cleve & P.	163⅝	..
C & P Sp.	95	..
Col & So.	43	46
C & S 1st pf.	76	76½
Corn P R.	10½	10⅞
Crex Carpet.	72	77
Cub-Am S.	..	45
C-Am S pf.	94½	96½
D & R G.	21	22
D M & Ft D	5	11¾
D M & Ft D pf.	25	..
Det & M.	100	..
D & M pf.	100	112
Det Un R.	..	65
D, S S & A.	8⅝	10
D, S S & A pf.	16¾	17½
Du P de N Pow pf.	90¾	95
Erie 2d pf.	40⅝	41½
Ev & T H pf.	..	105
F M & S.	12	15
Gen Ch pf.	108½	109¼
Gen Motors.	33	34¾
G & S Tel.	114	..
Granby Con.	..	60
G B & W.	83	89
Hav E R.	..	120
H E R pf.	103	110
Hock Val.	120	..
Homestake.	90	..
Inger-Rand.	95	..
Inger-R pf.	97	..
Int H pf.	115	120½
Int Paper.	10⅛	10½
Int St P pf.	80	82
Iowa C pf.	25	30
Kan C, Ft S & Mem pf.	78¼	79½
K & D M.	7	9
K & D M pf	40	50
Kn I, C pf.	..	78½
Lack Steel.	30	33
Lake Shore.	460	510
Lig & M pf.	110½	112½
Long Island	44	50
Mah C R.	700	..
May Dep S.	70½	72½
May D S pf.	109	110½
Mich Cent.	150	190
M & St L.	..	30
M & St L pf	..	56
M, St P & S S M pf.	147	150
M, St P & S S M l l.	88⅝	89½
Mo, K & T pf.	63⅝	65
N, C & St L.	157	170
Nat Enam.	14	14⅝
Nat L pf.	105	108
Nat Rys of M 1st pf.	68	71
N Y, C & St L.	58½	60
N Y, C & St L 1st pf.	100	..
N Y Dock.	19	23
N Y D pf.	40	55
N O T & L.	56⅝	57¾
Norf South.	48⅝	52½
N & W pf, ex d & ex rights	90¼	92
Ont Mining.	1	1⅝
Pac Coast.	90	99½
P C 1st pf.	85	105
P C 2d pf.	90	105
P T & T pf	99	101
Peo & E.	13	20
Pere Marq.	..	80
P M 2d pf.	..	88
Phelps-D'ge.	205	..
P, C, C & St L.	99½	100
P, C, C & St L pf.	105	118
Pitts Coal.	17¼	18
P, Ft & W C.	164½	..
Pitts St pf.	102⅝	103
P Y & A pf.	160⅛	..
Pr St Car.	31½	32½
Pr St C pf, ex div.	99	102
Pullman Co, ex div.	158	160½
Quicksilver.	3	3⅝
Q'ksil'r pf.	3½	5
Rdg 1st pf.	88	92
Rens & Sar.	184	..
St L & S F 1st pf.	66	68
St L & S F, C & E I ctfs.	125	200
St L & S F, C & E I new ctfs.	53	60
St L & S F, C & E I pf ctfs.	105½	112
St L S W.	29½	32
Sears-R pf.	123	..
S-S S & I.	39	40
S-S S & I pf	90	108¼
So P R S.	81	88
S P R S pf.	107½	110
So R, M & Ohio ctfs.	80	89
Stand Mill.	16¼	17
Stand M pf.	54	56½
Texas Pac.	21¼	21¾
T P L Tr.	87	93
Third Av, 2d paid	39½	41½
T, P & W.	16	..
T C R T pf	..	145
Und Typew.	99	103
U B & P.	4¾	5
Un Pac pf.	91½	92½
U Cig M pf.	103	106
Un Dry G.	97	98¼
U D G pf.	105⅛	105½
U S C I P.	13	16⅝
U S R & R.	1	3
U S R & R pf.	..	12
U S R 1st pf.	109	110½
U S R 2d pf	74	75½
Va-Car Ch Co pf.	119½	120⅝
Va I, C & C pf.	64	72
Va R & P.	47	47¾
Va R & P pf.	86½	87⅝
Vul D pf.	78	80
W F Exp.	142	145
West Md pf.	76½	80⅛
Westingh'se 1st pf.	116	120
W & L E.	4½	5
W & L E 2d pf.	6⅝	7½

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Fourth Annual Statement of the
MASSACHUSETTS BONDING AND INSURANCE COMPANY
77-85 State Street, Boston
As shown by the books of the Company, December 30, 1911.

ASSETS	
Massachusetts State, County and Municipal Bonds	$1,118,898.00
Other Municipal Bonds	180,450.00
Railroad Bonds	365,550.00
Miscellaneous Bonds	50,000.00
Bank and Miscellaneous Stocks	69,500.00
Cash in Office and Banks	181,816.93
Accrued Interest	18,505.78
Premiums in Course of Collection (less Commission)	200,430.65
Other Assets	34,187.01
Total Assets	$2,219,338.37

LIABILITIES	
Premium Reserve	$404,122.43
Reserve for Contingent Claims	133,065.61
Reserve for Taxes	12,287.31
Total Reserves	$549,475.35
Reserve for all other Liabilities and Contingencies, including Reinsurance	41,065.46
Capital	$1,000,000.00
Total Liabilities, Including Capital and All Reserves	$1,590,540.81
Surplus Over Capital, Reserves and all Liabilities	628,797.56
	$2,219,338.37

Surplus to Policyholders, . . . $1,628,797.56

This Company acts as BONDSMAN for Government, State, County and Municipal Officials and for Guardians, Administrators, Trustees, and other persons occupying positions of Trust.
It acts as SURETY in all Court Proceedings and Contract undertakings.
It issues Policies of Accident, Health, Liability, Automobile, Plate Glass, Burglary and Theft Insurance.

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JOSEPH H. O'NEIL, Pres. Federal Trust Co.
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JASPER N. KELLER, Pres. New England Tel. & Tel. Co.
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Standard Oil Subsidiaries
We Offer:

25 sh.	Anglo Am. Oil Co.	at 7.50
25 sh.	Buckeye Pipe Line	at 78.00
25 sh.	Nat. Transit	at 27.00
10 sh.	N. Y. Transit	at 165.00
10 sh.	Ohio Oil Co.	at 87.00
10 sh.	Prairie Oil Co.	at 225.00
10 sh.	So. West Penn.	at 112.00
25 sh.	S. O. Co., Calif.	at 150.00
25 sh.	Union Tank	at 58.00

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A Booklet sent *gratis*.
Ten rules that I believe investors should follow before and after making their investments.
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24 Stone Street, New York

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Bond & Mortgage Co.
Realty Associates Co.
A. M. WHITEHILL
'Phone Rector 1630. 15 Wall St., N. Y.

TOBEY & KIRK will buy:
Youngstown Southern 5s.

MR. MICHAEL GAVIN RETIRES TO-DAY from our firm. MOORE & SCHLEY.
Feb. 1, 1912.

TOBEY & KIRK will sell:
Texas & Pacific Coal.

Lawyers Title Insurance & Trust Company
CAPITAL AND SURPLUS $9,500,000
Member of The New York Clearing House Association
160 Broadway, New York 188 Montague St., Brooklyn
RECEIVES DEPOSITS subject to check or on certificate, allowing interest thereon. Depository for moneys paid into Court and for money of bankrupt estates.
LENDS ON APPROVED STOCKS and Corporation Bonds as collateral.
ACTS AS TRUSTEE, Guardian, Executor, Administrator, Assignee, or Receiver, Transfer Agent or Registrar of Stocks of Corporations. Takes Charge of Personal Securities.

OFFICERS:
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U. CONDIT VARICK, ROBERT I. SMYTH, Asst. Treasurers.
FREDERICK D. REED, GEORGE F. PARMELEE, Asst. Secretaries.
WILLIAM F. BAECK, Asst. Gen. Manager.

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THE UNION CENTRAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY
Of Cincinnati—Established 1867
Forty-Fifth Annual Statement for the Year Ending December 31, 1911:

Assets	$87,237,923
Liabilities	83,580,031
Surplus and Capital Stock	3,657,892
Insurance in Force	321,459,366
Gain in Admitted Assets	6,003,138
Gain in Insurance in Force	18,446,086

For detailed statement apply to
L. L. HOPKINS, General Manager,
1 Madison Avenue - - - - - New York City

STANDARD OIL
We deal in all the Subsidiary Stocks of the Standard Oil Co.; either individually or "en bloc."
We are prepared to sell any stocks and take any others in payment.
We are in a position to equalize fractional holdings.
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At Fifth Avenue and Sixtieth Street, they are very near the "social center" of New York, and convenient for most people who live uptown.

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28 Nassau Street, New York.
Fifth Ave. Branch, 5th Ave. & 43d St., N. Y.
London Office, 33 Lombard Street, E. C.
Capital and Surplus. $23,000,000
Deposits. 156,000,000

United States Mortgage & Trust Co.
New York
CAPITAL and SURPLUS $6,000,000
Personal and Business Accounts Invited

TOBEY & KIRK will sell:
Am. Typefounders Pfd.

TOBEY & KIRK will buy:
Borden's Milk Pfd.

THE BUSINESS WORLD

COMMODITY MARKETS.

Grains React After Early Strength—Cotton Steady, Coffee Nervous.

Wheat was firm early with feeding grains, but reacted on lower cables, slow cash demand, and liberal receipts. Corn and oats were active and strong, with new high levels reached, reacting on increasing Western receipts. Provisions were easier on January liquidation. Cotton continues to move within a narrow range, but exhibiting a steady undertone, feeling the influence of trade buying and conservative selling by holders. Coffee was rather irregular, with less demand for the near positions. Brazil continues firm.

WHEAT.

The wheat market displayed reactionary tendency all the session, and closed at nearly the low point of the day. For a time early the market was very firm, helped by the strength in corn and oats, but there seemed to be plenty of wheat for sale, so that in the absence of fresh bullish news prices gradually worked off. To begin with, the cables were relatively weak, showing declines abroad, and the Argentine market was rather disappointing. There were reports of increased offerings of Argentine wheat, and an estimate received during the day claimed approximately 100,000,000 bushels of wheat for export, with quality little, if any, inferior to last year. Another cable stated that the weather was favorable for field work, and the railway strikes which were delaying the shipments were not expected to last long. The snow map for the last week showed the disappearance of considerable snow covering, although through the northern half of the Winter wheat belt the snow covering is still quite good. Western receipts of wheat were slightly larger than last week, although they continue a little under a year ago. The fact that the Northwestern receipts keep up and Minneapolis stocks continue to increase is rather disappointing. The Oklahoma State report made the condition of wheat 77, the same as last month. No export business was reported. No. 2 red wheat was quoted nominally at $1.04½, free on board; No. 1 Northern, $1.22¼; No. 2 hard Winter, $1.13¼; No. 1 Manitoba, $1.16.

OTHER GRAINS.

CORN.—New high levels were reached in the corn market, with an active general trade. The advance was due to continued heavy general speculative buying, induced by the general strength in feedings stuffs and a growing confidence that the demand for feedstuffs would continue large. The Government report of the number of hogs in the country, showing a supply equal to last year, was construed bullishly, indicating that the high prices for feedstuffs have not yet affected the supplies of hogs, and feeding would have to be heavy. Receipts were very large, however, at Western points, amounting to 1,658,000 bushels, making a total of 4,905,000 bushels in three days, against 3,578,000 bushels last week and 3,525,000 bushels last year. On the heavy movement and a quieter cash demand prices reacted late. Exporters reported 12 loads. Steamer corn was quoted at 72c; No. 3, 72½c; both elevator, export; No. 2 corn, 72¼c, free on board.

OATS.—Trade in oats was heavy early and prices strong, the market making new high records, owing to the general strength in all feedstuffs, prices reacting toward the close on speculative profit-taking. Receipts were quite liberal, gaining the last three days 500,000 bushels compared with last week. This brought some realizing pressure. Cash oats were firm, with standards and No. 3 whites quoted at 59c, elevator; No. 2 whites, 59c. After the close holders of sulphured oats and hot corn were much exercised over a report from Washington that the handling of either in inter-State commerce was a violation of the pure food law if intended for human or animal food.

PROVISIONS.

Trading was quiet in hog products, with the market steady, selling off at the close, with some pressure on January lard. Live hog receipts were 124,000.

NEW YORK MARKET.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
Wheat—				
May	$1.07¾	$1.06⅝	$1.06⅝	$1.07¼
July	..	..	1.02	1.01⅞
Lard—				
Cash	..	..	9.12@9.28	9.18
March	..	..	9.23@9.43	9.28
May	..	..	9.52@9.57	9.57
July	..	..	9.63@9.73	9.63

CHICAGO MARKET.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
Wheat—				
May	1.03⅜	1.02¼	1.02¼	1.03⅛
July	96⅞	95¾	95¾	96⅞
September	95⅛	93⅞	93⅞	94⅞
Corn—				
January	..	..	64⅞	64¾
May	68⅝	67⅝	67⅞	67⅝
July	68⅛	67⅝	67⅝	67⅞
September	68½	67⅝	67⅞	67⅝
Oats—				
May	52½	51¾	51⅞	51¾
July	47⅝	46⅝	47¼	46½
September	42⅛	41½	41⅝	41½
Lard—				
January	9.25	9.05	9.05	9.25
May	9.45	9.40	9.40	9.45
July	9.60	9.52½	9.52½	9.60
September	9.72½	9.65	9.65	9.72½
Ribs—				
January	..	..	8.50	8.62½
May	8.87½	8.77½	8.77½	8.87½
July	8.90	8.80	8.80	8.87½
September	9.00	8.90	8.90	9.00
Pork—				
January	..	..	15.70	15.80
May	16.40	16.22½	16.25	16.40
July	16.60	16.42½	16.42½	16.57½

COTTONSEED OIL.

Trade is still characterized by a steady undertone and small price changes. A rather quiet consumptive demand and extremely light offerings of crude are mainly responsible for these conditions, especially as speculators are awaiting developments, and the erratic lard market is without important influence. Talk of scattered reselling for foreign account is still heard, and thought to be accounted for by the sagging tendency of some foreign oils, particularly at Hull. Crude yesterday was quoted at 4.40@4.47c in the Southeast and Texas, and 4.47@4.54c in the valley.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
Spot	..	..	5.30	5.30
February	..	..	5.38	5.34
March	5.47	5.46	5.46	5.45
April	..	..	5.50	5.48
May	5.57	5.57	5.56	5.55
June	..	..	5.62	5.59
July	5.75	5.73	5.73	5.73
August	5.80	5.80	5.79	5.78
September	..	..	5.81	5.80

COTTON.

With a fair volume of support thought to receive its origin from large spot interests, and partly in the nature of fixing prices for the mills, the undertone during the session was very steady. Small net advances ruled during most of the day, although at the start there was a little heaviness, brought about chiefly by cables lower than anticipated, and extremely favorable weather through the South. There is little aggressiveness on either side at present, but it is evident that the ability of the market to absorb the limited hedge sales, and a fair inquiry at the South on a basis above the future market effectually deters an important volume of bear pressure.

The spot sales at Liverpool continue large, and yesterday totaled 15,000 bales. Optimistic advices were also received from Manchester with the official cable stating that yarns were firm and cloths in good demand. Private advices from Augsburg, Bavaria, were that there was very little inquiry for spots, although the goods market was firm, and manufacturers have done a good business recently. The disposition in most quarters was to regard the labor unrest at Lawrence, Mass., as showing a little improvement, although until the difficulties have been arbitrated satisfactorily more or less of a serious aspect is expected to be placed upon the situation.

Predictions from private sources were that the cotton belt will probably experience a period of favorable climatic conditions. If this materializes it is probable that the trade will be in a better position to gauge the prospects for the next crop as regards the soil preparation and the use of fertilizers. In some quarters the showing of the recent Government report in giving the value of mules on Jan. 1 at $5.50 per head under last year was regarded significantly, it being inferred that demand was less urgent. On the other hand, some cottonseed oil authorities maintain that seed offerings are rather light, and due to the low seed values, in many instances, the inclination is to divert the seed to the soil to a greater extent than generally supposed.

It is evident that there will be disappointment in some quarters in the event of the spot markets maintaining their undertone of steadiness during the early part of this month, inasmuch as it has been predicted that concessions would be granted with the fulfillment of January commitments. Southern spot markets yesterday were unofficially unchanged to 1-16c advance; local spots, .05c advance; middlings, 9.70c. January in the local market expired at noon, the last sale being at 9.41. Warehouse stocks at New York are 158,000 bales, against 281,000 a year ago.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
January	9.41	9.36	..@..	9.39
February	..	..	9.37@9.39	9.37
March	9.50	9.42	9.46@..	9.46
April	9.53	9.53	9.57@9.58	9.54
May	9.66	9.58	9.62@9.63	9.61
June	..	..	9.69@9.71	9.68
July	9.80	9.72	9.76@9.77	9.74
August	9.84	9.77	9.80@9.81	9.77
September	9.82	9.77	9.81@9.82	9.78
October	9.90	9.83	9.87@9.88	9.85
November	..	..	9.90@9.92	9.88
December	9.96	9.89	9.94@9.95	9.92

COFFEE.

Coffee met an initial decline of 1 to 3 points and later there was considerable pressure, with more or less selling for foreign account. Values at one time were off 9 to 11 points, but near the close the market developed decided firmness and the close was 2 points net lower to 2 points higher. Total sales were 92,750 bags. Havre declined ½f. to ¾f. and Hamburg was ½ pfennig lower to ¼ pfennig higher, but advices from Brazil were very bullish. Owing to the holiday in Brazil on Tuesday there were no early public cables, but the special cable quoted the Santos market as irregular with 4s quoted at 8$300. The visible supply of Brazilian coffee in and afloat for the United States was 2,635,893 bags, against 2,625,578 last year, and 3,815,809 two years ago.

Spot coffee, 14⅛c. for Rio No. 7.

Contract prices follow:

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
January	..	..	..	12.93
February	12.95	12.90	12.95@13.09	12.96
March	13.01	12.92	13.00@13.01	13.03
April	..	..	13.01@13.03	13.04
May	13.03	12.94	13.02@13.03	13.05
June	..	..	13.04@13.06	13.06
July	13.10	12.97	13.09@13.10	13.07
August	..	..	13.09@13.10	13.08
September	13.10	13.00	13.10@13.11	13.09
October	12.95	12.95	13.05@13.06	13.05
November	12.96	12.96	13.02@13.04	13.02
December	12.98	12.88	12.98@12.99	12.98

COUNTRY PRODUCE MARKETS.

BUTTER.—Creamery, specials, pound, 35c; extras, 34c; firsts, 32½@33c; seconds, 31½@32c; thirds, 30@31c; held, specials, 35c; extras, 34c; firsts, 32½@33c; seconds, 31½@32c; thirds, 30@31c; State dairy tubs, finest, 34@34½c; good to prime, 32@33c; common to fair, 26@29c; process, specials, 30c; extras, 29c; firsts, 27@28c; seconds, 25@26c; factory, current make, firsts, 26@26½c; seconds, 25@25½c; thirds, 22½@24c; packing stock, current make, No. 2, 24@24½c; No. 3, 22@23c.

CHEESE.—State, whole milk, Fall, special, whites, round, 17¼c; colored, 17c; average fancy, white, 17c; colored, 16¾c; Winter make, specials, 16½c; average fancy, 16¼c; undergrades, 14½@16c; Daisies, Fall and earlier, best, 17@17¼c; State, skims, Fall and earlier, specials, 14½c; choice, 13@14c; Winter-made, specials, 13¾@14c; choice, 13@13½c; undergrades, nominal, 7½@12½c.

EGGS.—Fresh gathered, extras, dozen, 41@42c; extra firsts, 39½@40c; firsts, 38@39c; seconds, 36@37c; thirds and poorer, 30@35c; dirties, No. 1, 31@32c; No. 2, 27@30c; checks, prime, 27c; poor to fair, 23@25c; refrigerator, firsts, 35c; seconds, 34c; thirds, 30@33c; State, Pennsylvania, near by, hennery whites, fancy, large, new laid, 45c; selected whites, fair to good, 42@44c; hennery browns, 41@42c; gathered browns and mixed colors, 36@40c; near by whites, small, 36@38c; Western gathered, whites, 39@42c.

HOME TRADE OPPORTUNITIES.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 31.—Further information regarding the following home trade opportunities may be obtained by addressing the Bureau of Manufactures, care of the Department of Commerce and Labor, Washington, D. C., giving the number of item referred to.

444. NAVY DEPARTMENT SUPPLIES—The Bureau of Supplies and Accounts, Navy Department, Washington, will receive bids until Feb. 13 for the following supplies. Firms or persons interested therein should make application to the Bureau of Supplies and Accounts, giving the schedules desired by number: Schedule 4,293, all nickel thermal bottles, linen thread, twisted wire for box straps, electric-light wire, white pine, poplar, round brass, round naval bronze; Schedule 4,292, fire bricks, silver-lead facings, conduit steel, rough brass valves, globe valves, brass nuts, chloride of calcium; Schedule 4,286, paint brushes, boatswain's calls, candles, lamp-reducing collars, heaters for lavatories, wash-deck hose, belting leather, oakum, cotton twine, flax twine, porcelain urinals, stateroom utensils; Schedule 4,297, officers' mess glassware, officers' mess silver-plated ware; Schedule 4,285, pneumatic geared hoists, blacksmith's drill press; Schedule 4,289, lead pipe, black wrought pipe, iron chain bolts, galvanized bolts and nuts, steel bolts and nuts, twist drills, nails, medium steel rivets; Schedule 4,294, vinegar; Schedule 4,296, interior communication cable, bell wire, armored cable wire, copper-clad cable wire, cable wire for searchlight, double-conductor wire, silk double-conductor wire, single-conductor wire, silk triple-conductor wire, twin-conductor wire, telephone-cord wire; Schedule 4,295, portable cable wire, double-conductor wire, single-conductor wire, weatherproof single-conductor wire, copper wire, covered rubber twin wire; Schedule 4,288, pneumatic hammers, scaling pneumatic hammers, pneumatic drilling machines, pneumatic short holders-on, pneumatic wood-boring machine, pneumatic riveters; Schedule 4,287, white oak, spruce; Schedule 4,290, black angles, steel, cold-rolled bar steel; Schedule 4,291, alcohol, metallic brown, yellow chrome, lampblack in oil, dry red lead, dry white lead, white lead in oil, crystal nitrate of silver, raw linseed oil, kerosene mineral oil, Venetian dry red, lump resin, carbonate sodium, turpentine, Spanish whiting.

445. DREDGING—Sealed proposals for dredging in Suisun Channel, Cal., will be received at the United States Engineer Office, 401 Custom House, San Francisco, until Feb. 20. Information of Thomas H. Rees, Lieutenant Colonel of Engineers.

446. PANAMA CANAL SUPPLIES—Sealed proposals, in triplicate, will be received at the office of the General Purchasing Officer of the Isthmian Canal, Washington, until Feb. 15 for furnishing the necessary lifting trusses, lifting mechanism, electrical equipment, signals, &c., for the complete construction and erection of a single-track, single-leaf bascule, (same to be installed by the commission on the 103½-foot steel girders now on hand at Bridge 140, re-located line, Panama R. R.,) together with the design and right to operate the bridge.

447. CONSTRUCTION OF POST OFFICES—Sealed proposals will be received at the office of the Supervising Architect, Treasury Department, Washington, for the construction complete (including plumbing, gas piping, heating apparatus, electric conduits and wiring, and interior lighting fixtures) of the following United States Post Offices: (1) Until Feb. 28, for the Post Office at Elwood, Ind. The building is to be one story with mezzanine, 4,600 square feet in ground area, faced with granite to the first floor and with limestone above, and of fireproof construction throughout. (2) Until Feb. 29, for the Post Office at La Salle, Ill. The building is two stories and basement and has a ground area of approximately 4,400 square feet, non-fireproof construction, stone facing, and tin roof. (3) Until March 1, for the Post Office at Olympia, Wash. The building is to be approximately 5,500 square feet in ground area, two stories and attic, with granite facing to the first floor, limestone or sandstone above, and tin roof; the first floor only is of fireproof construction.

448. CONSTRUCTION OF CANAL—Sealed proposals for construction of west canal, Section 2, at Sault Ste. Marie, Mich., will be received at the United States Engineer Office, 337 Federal Building, Detroit, until March 12, and then publicly opened. Information of C. McD. Townsend, Colonel Engineers.

449. PROPOSALS FOR BRICK SCHOOLHOUSE, &c.—Sealed proposals addressed to the Commissioner of Indian Affairs will be received at the Indian Office, Washington, until Feb. 20 for furnishing materials and labor for the erection of a brick schoolhouse, brick employes' building, frame office, two frame cottages, and water and sewer systems at the Cheyenne and Arapahoe School, Okla., in strict accordance with plans, specifications, and instructions to bidders, which may be examined at the Indian Office, at the offices of the Supervisor of Construction, Denver; The American Contractor, Chicago; The Improvement Bulletin, Minneapolis; The Times, Oklahoma City; The Phoenix, Muskogee, Okla.; the United States Indian warehouses at Chicago, St. Louis, and Omaha, the Builders and Traders' Exchange, St. Paul, and at the school. For further information apply the Superintendent of the Creyenne and Arapahoe Indian School, Darlington, Okla.

450. CONDEMNED GOVERNMENT PROPERTY—Sealed proposals for the purchase of condemned Government property, consisting of boilers, steam and oil engines, generating sets, electrical instruments, contractor's plant, &c., will be received at the United States Engineer Office, New London, Conn., until Feb. 17 and then publicly opened. Information furnished on application to A. E. Waldron, Captain Engineers.

FOREIGN TRADE OPPORTUNITIES.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 31.—The Consular and Trade Report will note the following foreign trade opportunities. Further information regarding these may be obtained by addressing the Bureau of Manufactures, care of the Department of Commerce and Labor, Washington, D. C., giving the number of item referred to:

8,027. MUNICIPAL IMPROVEMENTS.—An American Consul reports that among the public works proposed to be carried out by a Town Council of a municipality in his district are a tramway scheme, involving an expenditure of $535,000, a sewerage system to cost $712,000, a sewerage connection, $100,000; street improvements, $33,000, and storm-water drainage, $200,000. The position at present with respect to these improvements is that the committees concerned have been instructed to report to the Council as to what extent the original proposals of the Council should be immediately taken in hand.

8,028. STRUCTURAL IRON.—The Bureau of Manufactures has been informed by a Hungarian student in the United States that a business man in Hungary, whose standing and reliability he says are good, wants quotations, both in Hungarian currency and metric system and American currency and weights, cost, insurance, and freight, Galatz, Roumania, on structural iron, such as I beams, U beams, bars for concrete work, &c. He will purchase 3,000 to 5,000 tons, with delivery of 800 to 500 tons at a time. Correspondence should be in Hungarian or German. Import duty on this class of goods is 7 crowns per 100 kilos, ($1.42 per 220 pounds.) As it might be difficult to quote prices via all water, cost, insurance, and freight, Galatz, it is suggested that an alternative cost, insurance, and freight price via Fiume might be made.

8,029. BATHROOM FITTINGS.—An American Consul in reply to queries from the United States writes that three firms in his district have expressed a desire to receive catalogues from American manufacturers of bathroom fittings. One of the firms also wishes to correspond with a view to taking up an agency. If catalogues of American firms do not quote prices in English money it would be well worth the trouble of converting the figures, at least those of the leading articles, in such catalogues as are sent.

8,030. SCREWS.—A report from an American Consul in a European country states that a dealer in hardware in his district desires to communicate directly with American manufacturers of screws, similar to samples which accompanied the report and are on file in the Bureau of Manufactures. Quotations are desired on screws 2 millimeters (0.07874 inch) thick and 10 millimeters (0.3937 inch) long, with half-round heads; also screws 2.2 millimeters (0.08661 inch) thick and 10 millimeters (0.3937 inch) long, with half-round heads.

Bankruptcy Petitions Set New Record.

United States Commissioner Alexander Gilchrist, who has charge of the petitions in bankruptcy filed in the United States District Court, said yesterday that there were 165 petitions filed during January, which is the largest by three petitions of any January since the bankruptcy act went into operation in 1898. There were 162 petitions filed during January, 1911. The number of assignments filed in the County Clerk's Office is also the largest in many years. There were twenty-four assignments filed, of which seven were afterward put into bankruptcy.

BUSINESS TROUBLES.

GENEVA FUR COMPANY.—Schedules of the Geneva Fur Company of 22 West Thirty-third Street show liabilities of $5,475 and assets of $1,600.

JACOB BERNFELD.—Schedules of Jacob Bernfeld, dealer in meat of 61 East 106th Street and at Elizabeth, N. J., show liabilities of $1,127 and assets of $541.

PETER R. HANSBURY of 159 West Eightieth Street has filed a petition, with liabilities of $9,109 and assets of $15 cash and a patent for a street cleaning machine.

A. MAGGIO & SON.—Judge Hough has appointed E. Crosby Kindleberger receiver for A. Maggio & Son, wholesale dealers in flour at 246 Lafayette Street. The known assets are $3,000.

ROSENSTEIN & CO.—Schedules of Maurice Rosenstein, who did business as M. Rosenstein & Co., dealers in men's furnishing goods at 2,787 Third Avenue, show liabilities of $15,000 and assets of $11,026. There are 135 creditors.

FREDERICK W. EVERS, INC.—A petition has been filed against Frederick W. Evers, Inc., dealer in furniture, formerly at 30 East Twenty-first Street, by these creditors: Rockford Standard Furniture Company of Rockford, Ill., $435; Empire Upholstery Company, $56, and McAvoy & Smith, $88. The liabilities are stated to be $4,000 and assets $2,300.

BERNARD GUTMAN.—Judge Hough has appointed Otto A. Samuels receiver for Bernard Gutman, dealer in dry goods at 2,231 Third Avenue, bond $2,000, and he is to serve without compensation. Mr. Gutman tried to arrange a settlement with creditors at 30 cents on the dollar, but could not get the consents of all the creditors. The liabilities are $20,000 and assets $4,000.

THE INTERNATIONAL POSTCARD COMPANY of 114 and 116 East Sixteenth Street has filed a petition, with liabilities of $55,876 and nominal assets of $27,200. Among the creditors are Morawetz & Knopf Company, $21,000; Holzman Brothers, $7,500; Albrecht & Meister, $4,707; International Postcard and Novelty Company, $2,058, and M. Croner, Berlin, $2,571. Judge Hough appointed Jacob Lasker receiver, bond $2,000.

FRANK PRZESTRZELSKI.—Judge Lehman of the Supreme Court has appointed Irving C. Fox receiver for Frank Przestrzelski, private banker, of 185 Stanton Street, with a bond of $40,000, on application of the Attorney General for the people of the State of New York to protect the assets. Mr. Przestrzelski on Aug. 10, 1910, deposited $10,000 with the State under the provisions of the private banking law. He came here in 1902 from Austria and began business in July, 1905.

Out of Town.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, Jan. 31.—The Cameron Car Company of Beverly and Attica, Ohio, which was petitioned into bankruptcy by creditors on Dec. 1, has liabilities of $209,346. The assets, which consist of the plants at Beverly and Attica and claims due the company, have a face value of $80,000. The plant at Beverly is valued at $45,000, and the one at Attica at $17,500. The Beverly Savings Bank is the principal creditor, with a claim of $38,000, partly secured by a first mortgage on the land and buildings at Beverly.

The schedules of the Boston Cloak and Suit Company, filed by Morris G. Tuck, 117 Howland Street, Roxbury, were placed on record in the United States District Court to-day. They disclose total liabilities of $53,806, of which $50,632 is unsecured, chiefly to New York concerns. The International Trust Company, this city, and J. Stornberg, 150 Hanover Street, $7,516, are the principal local unsecured creditors. Assets aggregate $15,947, and consist chiefly of stock in trade and debts due.

An assignment for the benefit of creditors has been made by Harry L. Priest of Plaistow, N. H., doing business as H. L. Priest, dealer in upper leathers, 35 Linden Street, this city, to William E. Weeks of Everett and H. Franklin Priest of Haverhill.

JUDGMENTS.

These judgments for amounts more than $100 were filed yesterday, the first name being that of the debtor:

Bowman, Myrtle—R. G. Williams, $1,114.
Boulton, Frank R.—H. M. Ward et al., $650.
Barnes, Thomas C.—A. Abrams, $289.
Brennan, Henry D.—Acker, Merrall & Condit Co., $220.
Clunan, Albert—J. M. Hodson, $842.
Cavola, Mike, and Charles McCauley—People, &c., $200.
Crumm, William, and George E. Barre—People, &c., $200.
De Brauwere, Louis—A. de Brauwere, $4,219.
Delaney, Mary A.—T. P. Egan, $101.
De Mauriac, Guy De, and R. Wilmot Appleton—J. Klugman, $138.
D'Ascoli, William R.—A. Sila, Inc., $203.
Denny, Warren J.—J. P. Dolan, $118.
Egan, Jerald (by guardian)—Quayle Co., costs, $228.
Di Blase, Biaggio, and Henry Stephens—B. Archbold, $534.
Eisenberg, Samuel—M. Eisenberg, $1,000.
Fox, Susan—M. L. Weiss, $381.
Falciano, Domenico—A. Musica et al., $728.
Goldman, Nathan—I. Freiman, $197.
Gardner, William S.—Simmons Automobile Co., $170.
Graf, Charles B.—J. Redlich, $161.
Same—Victor Neustadl, Inc., $507.
Garbarsky, Morris—S. Solomon, $1,334.
Gaffney, Richard—City of New York, $217.
Gerdes, John H.—City of New York, $224.
Gasparetta, Anibale M.—H. J. Gazzolo and others, $145.
Ginsberg, Simon and Harris, (not summoned)—S. Elsman and others, $234.
Heyl, George E., or George E. Heyl-Dia—H. A. Taylor, $585.
Hilton, Everett S.—Fox, Stiefel & Co., $198.
Hey, John E.—United Wine and Trading Co., $937.
Hexter, Nathan—F. Meyer, $253.
Hetzel, Charles A., and Charles A. Hetzel & Son Co.—C. Goetz, $13,757.
Dixson, Agnes—A. D. Thompson, costs, $128.
Heddendorf, William H., and Mary A. Loeffler—S. J. Park and others, $786.
Krass, Henry—O. L. Spannhake, $282.
Litwak, Julius and Jennie, (not summoned)—D. Klein, $244.
Levittan, Michael A.—United Merchants' Realty and Imp. Co., $142.
Litterbrandt, Mary E.—H. A. Hawkins, $499.
Moustali, Marc—A. Terrelli, $224.
Mestaniz, Emma M. S.—M. Fischer, $614.
Mestaniz, Emma M. S.—M. Fischer, $1,905.
Moch, Eugene—E. Moch Co., $2,218.
Matzner, Albert and Rose—M. Feistel, Jr., $630.
Nicols, Pierce—Frank V. Strauss & Co., $131.
Post, Lyman D.—Lockwood Trade Journal Co., costs, $449.
Pagani, Henry S.—A. J. McIntosh, $137.
Robinson, Douglas, Charles S. Brown Co.—C. A. White, $3,015.
Rubenstein, Harry, and Samuel A. Bass, (not summoned)—M. Cerebrinsky, $264.
Rosenzweig, Joseph—H. S. Berger, $189.
Richardson, Benjamin F.—H. Held, $108.
Smitt, James F., and Edgar M. Smith—S. Singer, $163.
Sabatino, Carmelo—Degnon Contracting Co., costs, $108.
Sullivan, M. G.—G. G. Sahler, $828.
Slaughter, A. Middleton—Commercial Newspaper Co., $299.
Sternlicht, Harris, and Jacob Scheer—P. Silver, $2,471.
Smithken, Samuel—S. Mann, $182.
Shaw, John C.—T. R. Martin, $2,488.
Springer, John H.—Western Electric Co., $1,797.
Salomons, Henry, George Cohn, and Yvette Hair Goods Co.—A. A. Landau, $250.
Singer, Charles—I. P. Thomas, $146.
Scherer, Jacob—K. Hammerschlag, $448.
Stillman, Oscar B.—K. Moffatt et al., $865.
Schwartz, Adolph, and Simon Steiner—I. Berger, $374.
Sieffen, John G.—A. W. Lemcke, $528.
Sperling, John—E. Easton, $209.
Sullivan, Michael G.—S. Rosenzweig, $108.
Sweiller, Philip, and Hyman Dratman—People, &c., $300.
Trainor, John—A. Davidson, $149.
Van Brink, Hyman—L. Van Brink, costs, $109.
Verity, H. Sydney—J. R. Westerfield, $173.
Wightman, Hester C., and McWalter B. Sutton, (not summoned)—S. E. Bernstein, $245.
Wieting, Theodore J., and American Bonding Co.—People, &c., $500.
Wertheim, Max—M. Greenberg, $358.
Wein, Frank—B. Goldstein, $186.
Zapke, Edward—C. M. B. Mitchell et al., $450.
C. E. Gates Co., Limited—City of New York, $217.
Gerstenberg & Muller—Same, $119.
Gas Stove Mantel Co.—Same, $118.
Edgar Construction Co.—Anton Larson & Son, $445.
Frederick W. Evers, Inc.—C. W. Bricka, $370.
Gerard Building Co., Emil Barber, and Peter N. Gardner—S. C. Master, $268.
Butler & Herrman Co.—J. Meth, $1,554.
Erie Real Estate Co. and J. De Lyon Howth—G. W. Gorton, $474.
Eggette Producing Co.—S. Duhrenheimer, $576.
Rountree Realty Construction Co., Moses E. Rountree, and Alice M. Rountree—Brandt Construction Co., $329.
Same—Same, $522.
Advance Trucking and Express Co.—A. Bayles, $121.
Hotel Crystal Co. and Lincoln Trust Co.—W. W. Farley, $1,820.
Newport Sash and Door Co.—F. Eckenroth et al., $267.
Mandlowitz & Addio Co.—L. Riegelman, $1,118.
A. Weldenbusch & Co., Inc.—P. Eries, $808.

Satisfied Judgments.

The first name is that of the debtor, the second that of the creditor, and date when judgment was filed.

American Ice Co.—F. Matsloner, Jan. 27, 1912, $885.
De Pedro, Juan B., Jr.—P. Livingston, Aug. 2, 1911, $430.
Same—Same, July 20, 1911, $570.
Same—Hexter Stable Co., July 20, 1911, $560.
Same—Cluzelle Bros., April 19, 1911, $276.
Same—Packard Motor Car Co. of N. Y., April 15, 1911, $356.
Dessauer, Hannah G.—Saks & Co., Oct. 17, 1906, $170.
De Pedro, Juan, Jr.—Acker, Merrall & Condit Co., June 28, 1911, $111.
Same—Stern Bros., April 15, 1911, $2,798.
Empire State Surety Co.—N. Goldstein et al., April 10, 1911, $1,121.
Same—Same, Jan. 29, 1912, $118.
Fuller-Burr Co.—H. Schramm, June 19, 1911, $946.
Heinze, Bernice & Golden Henderson—R. B. Marx, Jan. 16, 1912, $1,333.
Heinze, Bernice—Guillaume Palette, Jan. 16, 1912, $109.
Gilgold Realty Co.—L. A. London, Dec. 18, 1911, $1,035.
Gilgold Realty Co. and Abraham J. Goldstein—N. J. Terra Cotta Co., Dec. 11, 1911, $785.
Gilgold Realty Co., Emil Bartolicius, Arthur Bartolicius and Margaret Bartolicius—Eastern Steel Co., Dec. 15, 1911, $612.
Gilgold Realty Co., Abraham J. Goldstein and Emil Bartolicius—Same, Dec. 16, 1911, $322.
Knoburn Co.—W. Nielson, Jan. 22, 1912, $601.
Kaiser, Arnold, & Michaelis Kaiser—C. Flaum, April 5, 1910, $340.
O'Brien, John, & John C. Sheehan—W. G. Wilcox et al., Dec. 27, 1901, $608.
Same—First National Bank of Plattsburgh, July 31, 1901, $458.
Ray, Laura L.—J. H. Reakirt, Nov. 8, 1911, $121.
Senior, Walter R., Albert H. Stout & Victor P. Pisani—L. M. Borden et al., Dec. 22, 1911, $2,753.
Tiffany, Burnett Y.—J. A. Saolomon, June 15, 1904, $613.
Same—J. J. Gibbons, Sept. 2, 1904, $383.
Taylor, Henry A.—G. E. Heyl, Nov. 4, 1908, (canceled,) $1,102.

Arrival of Buyers.

Arriving buyers may register in this column by telephoning 1000 Bryant.

Landauer, A., & Son, Milwaukee; J. A. Landauer, linens, dress and white goods; 350 Broadway.
Thomas, S. N., & Co., Jackson; S. N. Jackson, dry goods; 43 Leonard.
Carson, Pirie, Scott & Co., Chicago; Miss O'Neil, infants' wear; 115 Worth.
Crowley Bros., Detroit; M. Schloff, domestics and linings; 43 Leonard.
Mohr, L., & Sons, Savannah; S. Mohr, blankets and linings; 43 Leonard.
Hannibal Merc. Co., Hannibal; S. Joseph, dry goods; furn. goods; 43 Leonard.
Silverman, H. L., Toledo; dresses, waists, 7 W. 22d St.
Indiana Suit & Skirt Co., Terre Haute; E. B. Greenberg, suits, coats, and dresses; 7 W. 22d St.
Shartenberg & Robinson Co., Pawtucket; Miss A. C. Murray, corsets, ladies' and infants' wear; 75 Spring.
Hale, J. M., Co., Los Angeles; L. R. Davis, ladies' ready to wear; 395 Broadway.
Denholm & McKay Co., Worcester; A. J. Gross, laces, handkerchiefs, and embroideries; 2 Walker.
Peck, G. B., Dry Goods Co., Kansas City; G. W. Bachman, cloaks, suits, waists, and shawls; Miss A. Holden, representing; 2 Walker.
Johnson & Hill Co., Grand Rapids; G. W. Anderson, general merchandise; 100 5th Av.
Hink, J. F., & Son, Eureka; J. F. Hink, general merchandise; 14 5th Av.
White, R. H., Co., Boston; L. S. Conkey, bedding; 41 Union Square.
Stearns, R. H., & Co., Boston; W. Finlayson, gloves, hosiery, and knit underwear; 45 East 17th.
Gimbel Brothers, Philadelphia; Miss Evans, waists; 32d and Broadway.
Gutman, H. J., & Co., Louisville; Mr. Gill, gloves, neckwear, jewelry, and leather goods; 1,261 Broadway.
Bailey Co., Cleveland; H. R. Tyroler, cloaks, suits and waists; 114 5th Av.
Schafer Bros., St. Louis; Miss Kennedy, coats, suits and waists; 69 5th Av.
Donelan, W. J., & Co., Ottumwa; W. J. Donelan, ready-to-wear; J. F. Lamb, ready-to-wear; 45 E. 17th.
Woodward & Lothrop, Washington; Mr. Fromani, china and glassware; 334 4th Av.
Taylor, Wm., Son & Co., Cleveland; C. H. Strond, upholstery goods; V. W. Lee, carpets and rugs; Mrs. Leppart, millinery; 51 Leonard.
Levi, J. & Co., Dubuque; J. Levi, dress goods, silks, trimmings, and neckwear; 100 5th Av.
Segal, L., & Bro., Superior; J. Segal, cloaks, suits, and waists; 215 4th Av.
Thompson-Hudson Co., Toledo; J. G. Stumme, clothing; 50 Union Square.
Goldenberg, M., Washington; D. H. Rosen, men's clothing; St. Denis.
Barnard-Sumner-Putman Co., Worcester; E. L. Childs, laces, white goods, h'dk'fs; 75 Spring.
Miller, D., Co., Baltimore; D. B. Miller, dress goods and silks; J. D. Albers, carpets and rugs; 43 Leonard.
Stevens, C. A., & Bros., Chicago; Miss Kilpatrick, waists and petticoats; 40 E. 22d.
Geisberg, Miss D., Anderson; ready-to-wear, millinery; Imperial.
Wyman, George, & Co., South Bend; H. L. Smith, cloaks, suits, muslin underwear, infants' wear; H. W. Eldredge, dress goods, silks; Narragansett; Miss S. Kreiber, millinery; Great Northern.
Johnson, George D., Kalamazoo; dry goods; Cadillac.
Carson, Pirie, Scott & Co., Chicago; A. S. Ritchie, clothing; 115 Worth.
Barney, H. S., Co., Schenectady; V. Siegler, cloaks, suits; 75 Spring.
Hub, The, Chicago; F. Chicoine, furn. goods; Marie Antoinette.
Moyer Bros., Demopolis; S. Moyer, cloaks; 43 Leonard.
Webb, Freyslag Merc. Co., Kansas City; J. W. Johnson, china; R. W. Freyschlag, toys; 350 Broadway.
Neuhousel Bros., Toledo; A. Rumpf, blankets; M. J. Gilsdorf, cloaks, suits; Elks.
Kann, S., Sons & Co., Washington; Mrs. H. C. Shute, corsets, infants' wear; Mrs. C. Nibe, millinery; 215 4th Av.
Ayres, L. S., & Co., Indianapolis; E. B. Davis, shoes; 31 Union Square; Victoria.
Rosenbaum Co., Pittsburgh; H. B. Kirk, upholstery goods; 31 Union Square.
Kaufman-Strauss Co., Louisville; F. E. Flint, cloaks, suits, waists; 220 5th Av.; Broztell.
Shellito, John., Co., Cincinnati; B. Smith, dress goods, silks; 346 Broadway.
Holbach-Schroeder Co., Quincy; R. W. Holbach, ladies', misses' ready to wear; York.
Fusenot, A., Co., Los Angeles; F. P. Winne, rugs; 156 5th Av.; Broztell.
Porter, J. J., Co., Pittsburgh; Miss K. E. Wells, millinery; Grand.
Emporium, St. Paul; G. A. Anderson, upholstery goods; 129 W. 27th; Grand.
Royal Garment Co., Philadelphia; G. H. Millington, cloaks, suits; Grand.
Bell Cloak Co., Cleveland; D. Bell, cloaks; Victoria.
Miller & Paine, Lincoln; E. C. Miller, carpets, rugs; 220 5th Av.
Silverman, M., & Son, Philadelphia; W. Silverman, domestics; 18 West 27th St.
Moore, Wm., & Geo., Memphis; F. Novitsky, hosiery, knit goods; 258 Church.
Davison, Paxon, Stokes Co., Atlanta; Miss M. Evans, corsets, ladies', infants' wear, corsets; Miss M. Brown, waists; 114 5th Av.
Chandler & Co., Boston; A. E. Beck, dress goods, silks, woolens; Imperial.
Sibley, Lindsay & Curr Co., Rochester; S. P. Caldwell, cloaks, suits; 454 Broome St.
Miller, Daniel, Co., Baltimore; W. M. Storkey, hosiery, gloves, furn. goods; 43 Leonard St.
Green, W. A., & Co., Dallas; E. T. Connor, housefurn. goods; E. L. Pollock, cloaks, suits, waists, underwear; Gregorian.
Rogers, E. S., Mfg. Co., Philadelphia; E. S. Rogers, piece goods; B. D. Abrahams, piece goods; Navarre.
Hagadine-McKittrick D. G. Co., St. Louis; J. D. Livingstone, hosiery; 72 Leonard.
Forbes & Wallace, Springfield; W. F. Maloney, furn. goods, corsets, gloves, millinery, ladies', infants' wear; 2 Walker.
Schnueman & Evans, St. Paul; E. H. Huntoon, dress goods, silks; 220 5th Av.; Elks.
Root D. G. Co., Terra Haute; Miss Fitzpatrick, cloaks, suits; 214 Church; Woodward.
Keith-O'Brien Co., Salt Lake; J. McArthur, dress goods, silks; 220 5th Av.; Great Northern.
Brittain, S. H., Reading; dry goods? Grand.
Bittner, Hunsicker & Co., Allentown; F. D. Bittner, cloaks; W. E. Bittner, dry goods; Grand.
Phillipson, S., & Co., Chicago; H. Morris, linens, muslin underwear, and skirts; Grand.
Hollander, L. P., & Co., Boston; J. F. Farrell, clothing; Wolcott.
Leader, The, Cedar Rapids; J. L. Winner, waists, children's dresses; C. C. Smoot, jewelry, leather and fancy goods; 225 5th Av., R. 700.
Hillman's, Chicago; J. J. Seehof, millinery; 20 W. 22d.

FRIBOURG & CO.
IMPORTERS,
125 5th Ave., between 27th & 28th Sts.
VOILES & CRÊPES
For the cutting up trade.

Out-of-town merchants accommodated with desk room, sample room, shipping, office facilities; temporary or permanent. First loft, 32 West 20th St.

Superior Underwear Company, high-grade ladies' underwear and wrappers, Broadway and 100th St. Telephone 5795 Riverside.

Coast representative wanted on good line of silk and linen dresses. Box B 27 Times.

Guide for Buyers.
1 line, 1 year, $116.80; 6 mos., $61.88; 3 mos., $32.76; 1 mo., $11.40.
MANICURE SUPPLIES.
Lustr-ite (Floridine Mfg. Co.) 42 Franklin.
SOFT SOLE SHOES AND MOCCASINS.
Adler, Martin & Katz, Victoria Hotel, 27th & B'way.
TURKISH TOWELING & COTTO-RATINE.
A. S. Anable, 47 Leonard Street.

AUCTION SALES.

Keeler Art Galleries
12 VESEY ST., ADJOINING THE ASTOR HOUSE.
IMPORTANT BOOK SALE
The Magnificent
Library
of Rare and Fine Books of
Mr. H. M. Dadirrian
Comprising Works on Art, Costume, etc.
Special extra illustrated and autograph Editions in Sumptuous bindings.
NOW ON VIEW AND TO BE SOLD
BY PUBLIC AUCTION
Within the above Galleries
Tomorrow (Friday) at 2:30 P. M.
The Sale will be conducted by MR. GEORGE W. KEELER.
CATALOGUE ON APPLICATION.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT AT THE place of business of the undersigned, No. 250 West 54th Street, Borough of Manhattan, New York City, on the 14th day of February, 1912, at 12 o'clock noon, a three-ton Kelly Motor Truck, the property of Abigail H. Bishop, will be sold at public auction to the highest bidder, to satisfy a lien for repairs and supplies amounting to the sum of $691.70.

Dated New York, January 22d, 1912.
MOTORS ENGINEERING AND SALES COMPANY.
By CHESTER GRISWOLD, President.

PIANOS AND ORGANS.

The "Piano Shop"
35 West 14th Street
offers the best variety of used pianos.

SOHMER UPRIGHT	$200
MASON & HAMLIN UPRIGHT	225
WEBER UPRIGHT	190
KNABE UPRIGHT	250
KRANICH & BACH UPRIGHT	130
WHEELOCK UPRIGHT	125
CHRISTMAN UPRIGHT	400
KRAKAUER UPRIGHT	150
MARTIN & SON UPRIGHT	175
TEMPLETON UPRIGHT	184
HAINS BROS. SQUARE PIANO	25
WEBER SQUARE PIANO	30
ERARD UPRIGHT	50
STEINWAY BABY GRAND, (SPLENDID CONDITION)	475
JACOB BROS. UPRIGHT	90
BRADBURY SQUARE	25

and others too numerous to mention. Must sell before taking stock this week.
CHRISTMAN SONS.
35 West 14th St., bet. 5th & 6th Avs.

WINTERROTH PIANOS,
105 East 14th St. and 14 West 125th St.
Bargains, upright pianos, $75 up; $5 monthly. Chickering Grand, $100; player-pianos, $350 up.

HOTELS AND RESTAURANTS.

MARBURY HALL
164 AND 166 WEST 74TH ST.
Select residential hotel, delightfully located between Riverside Drive and Central Park. Newly decorated and renovated. Every modern convenience conducive to comfort. Handsome suites of one or more rooms, with bath. One very attractive three-room suite, with two baths. Inspection invited.
C. E. SEFTON, Proprietor.

LÜCHOW'S
106 to 112 East 14th St. Tel. 1480—Stuyvesant.
FAMOUS GERMAN RESTAURANT.
A LA CARTE. TABLE D'HOTE.
Music by THE VIENNA ARTIST ORCHESTRA.
WURZBURGER HOFBRAU.
Pilsner Genossenschafts-Brauerie
GRAND PRIX—Brussels Exposition, 1910.

FOR SALE.

ROLL TOP DESKS
Office Furniture
in great variety of Style and Price.
T. G. SELLEW
111 FULTON ST.

TYPEWRITERS RENTED
3 MONTHS FOR $5.00
and upwards. We also have them to sell. All makes. All prices. Latest models. Fully guaranteed. Liberal allowance for machines taken in exchange. Send for catalogue.
AMERICAN WRITING MACHINE CO.
345 Broadway, Cor. of Leonard St. Tel. 5408 Franklin.
10 Barclay St., 7 Doors from B'way. Tel. 6353 Cortlandt.

LEGAL NOTICES.

SUPREME COURT OF THE STATE OF NEW York, County of New York.—In the matter of the application of SNOW'S U. S. SAMPLE EXPRESS COMPANY, LIMITED, for authority to change its corporate name to SNOW'S U. S. EXPRESS CO., LTD.

Notice is hereby given that SNOW'S U. S. SAMPLE EXPRESS COMPANY, LIMITED, a domestic stock corporation, having its principal business office in the Borough of Manhattan, County of New York, City of New York, and State of New York, will apply to the Supreme Court of the State of New York, in and for the County of New York, at a Special Term, Part I. thereof, to be held at the County Court House of said county, in the Borough of Manhattan, County of New York, City of New York, and State of New York, on the 23d day of February, 1912, at 10:30 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, or as soon thereafter as counsel can be heard, for an order authorizing said corporation to change its corporate name to SNOW'S U. S. EXPRESS CO., LTD.

Dated City of New York, January 31st, 1912.
SNOW'S U. S. SAMPLE EXPRESS COMPANY, LIMITED.
By FRANK H. SAWYER, President.
[Corporate Seal.]
ROBERT M. BOYD, Jr., Attorney for Petitioner, office and Post Office address, No. 203 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York.

REFEREES' NOTICES.

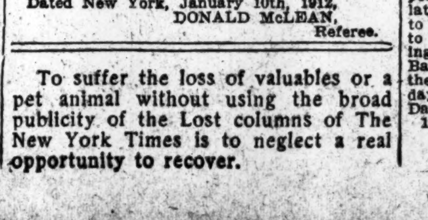
NEW YORK SUPREME COURT, COUNTY OF NEW YORK.—EMMA MOTT WHITTEMORE, Plaintiff, against FANNY L. CAMPBELL and others, Defendants.

In pursuance of an interlocutory judgment of partition and sale, duly made and entered in the above entitled action, and bearing date the 2nd day of January, 1912, I, the undersigned, the referee in said judgment named, will sell at public auction, at the Exchange Salesroom, Nos. 14-16 Vesey Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the first day of February, 1912, at 12 o'clock noon on that day, by Joseph P. Day, auctioneer, the premises directed by said judgment to be sold, and therein described as follows:

"Beginning at a point on the westerly side of Madison Avenue, distant twenty-four (24) feet nine (9) inches northerly from the northwesterly corner of Twenty-seventh Street and Madison Avenue; and running thence westerly, parallel to Twenty-seventh Street aforesaid, ninety-five feet; thence northerly, in a line at right angles with Twenty-seventh Street aforesaid, twenty-four feet eight inches; thence eastwardly, in a line parallel with Twenty-seventh Street aforesaid, ninety-five feet to the westerly line of Madison Avenue; thence southerly, along said westerly side of Madison Avenue, twenty-four feet eight inches to the place of beginning, be the said several dimensions more or less, and being the same premises conveyed to the said Louisa D. Mott by deed dated the 15th day of February, 1866, made by Thomas Connell and Catherine, his wife, and recorded in the Register's office of the City and County of New York, the 15th day of February, 1866, in Liber 966 of Conveyances, page 164. Said premises being now known by the number 64 Madison Avenue, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.

Dated New York, January 10th, 1912.
DONALD McLEAN, Referee.
HENRY G. SANFORD, Attorney for Plaintiff, 43 Cedar Street, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.

The following is a diagram of the property to be sold; its street number is 64 Madison Avenue:



Dated New York, January 10th, 1912.
DONALD McLEAN, Referee.

To suffer the loss of valuables or a pet animal without using the broad publicity of the Lost columns of The New York Times is to neglect a real opportunity to recover.

AUCTION SALES.

AUCTION SALE OF STOCKS AND BONDS BY ADRIAN H. MULLER & SON,
Andrew J. McCormack, Auctioneer.
Office, No. 55 William Street, New York City.

On THURSDAY, Feby. 1st, 1912, at 12 o'clock noon, at the Exchange Salesroom, Nos. 14-16 Vesey Street, New York City.

Seller reserves the right to bid.

For account of whom it may concern:

53 $500 first mortgage 4% bonds of the New Paltz, Highland and Poughkeepsie Traction Co., due 1953, with coupons from May 1, 1908.
3 $1,000 first mortgage 5% sinking fund bonds of the People's Electric Light & Power Co. of Easton, Pa., due 1932, with current coupons.
2 $1,000 first mortgage 6% bonds of the Union Waxed and Parchment Paper Co., due 1920 with current coupons.
7 $500 first mortgage 5% bonds of the Sea Cliff & Glen Cove Gas Co., due 1934, with current coupons.
10 $500 first mortgage 5% bonds of the Natural Carbonic Gas Co., due 1921; 8 with coupons from April 1, 1908; 2 with coupons from October 1, 1909.
10 shares Coplay Cement Mfg. Co. pr'f'd.
25 shares Orange County Lighting Co.
15 shares Patchogue Gas Co.
50 shares Knoxville Gas Co. common.
100 shares Automatic Clerk Co. pr'f'd.
26 shares Union Waxed and Parchment Paper Co. pr'f'd.
1 share Newark Lime & Cement Mfg. Co.
1 share Van Norden Trust Co.
109 shares Newark Fire Insurance Co.
7 shares National State Bank of Newark.
1 share Citizens' Central National Bank.
1 share Trust Co. of America.
2 shares Commercial Trust Co. of N. J.

REFEREES' NOTICES.

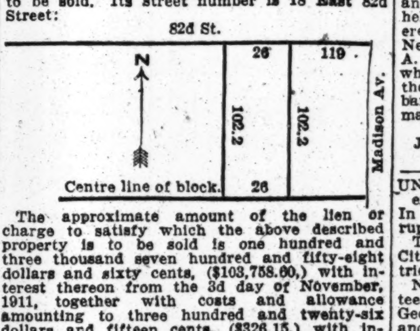
SUPREME COURT, COUNTY OF NEW YORK. ADELE BIERIG and others, plaintiffs, against MOSES R. SPRINGER and others, defendants.

In pursuance of a judgment of foreclosure and sale, duly made and entered in the above-entitled action and bearing date the 18th day of January, 1912, I, the undersigned, the referee in said judgment named, will sell at public auction, at the Exchange Salesroom, Nos. 14-16 Vesey Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the 15th day of February, 1912, at 12 o'clock noon on that day, by L. J. Phillips & Co., auctioneers, the premises directed by said judgment to be sold and therein described as follows:

All that lot or parcel of land, with the buildings and improvements thereon in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, described as follows: Beginning at a point on the southerly side of 116th Street, distant 425 feet easterly from the corner formed by the intersection of the southerly side of 116th Street with the easterly side of Eighth Avenue, and running thence southerly and parallel with Eighth Avenue, and part of the way through a party wall 103 feet seven inches to the line of land now or late of David Wood, running thence in a northeasterly direction along the line of land now or late of David Wood eight (8) feet 10½ inches to a point where said line of land now or late of David Wood intersects the centre line of the block between 115th and 116th Streets; thence easterly along the said centre line of the block and parallel with 116th Street, 16 feet 10 inches; thence northerly and parallel with Eighth Avenue and part of the way through a party wall, 100 feet 11 inches to the said southerly side of 116th Street, and thence westerly along the said southerly side of 116th Street, 25 feet to the point or place of beginning. Said premises being now known as 228 West 116th Street.

Dated New York, January 24th, 1912.
BERNHARD RABBINO, Referee.
FIXMAN, LEWIS & SELIGSBERG, Attorneys for Plaintiffs, Office and P. O. Address, 55 Liberty Street, Manhattan, N. Y. City.

The following is a diagram of the property to be sold; its street number is 228 West 116th Street:



The approximate amount of the lien or charge to satisfy which the above-described property is to be sold is four thousand eight hundred twenty-four and 65-100 ($4,824.65) dollars with interest thereon from the 4th day of January, 1912, together with costs and allowance amounting to two hundred ninety-four and 27-100 ($294.27) dollars, with interest from January 18, 1912, together with the expenses of the sale. The approximate amount of the taxes, assessments, and water rates or other liens, which are to be allowed to the purchaser out of the purchase money, or paid by the referee, is sixteen hundred thirty-three 71-100 dollars and interest.

Said premises will be sold subject to a first mortgage for thirty thousand dollars, bearing interest at the rate of five per cent. per annum from November 1, 1911, and to all violations of any Municipal Department of the City of New York, if any.

Dated New York, January 24th, 1912.
BERNHARD RABBINO, Referee.

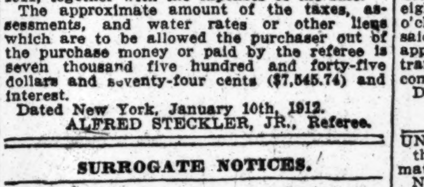
SUPREME COURT, COUNTY OF NEW YORK.—NEW YORK LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, Plaintiff, against WESLEY THORN, FANNE CURTIS HOADLEY, "THE CHELSEA," and JOHN H. SCHUMACHER, doing business under the style of "COLUMBIA COUNTY DAIRY," Defendants.

In pursuance of a judgment of foreclosure and sale duly made and entered in the above entitled action and bearing date the 28th day of December, 1911, I, the undersigned, the referee in said judgment named, will sell at public auction at the Exchange Salesrooms, Nos. 14-16 Vesey Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the sixth day of February, 1912, at 12 o'clock noon on that day, by Bryan L. Kennelly, auctioneer, the premises directed by said judgment to be sold and therein described as follows:

All that lot of land in the City and County of New York, with the buildings thereon, bounded and described as follows: Beginning at a point in the southerly side of Eighty-second Street, distant one hundred and nineteen feet westerly from the intersection of the southerly side of Eighty-second Street and the westerly side of Madison Avenue, and running thence southerly parallel with Madison Avenue and part of the way through a party wall one hundred and two feet two inches to the centre line of the block; thence westerly along the centre line of the block twenty-six feet; thence northerly again parallel with Madison Avenue one hundred and two feet two inches to the southerly side of Eighty-second Street, and thence easterly along the southerly side of Eighty-second Street twenty-six feet to the point of beginning. Said premises being now known as Number 18 East 82d Street.

Dated New York, January 10th, 1912.
ALFRED STECKLER, JR., Referee.
GEORGE W. HUBBELL, Attorney for Plaintiff, 346 Broadway, Bor. of Manhattan, City of New York.

The following is a diagram of the property to be sold. Its street number is 18 East 82d Street:



The approximate amount of the lien or charge to satisfy which the above described property is to be sold is one hundred and three thousand seven hundred and fifty-eight dollars and sixty cents, ($103,758.60,) with interest thereon from the 3d day of November, 1911, together with costs and allowance amounting to three hundred and twenty-six dollars and fifteen cents, ($326.15,) with interest thereon from the 28th day of December, 1911, together with the expenses of the sale.

The approximate amount of the taxes, assessments, and water rates or other liens which are to be allowed the purchaser out of the purchase money or paid by the referee is seven thousand five hundred and forty-five dollars and seventy-four cents ($7,545.74) and interest.

Dated New York, January 10th, 1912.
ALFRED STECKLER, JR., Referee.

SURROGATE NOTICES.

In pursuance of an order of Hon. Robert Ludlow Fowler, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against Mary E. Wood, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same with vouchers thereof to the subscribers at their place of transacting business at the office of Richard G. Babbage, Room 1415, No. 111 Broadway, in the City of New York, on or before the 20th day of July next.

Dated New York, the 8th day of January, 1912.
BLANCHE E. VALENTINE,
IRENE E. STORM,
Executrices.

BANKRUPTCY SALES.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT SOUTHern District of New York.—In the matter of BURNS RESTAURANT AND HOTEL COMPANY, Alleged Bankrupt.

CHARLES SHONGOOD, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in Bankruptcy, will sell on Wednesday, February 7th, 1912, commencing at 10:30 o'clock in the forenoon, by order of the Court, at 781, 783, 785, 787 Sixth Avenue, Borough of Manhattan, New York City, the assets of the above alleged bankrupt, consisting of tables, chairs, mirrors, ice boxes, glassware, silverware, counters, bar, cash register, kitchen utensils therein belonging and thereto appertaining; also a stock of meats, groceries, wines, liquors, cigars, and miscellaneous supplies; also the unexpired terms of the leases of said premises and the lease of 102 and 104 West 45th St., N. Y. City, and the good-will of the business and the use of the name "Burns."

New York, January 31, 1912.
IRVING L. ERNST, Receiver.
MYRON SULZBERGER, Attorney for Receiver, 38 Park Row, New York City.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of CAFE LYRIC CO., Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in bankruptcy, sells this day, Thursday, Feb. 1, 1912, by order of the court, at 10:30 A. M., at 1,425 Broadway, (southwest corner of 40th Street,) Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of large stock of wines, liquors, groceries, cigars, &c., chinaware, glassware, silverware, crockery, tables, chairs, mirrors, chandeliers, carpets, portieres, curtains, cash register, office fixtures, &c.

All right, title and interest of the receiver in and to the unexpired term of the liquor license and in and to the unexpired term of the lease of said premises.

EDWIN D. HAYES, Receiver.
YANKAUER & DAVIDSON, Attorneys for Receiver, 261 Broadway, New York.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of MAX BASKIN, Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in bankruptcy, sells this day, Thursday, Feb. 1, 1912, by order of the court, at 2 P. M., at 745 Amsterdam Av., Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of canned goods, bottle goods, preserves, coffee mill, safe, &c., all receiver's right, title, and interest in and to the cash register and fixtures.

GEORGE R. ALLEN, Receiver.
HAROLD C. MITCHELL, Attorney for Receiver, 60 Wall St., New York.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, SOUTHern District of New York.—In the matter of GRIFFINS, (a corporation,) bankrupt.—In Bankruptcy.—No. 16,076.

Notice is hereby given that personal property belonging to the bankrupt, consisting of a stock of cloaks, suits, waists, &c., also fixtures, including safe, desks, chairs, showcases, electric fixtures, partitions, &c., will be sold at the bankrupt's place of business, No. 32 West 14th Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the 1st day of February, 1912, at 10:30 A. M.

Dated New York, Jan. 26, 1912.
WARREN W. CUNNINGHAM, Receiver.
CHARLES L. GREENHALL, Attorney for Receiver, 320 Broadway, New York City.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of WILLIAM C. ROTHMAN, Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in bankruptcy, sells Monday, Feb. 5, 1912, by order of the court, at 2 P. M., at 38 2d Av., Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of wines, cigars, liquors, fixtures, &c.

WILLIAM HENKEL, Jr., Trustee.
MATTHEW A. HENKEL, Attorney for Trustee, 64 William Street, New York.
MACGRANE COXE, Referee in Bankruptcy, 50 Church Street, New York.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of MINNIE LAZAR, Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in bankruptcy, sells this day, Thursday, Feb. 1, 1912, by order of the court, at 2 P. M., at 157 Forsyth Street, Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of candies, counters, safe, fixtures, &c.

MATTHEW A. HENKEL, Receiver.
J. FRED. ALSGOOD, Attorney for Receiver, 280 Broadway, New York.

BANKRUPTCY NOTICES.

NO. 16,127.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF the United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of JOSEPH J. KRIEGEL, individually and as a member of the firm of KRIEGEL & MATTILE, Bankrupt.

To the creditors of Joseph J. Kriegel, individually and as a member of the firm of Kriegel & Mattle, of the City and County of New York, and district aforesaid, a bankrupt:

Notice is hereby given that on the 24th day of January, A. D. 1912, the said Joseph J. Kriegel, individually and as a member of said firm, was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at the office of Nathaniel A. Prentiss, Referee in Bankruptcy, No. 2 Rector Street, City and County of New York, on the 15th day of February, A. D. 1912, at 11:30 o'clock in the forenoon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

NATHANIEL A. PRENTISS,
January 31, 1912. Referee in Bankruptcy.

NO. 16,104.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF the United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of LOUISE B. HULSE, Bankrupt.

To the creditors of Louise B. Hulse, of the City and County of New York and district aforesaid, a bankrupt:

Notice is hereby given that on the 20th day of January, A. D. 1912, the said Louise B. Hulse was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at the office of Nathaniel A. Prentiss, Referee in Bankruptcy, No. 2 Rector Street, City and County of New York, on the 15th day of February, A. D. 1912, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

NATHANIEL A. PRENTISS,
January 31, 1912. Referee in Bankruptcy.

NO. 16,147.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF the United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of WARREN M. LINCOLN, Bankrupt.

To the creditors of Warren M. Lincoln of the City and County of New York and district aforesaid, a bankrupt:

Notice is hereby given that on the 29th day of January, A. D. 1912, the said Warren M. Lincoln was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at the office of Peter B. Olney, Esq., referee in bankruptcy, No. 68 William Street, New York City, on the 15th day of February, A. D. 1912, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a Trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

PETER B. OLNEY,
January 30, 1912. Referee in Bankruptcy.
Per A. S.

NO. 15,776.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF the United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of MAX ALBERT, Bankrupt.

To the creditors of Max Albert of the City and County of New York and district aforesaid, a bankrupt:

Notice is hereby given that on the 5th day of December, A. D. 1911, the said Max Albert was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at the office of Peter B. Olney, Esq., referee in bankruptcy, No. 68 William Street, New York City, on the 15th day of February, A. D. 1912, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

PETER B. OLNEY,
Jan. 31st, 1912. Referee in Bankruptcy.
Per A. S.

NO. 15,627.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF the United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of AERIAL EQUIPMENT COMPANY, Bankrupt.

To the creditors of Aerial Equipment Company of the City and County of New York and district aforesaid, a bankrupt:

Notice is hereby given that on the 26th day of January, A. D. 1912, the said Aerial Equipment Company was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at the office of Peter B. Olney, Esq., referee in bankruptcy, No. 68 William Street, New York City, on the 15th day of February, A. D. 1912, at 10:30 o'clock in the forenoon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

PETER B. OLNEY,
Jan. 31st, 1912. Referee in Bankruptcy.
Per A. S.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, SOUTHern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of GEORGE WATSON, bankrupt.—No. 15,862.

To the creditors of George Watson of the City, County, and State of New York, and district aforesaid, bankrupt:

Notice is hereby given that on the seventeenth day of January, A. D. 1912, the said George Watson was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, No. 2 Rector Street, in the City, County, and State of New York, on the eighth day of February, A. D. 1912, at four o'clock in the afternoon, at which meeting the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a Trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

Dated New York, January 22d, 1912.
SEAMAN MILLER,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR the Southern District of New York.—In the matter of EVERETT L. WESTON, bankrupt.

Notice is hereby given that Everett L. Weston, bankrupt, has filed his petition, dated January 15th, 1912, praying for a discharge from all his debts in bankruptcy, and that all creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at the hearing upon said petition before United States District Judges in the United States Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on Monday, March 4th, 1912, at 10:30 A. M., and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the bankrupt thereon.

STANLEY W. DEXTER,
Referee in Bankruptcy.
Dated New York, January 30th, 1912.

THE REAL ESTATE FIELD

West Side Apartment Deals—New Owners Get $2,300,000 Mortgage On Garden—Sale In Loft Zone—Bronx Shows Many Big Transactions—$1,000,000 Loan On Broadway Apartments.

Realty operations were somewhat limited in number and volume yesterday. The west side showed evidences of continued activity, however, the chief deal in that section being the sale of two five-story apartment houses at 3,604 to 3,610 Broadway, 50 feet north of 148th Street. The houses occupy a plot 75 by 100 feet and were sold by Arnold, Byrne & Baumann for a client to John A. Morris for investment. They were held at $135,000.

Just below the Washington Heights district the five-story apartment at 352 West 124th Street, on plot 27.2 by 100.11, was sold to an investor through the brokerage office of the Duff & Brown Company for Frederick Wohlfardt.

In the Harlem territory the five-story flat, at 37 West 114th Street, was purchased by the Meister & Bache Realty Company. The plot is 25 by 100 feet.

$2,300,000 Mortgage on Garden.

In the arrangements for the transfer of Madison Square Garden to the F. & D. Company on Feb. 5 it was ascertained yesterday that the new owners will give a mortgage of $2,300,000 on the property, the loan being made by the Title Guarantee & Trust Company. The purchasing price was a little less than $3,500,000. The offer to lease the Garden to circus interests has not yet been accepted, and if the projected lease is not closed soon after Feb. 5, at which time the F. & D. Company will take title, the owners will run the arena for amusements until July 1 at least. By that time definite plans will have been made as to whether the entire Garden will be torn down or only the Madison Avenue portion. Ringling's circus has already leased the Garden for March.

Investor Buys in Loft Zone.

An investor has purchased from Carl Bomeister and Leopold H. Stern 37 West Nineteenth Street. The property consists of a seven-story loft and store, on a lot 25 by 100. It was acquired by the sellers from the Mevor Realty Company in 1909.

Private Dwellings Sold.

The three four-story dwellings, 119, 121, and 123 West Sixty-fourth Street, have been sold by W. S. Patten and J. L. Van Sant to Gaylord U. Smith. It is understood that the property, which has a frontage of 54 feet and a depth of 100.5, will be improved with an apartment house. A. H. Ivins & Co. negotiated the sale.

The Frank L. Fisher Company have sold for Edward Hassey the four-story and basement private house 46 West Seventy-fifth Street, 20 by 60 by 100.

An Active Bronx Market.

Richard H. Scoble has sold for E. O. Tree of Freeport, L. I., to the Taxpayers' Realty Company of the Bronx a plot with two three-story frame buildings on the west side of Boston Road, 100 feet north of 180th Street, at the foot of the Subway terminal at Bronx Park.

The plot has a frontage of 34 feet on Boston Road, is 258 feet deep, and fronts 34 feet on Bryant Avenue. The buyers will improve the plot at once with two-story taxpayers containing stores and offices. This is the first transfer of the parcel in over twenty-five years.

David Kraus has sold the apartment house at 1,699 Fulton Avenue, on a plot 28 by 100. It is situated at the southwest corner of Fulton Avenue and 173d Street, and extensive alterations will be made by the purchaser.

Geo. Reubel, Jr., has sold for Michael J. McGuire, 1,064 Grant Avenue, a three-family semi-detached house on full lot. The buyer purchases for investment.

Regina Heineck has purchased through Ernst & Cahn and J. J. Pittman the two-story and basement private dwelling known as 1,411 Nelson Avenue on lot 16.8 by 95. The same brokers have also sold to Curtiss P. Byron the four-story and basement brick double flat known as 1,372 Brook Avenue on lot 25 by 100.

Frank Brady of Troy, N. Y., has sold to a builder through Louis Schloss a plot 50 by 109 on the east side of Lyman Place, 227 feet south of Freeman Street. The same broker in conjunction with D. Leitner also sold to Mrs. P. Schutzer of Mount Vernon, N. Y., 830 Hewitt Place, a five-story triple flat on a plot 40 by 100.

Smith & Phelps have sold the plot 40 by 100 feet, situate at the southwest corner of 169th Street and Webster Avenue. The plot will be improved with a five-story apartment with stores.

The Crotona Casino, a three-story amusement hall, 50 by 100, on the north side of 169th Street, just east of McKinley Square, has been resold by B. B. Simons to the McKinley Square Casino Company.

Frederick Starkman has sold through B. Morris 1,545 Minford Place, a four-story double flat on a plot 34 by 100. The same broker has also sold to the Foxvale Realty Company a plot 75 by 100 in the west side of Minford Place, 200 feet north of 172d Street. The buyer is a builder who will erect two five-story flats on the site.

Mount Vernon.

Louis Schloss and David Leitner have sold 11 North Terrace Avenue, Mount Vernon, N. Y., a dwelling on a plot 100 by 200, running through to North High Street.

Brooklyn.

The four-story flat, 1,444 Pacific Street, between Albany and Kingston Avenues, has been sold to an investor by George Reubel, Jr.

E. Sharum has sold to a client, 2,048 Eighty-third Street, a brick one-family dwelling, on a plot 18.2 by 100.

Long Island.

Henry Hart has sold to the H. H. Realty Company of Manhattan several parcels at Arverne, having a frontage of 188 feet on the south side of Arverne Boulevard, 118 feet on the west side of Meredith Avenue, and 66 feet on the east side of Gaston Avenue; 210 feet on the east side of Meredith Avenue; 100 feet on the west side of Meredith Avenue, and 132 feet on the south side of Ocean Avenue; 75 feet on the east side of Meredith Avenue; 202 by 96 feet on the east side of Alexander Avenue, running to and fronting on the Atlantic Ocean; 100 feet on the north side of Spray View Avenue, and 100 feet on the west side of Rochester Avenue, subject to mortgages amounting to $107,000.

David Mayer has sold to Louis Volker of Manhattan a parcel having a frontage of 100 feet on the south side of State Street, and 120 feet on the east side of Twenty-third Street, Broadway.

J. Parker Sloan has sold to Leo Rumboski of Elmhurst a parcel of four lots at the northwest corner of Astoria and Flushing Road and Bay First Street, East Elmhurst.

New Jersey.

Henry G. Eilshemius has sold for the estate of H. E. Eilshemius to the First Presbyterian Church of Arlington, N. J., the southwest corner of Kearny and Laurel Avenues, a plot of 108 by 200, at Arlington.

The Presbyterians propose shortly to build a new church on this site, which will cost, when completed, about $35,000.

Recent Buyers.

Mrs. Julia H. Boisse of Chicago is the buyer of the twelve-story loft, 30 and 32 West Twenty-fourth Street, sold Tuesday by the Marmac Construction Company.

The Brunswick Realty Company of which Robert P. Zobel is President, is the buyer of the property 63 to 67 West Thirty-eighth Street, and 62 and 64 West Thirty-ninth Street, sold recently by Judson S. Todd. The property fronts 51.8 feet on the former and 46.4 feet on the latter thoroughfare, and will be improved with a high-class twelve-story structure.

James A. Farley is the buyer of 416 Madison Avenue, sold by Mrs. C. Weatherley.

John D. Rockefeller is reported to be the buyer of the Kinney House at 19 West Fifty-fourth Street, reported sold Monday.

The Meister & Bache Realty Company is the buyer of 37 West 114th Street, a five-story tenement on a plot 25 by 100.

Leases.

The old buildings at 75 and 77 Nassau Street, adjoining the northwest corner of John Street, have been leased by Cornelius F. Kingsland to Goldsmith Brothers for a twenty-one year period with renewal privileges. The aggregate lease for the first period is about $300,000. A new building is to be erected from plans by Schwartz & Gross for the occupancy of the leasees. The deal was negotiated by the McVickar, Gaillard Company. The plot is 51.6 by 104 feet.

Goodwin & Goodwin have leased for Howard Menn to a client for a long term of years 204, 206 and 210 West Eighty-eighth Street, three five-story apartment houses, each on lot 27 by 100, the rental being about $35,000.

The four-story building at 1 East Forty-seventh Street, owned by Helen M. Gould, and adjoining her Fifth Avenue residence, has been leased for a long term of years to William Sittenham. The lessee will make extensive alterations to the property, placing stores on the ground and parlor floors of the building.

Old Mott Library at Auction.

Joseph P. Day will offer at public auction to-day in the Exchange Salesroom, 14 Vesey Street, 64 Madison Avenue, the former home of the Mott Memorial Library, which contained the books and archives of the late Dr. Valentine Mott. The sale is the result of a friendly action brought by the heirs in partition.

$1,000,000 Building Loan.

A building loan of $1,000,000 has been obtained by Paterno Brothers from the City Mortgage Company on the two twelve-story apartments under construction on the westerly front of Broadway between 115th and 116th Streets. Each apartment will have a Broadway frontage of 100.11 feet, the one on the 115th Street corner 125 feet deep and the 116th Street corner house 100 feet deep.

Public School Addition.

Plans have been filed for an addition to Public School 72 on the west side of Lexington Avenue, between 105th and 106th Streets. The addition will be located in the rear of the main building on the north side of 105th Street, 105 feet west of Lexington Avenue. It will be three stories high with a frontage of 36.9 feet and a depth of 77.4 feet. J. B. J. Snyder, architect for the Board of Education, estimates the cost at $30,000.

Results at Auction.

Yesterday's offerings in the Real Estate Salesroom, 14 and 16 Vesey Street, resulted as follows:

By Joseph P. Day.

10th St, 264 East, s s, 200 ft e of 1st Av, 92, four-story tenement and stores; partition; to H. Getzler, $17,600.

AT 3,156 THIRD AVENUE.

By Joseph P. Day.

Forest Av, 810, e s, 100 ft n of 158th St, 25x135, three-story frame dwelling; foreclosure, to the plaintiff, J. H. Alexandre, $8,500.

Park Av, 3,042, e s, 40.3 ft n of 156th St, 62.11x49.5x53.9x81.8, six-story tenement; foreclosure, to the plaintiff, William Engel, $38,068.

By Bryan L. Kennelly.

220th St, 649 East, n s, 480 ft w of White Plains Av, 50x114; foreclosure, to the defendant, Michael Brennan, $4,300.

THE BUILDING DEPARTMENT.

List of Plans Filed for New Structures in Manhattan and the Bronx.

Front St, 360, for a three-story stable, 18.6x70; Kauffman & Lowenthal Realty Co., 206 Division St, owner; L. A. Sheinart, architect; cost..........$10,000

121st St, s s, 100 ft e of Amsterdam Av, for a six-story tenement, 118x85.11; R. Wallace, Jr., 568 West 49th St, owner; G. F. Pelham, architect; cost..........$150,000

105th St, n s, 105 ft w of Lexington Av, for a three-story school, 36.9x77.4; city, owner; C. B. J. Snyder, architect; cost..........$30,000

165th St, s s, 217.76 ft w of Washington Av, for a three-story brick factory, 79x124; Henry Holtz & Co., 57 Hope St, Brooklyn, owners; Frederick W. Fischer, architect; cost..$30,000

165th St, n s, 213 ft w of Washington Av, for a one-story frame office and scaleroom, 15x9.6; Farmers' Feed Co., 76th St and East River, owner; Charles Stegmayer, architect; cost..........$100

160th St, n e corner of Melrose Av, for a two-story brick store and loft, 21x100.7; Nina Sturssenegger, 71 Nassau St, owner; Henry A. Koelble, architect; cost..........$15,000

Hoe Av, s w corner of 173d St, for a three-story brick tenement, 55x90; Solid Realty Co., 133 West 113th St, owner; Abraham Perres, architect; cost..........$65,000

Alteration.

Items under $5,000 omitted.

24th St, n s, 200 ft e of Lexington Av, to a seven story stable and warehouse; Century Realty Co., 152 East 24th St, owner; E. T. Macdonald, architect; cost..........$25,000

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

WEDNESDAY, JAN. 31.

With name and address of purchaser and attorney. When attorney's name is omitted address party of the second part.

Manhattan.

AVENUE B, w s, 19.3 ft n of 13th St, 26.8x65; John Szabo and others to Clarence W. Gaylor, 42 East 129th St, (mtg $16,000,) Jan. 30; attorneys, Nash & J., 63 Wall St. Omitted

BLEECKER ST, n s, 50 ft e of Sullivan St, 25x100; Carmedlia Zuccaro to Ninfa Caputo, 147 Sullivan St, (mtg $29,000,) Dec. 30, 1911; address, 165 Bleecker St..........$100

FRONT ST, 88, n s, 23x88.3; Charles A. O'Donohue, trustee John V. O'Donohue, benefit Mary L. Donohue, to Charles A. O'Donohue (trustee for benefit Mary Isenbarth,) 857 Carroll St, Brooklyn, Jan. 31; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway..........$100

GREENE ST, w s, 130.4 ft n of Houston St, 25x100; Jennie Goldstein to Gabriella Engle, 150 West 112th St, (mtg $50,000,) Jan. 29; attorney, Louis M. Freedman, 132 Nassau St..........$100

HILLSIDE AV, s s, Plot 136, Map 697 of 128 acres, part of estate of Isaac Dyckman, Fort George, property, 50x201.6, except strip 25 ft deep taken for Hillside Av; James C. Gaffney to Edwin C. Reeve, 917 East 169th St, Jan. 30; attorney, Arthur Knox, 198 Broadway..........$1

LAWRENCE ST, 132 and 134, s s, 80x99.6; Charles Hensle to Thomas Alexander, 14 St. Nicholas Place, (mtg $80,000,) Jan. 24; attorney, L. S. Marx, 128 Broadway.......$100

SHERMAN AV, n w corner of 204th St, 100x100; Sherman, Av, n s, 100 ft w of 204th St, 300x150; Blanche R. Altmayer and another, executors of Aaron R. Altmayer, to Max Marx, 419 Convent Av, Jan. 22; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway..........$85,000

SHERMAN AV, n w corner of 204th St, 100x100; Sherman, Av, n s, 100 ft w of 204th St, 300x150; Max Marx to Hensle Construction Co., 3,200 Broadway, Jan. 30; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co, 176 Broadway.........$100

WADSWORTH AV, w s, 60.2 ft n of 185th St, 306x154.5x irregular; Alanson P. White to Edward Fugan, 949 Amsterdam Av, all liens, Jan. 30; attorneys, Wechsler & R., 135 Broadway..........$100

WEST ST, s e corner Harrison St, 24x74.6, (foreclosure Jan. 10); Lester Lazarus, referee, to Charles F. Mattlage, at Hoboken, N. J., (mtg $5,000), Jan. 23; attorney, H. Aplington, 90 West Broadway..........$9,000

17TH ST, s s, lot 4, map of William Bayard, 25x91.11, (partition, Dec. 29, 1911;) James F. Curnen, referee, to Richard J. Lewis, 116 West 76th St, Jan. 29; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway..$17,000

SAME PROPERTY; Richard J. Lewis to John T. Stanley, 448 West 23d St, B. S., Jan. 29; attorney, same..........$1

19TH ST, 21 West, n s, 25x92; Emblem Construction Co. to Brown-Weiss Realties, 63 Park Row, (mtg $60,000,) Jan. 30; attorneys, Marks & M., 63 Park Row.......$100

64TH ST, 119 and 123 West, n s, 54x100.5; William S. Patten to Gaylord N. Smith, 20 Smith St, Jersey City, Jan. 31; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co, 160 Broadway..........$100

87TH ST, 534 East, s s, 18.3x62.2; Carolina Deutsch to Louis L. Kahn, 974 St. Nicholas Av, (mtg $6,000,) and all liens, Jan. 24; attorneys, Wilber, N. & K., 299 Broadway.$1

88TH ST, 113 East, n s, 25.7x100.8; Ella C. Smith to James T. and Agnes E. Smith, 115 East 88th St, (mtg $17,000,) Jan. 29; attorney, Maurice Levi, 116 Nassau St....$100

94TH ST, 69 West, n s, 20x100.8; Henry Mayer to Oscar Kress and Marion B., his wife, 461 Fort Washington Av, as joint tenants, (mtg $18,000,) Jan. 20; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway.$100

95TH ST, 70 West, s s, 20x100.8, (foreclosure Jan. 11;) J. Hampden Dougherty, referee, to John A. Clayton, 694 Putnam Av, Brooklyn, Jan. 19; attorney, Edgar Whitlock, 2 Rector St..........$20,800

SAME PROPERTY; John A. Clayton to William F. Newkirk, 333 West 28th St, (mtg $15,000,) Jan. 19; attorney, same..........$1

104TH ST, n s, 25x100.1; Lina Lochmuller to Henry G. and Lina Lochmuller, 196 Hart St, Brooklyn, as joint tenants, C. A. G., Jan. 26; attorney, Rufus L. Scott, Jr., 93 Nassau St..........$1

108TH ST, 119 East, n s, 25x100.11; Nettie J. Harris to Bernard A. Ottenberg, 495 West End Av, (mtg $18,000,) Jan. 30; attorneys, James, S. & E., 170 Broadway..........$100

111TH ST, 53 West, n s, 25x100.11, foreclosure Jan. 24; Louis B. Hasbrouck, referee to Minnie Starr, 148 West 118th St, and Rebecca Meshel, 437 41st St, Brooklyn, (mtg $21,500,) and all liens, Jan. 31; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway..........$6,500

113TH ST, 158 to 160 East, s s, 50x100.11; Hyman Spektorsky, executor of David Rosenberg, to Annetta Cowen, 3,671 Broadway, (mtg $47,000,) Jan. 30; attorneys, Feltenstein & R., 309 Broadway..........$55,700

113TH ST, s s, 254.7 ft e of Park Av, 42x100.10; Alfred Blumenthal to Solomon Cohn, 128 West 115th St, mtg $43,000,) Jan. 31; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway..........$100

116TH ST, 227 to 233 West, 80x100.11; Whipple Security Co. to Louis Saxe, 327 Pennsylvania Av., Brooklyn, all liens, Jan. 29; M. W. Saxe, 1,699 Pitkin Av, Brooklyn..........$100

117TH ST, 319 and 521 East, n s, 43.6x100.10; Rena Sulzberger to Lemoine C. Mead, 50 West 129th St, (mtg $36,000,) Jan. 30; attorney, Title Insurance Co., 135 Broadway..$100

118TH ST, 12½ West, s s, 22x100.11; Caroline Deutsch and others to Louis L. Kahn, 974 St. Nicholas Av, all liens, Jan. 24; attorneys, Wilber, N. & K., 299 Broadway..........$100

154TH ST, s s, 131.9 ft w of St. Nicholas Av, 20x99.11; Manhattan Life Insurance Co to Emblem Construction Co, 346 Broadway, Jan. 30; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co, 176 Broadway..........$1

154TH ST, s s, 131.9 ft w of St. Nicholas Av, 20x99.11; Emblem Construction Co to Brown-Weiss Realties, 63 Park Row, (mtg $22,500,) Jan. 30; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway..........$100

156TH ST, n s, 125 ft e of 8th Av, 25x99.11; George L. Brown to John Brown, 614 West 146th St, (mtg and all liens,) Dec. 29, 1911; Duff & Brown Co., 1,715 Amsterdam Av.$100

Bronx.

BRIGGS AV, s w corner of 199th St, 50x—; Alonzo Fogel and others to Fogel estate, 2,656 Decatur Av, Jan. 13, (mtg $50,000;) attorney, George G. Daniels, 25 Broad St..........$1

BROOK AV, 546, e s, 25x100; Marie Lechnyr to Benenson Realty Co., 407 East 153d St, Jan. 30, (mtg $21,000;) attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway..........$100

CHATTERTON AV, n s, 79.8 ft e of Castle Hill Av, 25x108; Martin Dannenfelser to Isabella Ridder, 2,211 Chatterton Av, Jan. 24; attorney, Frank Gass, Westchester..........$1

CONCORD AV, e s, 105 ft s of 152d St, 36.8x99.6; Gustavus Rozitzek to Edward Robitzek, 759 Beck St, Jan. 23; attorney, Harry Robitzek, 160 Broadway..........$100

CONCORD AV, s e corner of 152d St, 105x39.6; Gustavus Robitzek to Edward Robitzek, 759 Beck St, Jan. 23, (mtg $15,000;) attorney, Harry Robitzek, 160 Broadway.....$100

EASTERN BOULEVARD, s s, at Westchester Creek, contains 4 263-1,000 acres upland and 7 77-1,000 acres salt meadow; Gustavus Robitzek and others to Robitzek Investing Co., 203 Rider Av, Jan. 23; attorney, Harry Robitzek, 160 Broadway..........$100

HART ISLAND, w shore, at high water mark, where the tower of Sands Point Lighthouse bears 62 degrees and 45 degrees 1 min. e; John Hunter, Jr., to Elias D. Hunter, 400 West 152d St. Jan. 16, (mtg $2,316;) attorney, S. Van Wyck, 64 Wall St..........$5,000

HOME ST, n s, at s s of 169th St, 65.7x28; Charles H. Roe Estate to Daniel J. Houlihan, 32 Morningside Av, Jan. 31; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway..........$100

JACKSON AV, e s, at w s of Westchester Av; Elizabeth M. Cochrane to Thomas B. Gilford, Jr., and others, 473 Lexington Av, Dec. 29; attorney, Samuel Riker, Jr., 46 Cedar St...$1

SAME PROPERTY; Florence De G. Adams and others to same; attorney, same..........$1

JEROME AV, e s, 381.3 ft s of Cameron Place, 139.8x—; Plot begins 24.1 f e of Walton Av x150 ft s of 181st St, runs e 55.10x s 31.9x w 23.7x n w 51.5; Vincent Horwitz to Solomon C. Bernstein, ⅓ of ⅜ parts, (mtg $30,000,) April 28, 1908; attorney, Sol O. Bernstein, 25 Broad St..........$1

JEROME AV, e s, 381.3 ft s of Cameron Place, 139.8x—; plot begins 24.1 ft e of Walton Av x150 ft s of 181st St, runs e 55.10x s 31.9x w 23.7x n w 51.5; Vincent Horwitz to Solomon C. Bernstein, Jan. 12, 1908, ½ of ⅜ parts, (mtg $31,000,) attorney, Sol C. Bernstein, 25 Broad St..........$1

KINGSBRIDGE ROAD, e s, at n w s of Kingsbridge Terrace, 163.9x99.5x171; Elsie A. Starrett to Alfred T. Flach, 188 Hutton St., Jersey City, N. J., (mtg $12,000,) Jan. 31; attorney, Charles G. Smith, 68 William St.$100

LAFONTAINE AV, s e corner of Oak Tree Place, 25x95; J. & M. Cleland Building Co. to Edward Elliott, 2,758 Morris Av, Jan. 31, mtg $23,000; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway..........$100

LOTS 1,195 and 1,196, map of Gleason property; Elizabeth Dietrich to Marie Frank, 225 East 123d St, Jan. 25..........$100

LOTS 174 and 175, map of No. 2 of St. Raymond's Park; Hubert Dietrich to Elizabeth Dietrich, 137 East 17th St, quitclaim, Jan. 30; attorney, O. Dammasch, 143 East 18th St..........$1

LOTS 144 to 147, map of Undercliff Terrace; Edward Elliott to J. & M. Cleland Building Co., 242 East 240th St, Jan .30; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.. $100

LOTS 188 to 191, map of Joel Wolf estate; Frank L. Slazenger to Harry J. Sachs, 1,044 Madison Av, Jan. 30; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway..........$100

LOTS 32, 33, and 30, Parcel 19, map of subdivision of estate of William B. Ogden; Charles B. Pretzfelder to Ariel Realty Co., 55 Liberty St., Jan. 29; attorney, Miller & B., 55 Liberty St..........$100

MORRIS AV, 1,968, e s, 20x100; August Jacob Construction Co. to Menzel C. Urban, 1,791 Mt. Hope Av, Jan. 31, mtg $7,000; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway. $100

PLOT in section 10, block 2,599, adjoining lands of R. R., contains 13,144 square ft; N. Y. & Harlem R. R. and another to Harlem River & Port Chester R. R. Co., 70 East 45th St, Oct. 10, 1911; attorney, Comm's of N. Y., N. H. & H R. R. Co., New Haven, Conn..........$1

PLOT begins 100 ft e of White Plains Road and 295 ft n of Morris Park Av, 95x75; East Borough Improvement Co. to Francis L. Donlon, 470 East 138th St, Jan. 29, (mtg $13,-500;) attorney, M. J. Sullivan, Willis Av and 148th St..........$100

PLOT begins 100 ft e of White Plains Road and 395 ft n of Morris Park Av, 95x105; Havemeyer Av, n w corner of Ludlow Av, 108x130; East Borough Improvement Co. to Addie A. Sullivan, 343 East 141st St. Jan. 29, (mtg $27,300;) attorney, M. J. Sullivan, Willis Av. and 148th St..........$100

WALES AV, n s, 105 ft s of 152d St, 36.8x99.6; Edward Robitzek to Gustavus Robitzek, 1,331 Franklin Av, Jan. 30. ½ part; attorney, Harry Robitzek, 160 Broadway..........$100

WALES AV, s w corner of 152d St, 105x39.6; Edward Robitzek to Gustavus Robitzek, 1,331 Franklin Av, ½ part, (mtg. $15,000,) Jan. 30; attorney, same..........$100

WEBSTER AV, w s, part of lot 141, map of Mount Hope, 75x157; Charles L. Kingsley, referee, to Jacob Freeman, 1,109 Forest Av, or 229 West 42d St., (mtg $9,000,) Jan. 29. $7,650

13TH ST, s s, Lot 321, map of Unionport, 100x216; James B. Crosby to Mary I. Whittemore, 185 Decatur St, Brooklyn, Jan. 20; attorney, E. F. O'Connor, 44 Court St, Brooklyn..........$225

152D ST, s s, 79.6 ft w of Wales Av, 40x105; Gustavus Robitzek to Edward Robitzek, 759 Beck St, Jan. 23, (mtg $15,000;) attorney, Harry Robitzek, 160 Broadway..........$100

152D ST, s s, 119.6 ft w of Wales Av, 40x105; Gustavus Robitzek to Edward Robitzek, 759 Beck St, Jan. 23, (mtg $15,000;) attorney, same..........$100

152D ST, s s, 39.6 ft w of Wales Av, 40x105; Edward Robitzek to Gustavus Robitzek, 1,331 Franklin Av, Jan. 30, (mtg $15,000;) attorney, same..........$100

160TH ST, 419-25 East, n s, 97x101; Tuchman Brothers Constn Co to Abraham Shapiro, 291 Henry St, (mtg $19,000,) Jan. 26; attorney, J. Greenfield, 302 Broadway..........$100

165TH ST, n e corner of Kelly St, 107.3x103.6; Gilbert D. B. Hasbrouck to Normal Construction Co., 661 Tinton Av., Jan. 9; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway..........$1

176TH ST, s w corner of Marmion Av, 62x100; Henry M. Stevenson, referee, to Ellen G. Madigan, 748 Fairmount Place, Jan. 31, (mtg $6,500;) attorney, Stephen J. Madigan, 748 Fairmount Place..........$2,980

217TH ST, s s, 230.3 ft of White Plains Road, 25x114.3; Esther Wilkins to John Wilkins, 611 West 168th St, Aug. 29, 1910, (mtg $550;) address, 611 West 168th St..........$100

RECORDED MORTGAGES.

With names and addresses of lender and lender's attorney. Interest is at 5 per cent. unless otherwise specified.

Manhattan.

AV C, 110, s e s, 48.9 ft n e of 7th St, 18x83; Annie Finger to Daniel Loudon, 831 Lafayette Av, Brooklyn, Jan. 16, due as per bond; attorney, Jos. Gans, 140 Nassau St..........$3,000

DIVISION ST, 269, s s, 21.10x42.5; Meyer Lefkonik to German Savings Bank, 157 4th Av, Jan. 31, 5 years; attorneys, Amend & A., 119 Nassau St..........$7,500

HAMILTON TERRACE, e s, 328.3 ft n of 141st St, 18.6x84.7; 163 West 93d Street Co. to Germania Life Insurance Co., 50 Union Square, Jan. 30, due as per bond; attorneys, Dulon & R., 41 Park Row..........$12,000

HILLSIDE ST, s s, Plot 136, map of 128 acres, part of Dyckman estate, 50x201.6x50x201.4; Edwin C. Reeve to James C. Gaffney, 1,146 Tiffany St, Jan. 30, 3 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, Arthur Knox, 198 Broadway..........$7,500

RIDGE ST, w s, 125 ft n of Stanton St, 25x100; Bessie Tucker to Moritz Faerber, 36 Avenue A, prior mtg $32,000, Jan. 25, due, &c., as per bond; attorneys, Faerber, Silberman & Co., 268 East Houston St..........$600

SHERMAN AV, n w cor 204th St, 100x100; Hensle Construction Co. to Max Marx, 419 Convent Av, Jan. 30, 3 years; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway..........$26,250

SHERMAN AV, n s, 100 ft w of 204th St, 3 lots, each 100x150; Hensle Construction Co. to Max Marx, 419 Convent Av, (3 mtgs, each $21,250,) Jan. 30, 3 years; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway..........$63,750

ST. NICHOLAS AV, e s, 75.9 ft s of 128th St, 25.2x101.4; John E. Pye to American Mortgage Co., 31 Nassau St, Jan. 31, 5 years; attorneys, Bowers & S., 31 Nassau St.$16,000

ST. NICHOLAS AV, e s, 50.6 ft s of 128th St, 25.3x97.8; John E. Pye to American Mortgage Co., 31 Nassau St, Jan. 31, 5 years; attorneys, Bowers & S., 31 Nassau St..$16,000

WASHINGTON ST, 303, e s, 32x69.11; Margaret McC. Topham and others to Walter M. Seward, 55 East 86th St, Dec. 27, 1911, prior mtg $18,000, due as per bond; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway..........$7,000

WEST END AV, 897, w s, 20x82; Emma J. Eagan to Hudson Mortgage Co., 135 Broadway, Jan. 31, prior mtg $17,000, 3 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway..........$5,000

1ST AV, 2,229, w s, 100.11 ft n of 114th St, 25x irregular; Giuseppe Alvino to Donato Nardone, 2,207 1st Av, prior mtg $14,000, Jan. 29, 4 years; attorney, V. D. Calenda, 176 Broadway..........$2,200

19TH ST, 21 West, n s, 25x92; Emblem Construction Co. to Manhattan Life Insurance Co., 66 Broadway, Jan. 30, due, &c., as per bond; attorneys, Holmes, R. & K., 66 Broadway..........$60,000

64TH ST, 119 and 123 West, 54x100.5; Gaylord W. Smith to William S. Patten, 235 West 75th St, Jan. 31, 3 years, 4½ p. c.; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway..........$80,000

72D ST, 164 to 168 West, 59x102.2; Brown Brothers, Inc., owners and builders, to Edw. A. Craighill, 423 West 118th St, Jan. 30, (mtg $385,000,) 2 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway..........$44,000

92D ST, 52 East, s s, 20x100.8; Elizabeth Ward to United States Trust Co., 45 Wall St, Jan. 31, 5 years 4½ p. c.; attorneys, Stewart & S., 45 Wall St..........$15,500

95TH ST, 70 West, s s, 20x100.8; John A. Clayton to James Egan, 333 West 34th St, Jan. 15, due Feb. 1, 1917, 4½ p. c.; attorney, Edgar Whitlock, 2 Rector St..........$15,000

113TH ST, s s, 254 ft e of Park Av, 42x100.10; Solomon Cohn to Alfred Blumenthal, 355 West 87th St, Jan. 31, (prior mtg $40,000,) instalments, 6 p. c.; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway..........$3,000

129TH ST, s s, 80 ft e of 8th Av, 19.8x80; Marie Namur to Isak Salinger, 2,152 7th Av, Jan. 27, prior mtg $11,500, 2 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, Benno Lewisson, 119 Nassau St..........$2,000

154TH ST, s s, 131.9 ft w of St. Nicholas Av, 20x99.11; Emblem Construction Co. to Manhattan Life Insurance Co., 66 Broadway, Jan. 30, due as per bond; attorneys, Holmes, R. & K., 66 Broadway..........$22,500

162D ST, n s, 357 ft e of Amsterdam Av, 18.6x112.6; William Volckhausen and another to Mary L. Du Bois, 600 West 146th St, Jan. 30, prior mtg $8,000, 2 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway..........$2,500

171ST ST, n s, 100 ft w of Audubon Av, 75x95; Placid Realty Co. to Sidney W. Hughes, Pelham Manor, N. Y., (prior mtg $65,000,) Jan. 21, 2 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway..........$5,000

Bronx.

ALEXANDER AV, n w corner of 132d St, 200x200; Isabella Realty Co. to North River Savings Bank, 31 West 34th St, Jan. 31, due as per bond; attorneys, Baylis & S., 37 Liberty St..........$85,000

BRACKEN AV, w s, 125 ft s of Jefferson Av, 25x100; Edenwald, Michael Leary to Elizabeth K. Dooling, 179 East 80th St, Jan. 12, 3 years, 5½ p. c.; attorneys, Knox & D., 68 William St..........$1,000

BRACKEN AV, w s, 350 ft s of Jefferson Av, 100x100; Ida Frank et al. to Henry Doll, 789 Dawson St, Jan. 30, 3 years, 6 p. c.; attorneys, Lewkowitz & Co., 73 Nassau St..........$1,000

FRANCHISES, leases, &c.; Twin City Ferry Co. to Knickerbocker Trust Co., trustee, 60 Broadway, Feb. 1, 1912, due Feb. 1, 1932, 6 p. c.; attorney, F. H. Weeks, 17 State St. $200,000

GLEASON AV, s s, part of Lot 293, map of Unionport; East Borough Improvement Co. to Addie A. Sullivan, 343 East 141st St, prior mtg $4,000, Jan. 29, due as per bond; attorney, M. J. Sullivan, Willis Av and 148th St. $1,000

GLEASON AV, s s, part of Lot 293, map of Unionport; East Borough Improvement Co. to Addie A. Sullivan, 343 East 141st St, Jan. 29, due as per bond: attorney, M. J. Sullivan, Willis Av and 148th St..........$600

HOME ST, s w corner of 169th St, 65.7x28; Daniel J. Houlihan to Charles H. Roe Estate Corpn., 391 East 149th St, Jan. 31, due as per bond; attorneys, Davies, A. C. & B., 34 Nassau St..........$12,000

HUGHES AV, e s, 55 ft s of 182d St, 39.11x100; Stafford Construction Co. to Catherine Reilly, 255 West 138th St, Jan. 31, 3 years; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway..........$27,000

KELLY ST, ne corner of 165th St, 107.3x100; Normal Construction Co. to Gilbert D. B. Hasbrouck, at Kingston, N. Y., Jan. 15, due Feb. 1, 1913; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway..........$21,000

LOTS 32 and 33, Parcel 19, map of sub-division of estate of William B. Ogden; Ariel Realty Co. to Anna E. Haas, 142 West 131st St, Jan. 29, due as per bond; attorneys, Miller & B., 55 Liberty St..........$6,000

SAME PROPERTY; same to Charles S. Bretzfelder, 317 West 83d St, Jan. 29, prior mtg $6,000, due as per bond; attorneys, same.. $4,000

LOT 30, Parcel 19, map of sub-division of estate of William B. Ogden; Ariel Realty Co. to Charles S. Bretzfelder, 317 West 83d St, Jan. 29, due as per bond; attorneys, Miller & B., 55 Liberty St..........$4,000

LOTS 17 and 19, Parcel 20, map of sub-division of estate of William B. Ogden; Bryan Conroy to Conroy Bros., Inc., Grantwood, N. J., Jan. 29, prior mtg $3,000, 1 year, 6 p. c.; attorney, Thomas H. Rothwell, 41 Park Row.. $2,000

POPHAM AV, n w corner of Montgomery Av, 61.1x30; J. & M. Cleland Bldg. Co. to Bernard Loth, 408 West 150th St, Jan. 31, due as per bond; attorneys, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway..........$2,000

PROSPECT AV, 2448, e s, 20x irreg; Charles J. Morrell to Mary Schaefer, 378 East 161st St., Jan. 30, 5 years; attorneys, Hays, H. & W., 115 Broadway..........$5,500

PROSPECT AV, 2448, e s, 20x irreg; Charles J. Morrell to Frederick Zumbuehl, 687 Courtlandt Av, (prior mtg $5,500,) Jan. 30, 1 year, 6 p. c.; attorneys, Kurz & Uren, 3025 3d Av..........$1,300

PROSPECT AV, w s, 300 ft n of 156th St, 50x122.4; 783 Prospect Avenue Co. to Placid Realty Co., 35 Nassau St, prior mtg $45,000, due Jan. 30, 1913, 6 p. c., July 26, 1911, attorney, John Katzman, 611 West 158th St. $2,700

VYSE AV, n e cor 180th St, 77.9x78.1x79.2x78; Arc Realty Co. to Edward S. Avery, 20 East 83d St, Jan. 24, due Sept. 1, 1915, 6 and 5 p. c.; attorney, E. S. Avery, 331 Madison Av..........$60,000

VYSE AV, e s, 77.9 ft n of 180th St, 43x121.2; Arc Realty Co. to E. S. Avery, 20 East 83d St, Jan. 24, due Sept. 1, 1915, 6 p. c.; address, 331 Madison Av..........$40,000

3D AV, 3367, w s, 29.6x160.7x29.4x166.1; Charles A. Edel to Francis Speir, 276 Ridgewood Road, South Orange, N. J., and another, trustee, Jan. 30, 3 years; attorneys, Speir & F., 52 Wall St..........$15,000

136TH ST, 591 East, 25x100; Karl Bauer to Charles Wolf, 2,260 Amsterdam Av, Jan. 31, prev. mtge. $12,000, 3 years, 6 p. c.; attorneys, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway..........$2,500

179TH ST, s s, 136 ft w of Prospect Av, 36x95; Ernst Keller to Therese Wolf, 981 Madison Av, Jan. 31, due as per bond; attorney, Albert Erdman, 35 Nassau St..$24,000

179TH ST, s s, 100 ft w of Prospect Av, 36x95; Ernst Keller to Babette Erdman, 1,215 Madison Av, Jan. 31, due as per bond; attorney, A. Erdman, 35 Nassau St..........$24,000

180TH ST, n s, 78 ft e of Vyse Av, 43x79.11; Arc Realty Co. to E. S. Avery, 20 East 83d St, Jan. 24, due Sept. 1, 1915, 6 p. c.; address, 331 Madison Av..........$30,000

RECORDED LEASES.

With name and address of lessee.

LINCOLN AV, 141, store; estate of George Shepherd to Henry Halpker, 160 West 141st St, 5 years from Feb. 1, 1912; attorney, Edward M. Burghard, 135 Broadway..........$600

NASSAU ST, 75 and 77, w s, all; Cornelius F. Kingsland to Benjamin S. Goldsmith et al., 515 West 110th St, 21 years from May 1, 1912; attorneys, Bloomberg & B., 5 Beekman St. $12,000

ST. NICHOLAS AV, 903, store; Otto H. Schlobohm and another to Jacob Sarfaty & Son, 103 East 123d St, 5 years from May 1, 1911; attorney, E. E. Thomas, 1,929 Amsterdam Av..........$600

WASHINGTON AV, 1,301, all; Max Katz and another to Isaac Peskin, 136 East 112th St, 3 years from Oct. 1, 1911; attorney, Abraham Cohen, 132 Nassau St..........$5,200

3D AV, 2,125, store, &c.; Frieda Oehl to Frederick Oehl, 615 Fairview Av, Ridgewood Heights, N. Y., 5 years from Feb. 1, 1912; attorney, Bernheimer & S. P. Brew. Co., 128th St and Amsterdam Av..........$4,500

6TH AV, 457, store and basement; William S. Weiss to Morris Moscovitz, 28 West 112th St, 5 years from May 1, 1912; address, 451 6th Av..........$4,000

8TH AV, 2,800, store and basement; Michael Scanlon to Edward Noonan, 2,165 5th Av, 5 years from Jan. 1; attorney, P. Boyle, 2,800 8th Av..........$720 and $840

9TH AV, s e s, at s w s of 29th St, 18.9x70, all; Society of the New York Hospital to Josef H. Glattstein, 1,585 3d Av, 21 years from Dec. 1, 1911; attorney, M. Strassman, 853 Broadway..........$750

9TH AV, 630-632, store and basement; Anna H. J. Taylor, guardian, to Nathan Marks, 357 West 44th St, 3 years from Jan. 1, 1912; address, 630 9th Av..........$2,640

37TH ST, n s, 191.2 ft e of 5th Av, 53.9x98.9, all; Elizabeth M. Anderson to 9 East 37th St Co., 9 East 37th St, 21 years from Feb. 1, 1912; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway..........$17,500

Mechanics' Liens.

CLINTON AV, w s, 264 ft n of 181st St, 112x100; Electrical Contractor against P. J. Bonelli, Gaetano Zingales & Zingales Construction Co., owners; G. Zingales Co., owner and contractor..........$750

DIVISION ST, 85; Max Wexler against Henry Newman, owner; Israel or Isaac Schwartz, contractor..........$70

HENRY ST, 184; Davis Gold against Congregation Zem Zedek Misch Hoari, owner; Max Alen, contractor..........$50

SETON AV, w s, 325 ft s of Randall Av, 75x100; Graff Furnace Co. against Seton Construction Co., owner and contractor..$73

VERMILYEA AV, s s, 100 ft w of Isham St, 150x104; Port Morris Roofing Co. against Allen Construction Co., owner and contractor..........$300

3D AV, 4,002 and 4,004; Benjamin Gordon against Charles Strauss, owner; S. H. Raphael Co., contractor..........$1,143

SAME PROPERTY; Morris Drazen against Charles Strauss, owner; Benjamin Gordon, contractor..........$213

223D ST, n s, — ft e of old line of White Plains Road, 100x114; Title Guarantee and Trust Co. against Morris Improvement Co., owner and contractor..........$36

SATISFIED MECHANICS' LIENS.

CROTONA AV, e s, 150 ft n of 183d St; Herringbone Metal Lath Co. against Furrer Construction Co. and others, May 5, 1911.....$53

LENOX AV, 233; Cyril O. Alberga against Catharine M. Burnham and others, Aug. 2, 1911..........$113

TINDALL AV, e s, 45 ft s of 259th St; John Zambetti against Owen E. Kelly and others, Nov. 18, 1911..........$588

WEST END AV, 600; John H. Boynton against West End Construction Co. and others, Dec. 18, 1911, (by bond)..........$725

3D AV, 4,000; Edward Koscherak against S. H. Raphael Co. and others, Dec. 6, 1911.....$10

30TH ST, 139 and 141 East; Otis Elevator Co. against L. A. Phillips and others, July 1, 1911..........$625

30TH ST, 139 and 141 East; Charles M. Gray Marble and Slate Co. against Louise A. Phillips and others, May 26, 1911.....$773

42D ST, 23 West; A. B. See Electric Elevator Co. against Eleanor L. Hoffman and others, Feb. 1, 1911..........$900

44TH ST, 155 West; Orlando F. Battaglia against May Irwin and others, Aug. 1, 1911..........$567

53D ST, 5 and 7 East; Dahlstrom Metallic Door Co. against William S. Pyle and others, Jan. 29, 1912..........$466

58TH ST, 31 West; Moran Brothers Co. against Alice B. Nicoll and others, Nov. 1, 1911, (by bond)..........$85

116TH ST, 207 East; David Harrison against Beatrice S. Loughran and others, Dec. 29, 1911..........$31

LIS PENDENS.

BROADWAY, 535; City of New York against Moses A. Frank, (notice of levy;) attorney, A. R. Watson.

HOFFMAN ST, s w corner of 189th St, 30x89.11; Anna Albert against Meyer Markowitz et al., (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, W. H. Giegerich.

NORTHERN AV, n e corner of 179th St, 100x100; Marjorie Doll against R. H. M. Realty Co. et al., (amended foreclosure of mortgage;) attorneys, Weschler & Rothschild.

PRINCE ST, n corner of Wooster St, 40x71.3; Wooster St, 133; Emma Moss et al. against Mamie Landauer et al., (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorneys, Weed, Henry & Meyers.

RIVINGTON ST, 337; 111th St, 57 to 9 East; State Bank against Abraham Rothstein et al., (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, W. T. Kohn.

VALENTINE AV, n e corner of 201st St, 100x100; Mary L. Elmer against Monroe J. Keith et al., (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, H. Swain.

VILLA AV, e s, 585.3 ft n of Southern Boulevard, 25x82.5: People of the Stat of New York against Battista Tucci, (notice of levy;) attorney, C. S. Whitman.

3D AV, 3,233; James T. Byrne against Helen F. Sheehan et al., (action to foreclose mechanic's lien;) attorney, A. Zimmermann.

5TH AV, 349 to 353; Henry Jones et al. against Jacob Holzman et al., (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, I. J. Danziger.

9TH AV, s e corner of 23d St, 74x29; Isidor H. Kempner et al. against John Shady et al., (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorneys, Arnstein, Levy & Pfeiffer.

48TH ST, 137 to 145 West; Charles A. Rich against New Netherlands Theatre Co. et al., (action to foreclose mechanic's lien;) attorney, W. B. Safford.

62D ST, n s, 225 ft e of 10th Av, 25x100.4; Franklin Savings Bank in the City of New York against Peter B. Haggerty et al., (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, W. M. Powell.

111TH ST, 63 to 67 East; Walter M. Keck against Abraham Rothstein et al., (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorneys, Greevey & Rogers.

131ST ST, n s, 100 ft w of Boulevard, 50x99.11; Harlem Savings Bank against Adam S. Sands et al., (amended foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, E. S. Clinch.

138TH ST, s s, between Brook and St. Ann's Avs, Lot 39; Bessie Ronginsky against Barbara Boehm et al., (foreclosure of transfer of tax lien;) attorney, J. Haberman.

138TH ST, 536 East; Hirlander Mann against Charles J. W. Boehm et al., (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, G. A. Steinmuller.

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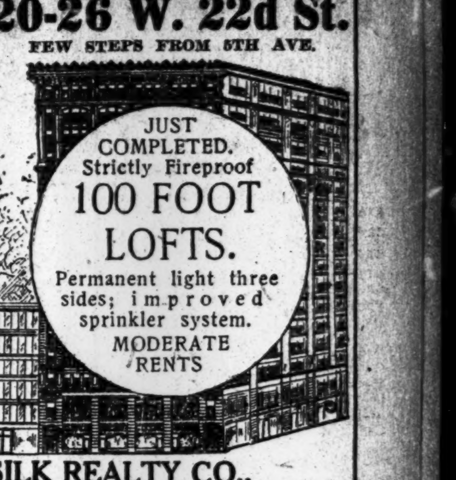

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TO-DAY'S COURT CALENDARS.

FEDERAL.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT—Martin, J. Jury calendar. 49—Liquidation & Realization Co v. Whitcomb. 50—U S v. Jenning. 51—U S v. Psaki Bros. 52—Snydacker v. Rosenblum. 53—West Rupert L Co v. E B Estes & Sons. 54—U S v. Gunnison. 55—Fell v. Cunard S S. 56—U S v. Gunnison. 57—Scofield v. Conn Co. 58—Potter v. Troy.

STATE.

SUPREME COURT—Appellate Division—Ingraham, McLaughlin, Laughlin, Clark, and Miller, JJ. Enumerated motions. 427—Asphalt Pav & Const Co v. City N Y. 428—Blaustein v. Blaustein. 429—Pettit v. Pettit. 431—Picrano v. Elliott. 433—City N Y v. Warren Scharf Asphalt Pav Co. 434—Asphalt Pav Co v. City N Y. 437—Weaver v. Weaver. 440—Bokar v. H Koehler Co. 442—Jacocks v. Morrison. 443—Kridel v. Bloomingdale. 444—Equitable Trust Co v. Moss. 446—People v. Levine. 447—Levy v. Engle.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part I., Gerard, J. Litigated motions. 1, 2, 3—Anderson v. Lisman. 4, 5, 6—Trattlor v. same. 7—Boteler v. Frank. 8—Schoenmann v. Lousser. 9—State Bank v. Cohen. 10—Moskowitz v. Prendergast. 11, 12, 13—Fallon v. Sheils. 14—Geiger v. Waldo. 15—Leahey v. Edwards. 16—Manley v. same. 17—Simon v. Bogart. 18—O'Kleinski v. Am Steel Frame &c Co. 19—Hall v. Hall. 20—Bowery Sav Bk v. St Gallen Mfg Co. 21—Dwelle v. Allen. 22—Fuerst v. Maxwell. 23—Foye-Fox Co v. Ferguson. 24—Hirsch Lumber Co v. Cohen. 25—Finck v. Mayper. 26—Clements v. Clements. 27—Carver v. Merston. 28—In re Meyer. 29—Wiener v. Home Title Ins Co. 30—Diamond v. Melton. 31—Tiedeman v. Union Transfer &c Co. 32—Binnie v. Leone. 33—Pikulin v. Davis. 34—Weinberg v. Weinberg. 35—Thompson v. Mattniason. 36—Virginia-Carolina Chem Co v. Lippmann. 37—Keiser v. Kaiser & Co. 38—Dwyer v. City of N. Y. 39—Muller v. Baum. 40—Madison Real Property &c Co v. Hutton. 41—Stock v. Redfield Co. 42—Lemly v. Keech. 43—Ellero v. Baggetto 44—Kelly v. Miller. 45—Larney v. Larney. 46—Raymond v. Weinstein. 47—Lawyers Title Ins &c Co v. Marx. 48—Heyman v. Lilienthal. 49—Morris v. Thomas. 50—Rohde v. City of N Y. 51—Husing v. Struener. 52—Kassell v. Jedell. 53—Welt v. Met Life Ins Co. 54—Morse v. Kelsey. 55—McEvoy v. Linch. 56—South American Co v. Chelsea Const Co. 57—Same v. same. 58—Same v. same. 59—Junge v. N Y, N H & H R R Co. 60—City of N Y v. Sass Cal Realty & Const Co. 61—Same v. Mahoney. 62—Raichek v. Raichek. 63—Didier v. Clark. 64—Weaver v. Weaver. 65—Pfizer v. Wasserman. 66—Robert v. Roberts. 67—Friermuth v. Freiermuth. 68—People v. Sweeney. 69—British Aluminium Co v. U S McAdamite Metal Co. 70—Donahue v. Melvin Stable Co. 71—Fruit Auction Co v. Saitta. 72—Lockwood v. Great Western Ins Co. 73—Caufal v. Cunley. 74—Diefenthaler v. Ohrbach. 75—McEachen v. Schreiner. 76—Bromberg v Longfellow Realty Corp. 77—People ex rel. Barling Board of Education. 78—Saukus v. Realty State of Linden. 79—Warner v. Nelson. 80—Finger v. Kufferman. 81—Brown v. Cong Meshkan Tefila. 82—Smith v. Rubel. 83—Riley & Brice Realty Co v. Nichols. 84—In re Carnegie Safe Deposit Co. 85—Scott & Fowler Co v. Wright. 86—People v. Watson. 87—Kinsman v. Kinsman. 88—Schnelttlacher v. Lichtenfeld. 89—Kottek v. De Witt. 90—Rizzio v. Screlzo. 91—In re Carnegie Trust Co. 92—Harris v. Harris. 93—Tapping v. Prendergast. 94—Moos v. Wadsworth Arms Co.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part II.—Lehman, J. Ex-parte business.

SURROGATE'S COURT—Chambers. Frank, S. Estate, Mary F. Cahill. Wills for probate, William M. McNabb, Augustin F. Diaz, Augustin Poff, Catherine Cooper, Dorothea Diehl, Gaston H. Walmey, Magdalena Arnold, Carrie L. Kuffer.

Referees Appointed—New York.

SUPREME COURT—Gerard, J. Hagan v. Hagan—Thomas H. Baskerville.

SUPREME COURT—Greenbaum, J. Auerbeck v. Ellott—Joseph J. Carn.

SUPREME COURT—Lehman, J. Groh v. American Realty Co.—Albert R. Lesinsky. Condit v. American Realty Co.—Albert R. Lesinsky.

SUPREME COURT—Ford, J. Audubon Mortgage Co. v. Leichtag—Joseph N. Tuttle. Levy v. Leichtag (2)—Joseph N. Tuttle.

SUPREME COURT—Gerard, J. In re Siefke—Henry M. Earle. Sampson v. Foscalier—Matthew A. Henkel. In re Mankowski—Adam Wiener. Weil v. Hinchman—George F. Poesch. Honerkamp v. Taner—Denis O'L. Cohalan.

Receivers Appointed—New York.

SUPREME COURT—Greenbaum, J. Auerbeck v. Elliott—Lester J. Saul.

SUPREME COURT—Lehman, J. Herman Brona v. Mollie Reiser—Jacob Katz. Presbyterian Hospital v. Elias Goodman—Louis Ross. Marjorie Doll v. R. H. M. Realty Co.—Jacob Katz. Mary L. Elmer v. Monroe J. Keith—Henry W. Kreykenbohn. Anna Albert v. Meyer Moskowitz—Richard H. Murphy. State Bank v. Abraham Rothstein—Gustavus A. Rogers. Realty Federation of N. Y. v. John C. Dandolph—John Loscarn. Walter M. Keck v. Abraham Rothstein—Isidor Niner.

SUPREME COURT—Gerard, J. John Hayes v. Charles Hayes—Thomas D. McCarthy.

CITY COURT—La Fetra, J. Abraham Packer v. Joe Stein—Joseph D. Kelly. Joseph F. Garrin v. Vincent L. Larkin—John W. Callopy.

Brooklyn Calendars.

SUPREME COURT—Appellate Division—Jenks, P. J.; Hirschberg, Burr, Woodward, Rich, JJ. Enumerated day calendar. 182—Seaman v. Cocks. 122—Friege v. Alabama R R. 159—Ware v. Hicks. 135—Anderson v. Knobloch. 185—Lemon v. B H R R. 186—Bannon v. City of New York. 187—Hoffman v. Bonert. 188—Victory v. Spooner. 180—Farnham v. Clark. 191—Hunter v. City of New York. 192—Hogg v. Lindridge. 193—Silverblatt v. Brooklyn T & M Co.

SUPREME COURT — Trial Term — Part I., Crane, J.; Part II., Benedict, J.; Part III., Jaycox, J.; Part IV., Aspinall, J.; Part V., Blackmar, J.; Part VII., Clark, J. 3203—Kennedy v. Nassau R R. 3240—Cohen v. Lakow. 3242—Silverstein v. Danher and another. 3244—Pomeranz v. Silberberg. 3245—Gilotti v. Nassau R R. 3247—King v. same. 3189, 3190—Johnson v. Brooklyn Union Gas Co. 3256, 3257, 3351—Pepis v. Nassau R R. 3258—Jurstie v. N Y & Cuba Mail S S Co. 2659—Powers v. Kaatze. 3269—Kavanaugh v. Central R R of N J. 3274—Mattos v. Felgenhauer. 3280—Strear v. City of N Y. 3285—Pockrass v. National Showcase Co. 2764—Meyers v. Nassau R R. 3289—Litwin v. Brooklyn El R R. 3296—Hasler v. City of N Y. 3300—Riley v. N Y Telephone Co. 3301—Wenger v. Dugan. 3302—Blumenstock v. Nassau R R et al. 3303—Nilsen v. N Y Telephone Co. 3304—Fischer v. Weidenfeld. 3305, 3306—Marbach v. Schrader Sons. 3308—Markey v. Brandau and another. 3309—Gunderson v. N Y Telephone Co. 3315—Pyne v. Rawolle. 3316—Reidy v. Ormond. 3318—Pederson v. City of N Y. 3320, 3321—Batterman v. Kessler. 3323—Drescher v. Jordan et al. 3325, 3326—Watzelham v. City of N Y et al.

The following causes, if marked ready, will be passed for the day; no cause will be set down for a day upon this call: 3327—Lafferty v. City of N Y et al. 3328—Valle v. Holland Laundry. 3331—Raines v. Nassau R R. 3332—Johnson v. same. 3334—Youk v. same. 2310—Bennett v. Austro-Americana S S Co. 3089—McDonald v. City of N Y. 5986—Becker v. Colonial Life Ins Co. 663—Popkin v. Brand. 1782—Brown v. Rush, Jr. 1618—Lahey v. Plate. 2560—Whipple v. Adelphi Silver Co. 1787—Crook v. Nicholas. 2749—Feldman v. Schaeffer. 2478—Conroy v. Cranford Co. 938—Lauder v. Coney Is & Bklyn R R. 549—Funsch v. Johnson. 3335—Tosto v. B H R R. 3337—Smith v. same. 3338—Shaw v. same. 3342—Sparaci v. Nassau R R. 3343—Barone v. B H R R. 3344—Bergantz v. same. 3345—Jackson v. Nassau R R. 3346—Manganaro v. same. 3347—Leach v. B H R R. 3348—Springer v. Nassau R R. 3349—Sackman v. B H R R. 3350—Wise v. South Bklyn R R. 3352—Bohn v. Werthman. 3356—Katske v. Rosenson. 2962—Culmer v. Bklyn Union Gas Co. 3357, 3358—Tillman v. Nassau R R. 3360—Maguire v. Murphy et al. 3362—Grady v. Reimer, Jr. 3363—Dellano v. Nassau R R. 3364—Christman v. Zeidler. Highest number reached on regular call, 3364.

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used exclusively in all four dining rooms (both American and European plans) is most satisfactory.

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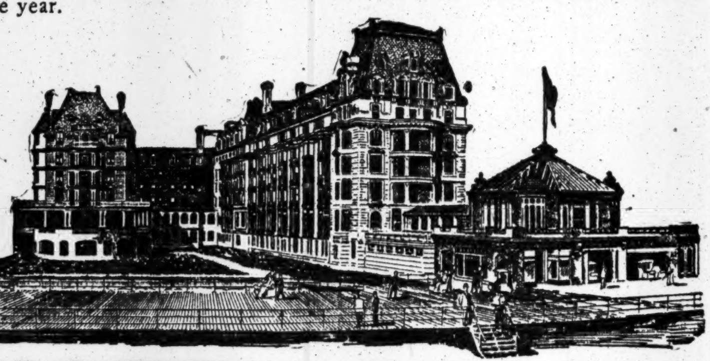

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Bermuda's largest and finest hotel. Stone and concrete—fireproof. Overlooking town and harbor. All improvements. The Hamilton is an independent hotel, catering impartially to the passengers of the 3 steamship lines.

Hamilton Hotel—Bermuda
Wm. A. Barron, Mgr., N. Y. Off. 389 5th Ave.

VIRGINIA.

HOTEL CHAMBERLIN
Old Point Comfort
DESCRIPTIVE BOOKLETS AT Chamberlin Office, No. 1122 Broadway. Phone 1872 Madison. ASK Mr. Foster, Flatiron Building, Raymond & Whitcomb Co., No. 225 5th Av. All Cook's Tourist Offices, World Tourist Bureau, Park Row & Frankfort St., or address Geo. F. Adams, Mgr., Fortress Monroe, Va.

WASHINGTON, D. C.

Where to Stop in Washington, D. C.
Take street car at Union Station and go direct to 17th and H Streets,
HOTEL RICHMOND.
Fine location, just around the corner from White House. European plan, $1.50 upw., $2.50 upw. with bath. American plan, $3 upw., $4 upw. with bath. Club breakfasts and Table d'Hote meals. Restaurant a la carte. Souvenir booklet with map.
CLIFFORD M. LEWIS, Prop.

THE GRAFTON
WASHINGTON, D. C.
BEST LOCATION
Connecticut Avenue and De Sales Street.
Modern American Plan Hotel of Highest Standard. $3.00 per day upward.
HARRINGTON MILLS. Proprietor.

CANADA.

MARDI GRAS—Feb. 16-21.
Special Rates from New York.
CHATEAU FRONTENAC,
QUEBEC.
All Winter Sports. Healthy Climate. Booklets, 281 5th Av., 458 Broadway, Town & Country, 389 5th Av.

HOTEL CHELSEA
Atlantic City, N. J.
Occupying an entire block of ocean front, with no obstruction to the view; in the fashionable residence section offers the highest standard of hotel excellence in appointments, cuisine, and service; 300 luxuriously furnished bedchambers and suites have private baths (fresh and sea water) attached. Large solarium and dining hall overlooking the ocean and boardwalk. High-class orchestra. Billiards, café, grill, etc. French chefs. Golf privileges. Autos meet trains. Booklet and terms upon request. Open all the year.
J. B. THOMPSON & CO.

Reservations now being made for Lincoln's and Washington's Birthday.
HOTEL RUDOLF
Ocean front; every appointment for comfort and luxury; sea water in all baths; no charge for use of baths. A. S. RUKEYSER, Mgr. JOEL HILLMAN, Pres. N. Y. office, Hotel Martinique.

THE WILTSHIRE Virginia Av. and beach. Ocean view. Greatly improved and refurnished. Cap. 350. Private baths, running water in rooms; elevator, &c. Music. Special—$12.50 up weekly; $2.50 up daily. Open all year. Booklet. SAMUEL H. ELLIS.

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CALIFORNIA
And the Grand Canyon
THROUGH CARS—NO CHANGE
Feb. 6, 15, 27, also in March.
Stopping at these Hotels: The Glenwood, Hotel del Coronado, Hotel Green, The Potter, Hotel del Monte, Hotel Vendome, The Fairmont, Etc., Etc.
Florida Feb. 2, 9, 16, 23, and in March
Mexico Feb. 15. Stopover in New Orleans, Mardi Gras.
Which Tour interests you? Booklets Ready.
RAYMOND & WHITCOMB CO.
225 Fifth Ave. (27th St.) Telephone 6270 Mad.

CLARK'S CRUISE of the "ARABIC"
16,000 Tons, one of the Finest, Largest and Steadiest Steamers in the World.
TO THE **Mediterranean** AND THE **Orient**
14th Grand Annual Cruise, February 8 to April 19, 71 days costing only $400 and up.
First-class, including Shore Excursions, Guides, Fees, Hotels, Drives, etc. The most attractive trip leaving the U. S. this Winter. Special Features—Madeira, Cadiz, Seville, Algiers, Malta, Athens, Constantinople, 19 Days in Egypt and the Holy Land! Rome, Riviera, etc.
Tickets good to stop over in Europe.
FRANK C. CLARK, Times Bldg., New York.

All Expenses, "Invisible Courier System"
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Grand Canyon, Colorado Rockies, $227.00, including Pullman-Hotel accommodation.
TOURS AND TICKETS EVERYWHERE.
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Raymond & Whitcomb Co. 225 Fifth Ave.

King George's Tiger Hunt

Remarkable and vivid photographs taken during the English Monarch's hunting trip in India will be printed on fine paper in The Pictorial Section of

Next Sunday's Times

TRAVELERS' GUIDE—STEAMSHIPS.

HAMBURG-AMERICAN

LARGEST STEAMSHIP COMPANY IN THE WORLD.

OVER 400 SHIPS 1,210,000 TONS

H. A. P. A. G.

Atlantic Service
TO
London-Paris-Hamburg
PRES. LINCOLN..Feb. 8, 10 AM
GRAF WALDERSEE.Feb.10,2PM
PRES. GRANT...Feb. 22, 11 AM
*PENNSYLVANIA.Feb. 29, 3 PM
*Hamburg direct. 2nd cabin only.

MEDITERRANEAN SERVICE
TO
GIBRALTAR, ALGIERS, NAPLES, GENOA
S. S. HAMBURG..Feb. 20, 10 AM

ITALY and EGYPT
Special Trip | KAISERIN AUGUSTE VICTORIA Sailing Feb. 14, 1912
Cost $115 and up. | $165 and up.

CRUISES
(The Hamburg-American Line originated Ocean Cruising 22 years ago.)

WEST INDIES CRUISES
By the Twin-Screw Steamers
VICTORIA LUISE (16,500 Tons.)
Sailing Feb. 7, March 7
26 DAYS | $175 and up.
MOLTKE, Feb. 24
28 DAYS | $150 and up.
MAR. 26 16 DAYS. $85 and UP

TWO IDEAL CRUISES
Around the World
Nov. 12, 1912 (From New York) | Feb. 27, 1913 (From San Francisco)
By the VICTORIA LUISE (16,500 Tons.)
DURATION EACH CRUISE 110 DAYS | COST $650 up
including all necessary expenses aboard and ashore.

JAMAICA AND THE PANAMA CANAL
CUBA, HAYTI, COLOMBIA, COSTA RICA.
—WEEKLY SAILINGS BY—
"Prinz" Steamers (5,000 Tons)
TO Panama $75 ROUND TRIP $142.50
25-DAY CRUISES, $140
Allowing 2 to 3 days on Isthmus. Optional Shore Excursion.

Send for Illustrated Booklet giving detailed information of any cruise.
Hamburg-American LINE
41-45 BROADWAY, N. Y.
Phone 1900 Rector.

MARDI GRAS
America's Quaintest
CARNIVAL
New Orleans
February 19-20
Southern Pacific
Offers A Delightful Prelude by Trip on
S. S. "MOMUS"
10,600 Tons
From NEW YORK . . Feb. 14th
Arrive NEW ORLEANS . Feb. 19th
Round Trip Fare $70.00
Including Berth and Meals
Privilege Remaining on Ship while in New Orleans $15.00 Additional
Send for Interesting Books
366 Broadway at Franklin St.
1158 Broadway at 27th St.
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MOST BEAUTIFUL SPOT IN THE WORLD.
Every outdoor recreation. Excellent sea bathing, fishing, boating, tennis, golf, cycling, &c.
Avoid Seasickness by Travelling on
THE MAGNIFICENT, FAST, TWIN-SCREW
Transatlantic Liner "OCEANA"
14,000 Tons; 535 Feet Long.
Largest, Fastest, and Finest Steamer to Bermuda. Carries Only First-class Passengers.
No Cattle or Freight Carried on the "Oceana."
FIRST-CLASS ROUND TRIP, including stateroom berth & meals, Best Cuisine on the Atlantic. $15 UP
Electric Fans in every room; Steam heated when necessary. Orchestra, Promenade Dances, Gymnasium, Wireless Submarine Safety Signals, Staterooms with Brass Beds, Suites with Private Baths. Finest Promenade Deck in the World. Only Steamer Landing Passengers at Hamilton or St. George's. "Oceana's" passengers obtain best choice of hotel accommodations on arrival at Bermuda.
TOURS Including Shore Excursions, Hotels, &c., at Lowest Rates. Beautiful Booklet, Itinerary, Tickets, etc., of Bermuda-Atlantic Line. 290 B'way, N. Y.

TRAVELERS' GUIDE—STEAMBOATS.

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(Splendid Steamers—Splendid Service)
At your service—
—There's a valet aboard each Fall River Line steamer.
Lv. New York, Pier 19, N. R., ft. of Warren St., 5 P. M. Arrive Boston 7 A. M. or 8 A. M.
Fare to Boston $3
City Ticket Office—171 B'way—Phone 5121 Cort.

JOY LINE $2.40 BOSTON VIA BOAT & RAIL.
Providence Direct, $1.50 | Worcester, $2.40
Daily, including Sunday, 5:30 P. M.
From Pier 19, East River.
New Management. Improved Service.
City Ticket Office, 290 Broadway, N. Y.

TRAVELERS' GUIDE—STEAMSHIPS. TRAVELERS' GUIDE—STEAMSHIPS.

INTERNATIONAL MERCANTILE MARINE LINES
ALL OUR STEAMERS HAVE WIRELESS TELEGRAPH AND SUBMARINE SIGNALS

THE LARGEST AND FINEST STEAMERS IN THE WORLD
New 45,000 Tons Each **OLYMPIC** **TITANIC** Sail from NEW YORK **FEB. 21** 12 Noon Also March 16, April 6 **APRIL 20**

Celtic . . Feb. 1, 12:00 Noon
New York . Feb. 3, 9:30 A. M.

AMERICAN Pier 62, N. R. 9:30 A. M.
Plymouth—Cherbourg—Southampton
New York.......Feb. 3 | St. Louis........Feb. 17
†Oceanic...Feb. 10, noon | Philadelphia.....Feb. 24
†White Star Line Steamer, Pier 59.

ATLANTIC TRANSPORT
New York—London Direct, Pier 58, N. R.
Minneapolis..Feb. 10, 10 AM | Minnehaha...Feb. 24
Minnetonka..Feb. 17, 10 AM | Minnewaska..Mar. 2

RED STAR Pier 61, N. R. 10 A. M.
London, Paris via Dover—Antwerp
Finland.........Feb. 7 | Zeeland..........Feb. 21
Vaderland.......Feb. 14 | Lapland (new)Feb. 24

WHITE STAR Pier 59 & 60, N. R.
Plymouth—Cherbourg—Southampton
*New York.Feb. 3, 9:30 AM | *St. Louis......Feb. 17
Oceanic....Feb. 10, noon | Olympic (new)...Feb. 21
*American Line Steamer, Pier 62.
New York—Queenstown—Liverpool
Celtic......Feb. 1, noon | Celtic...........Feb. 29
Baltic.....Feb. 15, noon | Baltic...........Mar. 14

Finland . . Feb. 7, 10:00 A. M.
Oceanic . . Feb. 10, 12:00 noon

WHITE STAR CRUISES
S.S. Laurentic 31 Days Cruise West Indies PANAMA CANAL South America
From New York, FEB. 24, 9 A. M., $150 Upwards.

TO THE
RIVIERA—ITALY—EGYPT
Azores, Madeira, Gibraltar, Algiers, Villefranche, Genoa, Naples, Alexandria
"ADRIATIC" ☆ "CEDRIC"
The Largest British Mediterranean Steamers
Feb. 21—Mar. 6
ALSO
"CANOPIC" Feb. 5 and Mar. 16

PASSENGER DEPARTMENT, 9 BROADWAY, NEW YORK

CUNARD LINES
Fastest, Finest, Largest Quadruple-Screw Turbine Steamships in the World
LUSITANIA FEB. 28, 1 A. M. MAR. 20, 1 A.M. MAURETANIA MAR. 13, 1 A. M. APR. 3, 1 A. M.
*PANNONIA Feb. 10, 3 P. M. CAMPANIA FEB. 14, 10 AM. MAR. 6, 1 AM. MAR. 27, 1 AM. APR. 17, 1 AM.
*Liverpool only.
Commencing February 28th, the "Lusitania," "Mauretania," and "Campania" will sail from New York at 1 A. M. Wednesdays, subject to the discretion of the Commander, instead of 9 A. M. Passengers served cold buffet supper between 9 P. M. and midnight Tuesday.
LIVERPOOL, LONDON, PARIS, BERLIN, VIENNA
VIA QUEENSTOWN AND FISHGUARD.
Mauretania and Lusitania do not stop at Queenstown, east-bound
CRUISES to EGYPT
CALLING AT MADEIRA, GIBRALTAR, ALGIERS, VILLEFRANCHE or GENOA, NAPLES, TRIESTE, FIUME, ALEXANDRIA
Write for itinerary. Sailing hour noon.
a LACONIA....Feb. 3 b CARMANIA...Mar. 2
b CARONIA....Feb. 20 c IVERNIA.....Mar. 28
a—Omits Trieste. b—Omits Trieste and Fiume. c—Omits Algiers and Alexandria. A la carte service without extra charge. Stopovers permitted.
Special through rates to Egypt, Far East, South Africa, and South America.
PIERS FOOT W. 14TH ST., NORTH RIVER. OFFICES 24 STATE ST., OPPOSITE BATTERY.

North German Lloyd
Prinz Friedrich Wilhelm, Tues., Feb. 6
KRONPRINZ WILHELM, - TUESDAY, FEB. 13
GEORGE WASHINGTON, SATURDAY, FEB. 24
LONDON—PARIS—BREMEN
SPECIAL SAILINGS OF THE PRINZESS IRENE
FEB. 10 AND MARCH 16
For Madeira, Gibraltar, Algiers, Naples, Genoa
Connections from Genoa or Naples for EGYPT, INDIA, CHINA, JAPAN, AUSTRALIA and the PHILIPPINES by North German Lloyd Imperial Mail Steamers.
Cruise to Black Sea and Caucasus, from Genoa April 28 to May 29—$200 up.
Cruise to Polar Regions from Bremen, July 18 to August 15—$125 up.
INDEPENDENT AROUND THE WORLD TOURS, $618.
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Go This Winter to **Havana**
Cuba's capital and chief city is a place every American should see. The hotels are the best and offer a wide choice. Our 10-day cruise from New York gives you six days' ocean voyage and four days ashore. Sailings every Thursday and Saturday.
Write for descriptive booklets.
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UNITED FRUIT COMPANY STEAMSHIP SERVICE
New Magnificent Passenger and Freight Steamers sail every Wednesday and Saturday, 12 noon, Pier 16, East River (foot of Fulton St.)
JAMAICA—PANAMA—COLOMBIA.
Sailings every Wednesday at 12 noon.
JAMAICA—PANAMA—COSTA RICA.
Sailings every Saturday at 12 noon.
Connecting at Port Limon, Costa Rica, for San Jose and intermediate points on the Northern Railway; also at Colon for Panama City and West Coast ports of Central America, Mexico and South America.
17 BATTERY PLACE, N. Y. Tel. 1025 Rector.
Additional weekly sailings from Boston, Philadelphia, Baltimore, New Orleans. 22

FRENCH LINE
Compagnie Generale Transatlantique
Direct Line to Havre—Paris (France.)
Sailing Every Thursday, 10 A. M.
From Pier 57, North River, foot West 15th St.
*La Lorraine.....Feb. 1 | *Espagne.........Feb. 22
*La Touraine.....Feb. 8 | *La Touraine.....Feb. 29
*La Provence.....Feb. 15 | *La Savoie.....March 7
*Twin Screw Steamers.
SPECIAL SATURDAY SAILING 3 P. M.
One-class Cabin (II) and Third-class Passengers Only.
†ROCHAMBEAU (New)..........................Feb. 3
†Quadruple Screw Steamer.
General Agency, 19 State St., N. Y.

ARGENTINE
LAMPORT & HOLT LINE
—and All Brazilian Ports—
By the Large, New and Fast Passenger Steamers of the
LAMPORT & HOLT LINE
Sailing from New York 5th and 20th of each month.
17 DAYS TO RIO JANEIRO
23 DAYS TO BUENOS AYRES
For rates, etc., apply local ticket Agents, or
BUSK & DANIELS, General Agents
301 Produce Exchange, New York

RUSSIAN - AMERICA LINE
ROTTERDAM—LONDON
PARIS—BERLIN
VIENNA—LIBAU
St. Petersburg—Moscow
SUMMER SAILINGS
Russia (new) May 18
Czar (maiden trip) June 1
Kursk (new) June 15
Russia (new) June 29
Regular Fortnightly Service
New, Fast Twin-Screw Passenger Steamers
Kursk Feb. 10
Lituania Feb. 24
Birma March 9
FIRST CABIN $65 up
SECOND CABIN $45 up
A. E. JOHNSON & CO., Gen. Pass. Agt., 27 B'way, N.Y.

OLD DOMINION LINE
DAILY SERVICE.
For Old Point Comfort, Norfolk, Portsmouth, Pinner's Point, and Newport News, Va., connecting for Petersburg, Richmond, Washington, D. C., and the entire South and West.
Freight and Passenger Steamers sail from Pier 25, N. R., foot of North Moore St., every week day at 3 P. M. W. L. WOODROW, Traffic Manager.

FABRE LINE TO THE RIVIERA
AZORES LISBON NAPLES NICE MARSEILLES
Weekly Sailings (approx.) Special Winter Voyages.
JAS. W. ELWELL & CO., G. A., 17 State St., N. Y.

THE
Royal Mail Steam Packet Co.'s
LUXURIOUS Largest and Finest Steamer in the Service
Regist'd Tonnage 8,938 "ARCADIAN"
Displ'nt Tonnage 14,120
Sailing Every Saturday at noon to
BERMUDA More Beautiful than Italy
First Class Exclusively **Round Trip $30 up**
Bedsteads and full-length mirrors in every room and many other splendid features contained in no other steamship.

The Pacific Steam Navigation Co.
PERU-CHILE EXPRESS SERVICE TO AND FROM PANAMA
16 Days New York to CALLAO.
23 Days New York to VALPARAISO.
Services to COLOMBIA & ECUADOR
SANDERSON & SON, Gen. Agts., 22 State St., N. Y.
OR ANY STEAMSHIP AGENT

Go To **BERMUDA**
BY FASTEST STEAMER
Record Trip 39 hours 35 minutes.
BY NEWEST STEAMER (Built 1904)
BY ONLY STEAMER LANDING PASSENGERS AND BAGGAGE DIRECTLY ON THE DOCK IN HAMILTON WITHOUT TRANSFER.
S. S. BERMUDIAN
Twin Screw, 10,518 tons displacement, Bilge Keels, Double Bottom, Wireless Telegraph.
SUITES DE LUXE, WITH PRIVATE BATH, ORCHESTRA.
Tickets by Bermudian and Arcadian are interchangeable.
SECURE STATEROOMS NOW FOR JANUARY, FEBRUARY OR MARCH SAILINGS.
For illustrated pamphlet apply to A. E. OUTERBRIDGE & CO., Agents Quebec S. S. Co., Ltd., 29 Broadway, New York; THOS. COOK & SON, 245 and 2389 Broadway; 264 and 553 5th Av., N. Y., or any Ticket Agent.

*NAVIGAZIONE GENERALE ITALIANA
†LA VELOCE. ¶ITALIA Societa di Navigazione a Vapore.
ITALIAN LINES
21-24 State St., N. Y.
To Naples & Genoa Direct.
¶Ancona..Feb. 3, 11 AM
¶Verona..Feb. 28, 11 AM
†Oceania..Mar. 2, 11 AM
*D. D'Aosta.Mar. 9, 11 AM
New large Twin Screw Steamers, all outside rooms.
HARTFIELD, SOLARI & CO., General Agents.

ANCHOR LINE
GLASGOW via LONDONDERRY
Caledonia..Feb. 3, 9 AM | Columbia..Feb. 17, 9 AM
Cameronia.Feb. 10, 2 PM | California..Feb. 24, noon
FIRST CABIN, $70 and $75.
SECOND CABIN, $50.
THIRD CLASS, $32.50.
HENDERSON BROTHERS, 17-19 Broadway.

HOLLAND AMERICA LINE
Paris—London—Rotterdam.
Twin-Screw Sailings Tues., 10 AM
*Ryndam...............Feb. 6
*Potsdam..............Feb. 13
†New Amsterdam......Feb. 27
*Noordam..............Mar. 5
*VIA BOULOGNE S|M.
†PLYMOUTH & BOULOGNE.
Office 39 B'way, N. Y.

SHIPPING AND MAILS

Miniature Almanac for To-day.

Sun rises..7:11|Sun sets..5:17|Moon sets..6:29

THE TIDES.

	High Water. A.M.	High Water. P.M.	Low Water. A.M.	Low Water. P.M.
Sandy Hook	5:56	6:36	12:25	0:00
Governors Island ...	6:21	7:00	0:12	1:04
Hell Gate	8:11	8:50	1:47	2:39

Arrived—Wednesday, Jan. 31.

SS Chelston, Inagua, Jan. 25.
SS Narragansett, London, Jan. 16.
SS Arcadian, Kingston, Jan. 26.
SS Camaguey, Tampico, Jan. 23.
SS Comal, Key West, Jan. 27.
SS Campane, Antwerp, Jan. 10.
SS El Sud, Galveston, Jan. 25.
SS Mesaba, London, Jan. 19.
SS Aragon, Georgetown, Jan. 27.
SS Tagus, Bermuda, Jan. 29.
Portugest cruiser Republica, Key West, Jan. 25.
SS Bercliffe, Havana, Jan. 25.
SS El Cid, Galveston, Jan. 25.
SS Meridian, Matanzas, Jan. 26.
SS Tremont, Santos, Jan. 18.
SS Venetia, Cienfuegos, Jan. 25.

Outgoing Steamships.

SAIL TO-DAY.

	Mails Close.	Vessels Sail.
Lorraine, Havre	7:00 A.M.	10:00 A.M.
Celtic, Liverpool	8:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Oceana, Bermuda	11:30 A.M.	2:00 P.M.
Monterey, Havana	9:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Alleghany, Haiti	2:00 P.M.	4:00 P.M.
Oscar II., Christiansand.	———	2:00 P.M.
Uranium, Rotterdam ...	———	3:00 P.M.
Katahdin, Brunswick ...	———	1:00 P.M.
City of Montgomery, Savannah	———	3:00 P.M.
El Rio, Galveston	———	12:00 M.
SAIL TO-MORROW.		
Goyaz, Para	12:00 M.	3:00 P.M.
Camaguey, Tampico	———	12:00 M.
Arapahoe, Jacksonville..	———	1:00 P.M.
Hilarius, Argentina	12:00 M.	2:00 P.M.
SAIL SATURDAY.		
New York, Southampton.	6:00 A.M.	9:30 A.M.
President Lincoln, Hamburg	6:30 A.M.	10:00 A.M.
Laconia, Naples	9:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Tagus, Kingston	10:30 A.M.	1:00 P.M.
Arcadian, Bermuda	10:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Havana, Havana	10:00 A.M.	1:00 P.M.
Brazos, Nassau	10:00 A.M.	1:00 P.M.
Sibiria, Inagua	11:00 A.M.	2:00 P.M.
Panama, Colon	11:30 A.M.	3:00 P.M.
Parima, St. Thomas....	11:30 A.M.	2:00 P.M.
San Juan, Porto Rico...	9:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Tennyson, Argentina	6:00 A.M.	9:30 A.M.
Tivives, Jamaica	9:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Rosalind, Newfoundland	8:30 A.M.	11:00 A.M.
Craigvar, Rio Janeiro...	12:00 M.	3:00 P.M.
Caledonia, Glasgow	———	9:00 A.M.
Ancona, Naples	———	11:00 A.M.
Mesaba, London	———	9:00 A.M.
Canopic, Naples	———	10:00 A.M.
Rochambeau, Havre ...	———	3:00 P.M.
Roma, Naples	———	2:00 P.M.
Grayon, San Juan......	———	12:00 M.
Antilles, New Orleans...	———	12:00 M.
El Oriente, Galveston...	———	12:00 M.
Comal, Tampa	———	1:00 P.M.
City of Savannah, Savannah	———	1:00 P.M.
Caroline, Havre	———	3:00 P.M.
Comanche, Jacksonville..	———	1:00 P.M.

Supplementary mails are open on the piers of the American, English, German, and French transatlantic lines until within ten minutes of the hour of sailing.

Incoming Steamships.

DUE TO-DAY.

Astoria...............	Libau	Jan. 8
Hylas................	St. Michaels...	Jan. 21
Finland..............	Dover	Jan. 22
Hudson...............	Corunna	Jan. 18
Iserlohn..............	Hamburg	Jan. 14
Sibiria...............	Kingston	Jan. 24
Uranium..............	Rotterdam	Jan. 17
J. L. Luckenbach......	St. Lucia......	Jan. 20
New York.............	Liverpool	Jan. 24
Trojan...............	St. Lucia......	Jan. 24
Creole...............	New Orleans...	Jan. 27
Zacapa...............	Kingston	Jan. 27
DUE TO-MORROW.		
Vasari...............	Montevideo ...	Jan. 9
Bristol City..........	Swansea	Jan. 17
Maracaibo............	Curacao	Jan. 25
Mexico...............	Havana	Jan. 30
Aidan................	Para	Jan. 21
El Dia...............	Galveston	Jan. 27
City of Savannah......	Savannah	Jan. 30
DUE SATURDAY.		
Arabic...............	Liverpool	Jan. 25
Pannonia.............	Gibraltar	Jan. 24
Touraine.............	Havre	Jan. 27
Marengo..............	Hull	Jan. 19
Grenada..............	Grenada	Jan. 28
Lorca................	Huelva	Jan. 19
Allianca.............	Cristobal	Jan. 28
Winifredian..........	Liverpool	Jan. 24

By Wireless.

SANDY HOOK, N. J., JAN. 31, (MARCONI.)

SS New York, Southampton to New York, 410 miles E. at 8 P. M.; due Feb. 1, 7 P. M. American Line.

SS Kaiserin Auguste Victoria, Hamburg to New York, 1,896 miles E. at 8:55 P. M.; due Feb. 5, 4 P. M. Hamburg-American Line.

SS Finland, Antwerp to New York, 193 miles E. at 5:10 P. M.; due Feb. 1, 10:30 A. M. Red Star Line.

BROW HEAD, IRELAND.

SS Savoie, New York to Havre, 145 miles S. E. at 4:40 P. M.; due Havre Feb. 1, 2 P. M. French Line.

SS Lapland, New York to Antwerp, 178 miles S. W. at 2 P. M. Red Star Line.

SCOTLAND LIGHTSHIP, (UNITED.)

SS Vasari, South American ports to New York, 912 miles S. at 8 P. M. Lamport & Holt.

SS City of Savannah, Savannah to New York, 330 miles S. at 7:50 P. M. Savannah Line.

SS Creole, New Orleans to New York, 445 miles S. at 7 P. M. Morgan Line.

SS Comanche, Jacksonville to New York, 196 miles S. at 7 P. M. Clyde Line.

SS Alliancia, Cristobal to New York, 66 miles N. of Watlings Island at 8 P. M. Panama R. R. S. S. Co.

SS Cristobal, Cristobal to New York, 40 miles N. of Bird Rock at 8 P. M. Panama R. R. S. S. Co.

SS Zacapa, Kingston to New York, 256 miles S. at noon.

SS Olinda, Cuba to New York, 278 miles S. at noon.

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Foreign Ports.

Arrived.

SS Olympic, at Southampton, Jan. 31.
SS Stratherd, at Frisan, Jan. 28.
SS Oriflamme, at La Pallice, Jan. 29.
SS Corfe Castle, at Algoa Bay, Jan. 30.
SS Lituania, at Newcastle, Jan. 30.
SS Saxoleine, at Havre, Jan. 29.
SS Scottish Prince, at Santos, Jan. 29.
SS Indrasamha, at Singapore, Jan. 30.
SS Inverclyde, at Kobe, Jan. 30.
SS Flandre, at Antwerp, Jan. 30.
SS Terence, at Manchester, Jan. 30.
SS Braemar, at Port Said, Jan. 31.
SS Cedric, at Azores, Jan. 30.
SS Orotavia, at Southampton, Jan. 31.

Sailed.

SS Lodivica, from Piraeus, Jan. 28.
SS Baron Erskine, from Algiers, Jan. 29.
SS Dunedin, from Sabang, Jan. 29.
SS Pennsylvania, (Dan.,) from Shields, Jan. 29.
SS Oceanic, from Southampton, Jan. 31.
SS Kronprinz Wilhelm, from Bremen, Jan. 31.
SS Ocean Prince, from Rio Janeiro, Jan. 29.

Passed.

SS Mombasso, New York for Swatow, passed Sabang.
SS Cadillac, New York for —, passed Perim.
SS Indrawadi, for New York from Yokohama, passed Perim.
SS Nieuw Amsterdam, New York for Rotterdam, signaled Brow Head.
SS Armanistan, New York for Hamburg, passed Lizard.

Transpacific Mails.

Destination and Steamer.	Mails Close in New York.	
Tahiti, Marquesas, New Zealand, Australia (via San Francisco)—Union Line steamer	Feb. 7	6:30 P.M.
Japan, Korea, China, and Philippine Islands (via Vancouver)—Monteagle ...	Feb. 2	6:30 P.M.
Hawaii (via San Francisco)—Sierra	Jan. 22	6:30 P.M.
Japan, Korea, and China (via Seattle)—Oteric	Jan. 23	6:30 P.M.
Hawaii, Japan, Korea, China, and Philippine Islands (via San Francisco) — Nippon Maru	Jan. 25	6:30 P.M.
Tahiti, Marquesas, New Zealand, and Australia (via San Francisco)—Union Line steamer	Feb. 2	6:30 P.M.
Hawaii, Fiji Islands, Samoan Islands, New Zealand, and Australia (via Vancouver)—Marama	Feb. 16	6:30 P.M.

For Latest Shipping News See Page 1.

FOREIGN HOTELS AND RESORTS.

France.

Paris-Lyon-Mediterranee Ry.
FRANCE'S GREATEST RAILWAY.
To the region of eternal Spring, the sun-kissed and rose-scented RIVIERA, MONTE CARLO, NICE, CANNES, MENTONE.
P. L. M. 279 Fifth Av., New York.

Want advertisements in The New York Times reach competent skilled and trustworthy employes. You are not interested in having thousands see your advertisement, but in having the one right person answer it. You reach that one right person most quickly and directly through The New York Times.

THE WEATHER.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 31.—The weather continues unsettled, with scattered snows in New England, the interior of New York, the Ohio and Upper Mississippi Valleys, and the region of the Great Lakes.

In all parts of the country the weather remained fair. Temperatures have not changed decidedly, and are generally below normal east of the Mississippi River and above elsewhere.

Except for scattered snows around the Great Lakes the weather will remain fair Thursday and Friday throughout the country, and no decided temperature changes are indicated for any portion of the United States for the next forty-eight hours.

Winds along the New England and Middle Atlantic Coasts will be moderate to brisk west and northwest; South Atlantic Coast, light west and northwest.

Steamships departing Thursday for European ports will have brisk west and northwest winds and overcast weather to the Grand Banks.

FORECASTS FOR TO-DAY AND FRIDAY.

Eastern New York, New Jersey, and Eastern Pennsylvania—Generally fair Thursday and Friday, not much change in temperature; moderate northwest winds.

Southern New England—Fair and somewhat colder Thursday. Friday fair; moderate northwest winds.

Northern New England—Fair Thursday and Friday; moderately cold; moderate northwest winds.

The temperature record for the twenty-four hours ended at midnight, taken from the thermometer at the local office of the United States Weather Bureau, is as follows:

	1911.	1912.		1911.	1912.
3 A. M.	20	27	4 P. M.	28	29
6 A. M.	18	26	6 P. M.	28	24
9 A. M.	19	27	9 P. M.	28	24
12 M.	23	30	12 P. M.	26	24

This thermometer is 414 feet above the street level. The average temperature yesterday was 28; for the corresponding date last year it was 24; average on the corresponding date for the last thirty-three years, 30.

The temperature at 8 A. M. yesterday was [illegible]; at 8 P. M. it was 26. Maximum temperature, 33 degrees at 10 P. M.; minimum, 23 degrees at 7 P. M. Humidity, 77 per cent. at 8 A. M.; 45 per cent. at 8 P. M.

YESTERDAY'S FIRES.

A. M.	Loss.
1:50—75 and 77 Worth St.; J. J. Meyer & Co.	$5,000
1:55—221 West 25th St.; J. Falio	Trifling
11:00—79 Baxter St.; Madeline Felice	$25
P. M.	
12:05—219 East 121st St.; Kate Steinberg	$200
1:00—1,530 Webster Av.; J. Goodsmith	$50
1:20—363 West 52d St.; J. Lanagan	Trifling
2:30—265 West 45th St.; Elizabeth Hafleight	Trifling
2:30—15 Park Place; American News Co.	Trifling
4:15—301 West 129th St.; W. Bohn	Trifling
4:55—22 West 38th St.; Goldberg & Kramer	$50
5:10—247 East 119th St.; Lena Frank	Trifling
5:30—57 East 100th St.; S. Cohen	Trifling
5:40—35 West 60th St.; Mrs. M. Dubois	Trifling
6:45—2,142 Madison Av.; Osio Mustha	Trifling
6:45—2,299 Southern Boulevard; J. Weindr	$500
6:45—Dyckman St. and North River; J. McDonald	$10
7:35—Barren Island; Thomas D. White & Co.	$2,025
8:10—Bristow St. and Boston Road; Lowenstein Steam Laundry	Unknown
8:25—144th St. and East River; Terry & Tench	$200
8:40—21 West 134th St.; John M. Royal	Trifling
9:05—521 East 14th St.; W. Keptner	Trifling
9:10—326 West 28th St.; H. Weisner	Trifling
9:45—Boston Road, 3,000 feet north of Dyckman St.; August Adolph	$18,000
9:50—579 Washington St.; Nellie Flaherty	$500
10:30—2,363 Arthur Av.; A. Mirsky	$700

YESTERDAY'S WILLS.

LUCY GILSEY died Jan. 23; left more than $10,000 each of realty and personalty equally to her children, Henry and Margaret Gilsey.

GUSTAV H. ADLER died Jan. 16; left $1,500 personalty to his brother, Charles H. Adler.

BRIDGET H. REGAN died in August; left $300 realty and $1,000 personalty, about $600 each to Genevieve C. Regan and Anastasia H. Clarke, and $100 to James M. V. Regan.

JOHANNA TAGGARD died Sept. 25 at Oxford, N. Y.; left $1,000 personalty, $5 to Mrs. D. R. Taggard, and her residuary estate to Lucinda T. Hunt, Alice T. Gulpon, and Charles and Florence Taggard.

PATRICK WOODS died Oct. 19; left $7,000 realty, $50 personalty, and $3,550 each to Mary and Alice M. Woods.

FERDINAND JACOBY died Jan. 17; left $1,700 personalty to his wife, Annie Jacoby.

WILLIAM W. FERRIER died Jan. 18; left $500 realty and $26,000 personalty, $10,000 each to Robert M. and Elizabeth B. Ferrier, $5,000 to Marion W. Hobson, $100 each to American Board of Foreign Missions, Congregational Church Building Society, American Home Missionary Society, Harlem Branch Y. W. C. A., Atlanta University, Talladega College of Alabama, and Pilgrim Congregational Church of New York City.

BOARD OF EDUCATION.

Among the school Principals who were retired by the Board of Education at its last meeting, under the seventy-year limit, is Mrs. Joanna J. Hill of Public School 74, 220 East Sixty-third Street, Manhattan. Her retirement dates from to-day. Mrs. Hill, it is said, was the first to make a fight "for a living wage for women teachers," and drafted the Ahearn bill, which increased their pay from a minimum of about $33 a month to a minimum of $50 a month, the salary advances being based upon merit and experience.

The high and elementary school teachers will all receive their checks for January to-day. The checks and payrolls were received by City Paymaster Timmerman yesterday, and are said to contain fewer mistakes than ever before. The prompt payment of the elementary teachers for the first month under the equal pay law is chiefly due to the extra work performed by Henry R. M. Cook, auditor of the Bureau of Audit and Accounts of the Board of Education and his assistants. Despite the strangeness of the figures under the new law, the pay schedules were quickly prepared by work done after hours with the present satisfactory results. As stated some time ago in THE TIMES, the high school teachers will have to wait until March for the increases in their salaries under the equal pay law.

A proposal has been made by some of the new members of the Board of Education to the Board of Superintendents that the latter body take no notice of absence of teachers who have been engaged in caring for sick parents. The Superintendents, however, believe that such a plan, if adopted, would largely increase the number of ailing parents.

POLICE AND FIRE TRANSFERS.

Police Department.

Pension.—Patrolman Michael F. Nolan, 171st Precinct, on his own application, at $700 per year; appointed May 1, 1885.

Transfers.—Lieut. Joseph D. Wooldridge, Detective Bureau, to 22d Precinct; Mounted Patrolman L. H. Heidt, 167th to 14th Precinct, and dismounted; Patrolmen William M. Conway, 14th to 167th Precinct; W. J. File Detective Bureau to 31st Precinct, and designation as Acting Detective Sergeant, revoked.

Mutual Transfers.—Patrolmen W. C. Culberson, 2d to 168th Precinct; N. E. Heutte, 168th to 2d Precinct; Doormen J. Quinn, 28th to Bridge D, and J. W. Neggesmith, Bridge D to 28th Precinct.

Assignment.—Patrolman W. M. Conway, 167th Precinct to mounted duty.

Fines.—Patrolman Walter S. Chapman, 165th Precinct, July 10, 1911, struck a citizen with baton without justification, made arrest, five days; Dec. 13, 1911, failed to satisfy judgment, two days.

Reprimands.—Patrolmen W. W. Rogers, 153d Precinct, Nov. 30, 1911, failed to report having been injured; Charles H. Wolff, 171st Precinct, Dec. 22, 1911, carelessly lost shield.

Upon rehearing of the charges of failure to assign senior patrolmen preferred against the officers named below they are found not guilty, the charges against them are dismissed, and the fine and reprimand set opposite their respective names are remitted:

Capts. Edward Gallagher, 2d Precinct, March 30, 1911, 10 days; Hermann W. Schlottman, 7th Precinct, May 19, 1911, 10 days; Edward C. Barnett, 80th Precinct, May 11, 1911, 5 days; Horatio N. Young, 81st Precinct, May 11, 1911, 5 days; Lawrence J. Murphy, 151st Precinct, May 10, 1911, 10 days; Frederick Wohlfarth, 152d Precinct, May 10, 1911, 5 days; Owen Rooney, 153d Precinct, May 10, 1911, 5 days; William F. Fennelly, 156th Precinct, May 10, 1911, reprimand; John Wiegand, 157th Precinct, May 10, 1911, 5 days; Christian Reimels, 158th Precinct, May 10, 1911, 10 days; George R. Holohan, 174th Precinct, May 10, 1911, 10 days; Thomas F. Maude, 275th Precinct, May 10, 1911, 5 days; Patrick Murphy, 276th Precinct, May 11, 1911, 3 days; Thomas Cullen, 283d Precinct, May 10, 1911, 10 days; John Barnes, 285th Precinct, May 10, 1911, 5 days.

Lieuts. Patrick B. Lane, 9th Precinct, May 19, 1911, 5 days; Jeremiah J. Murphy, 22d Precinct, May 6, 1911, 5 days; George W. Maxwell, 65th Precinct, May 19, 1911, 5 days; William H. Leonard, 163d Precinct, May 15, 1911, 3 days.

Relieved from suspension—Lieut. John J. McCarthy, 40th Precinct.

Suspended—Patrolman Edward C. Wolfe, 14th Precinct.

Dismissed from the force—Edward J. Gleason, 2d Precinct; Patrick H. Purcell, 74th Precinct.

Death—Patrolman Andrew McLaughlin, 32d Precinct, Jan. 30.

Fire Department.

Designated to Act Upon the Board of Merit for 1912—Deputy Fire Commissioner George W. Olvanny, Chief John Kenlon, and Deputy Chiefs Thomas Lally, John Binns, Richard W. Callaghan, and Patrick Maher.

Temporary detail—Assistant Foreman William J. Lennon, No. 2, Engine 76, to Bureau of Chief, while on sick report.

Revocation of suspension—Fireman John Manck, Engine 1.

Complaint dismissed and ten days' fine remitted—Engineer of Steamer Martin J. Boyne, Engine 30.

THE CIVIL SERVICE.

City.

The hearing by the Municipal Civil Service Commission of the case of Michael J. Rickard, who was dismissed from Bellevue Hospital about three years ago on a charge of falsifying records, and who was recently permitted to enter a competitive examination for a city place, was adjourned yesterday on motion of his counsel, Albert J. Talley. The commission had summoned Mr. Rickard to show cause yesterday why his name should not be removed from the eligible list for lay Superintendent of Bellevue Hospital.

The Justices of the Court of Special Sessions yesterday requested the Municipal Civil Service Commission for certification from its lists of persons—nine women and eight men—for appointment as probation clerks under the recent decision of the Court of Appeals putting this position in the competitive class. At a conference held by Magistrate McAdoo, Justice Russell of the Court of Special Sessions, and others on Tuesday it was decided to act in concert with respect to probation officers under the Inferior Courts act, which says that so far as practicable a child shall be committed to the care of a probation officer who is of the same religion as the child's parents. Yesterday's request to the Municipal Civil Service Commission was the result of the conference.

Examinations were held yesterday for the positions of Deputy Tax Commissioner, Borough of Richmond, and accountant, third grade, in the office of the Commissioner of Accounts.

The commission has summoned Hyman Mates for a hearing. He was appointed a second-grade clerk in the Department of Charities on June 1, 1911. An anonymous communication was received to the effect that he was not a citizen. Examiner Rafferty has reported to the commission that Mates committed perjury when he stated that he was born in New York, as his certificate shows that he was born in Austria, and also that he was only 16 years old when he filed application, whereas the minimum age for the examination was 19 years.

United States.

The United States Civil Service Commission will hold an examination in the New York Custom House on Feb. 20 for a vacancy in the position of Assistant Superintendent of Moth Work at $1,080 a year, and for three vacancies in the position of general foreman at the same salary, in the Bureau of Entomology, Department of Agriculture. The persons appointed to these positions will be under the direction of a special field agent, and will be assigned to the work of supervising certain lines of the field investigation of the Bureau of Entomology, which are being conducted in Massachusetts, Vermont, Maine, Rhode Island, Connecticut, and New York to control and prevent the further spread of the gypsy and brown-tail moths. Headquarters will be at Boston, Mass., and the nature of the work will demand considerable traveling in the States mentioned for the purpose of overseeing and directing the general methods employed in combatting the moths. The collection and tabulation of data on the extent and degree of infestation in various sections of the infected area will be included as a part of the duties. Since it is essential that persons appointed to supervisory positions must have had considerable experience, actual practical field experience in either State or Government work in preventing the spread of the gypsy and brown-tail moths is a prerequisite for consideration for these positions. Applicants must be in good physical condition and have good eyesight. Men who wear eyeglasses will not be employed. Applicants must be 20 years old, but not over 45 years on the date of the examination.

THE UNITED SERVICE.

Special to The New York Times.

The Army.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 31.—First Lieut. A. B. Dockery, Fifth Cavalry, relieved from station at Sacramento, Cal., to San Francisco.

First Lieut. A. B. Dockery, Fifth Cavalry, will make visits specified to instruct militia cavalry: Not to exceed one visit per month to Sacramento; not to exceed one visit per month to Salinas, Bakersfield, and Los Angeles, Cal.; not to exceed one visit every two months to Tacoma, Wash.

Capt. L. Coleman, Coast Artillery, to Washington for conference with Chief of Staff.

Major C. Lynch, Medical Corps, to Knoxville, Tenn., thence to Atlanta, Ga., on business pertaining to American Red Cross.

Orders Jan. 19 directing Second Lieut. C. S. Little, First Infantry, to report Feb. 17 to commanding officer, Washington Barracks, D. C., for temporary duty for five days, amended to direct him to report Feb. 17 to commanding officer, Columbus Barracks, Ohio, for temporary duty for five days.

Capt. W. G. Peace, Coast Artillery, to Charlotte, N. C., to address National Guard Association of North Carolina.

Lieut. Col. J. A. Goodin, Seventh Infantry, retirement announced.

Orders Jan. 27 relating to First Lieut. B. H. Pope, Eighth Infantry, revoked.

A board is appointed to meet at Letterman General Hospital, Presidio of San Francisco, for examination of officers of the Medical Corps for promotion. Detail: Lieut. Col. J. D. Glennan, Medical Corps; Lieuts. Col. E. B. Frick, Medical Corps; Major R. B. Brooke, Medical Corps.

Capt. G. L. Byroade, U. S. A., retired, relieved from duty as Professor of Military Science and Tactics at Blees Military Academy, Macon, Mo.

Movements of Naval Vessels.

Arrived—Prometheus at Santa Elena Bay, Ecuador; Nashville at Santo Domingo City.

Sailed—Cyclops and Ajax, from Hampton Roads for Guantanamo.

Lost

LOST.—A lady's Tiffany watch on Jan. 29, either at stores F. Loeser & Co., Brooklyn; B. Altman & Co., 5th Av and 34th St.; Stern Bros., West 23d St., New York, or White's restaurant, Fulton St., New York, or in neighborhood of these places. Please return to H. Appleton, 3 South William St., New York, or Hotel Bossert, Brooklyn; suitable reward.

LOST—$10 reward; gold chain bracelet set with dark blue stones; also gold key; lost on west side between 70th and 76th Sts. Tuesday or Wednesday. Finder please return to C. J. Smith, 165 Greenwich St., 2d floor, New York City, and receive above reward; no questions asked.

LOST.—Enameled gilt belt buckle, engraved with date and initials, on black silk belt, between Altman's and 116th St. Liberal reward for return to M. E. G. L., 430 West 116th St.

LOST.—A silver belt buckle, with black ribbon attached, between East 31st St. and 4th Av. to East 57th St. and Madison Av, via 36th St.; reward. M. E. Bailey, 102 East 31st St.

LOST.—On Lackawanna train from Gladstone, N. J., or on ferry, yellow cardcase, containing money, a photograph, and 29 trip ticket; reward. Dr. Gerow, 119 West 45th St.

LOST.—On 5:45 P. M., Tuesday, train to New Rochelle, eyeglasses in case marked "McEneany"; reward. Telephone Fairbanks, 7,980 Cortlandt.

LOST.—Bankbook No. 460,852 Seamen's Bank for Savings, 74 Wall St.; payment stopped and cancellation applied for. Please return to bank.

LOST—Wednesday afternoon, diamond horseshoe pin, between Casino Theatre and 33d St., on Broadway; reward. Room 2,025, 165 B'way.

LOST—Wednesday, either in Subway or Broadway car, leather bag containing silver mesh bag and money; liberal reward. R 126 Times.

LOST—A diamond ring, between Grand St. and Eldridge, Saturday; finder will receive $100 reward for return. B. Milberg, 345 Grand St.

LOST—Pocketbook containing citizen's paper and $150. Reward offered. Dominic Bosile, 215 West 42d St.

LOST.—Mink muff, Sunday, Normal College concert, afternoon. Return, Chariff, 57 East 102d St.; reward.

LOST.—Pear-shaped diamond, from scarfpin, Saturday, Jan. 27; suitable reward. Y 288 Times Downtown.

LOST.—Sunday, King's Park, diamond ring; heirloom; reward. Cohen, Room 322, Custom House.

LOST—Three-stone diamond lavalliere. Liberal reward if returned to Rieberg, 22 William St.

REWARD, $5.—Gold beads, on Riverside, near 85th, lost Friday. 340 West 85th.

$500 REWARD FOR THE RETURN OF A LADY'S RUSSIAN SABLE FUR COAT TAKEN FROM GLOBE THEATRE ON THURSDAY NIGHT, JAN. 25, 1912. REWARD WILL BE PAID UPON RETURN OF COAT TO J. W. DUNSTAN, 24 WEST 57TH ST., N. Y. CITY. NO QUESTIONS ASKED. PAUL A. SORG.

$250 REWARD and no questions asked for return of gold meshbag and vanity set, (a keepsake,) lost New Year's Eve in Cadillac Hotel. Return to cashier hotel.

Lost and Found, Cats, Dogs

FOUND.—Dog with collar marked "Teddy" and "E. Perrow." Inquire Room 808, 115 Broadway.

Found

FOUND, Jan. 30.—INTERBOROUGH R. T. CO. Apply Lost Property Bureau, 9 Morris St.: 2D AV. ELEVATED—Umbrella, mesh bag, purse, fob, book, gloves, blueprint, muff. 3D AV. ELEVATED—Umbrella, case, mesh bag, books, letters, shoes, shawl, can, music stand, toothpick. 6TH AV. ELEVATED—Book, paper, umbrellas, purses, gloves, book, paper, suitcase, cap, trousers, rubbers, overalls. 9TH AV. ELEVATED—Suitcase, umbrella, book, purse, spectacles, muff, keys, overalls. SUBWAY—Umbrellas, satchels, lunchbag, purses, eyeglasses, pin, passcase, pawnticket, letter, book, glove, pair gloves, hat, cap, sweater, vest, coat, muff, collars, hosepipe, tools, fixtures, boxes.

Found

FOUND, Jan. 31—BROOKLYN R. T. CO. Apply 168 Montague St., Brooklyn. SURFACE AND ELEVATED: School cards, music stand, stationery, history, trowel, muff, overalls, shoes, shopping bag, boxes of photo dry plates, package of maps, eyeglasses, book, gloves, photos, glove, shirt, cane, eyeglass case, memorandum book, books, envelopes, handbags.

FOUND, Jan. 30—HUDSON & MANHATTAN R. R. CO.—HUDSON TUBES. Apply 137 Christopher St.: Railroad tickets, collars, apron, batteries, umbrella.

FOUND, Jan. 30.—N. Y. C., N. H. & H. R. R. Apply Lost Property Bureau, Grand Central Station: Two packages, 2 pairs rubbers, sweater, traveling bag, umbrella, overcoat, hat, box.

FOUND, Jan. 30.—LONG ISLAND R. R. Apply Lost Property Bureau: Suitcase, 2 umbrellas, 2 packages.

FOUND, Jan. 30.—LACKAWANNA R. R. Apply Information Bureau, Hoboken, N. J.: Four umbrellas, 3 packages, hat, suitcase, pair rubbers, sweater, stickpin, muffler.

FOUND, Jan. 30.—PENNSYLVANIA R. R. Apply Information Bureau, Jersey City: Two packages, hat, overcoat, tie, pair shoes, umbrella, pair silk stockings, hatpin, cardcase.

FOUND, Jan. 30.—ERIE R. R. Apply Information Bureau, Jersey City: Package of collars, vest, hatpin, clock, 2 umbrellas, package of shoes, pair gloves, hatbox, chain, 2 umbrellas, rubbers, glove.

FOUND, Jan. 30.—NEW PENN. STATION. Apply Baggage Room, 33d St. and 7th Av.: Pin, fountain pen, books, rubbers, arctics, 3 pairs rubbers, shirt, umbrella, comb, brush, papers, 2 nightshirts, pair rubbers, switch, pin, umbrella, 2 pairs rubbers.

Help Wanted, Female

FIRST-CLASS Southern cook and laundress wanted; four in family; in apartment; city references. Apply at once. Benedict, 318 West 100th St.

FOREWOMAN WANTED—Out-of-town manufacturer of National reputation, located in New York State, desires forewoman, experienced in making worsted dresses; must be able to make well-fitting garment and have good taste in trimming; state salary desired. Address Z 88 Times.

LADIES take work home; transferring; good pay; call 568 Columbus, near 87th, Trieber's Store.

MIDDLE-AGED working housekeeper, white, small family, one desiring home preferred; moderate salary, references. Write J. R., 1,416 St. Nicholas Av.

MODELS.

STYLISH YOUNG LADIES OF SLENDER FIGURE FOR COSTUME SHOW ROOMS; LONG SEASON. S. FLOERSHEIMER & BROTHER, 31 WEST 27TH ST.

SALESLADIES, (2,) between 25 and 35; must be of good education and appearance, honest and energetic. Ryan, 156 5th Av.

WANTED—A well-educated business woman, over 30, for outside position requiring more than ordinary tact and ability, but pays accordingly; one who can travel preferred. Room 705, 110 West 34th St.

WANTED for the Equal Franchise Library a young librarian who has some knowledge of the woman suffrage movement. Call at Room 291A, 1 Madison Av., on Monday, Feb. 5, at 12 o'clock.

YOUNG WOMAN, with good figure, 36 bust, may secure permanent position. Apply H. G. Millard, Butterick Building, Spring and Macdougal Sts.

50 PER CENT. commission allowed lady able to solicit orders prominent society, for foreign first-class portrait artist; (income $200-$500 month.) B 35 Times.

Help Wanted, Male

ADVERTISING MANAGER to conduct Western branch office for the Encyclopaedia Britannica on salary and commission; position worth $5,000 a year. Apply (by letter only, and in confidence,) stating qualification and experience. R 123 Times.

ARE YOU CAPABLE OF EARNING FROM $2,000 TO $4,000 PER YEAR? IF SO, WE WANT YOU TO REPRESENT US IN NEW YORK AND VICINITY. APPLY BETWEEN 9 AND 11 A. M. TO ARNOLD DAMPER SELLING CO., 149 BROADWAY, NEW YORK.

COAST representative wanted on good line of silk and linen dresses. Box B 27 Times.

HIGHEST QUALITY BOND SALESMEN WANTED, TO SELL MOST CONSERVATIVE CLASS OF INVESTMENT. SALESMAN, 156 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

HONEST men to sell nursery stock; experience unnecessary; salary or commission weekly. Address Millburn Advertising Agency, Millburn, N. J.

NEAT YOUNG MAN, about 17 or 18 years, to letter packages; must have good references. Write L. O., Box 84, 1,570 Broadway.

REALTY SALESMAN WANTED.—One of the best known suburban development concerns in the city wants one first-class man of experience to fill vacancy in selling force; splendid opportunity; leads furnished. Only man earning over $3,500 a year need apply. Give particulars in application. P. O. Box 744.

SALESMEN WANTED.—Energetic, well-connected men with extensive local acquaintance easily establish a permanent, high-class, lucrative business; millions in premiums; accident and health insurance sold annually; large sums paid for accidental death; indemnity paid weekly for life if permanently disabled; small cost, large commissions; to present it is to sell it; millions to guarantee contracts; openings in cities and towns in near-by States; also New York City; ready to help hustlers who are looking for future. Address Casualty, Room 4, 84 William St., New York City.

SALESMEN, (3,) wanted to work in exclusive territory on a new geographical publication covering the entire world; invaluable to every business man, student, or newspaper reader in the United States; experience not necessary; an exceptional opportunity for salesmen who desire permanent employment on high-grade publication. Call 9-12, Dept. B., Rand, McNally & Co., 42 East 22d St., New York City.

SALESMEN AND SALESLADIES WANTED, visiting office equipment trade; can greatly increase income without interfering with present work; steady employment if desired; excellent opportunity. Ask for Mr. Brophy; A. M. at uptown store, 1,182 Broadway; P. M. at downtown store, 372 Broadway. Century Cabinet Company.

SALESMAN WANTED.—Have good paying proposition for good, live men; call Commercial Coupon Co., 1,188 Fulton St., Brooklyn.

SALESMAN.—For a side line of silk kimonos and fancy gowns; commission basis only. Apply 109 Washington St.

SHOE SALESMAN wanted, with experience and reference. Frank Brothers, 224 5th Av.

WANTED—Two sub-inspectors at $2.48 per diem each; a competitive examination will be held at the Navy Yard, Brooklyn, N. Y., Feb. 26, 1912, for the purpose of filling the above positions. For further information address "Commandant, Navy Yard, Brooklyn, N. Y."

WANTED—Young man to learn newspaper and magazine advertising; good education necessary; college graduate preferred. 501 Fifth Av., Room 500.

WANTED.—Designer on ladies' coats; only one who has considerable experience desired. S 23 Times.

Agents Wanted

AGENTS.—$5 to $10 a day for reliable men; the best selling article on the market; sample free; attractive proposition sent; write Henry W. Pike, 24 Wilson Square, Revere, Mass.

Help Wanted

Employment Bureaus.

Commercial.

POSITIONS open; different lines; manager, (grocery,) sales, $50; accountant, (public,) $40; stenographer, $18; bookkeeper, (cotton goods,) $25; foreman, (machinery,) $25; other openings. Call Mighill, (Agency,) Flatiron Building.

Situations Wanted, Female

CAPABLE WOMAN, with following, would manage a first-class furnished room house. R 120 Times.

DRESSMAKER.—First-class, perfect cutter, fitter, $2.75 day; reference. Hannah, 394 St. Nicholas Av.

DRESSMAKING; home or out; $2 day. Call, write, Smith, 527 West 151st St.

MASSAGE.—Swedish movements; $1 hour; ladies' references; experienced, professional. Address Osteo, 64 West 109th St.

NURSE.—Trained nurse will take chronic case or go as a traveling companion; doctors' and patients' references. B 44 Times.

NURSE.—Elderly nurse; industrious, active housekeeper, assist small family; moderate wages; credentials. B 91 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, typist, bookkeeper; beginner; moderate salary; willing to be generally useful. Honest, 1,731 Pitkin Av., Brooklyn. 'Phone 660—E. N. Y.

STENOGRAPHER, typewriter; intelligent, energetic young lady. good references; salary reasonable. Stenographer, 89 Delancey St.

Situations Wanted, Female

STENOGRAPHER.—Thorough business woman; 7 years' experience; first class references. S 217 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Expert; 7 years' experience; first class references, $18. R 226 Times Downtown.

WOMAN wants to do fine washing at home; best references. 322 East 33d St.

YOUNG WOMAN, cultured and refined, possessing tact and ability, desires a position as companion; good traveler; highest references. B 47 Times.

Situations Wanted, Male

ACCOUNTANTS.—Books opened, accounts audited, systems installed, factory cost—accounting, financial statements; instruct your bookkeeper; books kept part time; confidential and reliable; terms reasonable. Aetna Audit Co., 302 Broadway.

ACCOUNTANT, retiring from active practice, wishes to dispose of established clientele; annual income, $2,500; office facilities free; cash consideration and royalty; state experience; references exchanged. B 36 Times.

ACCOUNTANT.—Expert; books opened; balanced; systems; arrangements with firms not employing bookkeepers; $2.50 weekly. Accountant, 57 Murray St. Tel. 5988—Barclay.

ACCOUNTANT. — Examines accounts, simplifies systems, keeps books written up, makes up profit-loss, business statement. George Christie, Room 2,428 Park Row Building.

ACCOUNTANT.—Expert; books opened, closed, balanced, systematized, audited, written up; kept part time; reasonable. Accountant, 32 Union Square. 'Phone 2259—Stuyvesant.

ACCOUNTANT.—Audits, adjusts, writes up books; $5 monthly up; financial statements, systems; reasonable. Mitchel, 25 East 14th St. Telephone 1807 Stuyvesant.

ACCOUNTANT, (degree,) opens, closes, corporation, partnership, single proprietorship, books; moderate. P. O. Box 225 Madison Sq.

ACCOUNTANT, bookkeeper; highest credentials; seeks temporary or permanent engagement; reasonable. Kiesler, 210 East 13th St.

ACCOUNTANT—expert; books opened, closed, adjusted, kept part time; reasonable. Accountant, A147 Times.

ACCOUNTANT will audit, balance, and install systems; rates reasonable. R 205 Times Downtown.

ACTIVE, successful advertising solicitor; now employed; seeks bigger opportunity; unlimited references. R 113 Times.

BOOKKEEPER OR OFFICE ASSISTANT; YOUNG MAN, (19,) COLLEGE EDUCATION; SOME EXPERIENCE; HIGHLY RECOMMENDED. MARDER, 708 East 5th St.

BOOKKEEPER.—Bright young man; willing worker; 19; moderate salary. Bookkeeper, 1,731 Pitkin Av., Brooklyn. 'Phone 660—E. N. Y.

BUILDING SUPERINTENDENT.

Wide awake American, thoroughly conversant with plans, specifications, and building construction in all branches; also managing, leasing, selling, and alteration work; corporations estates or individuals having large properties to handle can reduce expenses materially by employing one man with thorough knowledge of all branches. S 209 Times Downtown.

BUTLER OR VALET.—Englishman, requires position; competent; first-class references. Francis, 1,035 3d Av.

CHAUFFEUR.—Anxious secure employment for my chauffeur, who is experienced driver and mechanic; capable doing ordinary repairs; economical, honest, punctual; recommend him as sober, careful, reliable man; familiar with traffic regulations, and roads in New York, Long Island, and New Jersey; highest references, character, ability. A 41 Times Downtown.

CHAUFFEUR.—Colored, expert driver, trouble finder, touring cars, trucks, have own tools; all repairing; otherwise handy around. Davis, 2,229 5th Av.

COLLEGE graduate, with large business acquaintance; qualified to manage office, having had advertising, selling, accounting, and general business experience; desires position with importing house; (South America preferred.) B 83 Times.

CORRESPONDENT, COLLECTION AGENCY Experience; superior education; references. R 230 Times Downtown.

ELECTRICIAN wishes position in building looking after motors, lights, &c.; also handy with tools. Joseph Barnes, 903 Prospect Av., city.

FOREIGN CORRESPONDENT OR INTERPRETER.

Retired business man, who for eighteen years managed his own store is open for engagement. Thorough master of Russian, Hebrew, Polish, German, Yiddish, and English—both spoken and written. An unusual opportunity to secure the services of a valuable and experienced man. R 125 Times.

MARRIED COUPLE, Germans, wish position in private family; man understands first-class service. H. Ahlers, 160 West Kinney St., Newark, N. J.

SALESMAN, 21, experienced, desires position with responsible house. J. C., 596 Columbus Av.

VALET.—German; 32; first-class barber, massage, presser, packer; experienced in traveling; excellent cook for camping life; first-class city and country references. Fritz Brandt, 59 West 36th St.

VALET.—Young Filipino seeks situation with nice gentleman; excellent references; honest, intelligent, and active; $40; telephone 2714 Columbus. Deery.

WANTED—Position as advertising solicitor on a magazine or newspaper, or as salesman for any high-grade proposition; 10 years' experience with one large house; can furnish best of references regarding honesty, faithfulness, and integrity. R., Box B 45 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 25, speaks and writes Hungarian, German, and English; understands bookkeeping and shipping thoroughly; desires to connect with manufacturing concern, furriers preferred; chance for advancement more essential than salary. J. Schwartz, 355 E. 4th St.

YOUNG MAN, able, ambitious, with two years' bookkeeping experience, desires position where advancement is assured; is high school graduate; can use typewriter and furnish references. R 232 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 24, three years' business experience, knowledge of bookkeeping, good at figures, correspondent, highest recommendations, desires position. Box S Times.

YOUNG MAN, (22,) Christian, seeks position; good education and some experience; knowledge of stenography and typewriting; moderate salary. B 50 Times.

YOUNG MAN, (19,) seeks a position as solicitor, collector, or anything that offers outdoor employment; best reference. I. Rosen, 246 East 112th St.

YOUNG MAN, (22,) well educated, speaks and writes English, German, and French, good bookkeeper and typewriter, desires position. B 39 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 21, neat, refined, will start at bottom; excellent references. R 233 Times Downtown.

Situations Wanted

Employment Bureaus.

Commercial.

ACCOUNTANTS, High-Grade Office Helpers. BOOKKEEPERS, Office Service Co., (Agency,) STENOGRAPHERS. 149 Bway. Tel. 3490 Cort.

Domestic.

A. A. HOFMAYER, 320 5th Av. Telephone 4527 Madison Square.—Agency for superior domestic help; also waitresses and cooks for dinners, luncheons.

A.—A.—MRS. MALMBERG'S, 115 East 26th St.; oldest Swedish agency; established 1881; select servants for private families; formerly 352 4th Av.

BOND $1,000.—Old Dominion Agency, 88 West 134th St. Guarantee A1 colored help. 1119 Harlem.

COOK, chambermaid, houseworkers, firemen, elevator runners. Porter's Agency, 142 West 133d St. Telephone 94—Morningside.

COOK.—Neat colored girl, cook, general worker; city, country. Instant Relief Agency. 'Phone 7288 Morningside.

HOUSEWORK.—Several neat colored girls, experienced, with good references, want places small families; other good Southern help furnished. Lincoln Industrial Exchange, (Agency,) 314 West 59th St. 'Phone 4786 Columbus.

HOUSEWORKERS, cooks, seamstress, butler, couples; white, colored; references investigated. Lincoln Square Business Exchange Employment Agency, 124 West 65th St. Telephone 6380—Columbus.

SELECT COLORED HELP furnished, short notice. Middlesex Employment Agency, 2,229 5th Av. Harlem. 6370.

RELIABLE HUNGARIAN, German, Polish help; references thoroughly investigated. Roth's, 172 East 4th St. 'Phone 2508—Orchard.

SHEPHERD EMPLOYMENT.—Help supplied; day, week, month; male, female. 107 West 133d St. 6916 Morn.

Boarders Wanted

West Side.

5TH AV., 46.—Small and medium-sized rooms; gentlemen only; table guests accommodated; references.

16TH ST., 20-22-33 WEST.—Large rooms, well heated and furnished; unexcelled board; telephone.

44TH ST., 260 WEST.—Alliance House, "Quiet Place for Quiet People"; single rooms, including board, $9 per week; use of bath; suites, consisting parlor, sleeping apartments, private bathroom, $30 up per week, including board for two; other double rooms; steam heated throughout; elevator service. 'Phone 793—Bryant.

46TH ST., 309 WEST.—Comfortable single room; well-heated house; good board; $7.

47TH ST., 56 WEST.—Beautiful furnished rooms, with board; all conveniences; electric light, steam heat, telephone.

48TH ST., 117 WEST.—Large, single rooms; private baths; house, table strictly first class; references.

54TH ST., 54 WEST.—Large and small rooms; first class; telephone; references.

64TH ST., 115 WEST.—Large, pleasant room, suitable for one or two; excellent table; moderate.

68TH, 74 WEST.—Warm rooms; comfortable; furnished; private baths; good, substantial table; telephone; references.

70TH ST., 151 WEST.—Third-story sunny room; private bath; room telephone; excellent table; references.

120 WEST 71ST ST.

Attractive rooms; baths, electricity. Col. 1748.

73D ST., 136 WEST.—Desirable, well-furnished rooms; 1 or 2 persons; quiet, refined surroundings; references.

74TH, 149 WEST.—Attractive double room; private bath; also single; table guests; reasonable; references.

76TH, 110 WEST.—Unusually attractive accommodations, modern conveniences; excellent table; table guests.

76TH ST., 129 WEST.—Comfortable rooms at reasonable prices; excellent table; telephone; table guests; references.

76TH ST., 113 WEST.—Large room, with dressing room; also single room; first-class house.

76TH ST., 151 WEST.—Single room, adjoining bath; references.

78TH ST., 164 WEST.—Nicely furnished hall room; excellent board; table board; references.

80TH ST., 108 WEST.—Lady having beautiful home offers elegant large room, second floor; southern exposure; dressing room; large closets; twin beds; private bath; superior table; references.

80TH ST., 124 WEST.—Beautiful, large and small rooms; now available; unusual table; reasonable; reference.

81ST ST., 138 WEST.—Beautiful, comfortable rooms; excellent table; high-class Jewish house; table guests.

50-52 WEST 82D.

Attractive rooms; baths, electricity. 'Phone Schuyler 8397.

84TH ST., 18 WEST.—Pleasant large, small rooms; excellent table; table boarders accommodated; reasonable; telephone.

86TH ST., 137 WEST.—Can accommodate few select table guests in refined Jewish home; references.

91ST, 48 WEST.—Elegant, large, small, heated rooms; excellent home table; parlor dining; 'phone.

93D ST., 304 WEST.—Newly furnished and decorated double and single rooms; table a specialty.

94TH ST., 36 WEST.—Handsomely furnished front room for two; excellent cuisine; Jewish family; telephone.

96TH ST., 64 WEST.—Large, warm room; excellent board; convenient Subway, elevated; near Central Park.

(100TH ST.,) 828 WEST END AV.—Large, attractive, front room; superior board; table guests.

103D, 252 WEST.—Large, handsomely furnished front rooms; desirable modern house; table guests; references.

104TH ST., 61 WEST.—Front room; homelike; couple or gentlemen; $21; refined; references; cheaper rooms.

104TH ST., 257 WEST, (West End Ave.)—Room with private bath; table guests; references.

105TH ST., 76 WEST.—Comfortable single room; table uniformly good; exceptional social surroundings; references; Southerners.

123D ST., 519 WEST.—Acropolis Hotel, near Riverside; single rooms, suites; board optional; reasonable rates.

129TH, 106 WEST.—Superior home and board; refined German-Jewish surroundings; references; moderate; gentlemen.

144TH ST., 472 WEST.—Private residence; exceptional, homelike accommodations; wholesome. well-served meals; table guests.

145TH ST., 412 WEST.—Delightfully situated rooms; couple or gentlemen; satisfactory table guaranteed; private house.

East Side.

17TH ST., 116 EAST.—Newly furnished, large and small rooms; excellent board; table guests; telephone.

IRVING PLACE, 47.—Newly furnished, large and small rooms; excellent board; table guests; telephone.

IRVING PLACE, 71.—Large and small rooms, private bath, with board; also suite of rooms.

LEXINGTON AV., 822.—Boarders wanted in private boarding house. 'Phone 3102 Plaza.

MADISON AV., 69.—Hotel appointments; homelike environments; special single rooms; table choice, abundant; attractive rates.

Brooklyn.

5 MONTAGUE TERRACE HEIGHTS.—Family hotel river view. Manhattan; most accessible locality Greater New York; Subway, 5 minutes' Wall St. ferry, trolley, Bridge; connecting mansions, furnished, unfurnished; aristocratic neighborhood; table choicest products New York markets. 905 Main.

Miscellaneous.

SARATOGA needs a good Jewish boarding house; house suitable for sale. R 231 Times Downtown.

Country Board

Long Island

DOUGLASTON.—Douglas Manor Inn; Winter rates; attractive, homelike; log fires; steam heat; easy commuting.

New Jersey.

ORANGE, N. J., MOUNTAIN ST.—English couple will board two or three people; private bath; telephone 671R—Orange; electricity; well heated. Irvine, 33 East Clark Place.

Montclair, N. J.—The Oakdale, 271 Claremont Av.; rooms, large, handsomely furnished, steam heated, electric lights, table unsurpassed. 'Phone 2977.

Furnished Rooms

West Side.

9TH ST., 17 WEST.—Private house; charming rooms for bachelors; electricity; telephone; transit facilities unsurpassed; references.

9TH ST., 32 WEST.—Comfortable, well-heated double room; every convenience; also small room; reasonable.

9TH ST., 41 WEST.—Beautifully furnished, newly decorated, exceptionally clean, bright room; private bath; other rooms.

12TH ST., 61 WEST.—Beautifully furnished newly decorated, exceptionally clean, bright room; private bath; other rooms.

15TH ST., 351 WEST.—Large, small rooms; gentlemen; private house; hot, cold water; heat; telephone.

19TH ST., 237 WEST.—Large, light room; hot water and heat. Mrs. Doty.

21ST, 210 WEST (7th Av.).—Neat, clean; best attention; gentlemen; second floor; elevator. L. Woodward.

22D ST., 350 WEST.—High-class house, beautiful parlor suite; running water; porcelain bath; references.

34TH ST., 253 WEST, (The Willena.)—Refined; steam heat; suitable two; $4 up.

36TH ST., 40 WEST.—Comfortable double, single rooms; closets, running water, bath; gentlemen; $8, $4.50.

37TH ST., 68 WEST.—Large and small room, with modern conveniences; Southerners accommodated; references.

39TH ST., 57 WEST.—Large rooms, with bath, and small rooms; running water; references required.

46TH ST., 41 WEST.—Large front room, with private bath; gentlemen only; references required.

46TH, 45 WEST.—FURNISHED ROOMS; GENTLEMEN; REFERENCE.

50TH, 51 WEST.—Private family; elegantly furnished large, sunny room; connecting bath; gentlemen.

Furnished Rooms

West Side.

52D ST., 55 WEST.—Large furnished room; private bath; gentlemen only; references.

56TH, 306 West.—Large and small rooms, in clean, well-kept house; reasonable.

58TH ST., 325 WEST.—Nicely furnished hall rooms, steam heated, $2.50 up; references required.

58TH, ST., 331 WEST.—Large, comfortable room; suitable two; second floor; adjoining bath; $6; central.

68TH ST., 38 WEST.—Bachelor apartments; exquisitely kept; unrivaled service; absolutely private; every modern convenience; breakfast if desired; highest references only.

69TH ST., 65 WEST.—Sunny front room, adjoining bath; private house; steam heat, electric light.

70TH ST., 130 WEST.—Second-story front room; private bath; room; telephone; also single room.

70TH ST., 130 WEST.—Second-story front room; private bath; room; telephone; also single room.

106 WEST 71ST ST.

Nicely furnished rooms; board optional.

73D ST., 112 WEST.—Newly furnished, large, small rooms; plenty hot water; all conveniences; telephone.

73D, 238 WEST.—Bachelor accommodations; private bath; also office for doctor or dentist; electricity; references.

75TH ST., 8 WEST.—Sunny, southern exposure room in private house; electric light, steam heat; references. Call 116. Telephone 6144 Columbus.

76TH ST., 119 WEST.—Doctor's office, back parlor; large, warm room, bath; bachelors; private house.

76TH ST., 180 WEST.—Room, private bath, electricity; parquet floor; everything first-class; telephone; references.

77TH ST., 301 WEST, (West End Av.)—Beautifully furnished single and double rooms in new house; exclusive section; block from Broadway; references.

77TH, 126 WEST.—Large beautiful sunny rooms, adjoining bath; smaller room; refined surroundings; telephone.

78TH ST., 112 WEST.—Desirable, sunny rooms; every convenience; accessible Subway, elevated; telephone; references; moderate.

79TH ST., 169 WEST.—Large room, with private bath, in private house; breakfast optional; references required.

81ST, 104 WEST.—Pleasant warm rooms, convenient to car, El. and Subway; new management.

81ST ST., 108 WEST.—Nicely furnished, medium-sized rooms in private house; conveniences; reasonable; references.

82D ST., 327 WEST.—Private house; large room, alcove, second floor; one small; telephone. Campbell.

82D ST., 47 WEST.—In clean, well-kept house, large and small comfortable rooms; reasonable.

84TH ST., 52 WEST.—Furnished room in private house; references.

85TH ST., 140 WEST.—Elegantly furnished large, small rooms, private house; convenient L, Subway; telephone.

85TH ST., 205 WEST.—A charming suite; refined surroundings; gentlemen only. Nicholas.

90TH, 122 WEST.—Parlor suite, single room; steam, running water; private family; reasonable. McKee.

92D, 3 WEST.—Elevator apartment; small room, light and warm; business woman preferred. Saunders.

94TH ST., 173 WEST.—Exceptionally clean rooms; tiled baths; Subway express, "L" station.

95TH ST., 151 WEST.—ATTRACTIVE ROOMS; PRIVATE HOUSE.

96TH ST., 111 WEST.—Neatly furnished bedroom; bath; steam heat; all conveniences; private; $2.50. Hoddins.

97TH, West of Broadway.—Large, select room; high-class elevator apartment; every comfort and convenience; telephone 6780 Riverside; Apartment 1B.

101ST ST., 8 WEST.—Sunny room, heated, two young men, $4. Telephone 2548—Riverside. Beader.

101ST, 10 WEST.—Newly furnished room; electricity; telephone; $3.50; gentleman. Nichols, Apartment 32.

101ST, 211 WEST.—Attractive; steam heated; in high-class; Apt. 24; $6.

107TH ST., 210 WEST.—Attractive front room, with every comfort; congenial surroundings; gentlemen; references. White.

107TH ST., 230 WEST.—High class elevator apartment; attractive room, beautifully furnished; references. Gurnee.

110TH ST., 237 WEST.—A suite of two rooms, facing Central Park; electric light, telephone; also other nice rooms, with private bath; reasonable. Mrs. White, Park View Apartments.

111TH, 529 WEST.—Large parlor bedroom; gentleman preferred; private family of two; references. Moore.

112TH ST., 504 WEST, (near Broadway.)—Large, small rooms; elevator; electricity; 'phone; shower; breakfasts. Wells.

114TH ST., 606 WEST., Near Riverside Drive.—Private house; choice room, adjoining bath; steam heat; electricity; telephone; near 116th St. Subway.

114TH ST., 528 WEST.—Large, sunny rooms, near Columbia University; all conveniences, private house; accessible Subway and surface lines.

116TH ST., corner Morningside West, (57.)—Delightful rooms; elevator apartment, overlooking park; light housekeeping. Henry.

116TH ST., 404 West.—Attractive, sunny rooms, overlooking Morningside Park; telephone, elevator; gentlemen only. Morse.

118TH ST., 414 WEST.—Attractive, large, small rooms; southern exposure; homelike; elevator; Subway. Smith.

118TH ST., 417 WEST.—Connecting and single rooms, attractively furnished; ladies only. Allen.

417 WEST 118TH ST.

Large, delightful rooms; handsomely furnished; reasonable. Fert.

121ST., 170 WEST.—Clean, sunny, well-heated; modern; telephone; single, en suite; $2-$4. Hungerford.

122D, 520 WEST.—Scrupulously clean room, mission furniture; done in dark green; $4.50; electricity, elevator, telephone; refined business woman preferred. Tessier.

122D, 520 WEST.—Elevator apartment; large outside rooms, $4; dining room connected. Kerker.

124TH ST., 510 WEST.—Heated, clean, outside, sunny; independent elevator; telephone; gentlemen; moderate. Apartment 26.

137TH ST., 611 WEST.—Subway corner; rooms, single, en suite; running water; private baths. Pierson.

142D ST., 611 WEST.—Nicely furnished single room; all conveniences; very reasonable; private house.

158TH ST., 646 WEST, (near Subway.)—Newly renovated, attractive rooms; all conveniences; breakfast; gentlemen preferred.

ACCOMMODATION in Jewish family for gentleman; bright, sunny room; every convenience; adjoining bath; convenient 110th St. Subway station, Broadway surface cars, Riverside stage; breakfast. Address R 111 Times.

CENTRAL PARK WEST, 327.—Modern elevator apartment, refined family; two large, light connecting rooms; large closets, running water, adjoining bath; reasonable; or will rent single; references. Mrs. Osler.

CLAREMONT AV., 175, (near Riverside.)—Select room, warm, quiet, comfortable; near Subway. Cotton.

FRENCH PROFESSOR has room in apartment near Columbia, suitable for student, $4. R 124 Times.

MORNINGSIDE AV., 98, (cor 123d.)—Elegant outside room for couple; running water; in first-class corner elevator apartment. Kitchen privileges. Call evenings, Apt. 37; telephone 790 Morningside.

ROOM, white enameled, for lady or couple; references. Apartment 62, corner Broadway and 121st St.

WEST END AV., 786.—Private family, 2, having delightful home, will let beautiful, large suite rooms; private bath; two or three gentlemen; two minutes 96th St. Subway.

East Side.

16TH ST., 132 EAST.—Elegantly furnished, large adjoining rooms; nice locality; steam heat; gentleman; references.

19TH, 126 EAST.—Handsomely furnished rooms; Subway and "L"; convenient; gentlemen; references. Apply Hardy.

21ST ST., 139 EAST., (Gramercy Park.)—Furnished rooms without board; running water; steam heat.

29TH ST., 43 EAST.—Desirable rooms, large and small; private house; references.

43D ST., 13 EAST.—Large, attractive room, with private bath; first sleeping floor.

55TH ST., 24 EAST.—First-class furnished room, bath; conveniences; telephone on floor.

60TH ST., 134 EAST.

Two desirable front hall rooms.

Furnished Rooms

East Side.

76TH ST., 87 EAST.—Comfortable front room; bright and sunny; private house; $4.50 weekly.

DOCTOR'S OFFICE.

Every convenience; former occupant physician. 'Phone, Lenox 6613. 32 East 76th.

IRVING PLACE, 14, (corner 15th St., block east of Union Square.)—Front rooms; box spring beds; tiled bathrooms; absolute cleanliness.

LEXINGTON AV., 586, (52d St.)—Attractive, sunny, clean room; bath; breakfast; telephone; references; select house.

Furnished Rooms Wanted

WANTED—Furnished room, heat, conveniences, west side; gentleman; references. R 128 Times.

Unfurnished Rooms

Three unfurnished rooms, bath; $33; heated; refined private house West 20s; couple at business desired; references required. L. J., 182 9th Av.

STUDIO, BEDROOM AND BATH, $70. 128 EAST 37TH ST.

Unfurnished Apartments Wanted

Wanted—Modern apartment, 5 rooms and bath, between 23d St. and 66th St.; light rooms; large bedroom. Address W. M., R 77 Times.

Apartments to Let, Furnished

High-class modern seven-room apartment, near 110th St. Broadway Subway; all conveniences; beautifully furnished; Weber pianola; reasonable rental to responsible party. B 51 Times.

Elegantly furnished apartment, six rooms and bath; electricity; telephone; Subway station. Apply, 9 to 11 A. M., Apartment 43, 607 West 137th St.

Elegantly furnished 5-room apartment, sanitary, to let to couple without children; 163d St. and Broadway; 'phone for particulars, Audubon 3790.

ELEGANTLY furnished six-room elevator apartment; can be seen forenoon. Leffler, 44 West 96th St.

Lady with cozy apartment will share with another; references. Address 430 West 119th St., Apartment 31.

Furnished Apartments Wanted

Furnished four or five room apartment; not too close in; reasonable; preference to parties leaving city. 741, New York Life Building.

Business Opportunities

WANTED—A first-class sales manager, to take charge of sales department of a publishing business at San Francisco; must have some money to invest in the business; must have experience and ability to employ and handle large number of agents selling high class publications to business men; opportunity for a fortune to the right man. Answer by letter. A. J. Bledsoe, 320 Broadway.

Excellent business opening offered gentleman in mercantile corporation, conducted on sound principles; annual earnings, $36,000; applicant must invest $15,000; capable to act as Secretary and Treasurer; state age, former connections; no brokers. B 2 Times.

A well-established manufacturer, whose products are in universal demand, wants active young partner with $600; stands rigid investigation; quick resurns. "Unquestionable," 333 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, just arrived, has inventions; sport articles, ladies' fashion, rubber goods; capitalists wanted to pay expenses on interest; come or write. Mr. A. Crosser, 186 2d Av.

Long established stenographic office, yielding fine income to an expert law stenographer, is for sale; has fine clientele; will bear full investigation. Y 290 Times Downtown.

Wanted—Interest in established wholesale fruit and produce business where capital and broad experience desired. Answer B, 2,957 Broadway.

Hotel, restaurant, or lunch room to buy or to rent; no agents. Replies, with price and conditions, refer to R 90 Times.

For Sale.—Stock in Treadwell Engineering Co., Easton, Pa.; any offers considered. Z 89 Times.

For Sale

Feed store for sale; unexpired lease; good locality; large building, with neat office; stock hay, oats, straw, bran, &c.; five horses and three trucks, harness, blankets, and equipment complete. Inquire Joseph F. Mullen Co., 525 Water St. Tel. 4404 Orchard.

25 telephone booths, double sound-proof oak and mahogany; also 3 Directors' tables, several roll-top desks; office partitions. Budd & Co., 73 Spring St., near Subway Station.

Planing mill in rapidly growing section; buildings and machinery A1 conditon; wll consider property in exchange as part payment. Z 87 Times.

Slightly used office furniture, safes, typewriters, adding machines, multigraphs. Nathan's, West Broadway, corner White St.

Butcher store for sale; good corner. Manager, 285 Brook Av. Fried.

Dogs, Birds and Poultry

For Sale.—Sable Pomeranian dog, fine pedigree; owner returning England soon; sacrifice, $100; can be seen evenings, 6 to 9. Hotel Carlton, West 54th St., apartment 26.

Purchase and Exchange

HIGHEST CASH PRICES PAID FOR PAWN-tickets, old gold, silver, platinum. Foreign money exchanged. KLEINMAN, 250 8th Av.

Pianos and Organs

Knabe mahogany upright piano; beautiful tone; like new; sell at sacrifice. 316 W. 42d St.

SURROGATE CITATION.

SUPPLEMENTAL CITATION.

RUBINO, JACOB.—The People of the State of New York, by the Grace of God, Free and Independent.—To Bernardine Reinganum, Sanitatsrat Dr. Med. Voigt, as executor of the estate of Sophie Rubino Speyer, deceased; Jacob Wick, as executor of the estate of Sophie Rubino Speyer, deceased; Boston News Bureau, the United States Fidelity & Guaranty Company, Frank J. Coffin, Francis L. Minton, Walter D. Buchanan, Duncan Edwards, Henry C. Bryan, St. George Fechtig, Frank H. Hines, James B. Mabon, G. Beekman Hoppin, Western Union Telegraph Company, George Degenhard, John Rottler, and Elias C. Benedict, and to all persons interested in the estate of JACOB RUBINO, late of the County of New York, deceased, as creditors, next of kin or otherwise, send greeting:

You and each of you are hereby cited and required personally to be and appear before our Surrogate of the County of New York, at the Surrogates' Court of said county, held at the Hall of Records, in the County of New York, on the 5th day of March, 1912, at half-past ten o'clock in the forenoon of that day, then and there to attend a judicial settlement of the account of proceedings of Hermine R. Loening as Temporary Administratrix of the goods, chattels, and credits of said deceased; and such of you as are hereby cited as are under the age of twenty-one years are required to appear by your guardian, if you have one, or if you have none, to appear and apply for one to be appointed, or in the event of your neglect or failure to do so, a guardian will be appointed by the Surrogate to represent and act for you in the proceeding.

In testimony whereof, we have caused the Seal of the Surrogates' Court of the said County of New York to be hereunto affixed.

Witness, Hon. Robert Ludlow Fowler, a Surrogate of our said county, at the County of New York, the 17th day of January, in the year of our Lord one thousand nine hundred and twelve.

[Seal.] DANIEL J. DOWDNEY, Clerk of the Surrogates' Court.

The Best Help.

When you want the best help, use the Help Wanted columns of The New York Times. The Times is read by the best workers, and many of them are capable of filling the position offered.

To insert a Help Wanted advertisement in The New York Times telephone Bryant 1000 and ask for the Want Advertising Department. Advertisements will be promptly inserted and the bill sent.

INTERBORO TERMS MUST BE REVISED

Talked Over in Conference and Negotiators Are to Report Objections to Mr. Shonts.

TWENTY POINTS IN DISPUTE

Memorandum of Agreement Taken Up at a Full Meeting of City Authorities—Some Hope Ahead.

The Interborough Rapid Transit Company will know in detail to-day what the city authorities are willing to accept in the way of an offer to build the new subways. A conference was held yesterday afternoon in the offices of the Public Service Commission at which there was a larger attendance of city officials than at any of the former gatherings, and the memorandum, prepared by A. J. County, of the Interborough's views on the subject, was gone through carefully. The conclusion will be submitted to Theodore P. Shonts, President of the Interborough, and it will depend on the view that he and his directors take of the matter whether or not the company will submit a definite proposal.

The negotiators were Samuel Rea, Vice President of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company; A. J. County, his assistant, and Morgan J. O'Brien, counsel for the railroad. Chairman Willcox was there with all his fellow commissioners with the exception of Mr. Cram, who had set his face against all secret conferences, even the Executive Committee meetings of the commission, and for the Board of Estimate appeared not only Controller Prendergast and Borough President McAneny, but also Presidents Miller and Cromwell. Consequently, if the city representatives were satisfied by what Mr. Rea, as umpire in the dispute, was willing to agree to, and Mr. Shonts also views with favor the results of the deliberations of yesterday, there should be no difficulty of getting a majority of both the commission and the board to accept the final adjustment.

The meeting took up the seventeen-page memorandum submitted by Mr. County on Tuesday. Chairman Willcox and President McAneny are careful to say that this is not before them as an Interborough offer, but it is well understood that this is only a diplomatic form of speech. Section by section this memorandum was taken up and gone over. Objections were raised to about twenty points by one city representative or another, and Mr. Rea did his best to reduce the opposition. He was willing, he said, to suggest to Mr. Shonts that on this point the Interborough was going a bit too far and that on the other some modification could well be afforded, but he thought that the city, on its part, should waive an objection here and there to meet what the Interborough might be disposed to grant.

In this way a final statement was reached on the city's position, and notes were made on the memorandum of what were regarded as serious objections.

Mr. Shonts and his associates are now to determine whether they can revise the proposal. It is believed by the city conferrees that in spite of the assertions emanating from the offices of the Interborough that what was said on Monday represented the absolute minimum that the company can accept, Mr. Shonts and his friends were not so ignorant of bargaining as not to include a few items on which they could give way gracefully.

The city representatives brought up the question of Section 5 of the Lexington Avenue route, which would connect up the Lexington Avenue line now in process of construction with the Broadway Subway, for which contracts are being let. As soon as it is approved by the Board of Estimate and the contracts for construction are let, the city could only give the Lexington Avenue route to the Interborough for a large sum to compensate the contractor for the work he has done and the profit he has a right to expect.

The section is now before the Board of Estimate after having been held up in the Controller's office for months. The Board, it was stated, cannot delay much longer in acting one way or the other upon it, and it cannot refuse to grant the money for its construction unless it is sure that some other plan will be put through to render it unnecessary. This was brought forward as a warning to the Interborough that it cannot continue these negotiations forever, and that unless it comes forward with an offer that the city can consider reasonable within a short time the money will be granted for the section and the hope of altering the tentative settlement of the subway question of last Summer will be gone.

Some feeling was also expressed by the members of the Public Service Commission and the Board of Estimate as to the reported attitude of the Interborough in reference to guarantees that its offer, if it is sent in, will be adopted by the city. It fell to Mr. Rea to explain to the city representatives that Mr. Shonts in no way expected a formal pledge from any public official that he would accept an offer which he had not seen. All that was needed was a general assurance that the terms put forward by the company would be acceptable to the city and that the company would not be exposed to the humiliation of another refusal of its terms.

The fundamentals which were defined by the city at the meeting at the Down Town Association last week referred largely to the banking provisions of any agreement. These, it was learned, were not discussed fully yesterday. The debate turned rather on a number of the details of such an agreement as must be finally reached.

With nothing definitely decided the conference broke up after it had been in session for nearly four hours, and no official statement as to the details of the business was forthcoming. Chairman Willcox, Controller Prendergast, and President McAneny will meet Mr. Rea and Mr. County again at the Public Service Commission's office this afternoon, and it is expected that to-morrow the larger group will be once more able to meet with some hope of reaching something not far short of a final agreement.

PROPOSES SUBWAY ELECTION.

Travis Has Bill for Voters to Decide Public Service Question.

ALBANY, Jan. 31.—Provision for the holding of a special election on the first Tuesday in April in order to let the voters of New York City decide if the operation of their subways shall be turned over to the Public Service Commission is made in a bill introduced by Senator Travis.

Senator Burd put in a bill requiring all telephone exchanges in any municipality, whether they be competing lines or not, to receive messages from one another, and relay them at a joint rate to be fixed by the Public Service Commission. Failure to obey the commission's order involves a fine of $100 a day.

Assemblyman Ahern offered a bill providing that if any person die within six months after the injection or use of any vaccine, serum, or antitoxin the fact of such injection and a statement of its probable or improbable relation to the death of such person must be stated in the death certificate. The attending physician who fails to make such a report is made guilty of a felony.

BROADWAY TO BE SHORN NEXT

McAneny Wants Obstructions Cut from Thoroughfare and Side Streets.

Broadway from the Battery to Columbus Circle and half a dozen congested down town streets, including Maiden Lane, Cortlandt and Vesey Streets throughout their entire length, and Liberty Street from Pearl to West Street, are to be shorn of building and other encroachments if a resolution which Borough President McAneny will present at the Board of Estimate to-day is passed.

More encroachments will be removed than ever before in the history of the city and the merchants and building owners to be affected are not at all pleased at the prospect. Pretentious approaches, steps and areaways of many of the city's biggest office buildings will have to go. Scores of show windows will be no more for President McAneny is bent upon making a clean sweep.

The city ordinance covering encroachments provides that steps shall not project more than 12 inches beyond the building line, nor show windows more than 18 inches. The Borough President's engineers say that practically every show window now projects from 20 to 35 inches.

Among the buildings to be affected are the Standard Oil Building, as to its areaway and columns; 42 Broadway, steps and columns; Stewart Building, steps; Western Union Building, steps and areaway; New York Life Building, columns; United States Realty and Trinity Buildings, steps and areaways.

Observations were taken by experts from the Borough President's office to determine the relative flow of traffic at certain points during one hour. This was the result:

	Pedestrians.	Vehicles.
At Rector Street	6,900	2,800
Fulton Street	115,000	5,000
Franklin Street	49,000	5,200
Ninth Street	40,000	4,900
Thirty-fourth Street	44,000	4,300
Houston and Bleecker Sts.	38,000	5,700
Nineteenth Street	35,000	4,900
Twenty-ninth Street	34,000	4,400
Fifty-eighth Street	10,000	6,200

Under a resolution passed some time ago the removal of all encroachments along Broadway from Twenty-fourth to Thirty-third Street and from Forty-second to Forty-fifth Street is progressing. Those property owners who have not already complied with the terms of that order must do so by April 1.

MAYOR TO GIRL GRADUATES.

Tells Schoolgirls How to be Good Wives and Housekeepers.

Mayor Gaynor visited Public School 4 in Rivington Street yesterday, and in a short address to the girl graduates he laid down some advice on marriage and other problems.

"Your Principal," he said, "says that there are 126 of you and that you average 14 years and 2 months. I almost thought I would have to begin to advise you about getting married. And you know that is come along now before long. You will all have husbands in a few years. The saying is that God disposes and man proposes. And this being Leap Year, the girls have a right to propose if they want to.

"But I won't say anything to you about that. I have not been able to be a very good adviser to my own daughters on that subject, I fear, and so I probably would be a great failure with you. I only mention it to show that the education you have received here is to enable you to be good wives and housekeepers. You could not be that, you know, without being reasonably schooled."

The Mayor then promised that he would give each of the pupils a present, as he did the boy graduates of Public School 160. He sent them copies of the autobiography of Benjamin Franklin. He complimented them upon their dancing and athletic work. When he came to the subject of cooking, the Mayor asked the class how long it took to boil an egg.

"Six minutes," cried several. The Mayor thought that was a long time, but he said he would take their word for it. On the subject of housekeeping he said:

"Happiness is not in a big house always. It is where the woman makes her home, and the nice, clean, tidy little woman who knows how to sing a little, dance a little, and jump through the hoop a little"—this in reference to a form of the pupils' exercises—"and at the same knows how to cook to make her husband good-natured. That is the right kind of a woman. No one in this world is so honorable as the man or woman who wants to work. Some women would rather work in a cigar factory than in the house. That is not right. You are being taught these useful things here to use them in the right way."

Miss Rector, the Principal, thanked the Mayor for his efforts in reinstating sewing in the schools, instead of having it replaced by elementary science.

RELEASES RABBI MAGNES.

B'nai Jeshurun Synagogue Frees Him at His Own Request.

Following the announcement by the Rev. Dr. J. L. Magnes, rabbi of B'nai Jeshurun Synagogue, at Madison Avenue and Sixty-fifth Street, that he had decided to devote himself in the future to the problems of Jewish religious organization and education in connection with the Kehillah or Jewish community of New York, this notice was sent yesterday by the Acting President of the Congregation B'nai Jeshurun to its members:

> Dr. J. L. Magnes having announced to the Board of Trustees that it is his desire to concentrate his attention upon the problems of Jewish religious organization and of Jewish education, without being attached to any particular Synagogue, the Board of Trustees have decided to grant his request, and have further granted his request that he have leave of absence in order that he might visit Palestine and acquaint himself with religious and educational problems of the Jews there. The Board of Trustees have expressed to Dr. Magnes their high appreciation of his ability to serve the community along the lines laid down by him. The carrying on of this work by Dr. Magnes has made it necessary for him to retire as Rabbi of this congregation.

On the coming Saturday the pulpit of B'nai Jeshurun Synagogue will be occupied by Rabbi Barnet Elzas.

Philharmonic Concert at Hippodrome.

The Philharmonic Society is to give a concert in the Hippodrome on Sunday evening, Feb. 25, when the programme with the exception of the solo numbers, will be devoted to Wagner. The soloists will be Miss Estelle Liebling, Soprano, and Josef Lhevinne, pianist. The prices will range from $1.50 to 25 cents.

MODERNITY IN PERIL VAUGHAN DECLARES

We Third-Rate Planet Folk Dictate Terms to God, Says Jesuit Priest.

FLAYS LAX DIVORCE SYSTEM

Careless Marriages Result in Cradleless Nurseries, He Tells Carnegie Hall Audience.

Father Bernard Vaughan, the noted English Jesuit priest and orator, told an audience that crowded Carnegie Hall last night that the greatest dangers threatening society to-day are a lax system of divorce and marriage, cradleless nurseries and a system of education which demotes Christ from the rank of headmaster to a place on the back seat and instead of drilling an army is only arming a mob. Only by restoring Christian principles in all things, he said, can society be saved from approaching the low level of pagan Rome in the muddiest stage of its "muddy Golden Age."

Father Vaughan spoke under the auspices of the Laymen's League for Retreats and Social Studies, and among those on the platform with him were: Thomas F. Woodlock, Chairman of the meeting; the Rev. T. J. Shealy, S. J., Spiritual Director of the Laymen's Movement; Dr. James Walsh of Fordham University, Edward J. McGuire, ex-President of the Catholic Club; W. J. Hynes of the St. Vincent de Paul Society, ex-Judge Roesch, and Frank J. Whalen. Among those who purchased boxes were the Countess Leary, Countess Iselin, John D. Cimmins, Morgan J. O'Brien, John G. Agar, Eric B. Dahlgren, Robert Collier, Condé Nast, C. Oliver Iselin, Lyttleton Fox, and Condé B. Pollen.

Father Vaughan declared that present-day society "while not yet at the cemetery is heading rapidly toward it." He instanced as one of the causes of the decadence of the age the careless system of divorce, which, if not improved, he said, would be ruinous to the country. Socialism in its various phases he also assailed.

"We are careless managers where we should be most careful," he said. "Man and woman are in nothing alike; each gives to the other what the other has not. Each completes and is completed by the other. Their union should be indissoluble. Careless marriages bring about cradleless nurseries. The man and woman who come together and dictate terms of policy to God, who defy His will and ignore His inspirations, in order that they may have more leisure to enjoy the things of this third-rate planet, are playing a poor game. I think the very frequency of divorce results from the fact that such men and women, instead of being attractive, become repulsive to one another. You are too heavily handicapped to run a race with God.

"Besides careless divorce and cradleless nurseries we are endangered by a Godless education. There is only one master who can teach and drill children in the use of the weapon of knowledge, and His name is Christ Jesus. In every school He is the headmaster or He is nowhere. Put Him on a back seat and He leaves the room. I fear in great part instead of drilling an army in your schools you are arming a mob. You are putting dreadful instruments of knowledge in the hands of boys and girls, and already I see the flash of their arms and hear them cry against things as they are.

"Like decadent Rome, too, we are falling into thriftless lives. We want pleasure and we want it at once. We love pleasure instead of work. Recreation we need, but not dissipation. In the evening nowadays men talk about the sport they have had, when they should say the sport they have not had. In such lives there is nothing upbuilding. As a result to-day we are living in an age of suffragettes, because men have lost their hold and women are getting the upper hand."

As a final danger Father Vaughan pointed out that of "spiritual shipwreck through apostasy from God." Outside the Catholic Church, he declared, men are "re-editing the Sermon on the Mount," and cutting out all unpleasant things from the Bible and the Athanasian creed, so that soon nothing will be left but heaven, and they'll find they'll have to leave that alone unless Christ leads them to it."

Other speakers at the meeting last night were Thomas F. Woodlock, who spoke of the laymen's movement, and the Rev. T. J. Shealy, who spoke on "Laymen's Retreats." As the audience filed out of the hall they were met at the exits by some of the "dangers of society" Father Vaughan had denounced, who thrust into their hands announcements that to-morrow night in Carnegie Hall Anarchism would debate against Socialism, through the high priestess and high priest of those movements, Emma Goldman and Sol Fieldman. Transparencies and the flaming torch accompanied the announcement distributors.

HEALTH BOARD NEEDS MONEY

Dr. Lederle Appeals Again to Aldermen on Account of Smallpox Danger.

Health Commmisioner Ernst J. Lederle said yesterday that the defeat in the Board of Aldermen last Tuesday of his request for the issue of $15,000 special revenue bonds to provide for a special corps of physicians to perform vaccinations had not dismayed him. He said that he would submit another request for the money and that he would persist until he got it. The increase of smallpox cases, he thought, would assure a more favorable report by the Board of Aldermen at their next Tuesday session.

Even while the Board was voting against the proposal last Tuesday, it was learned yesterday, Commissioner Lederle, on the recommendation of the Board of Health which was meeting simultaneously with the Board of Aldermen, was writing a letter to the Board of Aldermen pleading for their support in the measure. This letter did not reach the Aldermen, however, until after their adjournment.

RAISE VALUATION $9,000,000.

Greenwich, Conn., Assessors Place Additional Burden on Taxpayers.

GREENWICH, Conn., Jan. 31.—The Town Assessors after four months' work filed the grand list this afternoon and then went into hiding, for they had raised the assessed valuation of about every piece of property in town, the total increase being about $9,000,000. The list is now over $35,000,000, three times what it was ten years ago.

It is expected at a special town meeting to be held soon to lay a tax rate the millionaires will attend and endeavor to have the tax rate reduced. The Assessors give as their reason for raising the values that they are simply bringing their town property up to the value set by the State Board of Equalization, and that even then the property is not assessed for half its value.

New Committee for Windsor Trust.

Directors of the Windsor Trust Company elected the following Executive Committee yesterday: Stephen N. Bond, James A. Burden, August Heckscher, Robert H. McCurdy, John H. Storer, Arthur Turnbull, and Cornelius Vanderbilt. The officers were re-elected. Howard M. Jefferson, Secretary of the company, was made Secretary and Treasurer, and Frederick W. LePerin, Assistant Treasurer.

CHEMICAL DOES WELL.

Earnings Above Last Year—Surplus a Little Less Owing to Larger Dividend.

The annual report of the General Chemical Company for the year ended Dec. 31 shows net profit of $2,421,880, compared with $2,401,339 in 1910. After the payment of dividends and fire insurance reserves the surplus remaining was $1,122,802, against $1,253,037 in the previous year. The smaller surplus for the period was due to the insurance item of $60,000 and the increase in the common dividend from $398,302 to $489,078.

Total surplus at the close of the year was $5,213,561, from which was charged off $342,923 for reductions of plant account, profit sharing fund, corporation tax, &c. In the previous year this charge was $378,098. After the payment of the stock dividend on the common, amounting to $407,600, there remained a profit and loss surplus of $4,463,038.

President Nichols reports additional stock issues amounting to 10 per cent. of the present shares of both classes outstanding to be offered for subscription at par. On this point he says:

"As the natural growth of business cannot be met wholly by the capital provided from the company's surplus profits additional capital will be necessary within the next eighteen months for new construction. The Directors have, therefore, decided to offer for subscription to the preferred stockholders the remaining available $1,250,000 preferred stock at par, and to common stockholders $855,890 of the remaining amount of common stock at par. Subscriptions to the additional stock will be payable in four equal quarterly payments, the details as to which will be announced later."

SPENT $461,477,105 IN 1911.

And the City Now Finds It Had $24,581,406 Left Over on Jan. 1.

The annual report of City Chamberlain R. R. Moore, which was received yesterday by Mayor Gaynor, shows that the city's financial transactions for the year, in money, have reached very close to the half-billion mark. Of this amount only $151,517,746 was the actual receipts for water rates, taxes, interest on taxes and water rates, and interest on assessments and the general fund. Sales of revenue bonds, issued in anticipation of the collection of taxes, footed up to $171,511,338. Total receipts for the year were $464,181,692. The balance on hand on Dec. 31, 1910, was $14,694,372, bringing the grand total up to $478,876,065.

Interest on the city debt footed up $36,537,415. Revenue bonds were redeemed to the amount of $181,876,655. The item for redemption of the city debt is $8,746,453. For education, $33,894,485 was expended. The Board of Water Supply, having charge of the construction of the Catskill Aqueduct system, spent $25,228,034. The Public Service Commission spent $11,622,383. The Police Department, $16,450,000; the Fire Department, $9,111,000, and the Street Cleaning Department, $9,423,710. Total disbursements were $461,477,105. The aggregate balance, on Dec. 30, 1911, including sinking fund and special fund balances, was $24,581,406, against an aggregate balance of $18,550,875 on Dec. 31, 1910.

WALDO AFTER ROBERT CASE.

Not Satisfied with Reports of Stabbing in Mrs. Carrier's Apartment.

Police Commissioner Waldo gave personal attention yesterday to the stabbing of Alberto Robert, a young Porto Rican, living at 233 West Forty-ninth Street. Robert is in St. Luke's Hospital with a deep gash in his cheek. Commissioner Waldo said he was dissatisfied with the reports from the West 100th Street Station and ordered Inspector Hughes to make a complete investigation and report to him.

The stabbing took place in the apartment of Mrs. Fannie Carrier. Dwyer said he was engaged to be married to Mrs. Carrier, who is the mother-in-law of Daniel G. Reid, Chairman of the Board of Directors of the Rock Island Railway System. Mrs. Carrier refused to see reporters yesterday.

TRADE E&W. MARK

Crestwood
Cragwood

A new cloth in two new Red-Man collars on sale about Feb. 15.

EARL & WILSON.

2 for 25 cents.

Kennedy
12 Cortlandt St.

Famous
$1.90 Hats
Best in the World for the Money.
Will Wear Equal to Any Sold at $3.00.
Advanced Spring Styles.
Wide Brim Derbys, Black and Brown.
Shaggy Soft Hats, Four Colors.
Soft American Velours
Classy Stitched Cloth Hats, $1.25

WE ARE SACRIFICING

the most expensive materials in our remnant sale. Suits to measure $18.00, overcoats $20.00. The style and tailoring we embody in these garments, would positively cost more than double elsewhere.

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Registered Trade Mark | Established Half a Century

Imported Dress Materials for 1912

After months of careful preparation we have assembled a most comprehensive collection of Novelty Cotton and Linen Dress Fabrics, as well as all the desirable staple materials. The assortment contains everything that is new and fashionable in weave and design. The following are among the most attractive lines.

At $1.50 to 5.00 yard—Bordered Novelties in Voile, Marquisette, Linen, French Batiste, Nets, Silk and Cotton Tissue, etc., printed and embroidered Borders. 47 inches wide.

At 25c to $1.00 yard—Imported Voiles in plain shades, Silk Stripes, Embroidered Figures, delicate Printings in All-Aver Floral and Side-Band effects. 28 to 42 inches wide.

At 25c to $1.25 yard—Printed Irish Dimities and Linen Lawns, French Brilliants, French and Irish Printed Handkerchief Linens and French Organdies.

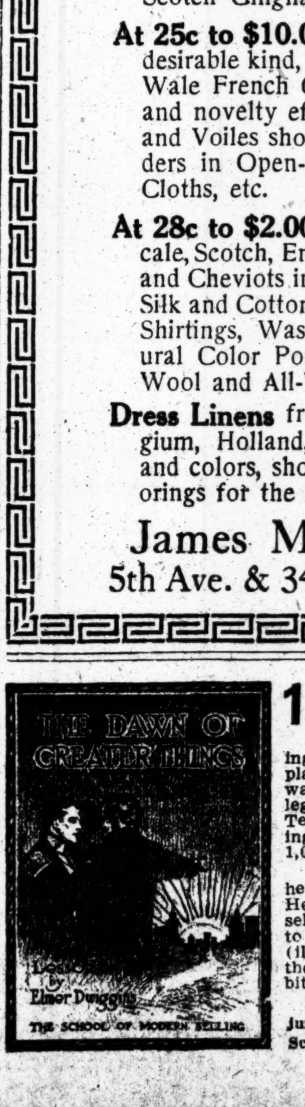
At 25c to 75c yard—English Ottoman Cords, Poplins, Repps, Galatea, D. & J. Anderson's Scotch Ginghams, Kindergarten Cloth, etc.

At 25c to $10.00 yard—White Fabrics of every desirable kind, including Dimities, Madras, Wide-Wale French Cords and Piques, Voiles in plain and novelty effects, Marquisettes, French Linen and Voiles showing handsome embroidered Borders in Open-Work and other designs, Ratine Cloths, etc.

At 28c to $2.00 yard—Shirtings of French Percale, Scotch, English, French and Austrian Madras and Cheviots in white and colors, Russian Cords, Silk and Cotton Mercerized Fabrics, Cotton Crepe Shirtings, Washable Silks and Silk Crepe, Natural Color Pongee, Viyella Flannel, Silk and Wool and All-Wool Unshrinkable Flannels, etc.

Dress Linens from France, Germany, Italy, Belgium, Holland, Ireland and Scotland, in white and colors, showing the newest weaves and colorings for the coming season.

James McCutcheon & Co.,
5th Ave. & 34th St., N. Y. Opposite Waldorf-Astoria



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He has paid for 1,000 of our Complete Courses, but he specifies an original method of selecting the men. He directs us to ask $1.00 for the full Course, (which sells regularly at $25,) and then to return the dollar to every man who does not find the First Lesson alone (illustrated herein) worth more than the charge for the entire Course. Thus he eliminates those ambitions cannot be aroused.

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GEO. M. COHAN Thea., B'way & 43d St. Ev. 8:15. Mat. Sat.
144TH TIME TO-NIGHT.
No Visit to New York Complete Until You've Called on Cohan.
COHAN and his own Company in the Musical Farce Rampant, THE LITTLE MILLIONAIRE.

ASTOR B'way, 45th. Evg. 8:15. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:15. Wed. Mats. 50c-$1.50.
Laugh while the laughing's good.
RAYMOND HITCHCOCK in that musical play with a laughing punch, THE RED WIDOW

GRAND Opera Ho., 23 St. & 8 Av. Mat. Sat.
Wm. H. Crane, The Senator Keeps House.
LIMITED ENGAGEMENT | STARTING NEXT MONDAY —Seats on Sale Now.—
CHAUNCEY OLCOTT in his new play, MACUSHLA.

CENTURY (Formerly New Theatre) 62d and 8th Ave. Phone 8800 Col.
THE 8TH WONDER OF THE WORLD.
THE GARDEN OF ALLAH
Ev. 8. Mats. Wed. (Pop.), and Sat. 2 Sharp.

WALLACK'S B'way & 30th St. Evs. 8:20. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:20.
TO-NIGHT 162d TIME ARLISS in DISRAELI

CENTURY THEATRE 62d-63d St. Central P'k W.
FRIDAY AFTERNOON FEB. 9 1 TO 5 O'CLOCK
A PERFORMANCE IN THE INTERESTS OF THE NATIONAL ALLIANCE FOR THE PROTECTION OF STAGE CHILDREN.
ALL BROADWAY'S BRILLIANCY IN ONE UNRIVALLED PROGRAM
MRS. FISKE, ALMA GLUCK, PASQUALE AMATO, MME. SIMONE, LEWIS WALLER, GEO. M. COHAN, EDDIE FOY, RAYMOND HITCHCOCK, WILLIAM COLLIER, ARNOLD DALY, CLIFTON CRAWFORD, INA CLAIRE, OTIS HARLAN, GERTRUDE BRYAN, and many other celebrities.
100 STAGE CHILDREN IN A DAINTY BALLET 100
Best Scenes from "THE GARDEN OF ALLAH," "BUNTY PULLS THE STRINGS," "BOUGHT AND PAID FOR," "THE QUAKER GIRL," "LITTLE BOY BLUE."
NAHAN FRANKO'S ORCHESTRA OF 40.
SEAT SALE OPENS NEXT MONDAY
PRICES $1.00, $1.50, $2.00, $3.00, $4.00, $5.00.

BELASCO 44th St., near B'way. Evs. 8:15. Mats. To-day & Sat. 2:15.
DAVID BELASCO Presents DAVID WARFIELD in THE RETURN OF PETER GRIMM

REPUBLIC 42d St., nr. B'way. Evs. at 8:20. Mats. Wed. & Sat. at 2:20.
DAVID BELASCO presents THE WOMAN

IRVING PL. To-night & Sat. Mat., "Caruso" & "Have You Nothing to Declare?" Fri. & Sat., Comic Opera, "Musterweiber" ("Samples.")

ACADEMY OF MUSIC Mat. Daily. DU BARRY

MURRAY HILL. Mat. To-day. Smoking. Evs. 8:15. THE MIDNIGHT MAIDENS.

Panama Hat Special
A Genuine Luxury
At Bargain Price
Browning, King & Co.

One hundred dozen of the Finest Colombian Panama Hats have been secured by us directly from South America. They are just in the shape in which they landed, and can be blocked and trimmed to suit your fancy.

These hats are the kind your friends have been paying $5.00 to $10.00 for and wearing with comfort and satisfaction. It will pay you to provide yourself with one of these Superior Hats. The Summer is not far off, after all, when you stop to think of it.

Our Price while they last,

$2.65

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HIPPODROME 6th Av., 43d-44th. Daily Mats. 2, Best Seats $1. Ev. 8
AROUND THE WORLD

Playhouse 48th St., East of B'way. Phone 2628 Bryant. Evgs. 8:10; Mts. 2:10.
Bought and Paid For
Matinees To-day & Saturday. Next Wed., Thurs. & Sat.; Lincoln's Birthday, (Mon., Feb. 12;) Wed., Thurs. & Sat.; Washington's Birthday Week, Wed., Thurs., Fri. & Sat.

William Collier's COMEDY 41 St., E. of B'way. Ev. 8:15. $1.50 Mat. To-day 2:15.
BUNTY PULLS THE STRINGS

Lew Fields' Herald Sq. B'way & 35th. Evs. 8:20. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:20.
THE MILLION
"Uproariously funny farce."—Press.
FOURTH MONTH | Entire Orchestra $1.50 Balcony $1 and 50c
Wed. Mat. Entire Orch. $1; Entire Balcony 50c

MAXINE ELLIOTT'S Thea., 39th, bet. B'way & 6th Av. Evs. 8:15. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:15.
A Play of Hawaiian Life. The Bird of Paradise

DALY'S B'way & 30th St. Evenings 8:15. Matinees Wed. & Sat. 2:15.
An Operetta Sweetly Viennese. The Rose of Panama

MANHATTAN Op. Ho., 34th & 8th Av. Evs. 8:15. Next Mat. Sat. ILLINGTON —In— KINDLING
MARGARET NEXT WEEK ... OVERNIGHT

METROPOLITAN OPERA HOUSE
THIS AFT. at 2:30—RHEINGOLD. Matzenauer, Homer. Gluck; Burrian, Weil, Goritz, Reiss, Griswold, Ruysdael, Hinshaw, Murphy. Cond., Hertz.
TO-NIGHT at 8. Double Bill—CAVALLERIA RUSTICANA. Gadski; Martin, Gilly. PAGLIACCI. Destinn; Caruso, Scotti. Cond., Sturani.
FRI. EVG. at 8:15—LUCIA. Tetrazzini; Constantino, Amato, Witherspoon. Cond., Sturani.
SAT. MAT. at 2—FAUST. Farrar, Maubourg; Jadlowker, Renaud, Rothier. Cond., Sturani.
NEXT MON. at 8—KOENIGSKINDER. Farrar, Wickham; Jadlowker, Goritz. Cond., Hertz.
TUES. EVG., at 8:15. Spec'l Perform'ce. RIGOLETTO. Tetrazzini, Homer; Caruso, Renaud, Rothier.
WED. EVG. at 8:15—LA BOHEME. Farrar, Alten; Martin, Scotti, Didur, Pini-Corsi, Segurola. Cond., Sturani.
THURS. at 1:30—WALKUERE. Gadski, Morena, Matzenauer; Hensel, Weil, Ruysdael. Cond., Hertz.
THURS. at 8—ARMIDE. Fremstad, Homer, Gluck, Rappold; Caruso, Amato, Gilly, Reiss. Cond., Toscanini.
BROOKLYN ACADEMY OF MUSIC.
SAT. EVG., Feb. 3, at 7:30—SIEGFRIED. Morena, Homer, Sparkes; Burrian, Reiss, Griswold, Goritz, Ruysdael. Cond., Hertz.
HARDMAN PIANO USED.

Carnegie Hall, Tues. Evg., Feb. 6.
Concert in Memory of SAMUEL S. SANFORD (late President of) SYMPHONY SOCIETY OF NEW YORK. TO ENDOW A HOSPITAL BED.
ORCHESTRA OF THE SYMPHONY SOCIETY WALTER DAMROSCH, Conductor.
Soloist Josef HOFMANN
Seats 50c. to $2.50, Box Office, Tyson's & 1 W. 34th.

PHILHARMONIC —Society of New York— JOSEF STRANSKY, Conductor.
Carnegie Hall, TO-NIGHT & To-m'w Aft.
Soloist, Alessandro BONCI
Gluck, Mozart, Reger Variations, Saint-Saens, "Phaeton" Gounod, Berlioz.
50c. to $2. Management Loudon Charlton.
Sunday Afternoon at 3. Soloist, BONCI.

CARNEGIE HALL, Mon., Ev., Feb. 12, 8:15.
MACDOWELL CHORUS KURT SCHINDLER, Conductor, and the PHILHARMONIC SOCIETY OF N. Y. In a Modern French Programme, including Debussy's "Le Martyre De Saint Sebastien."
Soloists: Maggie Teyte, George Harris, Jr. 75c. to $2.50. Managem't Loudon Charlton

CARNEGIE HALL, Tues. Aft., Feb. 6.
Recital by the Famous Russian Pianist, JOSEF LHEVINNE
50c. to $1.50. Mgt. Loudon Charlton.

CARNEGIE HALL, Wed. Aft., Feb. 7, at 3. Next Song Recital by
GERHARDT
CELEBRATED LIEDER SINGER.
Management Quinlan Musical Agency.

SLEZAK CARNEGIE HALL, SATURDAY AFT'N, FEBRUARY 3, AT 3.
Metropolitan Opera Tenor—Last Song Recital.
Hardman Piano. Mgt. M. Winter, 45 West 34 St.

COLONIAL Daily Mat. 25c. | "The Antique Girl," Fred Gerner & Co., Kalmar & Brown, Homer Miles & Co.

ALHAMBRA Daily Mat. 25c. | Maclyn Arbuckle & Co., Harry Tighe & Co., Kajiyama & Co., 7 others.

BRONX 3d Ave. 149th St Daily Mat. 25c. | Mr. Julius Steger & Co., Joe Jackson, Eddie Leonard, Mack & Walker, others

MINER'S 8th AVE. BOWERY BRONX
Bargain Matinee Every Day.
Follies of the Day. AMATEURS FRIDAY.
Jardin de Paris Girls. WRESTLING TO-NIGHT
The Girls From Reno. AMATEURS TO-NIGHT.

RUSSIAN THEATRE (formerly Garibaldi Theatre,)
31 E. 4th St., 1 block from B'way. Phone 8713 Spring.
PAUL NICIOLAVITCH ORLENEFF and his Russian Players in Repertoire. Thursday Eve., Feb. 1st, THE JEWS; Friday Eve., Feb. 2d, GHOSTS; Saturday Eve., Feb. 3d, THE JEWS; Sunday Eve., Feb. 4th, CRIME AND PUNISHMENT.

David Kessler SECOND AVENUE THEATRE 35-37 Second Av., Cor. 2d St.
MAX R. WILNER Presents
EVERYWOMAN יעדעפרוי
In Yiddish by Permission of Henry W. Savage.

KINEMACOLOR Thea., 40th, nr. B'way. 2:30 & 8:30. Pop. Prices.
Last Weeks CORONATION
COMING.....THE DURBAR.

Columbia B'way & 47th. Evs. & Sat. Mat. 25c-$1. Burlesque —The— Knickerbockers. | Smoking. Matinee To-day, 15c. 25c. & 50c.

OLYMPIC East 14th St. Phone 708 Stuyve. Home of High-Class Burlesque.
SEATS. 25c. Mat. To-day. | VANITY FAIR CO. | Amateur Night TO-NIGHT.

HAMMERSTEIN'S 42 St. Evs. 25c to $1. Daily Mat. 25-50-75c | Houdini, Dinkelspiel's Xmas, Daisy Harcourt, 6 Musical Cuttys, and 12 others.

5th AVE. B'way, 28th St. Daily Mat. 25 & 50c. | Lydia Barry, Fadette Orchestra, Grace Hazard, Hilda Hawthorne, others.

WINTER GARDEN B'way and 50th St. Phone 411 Columbus
MAT. TO-DAY 50c, 75c, And Best Seats $1.00
MIKAIL MORDKIN
LOPOUKOWA—PAJITZKAIA
(Direct from the Metropolitan Opera House)
And the Big Musical Entertainment, "Vera Violetta" Star Cast.
ANNETTE KELLERMANN
SUNDAY NIGHT—BIG CONCERT.

39th ST. Thea., 39th St., nr. B'way. Evs. 8:15. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:15.
A BUTTERFLY ON THE WHEEL

CASINO B'way & 39th. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Wed., Sat.
Winthrop Ames Presents The Wordless Play. SUMURUN

LYRIC 42d St., West of B'way. Evs. 8:15. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:15.
3RD MONTH LITTLE | Balcony $1.00 Fam. Circle 50c | Orch. $2
BOY BLUE
An Operetta of Melody and Merriment.

BROADWAY Thea. 41st & B'way. Evs. 8:15. Last 3 Nights. Last Mat. Sat.
THE WEDDING TRIP new comic opera by Reginald De Koven.
BEGINNING THURSDAY, FEB. 8,
WEBER and FIELDS' JUBILEE
AUCTION SALE FOR FIRST NIGHT SEATS B'WAY THEATRE, THIS AFT. 3:30.
ADVANCE SALE FOR REGULAR ENGAGEMENT OPENS TO-MORROW at 9 A. M.

WEST END, 125th, W. of 8th Av. Evgs. 8:15. The Season's Greatest Success, MUTT & JEFF Next Mat. Sat. 2:15.
Next Week—LEW DOCKSTADER'S MINSTRELS.

NEW YORK'S LEADING THEATRES.

EMPIRE B'way & 40th St. Eve. 8:15. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:15.
DOUBLE BILL (for 3 Weeks Only)
ETHEL BARRYMORE presents AN ALL-STAR CAST in J. M. BARRIE'S great NOVELTY,
A SLICE OF LIFE MISS BARRYMORE JOHN BARRYMORE HATTIE WILLIAMS
Preceded by ETHEL BARRYMORE in the delightful comedy, Cousin Kate

LYCEUM 45th St. & B'way. Eve. at 8. First Matinee Sat. at 2.
TO-NIGHT AT 8 (First Time) (Curtain rises at 8 sharp)
MARGARET ANGLIN in a new and original play, by Henry Arthur Jones, LYDIA GILMORE.

CRITERION B'way & 44th St. Eve. 8:15. Mat. Wed. & Sat. 2:15.
"UNCOMMONLY FINE."—Tribune.
GERTRUDE ELLIOTT in WHITE MAGIC, a comedy by David Graham Phillips & Roi Cooper Megrue.

HARRIS W. 42d Street. Eve. 8:30 Mats. To-day & Sat. 2:25.
EVERY MARRIED WOMAN SHOULD SEE
THE TALKER

HUDSON 44th St., nr. B'way. Evs. 8:15. Mat. Wed. & Sat. 2:15.
"Brilliant, Infinitely Superior."—Times.
MME. SIMONE playing in English "THE RETURN FROM JERUSALEM."

PARK 59th St., B'way, Columbus Circle. Eve. 8:10. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:10.
The Quaker Girl with CLIFTON CRAWFORD.

KNICKERBOCKER. B'way, 38 St. Ev. 8.
OTIS SKINNER in AN ARABIAN NIGHT KISMET Matinees Wed. & Sat. at 2.

New Amsterdam W. 42 St. Evs. at 8:15. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:15.
The Trail of the Lonesome Pine with Charlotte Walker

GAIETY B'way & 46th St. Evs. 8:15. Matinees Wed. & Sat. 2:15.
COHAN & HARRIS present OFFICER 666
CHOCK FULL OF LAUGHS, THRILLS AND SURPRISES with George Nash & Wallace Eddinger.

LIBERTY 42d St., nr. B'way. Eve. 8:15. Matinees Wed. & Sat. 2:15.
"Admirable comedy."—Herald.
"A legion of laughs."—Alan Dale.
LOUIS MANN "ELEVATING A HUSBAND."
300 SEATS IN FIRST BALCONY, $1.00.

NEW YORK B'way, 45th St. Eves. 8:15. Matinees Wed. & Sat. 2:15.
JEFFERSON DeANGELIS IN THE New Musical Play PEARL MAIDEN

GLOBE B'way, 46th St. Eve. 8:20. Mat. Wed. & Sat. 2:20.
EDDIE FOY in "OVER THE RIVER."
WITH THE ONLY CABARET ON THE STAGE.
200 EXTRA BALCONY SEATS AT $1.

OPERA TICKETS | Telephone 5938 Bryant.
Broadway Ticket Co.,
1440 Broadway, Between 40th and 41st Sts.

THE CHARITY BALL for the N. Y. Nursery and Child's Hospital will take place on Tuesday evening, February 6, at the Waldorf-Astoria. Boxes to be had at 35 East 37th St. Tickets at 2 East 64th St., 35 East 37th St., 22 Riverside Drive, 16 West 11th St. The Guaranty Trust Co., 5th Av. and 43d St.

OPERA TICKET OFFICE | 1431 Broadway, Entrance 40 St. Phones 7522 & 8188 Bryant. CHOICE SEATS for all performances, incl. TUES., FEB. 6, CARUSO TETRAZZINI

OPERA SEATS | Phones 4189-6442 Murray Hill. CHOICE SEATS ALL OPERAS. Subscriptions bought and exchanged. CHOICE SEATS FOR KISMET.
Jacobs, Normandie Hotel, B'way, Cor. 38th.

Wanted—One seat Metropolitan Opera House, dress circle, for balance of season, Saturday matinee. B 94 Times.

BROOKLYN AMUSEMENTS.

ORPHEUM MATINEE DAILY, 25c. | Brice & King, "A Romance of the Underworld," "A Night in a Turkish Bath," Bonita & Lew Hearn, oth.

LECTURES.

Dr. Daniel A. Huebsch will conduct Four Monday Lecture Trips through the Metropolitan Museum of Art in February—5, Egypt; 12, Greece; 19, Italy; 26, Rodin. Course tickets, including admission, $5.00, obtainable only at 1 East 40th St.